- Griha-sthūņa, am, n. the pillar of a house. - Griha-han, ā, ghnī, a, pernicious to a house or its inmates. - Grihālisha (ha-ako), as, m. a loophole, an eyelet-hole, a round or oblong window.

- Grihāgata (°ha-āg°), as, ā, am, one who has come to a house; (as), m. a guest. - Grihādhipa (°ha-adh°), as, m. the Grihastha or householder; [cf. griha-stha.] - Grihānubaddha (°ha-an°), as, ā, am, confined to the house. - Grihābhipālin (°ha-abh°), ī, inī, i, watching or taking care of the house; (ī), m. a watchman. - Grihāmla (°ha-am°), am, n. sour gruel made from the fermentation of rice-water. - Grihāyanika or grihāyanika, as, m. (fr. griha + ayana), a householder; [cf. grihastha.] - Grihārāma ('ha-ār'), as, m. a garden, a grove &c. near a house and belonging to it. - Grihārūdha-cetas ('ha-ār'), ās, ās, as, devoted to home. - Grihārtha ("ha-ar"), as, m. household affairs, any household matter or care. - Grihavagrahani ('ha-av'), f. the threshold, raised ground or a terrace in front of the door. - Grihavasthita ("haavo), as, a, am, dwelling or living in a house; situated or abiding in any dwelling-place. - Gṛthāśayā (°ha-ās°), f. the betel tree, Piper Betel. - Grihāsman (ha-as), ā, m. a flat oblong stone upon which condiments are ground. - Grihāśrama (°ha-ās°), as, m. the order of a householder, the second stage in the religious life of a Brahman. - Grihāsramin, i, m. the Brāhman as a householder. - Grihe-jnānin, ī, inī, i, wise inside a house, inexperienced, stupid. - Grihe-ruha, as, ā, am, growing in a house. - Grihe-vāsin, ī, inī, i, Ved. living in a house. - Grihesa ("ha-īsa), as, m. the regent of a sign of the zodiac. - Grihesvara ("hais"), as, m. the master of a house, a householder. - Grihotpāta ("ha-ut"), as, m. any domestie nuisance (as vermin &c.). - Grihopakarana (°ha-up°), am, n. any domestic utensil.

Grihayāpya or grihayāyya, as, m. 2 house-holder, the master of a house or family.

Grihayālu, us, us, u, disposed to seize or to lay hold of.

Grihala, as, m., N. of a man.

Grihālikā, f. a small house-lizard; [cf. griha-

golikā and griholikā.]

Grihin, ī, inī, i, possessing a house; (ī), m. the master of a house, a householder, the Brāhman as a householder [cf. griha-stha]; (ini), f. the mistress of a house, a wife.

Grihī-bhū, cl. 1. P. -bhavati, -vitum, to become a house or habitation.

Griholikā, f. a small house-lizard; [cf. grihagodhikā, grihālikā, &c.]

1. grihya, as, ā, am, belonging to a house, domestic; N. of a series of ceremonies relating to family or domestic affairs (such as marriages, births, &c.) and treated of in a peculiar class of ritual works, called Grihya-sūtras (see below); domesticated, tame, living in houses (as animals); situated outside of, (originally 'adjoining the houses of a town;' e.g. grāma-gṛihyā senā, an army outside a village); (as), m. the inmate of a house, a domestic; a tame or domesticated animal; (\bar{a}) , f. a suburb, a village adjoining to a city, or a small village attached to a larger. - Grihya-kārikā, f. the Sūtras of Āśvalāyana in metrical form. - Grihya-guru, us, m. an epithet of Siva; (a wrong reading for guhya-guru?). - Grihya-grantha, as, m. a treatise on domestic ceremonies. - Grihya-parisishta, am, n., N. of a Parišishta. - Grihya-sangraha, as, m. title of a work on ritual ascribed to the son of Gobbila. - Grihya-sūtra, am, n. a class of ritual works containing directions for domestic rites and ceremooies, composed by Aśvalāyana, Gobhila, &c. - Grihyāgni (°ya-ag°), is, m. a sacred fire which it is incumbent on every Brāhman to keep up.

Grihyaka, as, a, am, tame, domesticated, domestic: dependent, docile, not following one's own inclinations; (as), m. a tame or domesticated animal, whether a bird or beast.

गहणी grihani, f. sour grucl made from the fermentation of rice-water; [cf. grihāmla.]

गहीत grihita. See under rt. grah.

गुद्ध 1. 2. 3. grihya. See last col. and under rt. grah.

II. grī, cl. 9. P. A. griņāti, griņīte, ¿ jagāra, garishyati and garīshyati, agārīt, garitum and garitum, to utter a sound, call out to, invoke; to call; to announce, proclaim; to promulgate, relate; to mention with praise, praise, extol; [cf. Hib. gairim; Gr. γηρύω, γλώσσα; Old Germ. quar, quir, &c.; Old Pruss. gerbu, 'to speak;' Angl. Sax. gale; Germ. gal in Nachtigal; Lat. gallus ?].

Grinat, an, atī, at, praising, flattering; speaking. Grinishan, Ved. found only in the loc. grinishani, = in praise, with invocation; (Say.) to be praised.

2. grī, cl. 6. P. girati and gilati, jagāra and jagāla, garishyati and galishyati, or garīshyati and galīshyati, agārīt and agālīt, garitum and galitum, or garitum and galitum, to swallow, devour, eat; to emit or eject from the mouth: Caus. gārayati and gālayati: Desid. jigarishati and jigalishati: Intens. jegilyate, jāgarti; [cf. Lith. gerru, 'to drink;' Lat. glu-tio, gula; Slav. gr-lo; Russ. schora.]

3. grī or krī, cl. 10. A. gārayate, -yi-¿ tum, to know, discern, make known, teach.

गेसड gendu, us, m. or genduka or genduka or genduka, as, m. a ball for playing with; [cf. kanduka and ginduka.]

Ju gep, cl. 1. A. gepate, to shake, tremble; [cf. kep.]

गेय geya, &c. See under gai next col.

गेल gela or gelu, a particular number.

gratify by service; [cf. kev, khev, sev.]

gesh, cl. 1. A. geshate, to seek, search, investigate; [cf. gavesh.]

run geshna, &c. See under gai.

गह geha, am, n. (corrupted fr. griha), a house, a dwelling, a habitation. - Geha-daha, as, m. the burning of a house, a conflagration. - Geha-pati, is, m. the master of a house, a householder, husband. - Geha-bhū, ūs, f. the site of a house, the ground on which it is built. - Gehe-kshvedin, i, ini, i, blustering at home, a house-hero, a coward. - Gehedāhin, ī, inī, i, scorching and burning at home, a house-hero. - Gehe-dripta, as, a, am, overbearing at home. - Gehe-dhrish!a, as, a, am, insolent at home. - Gehe-nardin, i, inī, i, shouting defiance at home, a poltroon, a dunghill-cock. - Gehe-mehin, ī, inī, i, making water at home; a lazy, effeminate or indolent man. - Gehe-vijitin, ī, inī, i, victorious at home, a cowardly boaster. - Gehe-vyāda, as, m. fierce at home, a braggart, a boaster. - Gehe-sūra, as, m. a house-hero, a carpet-knight, a boasting coward. - Gehapavana ("ha-up"), am, n. a small forest near a house.

Gehin, ī, inī, i, having a house, domestic; (ī), m. a householder; (inī), f. a housewife, a wife.

Gehya, as, ā, am, Ved. domestic, being in a house; (am), n. domestic affairs; wealth.

J gai, cl. 1. P. (rarely Λ.) gāyati, jagau, gāsyati, agāsīt, gātum, to sing, to speak or recite in a singing manner, (applied figuratively to the utterance of beings not endowed with human language, e.g. to gods, the earth, &c.); to relate in metrical language, to praise in song; to sing before (with acc.): Pass. giyate: Caus. P. gapayati, -yitum, to cause to sing or praise in song: Desid. jigāsati: Intens. jegiyate, jāgeti, jāgāti; [cf. Lith. zaidziu.]

Gātavya, as, ā, am, to be sung, what may be sung. Gäyaka, göyatri, gita, &c. See s. v.

Geya, as, a, am, to be sung; singing, a singer; (am), n. song, singing, a song or chant. - Geya-jna, as, ā, am, skilful in song. - Geya-rājan, ā, m., N. of a Cakra-vartin.

Geshua, as, m. a singer, a professional singer, an actor, a mime, a chanter of the Sama-veda.

Geshņu, us, m. a singer, an actor, a chanter of the Sāma-veda.

गैर gaira, as, ī, am (fr. giri), coming from mountains, grown on them, mountain-born, mountain, mountaineer; (i), f., N. of a plant; [cf. langaliki.] Gairayana, as, m. a patronymic from Giri.

Gairika, as, ī, am, mountain, mountain-born or produced; (as, a, am), m. f. n. red chalk, sometimes used as a red ornament; (am), n. gold. – Gatri-kāksha (°ka-ak°), as, m., N. of a plant; [cf. jalamadhūka.]

Gairikshita, as, m. (fr. giri-kshit), a patronymic of Trasadasyu; also of the Yaskas.

Gaireya, as, ī, am, mountain-born, mountain; (am), n. bitumen, red chalk.

गैरकंवूल gairakamvūla or gairikamvūla, N. of the ninth Yoga.

गो go, gaus, m. f. (said to be fr. rt. 1. gam), an ox, a cow; cattle, kine, a herd of cattle (pl.); anything coming from or belonging to an ox or cow, as milk (generally pl.), flesh, skin, hide, leather, a strap of leather, a sinew, a bow-string; a particular day of the Abhiplava sacrifice, = goshţoma; the herds of the sky, i. e. the stars; the sky; (pl.) rays of light (regarded as the herds of the sky, for which Indra fights with Vritra); the thunderbolt; water; the eye; an arrow; the hairs of the body; (the following are m. only), the sign Taurus of the zodiac; the sun; the moon; the sun's ray, called Sushumna; a kind of medicinal plant, = rishabha; a singer; a goer, a horse; a billion; N. of a Rishi; (the following are f. only), a region of the sky; the earth (as the milch-cow of kings); a mother; speech, Sarasvatī the goddess of speech; N. of the wife of Suka, a daughter of the manes, called Sukalas; or N. of the daughter-in-law of Suka; or N. of a daughter of Kakut-stha and wife of Yayati; gavam vratam, N. of a Sāman; [cf. Gr. βοῦς; Lat. bos; Old Germ. ehua; Mod. Germ. huh; Eng. eow; Lett. gohw; cf. also Gr. γαῖα, γη; Goth. gavi; and Mod. Germ. gau.] - Go-agra, as, a, am, Ved. headed by cows, having cows or milk &c. as the chief or most excellent part; (am), n. a multitude of cows; (according to native grammarians also go 'gra and gavagra.) - Ga-ajana, as, a, am, Ved. anything (as a stick, goad, &c.) used for driving cattle. - Go-argha, as, ā, am, Ved. of the value of one cow. = Go-arnas, ās, ās, as, Ved. flowing or streaming with milk (?). = Go-asra, am, n. cattle and horses. - Goaśviya, am, n., N. of a Saman. - Go-rijīka, as, ā, am, Ved. prepared or mixed with milk. - Ga-opaśa, as, ā, am, Ved. furnished with a twist or tuft of leather straps, - Ga-kaksha, as, m., N. of a man. - Go-kanta, as, m. the plant Asteracantha Longifolia. - Go-kantaka, as, m. a road or spot trodden down by oxen or cows and so made difficult to be passed; the print of a cow's hoof, a spot so marked; a cow's hoof; the plant Asteracantha. - Go-karna, as, a, am, having cow's ears, an epithet of certain men and demons; (as), m. a cow's ear; a kind of deer, Antilope Picta; a mule; a serpent; a kind of arrow; a span from the tip of the thumb to that of the ring finger; a place of pilgrimage on the Malabar coast, sacred to Siva; Siva as there worshipped; N. of one of the attendants of Siva; of a king of Kaśmīra who erected a statue of Siva, called after him Gokarnesvara; of a Muni; (a), f., N. of one of the Matris attendant on Skanda; (7), f. the plant Sanseviera Zeylanica. - Ga-kāma, as, ā, am, Ved. desirous of cattle. - Go-kāmyā, f. desire for cows. - Go-kirātikā (°ra-at°?), f. a bird considered as