Taka; the calyx of the lotus. (Garbha is often found at the end of compounds in the sense of having in the interior, containing, filled with; e. g. jala-garbha, as, ā, am, filled with water; agni-garbha, as, ā, am, containing fire); [cf. amrita-garbha, ardhag, krishna-g, mūdha-g, visva-g, hiranya-g; cf. also Hib. cilfin, 'the belly;' Angl. Sax. hrif; Germ. kalb(?); Eng. calf; Gr.δελφόs.] – Garbhakara, as, i, am, producing impregnation, procreative, fecundatory, impregnatory; (as), m. the plant Nageia Putranjīva. — Garbha-karana, am, n., Ved. anything which causes impregnation. — Garbhakāra, as, ā, am, impregnating, fecundatory, procreative, producing impregnation; (am), n., N. of ceremony. - Garbha-kāla, as, m. the time of impregnation; the time when the offspring of the sky, i.e. the vapour collected in the air [cf. garbha above], shows the first signs of life, 195 days or seven lunar months after its first conception. - Garbhakośa or garbha-kosha, as, m. the uterus. - Garbhakleśa, as, m. pains caused by the embryo, pains of childbirth. - Garbha-kshaya, as, m. loss of the embryo, miscarriage. - Garbha-griha, am, n. an Inner apartment, an inner chamber, a lying-in chamber; the sanctuary or adytum of a temple; (in compounds) a house containing anything (e.g. saragarbha-griha, a house containing arrows). - Garbhagrahana, am, n. conception, impregnation. - Garbha-ghātin, ī, inī, i, killing the embryo, producing abortion; (inī), f. a poisonous plant, Methonica Superba. - Garbha-calana, am, n. quickening, the motion of the fœtus in the uterus. - Garbha-cyuta, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, fallen from the womb (as a child); miscarrying. — Garbha-éyuti, is, f. falling from the womb, birth, delivery; miscarriage. — Garbha-tā, f. or garbha-tva, am, n. impregnation. — Garbha-da, as, ā, am, impregnating, procreative; (as), m. the tree Nageia Putranjīva; (ā), f., N. of a shrub. – Garbha-dātri, tā, trī, tri, impregnating, procreative; (ī), f., N. of a shrub, = garbha-dā, apatya-dā, putra-dā, &c. - Garbha-dasa, as, m. a slave by birth. - Garbhadivasa, as, m. pl. certain days on which the vapours collected in the air show signs of life; [cf. garbhakāla.] = Garbha-druh, -dhruk, k, k, destroying the fœtus, causing abortion. = Garbha-dha, as, ā, am, Ved. procreative, impregnatory. - Garbhadharā, f. bearing a fœtus, pregnant. - Garbhadhāna, am, n. impregnating. - Garbha-dhārana, am, ā, n. f. gestation, impregnation, conception in the womb, pregnancy; N. of the twenty-second Adhyaya in Varāha-mihira's Brihat-samhitā. - Garbha-dhārita, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, contained in the womb, conceived, borne. - Garbha-dhi, is, m., Ved. a breeding-place, a nest, cohabitation. - Garbha-dhvansa, as, m. abortion. - Garbha-nādī or garbha-nābhi-nādī, f. the umbilical cord. - Garbha-nud, t, t, t, causing abortion; (t), m. the poisonous plant Methonica Superba. - Garbha-parisrava, as, m. secundines. - Garbhapākin, ī, m. rice ripening in sixty days (during the latter period of the sky's pregnancy). - Garbha-pāta, as, m. miscarriage after the fourth month of pregnancy. - Garbha-pātaka, as, ī, am, causing mis-carriage; (as), m. a red kind of Moringa. - Garbha-pātana, as, ī, am, causing miscarriage, producing abortion; (as), m., N. of a plant,  $= rith\bar{a}-karaija$ ; ( $\bar{i}$ ), f. the plant Methonica Superba; any plant or drug supposed to produce abortion; (am), n. producing abortion. - Garbha-pātin, ī, inī, i, causing miscarriage, producing abortion; (inī), f., N. of a plant, = visalyā. - Garbha-poshana, am, n. nourishing a feetus, gestation. - Garbha-bharman, a, n. supporting a feetus, gestation. - Garbhabhavana, am, n. the sanctuary or adytum of a temple; [cf. garbha-griha] - Garbha-bhāra, as, m. the weight of the fœtus. - Garbha-mandapa, as, m. an inner apartment, a bed-chamber. - Garbhamāsa, as, m. month of pregnancy. - Garbha-mo-cuna, am, n. delivery, birth. - Garbha-yoshā, f. a pregnant woman, metaphorically the river Ganges overflowing its banks. - Garbha-rakshana, am, n. protecting the fœtus, N. of a ceremony performed

in the fourth month of gestation. - Garbha-randhi, | is, f. complete cooking (?). - Garbha-rasa, as, ā, am, Ved. endowed with impregnating moisture. - Garbha-rūpa or garbha-rūpaka, as, ā, am, childish, juvenile; (as), m. a child, an infant, a youth.

- Garbha-lakshaṇa, as, ā, am, observing the signs of the rainy season; (am), n. symptom of pregnancy; N. of the twenty-first Adhyaya of Varaha-mihira's Brihat-sanıhitā treating on the marks or signs of the rainy season. - Garbha-lambhana, am, n. a ceremony performed for the sake of facilitating conception. - Garbha-vati, f. a pregnant female. - Garbha-vasati, is, f. or garbha-vāsa, as, m. the abode of the fœtus, the womb. - Garbha-vayu, us, m. air in the womb. - Garbha-vicyuti, is, f. abortion in the beginning of pregnancy.—Garbha-vipatti, is, f. the death of the fœtus.—Garbha- $vedan\bar{a}$ , f. the pains of childbirth.—Garbhavesman, a, n. the womb or a lying-in chamber. - Garbha-vyākaraṇa, am, n. the formation of the embryo, a part of the Sarīra section in medical works. - Garbha-vyāpad, t, f. the death of the fœtus. - Garbha-vyūĥa, as, m. a kind of battle array. - Garbha-śanku, us, m. a kind of vectis or instrument for extracting the dead foetus. - Garbhasayyā, f. the abode of the feetus, the uterus. - Garbha-sankramana, am, n. entering the womb. - Garbha-samaya, as, m. the time when the offspring of the sky, the vapour collected in the air, shows the first signs of life, 195 days or seven lunar months after its conception; [cf. garbha-kāla.] - Garbha-sambhava, as, m. or garbha-sambhūti, is, f. the production of a foetus, the becoming pregnant. - Garbha-subhaga or garbha-saubhagya, as, ā, am, blessing the fœtus. — Garbha-sūtra, am, a. title of a Buddhist Sūtra work. — Garbha-stha, as, a, am, situated in the womb; centrical, internal, in the interior, within the centre of anything. - Garbha-srāva, as, m. abortion, miscarriage. - Garbhasrāvin, ī, inī, i, producing or occasioning abortion; (ī), m. the tree Phoenix Paludosa (hintāla). - Garbhāgāra (°bha-āg°), am, n. the uterus; an inner and private room, the female apartments, the lying-in chamber; the sanctuary of a temple, the chamber where the object of worship or the image of a deity is placed; [cf. garbha-griha.] - Garbhānka ("bha-an"), as, m. interlude during an act. - Garbhāda (°bha-ada), as, ā, am, Ved. consuming the fœtus. - Garbhādhāna (°bha-ādh°), am, n. impregnation; a ceremony performed after menstruation to ensure or facilitate conception. - Garbhāvakrānti (°bha-av°), is, f. descent of the fœtus. - Garbhāśankā (°bha-āś°), f. suspicion of pregnancy. - Garbhāśaya (°bha-ās°), as, m. the womb, the uterus. - Garbhashtama (bha-ash), as, m. the eighth month of uterine gestation; the eighth year reckoning from conception. - Garbhāspandana (bha-asp), am, n. non-quickening of the feetus. - Garbhāsrāva (°bha-ās°), as, m. miscarriage. - Garbhe-tripta, as, ā, am, contented in the womb, i.e. indolent. - Garbhesvura (bha-is), as, m. 2 sovereign by birth. - Garbheśvara-tā, f. sovereignty attained by inheritance. - Garbhotpatti ("bha-ut"), is, f. the formation of the embryo. - Garbhopaghāta (°bha-up°), as, m. miscarriage of the embryo, (applied also to the sky.) – Garbhopaghātinī ("bha-up"), f. a cow (or female) miscarrying from unseasonable gestation. — Garbhopanishad ("bha-up"), t, f. title of an Upanishad. Garbhaka, as, m. a chaplet of flowers &c. worn

in the hair; (am), n. a period of two nights with the intermediate day.

Garbhita, as, a, am, pregnant, full, filled. Garbhin, i, ini, i, pregnant, impregnated with (with acc. or inst.); (ini), f. pregnant, a pregnant woman or animal; compounded with names of animals (e. g. go-garbhinī, a pregnant cow).
- Garbhinī-vyākarana, am, n. or garbhinīvyākriti, is, f. 'science of the progress of pregnancy,' a particular head or subject in medical works. - Garbhiny-avekshana, am, n. midwifery, attendance and care of pregnant women and newborn infants.

गर्भगड garbhanda, as, m. (fr. garbha and anda?), enlargement of the navel.

गम्रिका garmuțikā, f. a species of rice; [cf. garműééhada.]

गम्त garmut, t, f. (said to be fr. rt. 2. grī), a kind of bee [cf. garmuta]; a kind of grass; a creeper; a kind of reed (nada); according to some authorities the plant Vangueria Spinosa, commonly Mayana; according to others Coix Barbata, commonly Gadagada; gold.

गम्बद garmūćchada, as, m. and garmūtikā, f. a kind of rice, commonly Māduyā, Eleusine. Coracana; [cf. garmutikā.]

गर्मोरिका garmoțikā, f. a species of reed, =jaradī.

गर्व garv or garb, cl. 1. P., 10. A. gar-vati, -vitum, garvayate, -yitum, to be or become proud or haughty; [cf. Lith. garbe, honour, glory; Old Germ. gelban, gelf.] Garva or garba, as, m. pride, arrogance.

Garvara, as, a, am, proud, baughty, arrogant. Garvāya, nom. A. garvāyate, -yitum, to show pride or arrogance.

Garvita, as, a, am, proud, haughty; conceited.

गर्या garvana, as or am, m. or n. (?), N.

गवार garvāța, as, m. a watchman, a doorkeeper, a sort of village constable, a head-borough or beadle.

गह garh, cl. 1. 10. P. A. garhati, -te, garhayati, -te, jagarha, jagarhe, garhishyate, agarhishta, garhitum, to lodge a complaint before a person (dat.), accuse, charge with, reproach, blame, censure a person (acc.); to be sorry for, repent of: Desid. jigarhishate, -ti: Intens. jāgarhyate, jāgarddhi.

Garhana, am, a, n. f. censuring, censure, blame, reproach; garhanām yā, to meet with reproach.

Garhaniya, as, ā, am, censurable, blamable, contemptible, vile, bad.

Garhā, f. abuse, censure, reproach.
Garhita, as, ā, am, blamed, censured; contemned, despised; contemptible, ignominious, forbidden, bad, vile.

Garhitavya, as, ā, am, to be censured, blamable.

Garhin, i, ini, i, abusing, reproaching. Garhya, as, ā, am, deserving reproach, contemptible, low, vile; (as), m., N. of a tree (?). - Garhya-vādin, ī, inī, i, speaking ill, speaking vilely or inaccurately.

gal, cl. I. P. galati, jagāla, galish-yati, agālīt, galitum, to drip, drop, ooze, trickle, distil; to fall down or off; to vanish. perish, pass away; to eat, swallow [cf. 2. gri]: Caus. galayati, -yitum, to cause to drop, to pour out; to filter, strain; to fuse, liquefy, dissolve, melt: A. galayate, to flow; [cf. Old Germ. qvall, quillu, qual, and quella, 'a well.']

Gala, as, m. the throat, neck; resin, especially the resin of the plant Shorea Robusta; a kind of fish, a small kind of Cyprinus, a subgenus of that class or Cyprinus Garra; a kind of musical instrument; a reed, a large kind of the Saccharum Cylindricum; a rope [cf.  $galy\bar{a}$ ];  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a kind of plant [cf. alambushā; cf. also Lat. collum (?); Germ. hals.] - Gala-kambala, as, m. a bull's dewlap. - Galaganda, au, m. du. neck and cheek, or neck and Adam's apple; (as), m. enlargement of the glands of the neck; goitre. — Galagandin, ī, inī, i, having a goitre. — Gala-golin, ī, inī, m. f. a kind of serpent. - Gala-graha, as, m. seizing by the throat, throttling, choaking; compression of the