sūnu, us, m. - Gādhi-pura, am, n. Gādhi's city, an epithet of Kānyakubja; [cf. gādhi-nagara.] Gādheya, as, m. a patronymic of Viśvā-mitra;

(i), f. a patronymic of Satyavati.

गान gāna, am, n. (fr. gai), singing, a song; a sound; [cf. aranya-gana, ūha-g°, ūhya-g°.] - Gana-bandhu, us, m. a friend of songs; N. of a man (?). - Gāna-vidyā, f. the science of vocal music. Gānīya, as, ā, am, musical.

गानिनी gāninī, f. Orris root [cf. vaćā], a medicinal plant (supposed to be of use in clearing the voice; fr. gana?).

गान gantu, us, m. (fr. 1. gam), one who goes or moves, a goer, a traveller; a singer (in this sense a wrong form for 2. gātu).

Gantri, f.=gantri, a carriage drawn by oxen.

गान्दम gān-dama, as, m. (gān = gām, acc. fr. go), N. of a man.

गान्दिक gandika, as, ī, am, born in Gandikā.

गान्दिनी gandini, f., N. of a princess of Kāśi who was the wife of Svaphalka and mother of Akrūra (also called gandī); an epithet of the river Ganges or the goddess Ganga; (also read gandhini.) - Gāndinī-suta, as, m. a son of Gāndinī, epithet of Akrūra and of Bhīshma; [cf. gāngeya.]

Gandī. See gandinī.

गान्धवं gandharva, as, ī, am (fr. gandharva), belonging or relating to the Gandharvas (especially gandharvo vivāhah or vidhih, the form of marriage called after the Gandharvas, that which requires only mutual agreement; see gandharva-vivāha); relating to the Gandharvas as heavenly choristers (e.g. gāndharva-kalāḥ, song, music, &c.; gāndharvo vedah or gandharva-vedah, the Veda of music, musical science considered as an appendix of the Samaveda and ascribed to Bharata); (as), m. a singer in general; N. of a people in the north-east of Madhyadeśa; (i), f. = rāć, speech, according to the legend that the gods gave speech to the Gandharvas and received from them the Soma in return; an epithet of the goddess Dnrgā; (am), n. the art of the Gandharvas, song, music, dance; N. of one of the nine sections of Bhārata-varsha; [cf. gandharvakhanda.] - Gandharva-citta, as, a, am, one whose mind is possessed by the Gandharvas; [cf. gandharva-grihīta.] - Gāndharva-śālā, f. music-hall, a concert-room.

Gandharvíka, as, m. a singer; (also read gandharvaka.)

गान्धार gāndhāra, as, m. a prince of the Gāodhāris; the third of the seven primary notes of music; minium or red lead; (i), f. a princess of the Gandharis (especially the wife of Dhritarāshtra); N. of a Vidyā-devī; N. of a Rāgiņī (?); with Jainas, a divine being fulfilling the commands of the twenty-first Arhat of the present Avasarpini; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people and their country, commonly called Kandahar, and lying between the north of India and Persia [cf. gandhāra, gandhāri, gāndhāri]; (i), f., N. of two plants, Hedysarum Alhagi and Prickly Nightshade, = yavāsa and dur-ālabhā; (am), n. gum myrrh; [cf. gandharasa.] - Gāndhāra-rāja, as, m. the king of Gāndhāra, whose name was Su-bala.

Gändhāraka, ās, m. pl. = gändhāra, N. ofa people. Gändhāri, ayas, m. pl., N. of a people; (is), m. a metronymic of Duryodhana; [cf. the following.] Gändhäreya, as, m. a metronymic of Duryodhana,

the son of Dhrita-rāshtra.

गान्धिक gāndhika, as, m. (fr. gandha), a vender of perfumes, a perfumer; a scribe, a clerk; a kind of worm having a strong fetid smell, commonly gāndhipokā, a tree-bug; (am), n. fragrant wares, perfumes.

गान्धिनो gandhinī, f. See under gandinī. I tising singing as a livelihood.

गामिक gāmika, as, ā, am (fr. gam, used at the end of compounds), going, leading to (as a way).

Gāmin, ī, inī, i, going, moving on, or in, or towards, or in any peculiar manner, &c.; going to, having intercourse with; reaching to, extending to; coming to one's share, due; attaining, obtaining; directed towards; relating to; [cf. agra-gāmin, anta-g°, anya-g°, āśu-g°, ritu-g°, kāma-g°.]

Gāmuka, as, ā, am, going, locomotive.

गाम्भीय gāmbhīrya, as, ā, am (fr. gambhīra), being deep down, being in the depths; (am), n. deepness, depth (of water, sound, &c.); depth or profundity of character, earnestness, sagacity; the deep sound of the voice of a Jaina saint, like distant thunder or the muttering of clouds.

गाम्मन्य gām-manya, as, ā, am, thinking one's self a cow.

गाय 2. gaya, as, ī, am (fr. gaya), relating to Gaya, coming from him, &c. (For 1. gaya see under I. qā.)

गाय 3. gāya, am, n. (fr. rt. gai), a song. Gāyaka, as, i, am, singing, one who sings; (as), m. a singer. - Gāyaka-ćandra, as, m., N. of a copyist who lived A. D. 1670.

Gāyat, an, antī, at, singing; (antī), f., N. of

Gaya's wife.

Gāyatra, as, am, m. n. a song, hymn; (ī), f. an ancient metre of twenty-four syllables, variously arranged, but generally as a triplet of three divisions of eight syllables each; a hymn composed in the Gayatrī metre; the Gäyatri (i. e. Rig-veda III. 62, 10, tat savitur varenyam bhargo devasya dhimahi dhiyo yo nah pracodayat. This is a very sacred verse repeated by every Brahman at his morning and evening devotions. From being addressed to Savitri or the Sun as generator, it is also called Savitrī. The Gāyatrī verse is personified as a goddess, the wife of Brahmā and mother of the four Vedas; and is often mentioned in connection with the Amrita, both together constituting as it were the essence and type of sacred hymns in general. The Gayatri personified is also considered as the mother of the first three classes, in their capacity of twice born). According to the system of the Tantrikas, a number of mystical verses are called Gayatris, and each deity has one in particular; (am), n. a hymn composed and recited in the metre Gayatri; (as, i, am), consisting in the Gayatri, connected with it, formed in accordance with it (e.g. in accordance with the number of syllables of a Gāyatrī verse &c.); (i), f. the tree Acacia Catechu, = khadira; (am), n., N. of a Sāman. - Gāyatrakākubha, as, m. a Pragātha beginning with a Gāyatrī and ending with a Kakubh. - Gāyatraéchandas, ās, ās, as, Ved. one to whom the Gayatrī metre belongs or to whom it is sacred &c.; relating to the Gayatri metre. - Gayatra-parśva, am, n., N. of a Sāman. - Gāyatra-bārhata, as, m. a Pragātha beginning with a Gāyatrī and found where the Brihatī metre predominates. - Gāyatra-vartani, is, 18, i, Ved. moving in Gayatrī measures. - Gayatra-vepas, ās, ās, as, Ved. inciting or inspiring to sing hymns. - Gāyatrī-bhāshya, am, n. title of a commentary on the Gäyatrī. - Gāyatrī-mantra, as, m. prayers connected with the Gayatri. - Gayatri-vallabha, as, m. a friend of the Gayatri, an epithet of Siva. - Gāyatrī-sāman, a, n., N. of several verses of the Sāma-veda, recited in the Gāyatrī metre. - Gāyatryāsita, am, n., N. of a Sāman.

Gāyatri, is, f. = gāyatrī.

Gāyatrin, ī, inī, i, one who sings hymns; (ī), m. the tree Acacia Catechu. - Gāyatri-sāra, as, m. Catechu, Terra Japonica; [cf. khadira.]

Gāyatrya, as, ā, am, epithet of a kind of Soma. Gāyana, as, ī, am, singing, a singer; (as), m. a singer, a talker, a gossip; N. of an attendant of Skanda; (am), n. singing, song; professing or prac-

Gāyantikā, f. (fr. gāyantī), N. of a place on the Himālaya mountains.

गार gāra, as, m., N. of a Sāman, composed by Gara.

गारित garitra, am, n. (fr. rt. 2. grī), rice, com, grain.

गाहिड gāruḍa, as, ī, am (fr. garuḍa), shaped like the bird Garuda, coming from or relating to Garuda; (1), f., N. of a creeper [cf. pātāla-garudī]; (am), n. an emerald; gold; a Mantra or charm against poison. - Gāruḍa-purāṇa, am, n., N. of the seventeenth Purāṇa relating the birth of Garuḍa from Vinata. It is doubtful whether a genuine Garuda-Purāņa exists.

Gāruḍika, as, m. a charmer, a dealer in antidotes.

गाहत्मत gārutmata, as, ī, am (fr. garutmat), shaped like the bird Garuda, sacred to Garuda &c.; (am), n. an emerald; [cf. garudānkita, &c.] - Gārutmata-pattrikā, f., N. of a plant; [cf. pācī and marakuta-pattrī.]

गागे gārga, as, ī, am (fr. gārgya below, which is derived fr. garga), coming from or connected with Gargya; a contemptuous metronymic from Gargi.

Gārgaka, as, ikā, am, belooging to Gārgya, worshipping Gargya; (am), n. a multitude or assem-

blage of the descendants of Garga.

Gargika, as, m. a metronymic from Gargi, expressing contempt. Gārgikā, f. descent from Garga, the relation to

the school of Gargya.

Gārgī, f. the wife of Gārgya; an epithet of Durgā. - Gārgī-putra, as, m. the son of Gārgī; N. of a teacher. - Gārgīputrakāyani or gārgīputrāyani or gargiputri, is, m. a descendant of the son of Gargi. Gargi-bhūta, as, a, am, one who has become a

1. gargiya, nom. P. gargiyati, to act like a Gārgya; A. gārgīyate, to behave like a Gārgya.

2. gārgīya, as, ā, am, composed by Garga; coming from Gārgya; (ās), m. pl. the pupils of the descendants of Garga; the pupils of Gārgyāyaṇa. Gargeya, as, m. a metronymic from Gargi.

Gargya, as (f. gī), am, descended from Garga, as a son or daughter; (as), m., N. of several teachers of grammar, of the ritual, &c.; according to Durga, a Gargya is the author of the Pada-patha of the Samaveda; N. of a king of the Gandharvas; N. of a people. - Gargya-parisishta, am, n. title of a Parisishta of the Atharva-veda.

Gārgyāyaṇa, as, m. a patronymic from Gārgya, N. of a teacher; (i), f.=gargi.

Gārgyāyaṇīya, ās, m. pl. the pupils of Gārgyāyaṇa, गात्सेमद gārtsamada, as, m. a patronymic from Gritsa-mada; (am), n., N. of a Saman.

गादेभ gārdabha, as, ī, am (fr. gardabha), belonging to or coming from or relating to an ass;

Gardabharathika, as, i, am (fr. gardabharatha), fit for a donkey-cart.

गाद्ये garddhya, am, n. (fr. griddha, rt.

gridh), desire, greediness.

Gārdhra (or wrongly spelt gārdha), as, ī, am (fr. gridhra), derived from a vulture, vulturous, vulturine; rapacious, greedy (?); (as), m. an arrow; desire, greediness, cupidity (in the latter sense the word gardhra is probably a wrong reading for gārddhya). — Gārdhra-paksha, or gārdhra-pat-tra, or gārdhra-vājita, or gārdhra-rājita, as, ā, am (?), or gārdhra-vāsas, ās, ās, as, decorated with vulture's feathers (especially an arrow so decorated); [cf. gridhra-vāja and gridhra-vājita.]

गाभे gārbha, as, ī, am (fr. garbha), born from the womb; fetal, uterine; relating to or connected with gestation, also to conception (as any act or ceremony).