of Siva; N. of an attendant of Siva; N. of a Naga; N. of a minister of king Bimbi-sāra, also of a king, and of a general of king Kirti-varman; N. of a scholiast; N. of several other men; (i), f., N. of one of the Matris attending Skanda; N. of a Candālī; two plants, = gopāla-karkatī and go-rakshī. - Go-pālaka, as, m. a cowherd; an epithet of Krishna; an epithet of Siva; N. of a son of king Canda-mahā-sena; (ikā), f. the wife of a cowherd; a kind of worm or fly found on dung-heaps. - Gopāla-kaksha, as, m., N. of a country and (in plur.) the inhabitants of this country. - Gopāla-karkaṭī, f. a kind of cucumber (in Hindī goyālakānkarī, gurubhā); [cf. gopa-karkaţikā, &c.] - Gopāla-keśava, as, m., N. of a statue of Krishņa, called after Gopāla-varman. - Gopāla-tāpaniyopanishad ("ya-up"), t, f. title of an Upanishad in honour of Krishna. - Gopāla-dāsa, as, m., N. of a physician; N. of a copyist. - Gopālu-deva, as, m., N. of a poet. - Gopāla-pura, am, n., N. of a town called after Gopāla-varman. - Gopāla-prasāda, as, m., N. of a teacher of Rama-candra. - Gopala-matha, as. m., N. of a college called after Gopăla-varman. - Gopāla-yogin, i, m., N. of a man. - Gopāla-varman, ā, m., N. of a king of Kasnīra. - Gopālasarasvatī, m., N. of a pupil of Siva-rāma and teacher of Govindananda. - Gopāli, is, m. an epithet of Siva; N. of a man; [cf. go-pāla.] - Gopāshtami ("pa-ash"), f. the eighth lunation of the light half of Karttika, on which Krishna who had formerly been a keeper of calves became a cowherd; cows are especially to be worshipped on this day .- Gopitta, am, n. ox-bile or the bile of cows from which the yellow orpiment called Go-roćana, Roćana or Rocani, is supposed to be prepared; orpiment. -Go-pita, as, m., N. of one of the four water wagtails, which are regarded as birds of augury. - Go-pītha, as, m. (rt. pā, to protect), protecting, preserving, protection; (am), n. 2 holy place, 2 place of pilgrimage; (as), m., Ved. (rt. pā, to drink), a draught of milk; (Say.) drinking of any fluid or juice; [cf. soma-pitha.] - Go-pithya, am, n., Ved. protection; (Say.) protection of the earth. - Gopi-natha, as, m., N. of a man; N. of a son of Madhava. - Go-puccha, as, am, m. n. a cow's tail; (as), m. a sort of monkey; a sort of necklace, one of two, or of four, or of thirty-four strings; a kind of drum. - Go-puțika, am, n. a temple or edifice consecrated to Siva's bull. - Go-putra, as, m. a young bull; a son of the sun, epithet of Kama. - Go-pura, am, n. a town-gate, a gate in general; the ornamented gateway of a temple; a kind of grass, Cyperus Rotundus, = mustaka [cf. go-narda]; (as), m., N. of a physician. - Gopuraka, as, m. the resin of the Boswellia Thurifera; [cf. kunduruka.] - Gopurisha, am, n. cow-dung. - Go-posha, as, m., Ved, increase of herds. - Go-prakānda, am, n. 2 superior cow, excellent cattle. - Go-praéara, as, m. pasturage for cows or oxen. - Go-pratara, as, m. ox-ford, a ford for cattle; N. of a place of pilgrimage on the Sarayū; an epithet of Siva, as leading cattle safely across the water (?). - Go-pradana, am, n. gift of cattle. - Go-pravesa-samaya, as, m. the time when the cows come home, the evening twilight. - Go-phanā, f. a bandage hollowed out so as to fit the chin or nose &c.; a sling; also gophanika. - Go-baka, as, m. Ardea Govina. - Go-badha. as, m. the killing of a cow. - Go-bandhu, us, us, u, Ved. having a cow as a relative; (Say.) having a cow as mother, an epithet of the Maruts; [cf. go-mātri and prisni-mātri.] - Go-bāla, as, m. the hair of a cow. - Gobālin, ī, inī, i, covered with cow's hair; gobālī gajas, a kind of buffalo (?). - Go-brāhmana, am, n. a cow and a Brahman .- Go-brahmanamanushya, ās, m. cows, Brāhmans, and men. — Go-bhatta, as, m., N. of a poet. — Go-bhandīra, as, m. a kind of aquatic bird. — Go-bhānu, us, m., N. of a son of Vahni. - Go-bhuj, k, m. earth-possessor, a king .- Go-bhrit, t, m. earth-supporter, a

cows. - Go-mandala, am, n. the orb of the earth, the globe. - Go-mat, an, ati, at, possessing or containing cattle, cows, herds, &c.; rich in cattle; consisting of cattle; containing milk, mixed with milk; (ti), f., Ved. a place abounding in herds; N. of a river falling into the Indus; also of one falling into the Ganges; N. of a Vedic hymn, a prayer or formula, to be repeated during expiation for killing a cow; (t), n. possession of cattle, property consisting in herds. - Go-matallikā, f. a tractable and good cow. - Go-matt, is, f., N. of a river, = go-mati. - Gomatiputra, as, m., N. of a prince; (also read gotami-putra.) - Go-matsya, as, m. a kind of fish living in rivers. - Go-madhya-madhya (?), as, a, am, slender in the waist. - Gomanta, as, m., N. of a mountain; N. of a people (also goghnata); an owner of cattle; a herd of cattle; a multitude of cattle-owners. - Gomanda, as, m. = gomanta (?), N. of a mountain. - r. go-maya, as, i, am, bovine, consisting of cattle; defiled with cow-dung; (as, am), m. n. cow-dung. - 2. gomaya (for gomayaya), nom. P. gomayati, -vitum, to cover or smear with (cow-dung). - Gomaya-échattra, am, n. 2 mushroom, 2 fuogus. - Gomaya-échattrikā, f. a kind of fungus or mushroom. - Gomaya-priya, am, n. the plant Andropogon Scheenanthus. - Gomayaya, nom. A. gomayāyate, -yitum, to be similar to cow-dung, to taste like cow-dung. - Gomayotthā ("ya-ut"), f. 2 kind of beetle found in cow-dung; a gad-fly. - Gomayodbhava ("ya-ud"), as, m. the plant Cathartocarpus Fistula; [cf. āragbadha.] - Go-mahisha-dā, f. granting cattle and buffaloes; N. of one of the Mātris attending on Skanda or Kārttikeya. - Gomansa, am, n. the flesh of oxen, beef. - Go-matri, tā, m., Ved. having a cow for mother, coming from a cow; an epithet of the Maruts; [cf. prisni-mālri.] - Go-māyu, us, us, u, making sounds like cattle; (us), m. a kind of frog; a jackal; N. of a jackal; N. of a Gandharva or celestial musician; the bile or bilious humor of a cow. - Gomāyu-bhaksha, ās, m. pl., N. of a people (eating jackals). - Go-mithuna, am, n. a bull and a cow, a yoke or pair of cattle. - Go-min, i, ini, i, rich in herds &c.; (i), m. the owner of cattle or cows; a jackal; a worshipper, an attendant on a Buddha. - Go-mina, as, m. a sort of fish, the bull-fish; [cf. go-matsya.] - Go-mukha, as, m. a crocodile, a shark; N. of a son of Mătali; also of a son of the treasurer of king Vatsa; also of one of Siva's attendants; also of an attendant of the first Arhat of the present Avasarpini; (am), n. a kind of musical instrument, (a sort of horn or trumpet?); a house built unevenly or crookedly, viz. with angles or projections; spreading unguents, plastering, smearing; (as), m. a hole in a wall of a peculiar shape made by thieves &c., a breach; (am, i), n. f. a cloth-bag containing a rosary, the beads of which are counted by the hand, thrust inside; (i), f. the chasm in the Himālaya mountains, through which the Ganges flows, erroneously conceived to be shaped like a cow's mouth; N. of a river in Rādha. - Gomukha-vyāghra, as, m. 'cowfaced tiger,' a wolf in sheep's clothing. - Go-mudha, as, ā, am, stupid as an ox. - Go-mūtra, am, n. cow's uriue. - Gomūtraka, as, ikā, am, similar to the course of cow's urine; (ikā), f. a kind of grass, described as growing in corn-fields, of a reddish colour and eaten by cattle, commonly called Tāmbadn [cf. krishta-bhūmijā, kshetra-jā, rakta-trinā]; an artificial verse, the second half of which repeats nearly all the syllables of the first; a form of calculation. - Go-mriga, as, m., Ved. the Bos Gavæus. - Gomeda, as, m. a gem or precious stone brought from the Himalaya and the Indus, described as of four sorts, white, pale yellow, red, and dark-blue (perhaps varieties of agate); N. of a plant, = kakkola. - Gomedaka, as, m. 2 gem or precious stone [cf. the preceding]; a kind of poison, = kākola; smearing the body with unguents (= pattraka). - Gomeda-sannibha, as, m., N. of a plant, = dugdha-pāshāṇa;

twenty-second Arhat of the present Avasarpini. - Go-'mbhas, as, n. (for go-ambhas), cow's urine; [cf. go-mutra.] - Go-yujna, as, m. the sacrifice of a cow. - Go-yana, am, n. a carriage drawn by oxen or cows, a cart in general. - Go-yukta, as, a, am, drawn by oxen or cows. - Go-yuga, am, n. a yoke or pair of oxen, a pair of animals in general. - Goyuta, as, a, am, frequented by cattle; (am), n. a cattle-station, a hurdle for cattle. - Go-raksh, t, t, t, or k, k, k, guarding or preserving cattle. - Go-raksha, as, ā, am, keeping or tending cattle; (as), m. a cowherd, a cowkeeper, the tender of kine: a Gorkha or inhabitant of Nepal; an epithet of Siva; N. of the author of a work entitled Goraksha-sataka; the orange; N. of a medicinal plant, = rishabha; (am), n. keeping or tending cattle; breeding cattle; the life of a herdsman; (i), f., N. of several plants, = gandha-bahulā, gopālī, &c.; also = goraksha-dugdhā; a kiod of cucumber, = kumbha-tumbī. - Go-rakshaka, as, ikā, am, guarding cattle; (as), m. 2 cowkeeper, one who tends cattle. - Goraksha-karkaṭī, f. 2 kind of cucumber, = cirbhiṭā. - Goraksha-jambū, ūs, f. wheat; the plant Uraria Lagopodioides; the fruit of the jujube. - Go-rakshana, am, n. tending or taking charge of cattle. - Goraksha-tandula, f. the plant Uraria Lagopodioides. - Goraksha-tumbī, f. = kumbha-tumbī, a kind of cucumber. - Goraksha-dugdhā, f. a small shrub, = amritā, go-rakshī, jīvyā, &c. - Gorakshya, am, n. tending cattle, the life of a herdsman. - Go-ranku, us, m. (?) a water-fowl; a chanter; a prisoner, any person or animal confined (?); a oaked man, a mendicant &c. wandering about without clothes. - Go-ratha, as, m., N. of a mountain; of Siva. - Gorathaka, as, m. a carriage drawn by cattle. - Go-rabhasa, as, ā, am, Ved. strengthened with milk; (Say.) endowed with strength, strengthening, an epithet of the Soma. - Go-rambha, as, m., N. of a man - Go-rava, am, n. saffron. - Go-rasa, as, m. buttermilk; curdled or coagulated milk; cowmilk. — Gorasa-ja, am, n. buttermilk; curds. — Go-rāja, as, m. 'king of cattle,' a bull. — Gorāţikā or gorāţī or gorikā, f.=go-kirāţikā, the bird Turdus Salica. - Go-rula, am, n. a measure of distance equal to two Kros or Kos, (as far as the lowing of a cow may be heard.) - Go-rudha in a-go-rudha, q. v. - Go-rūpa, as, ā, am, Ved. cowshaped. - Go-roća, am, n. yellow orpiment. - Goroćanā, f. a bright yellow pigment prepared from the urine or bile of a cow, or vomited in the shape of scibulæ (?) by that animal; or (according to some) found in the head of a cow; it is employed in painting and dyeing, and is of especial use in marking the foreheads of the Hindus with the Tilaka or sectarial mark; it is also used in medicine as a sedative, tonic, and anthelmintic remedy &c.; [cf. rocanā.] - Go-lattikā, f., Ved. a kind of animal. - Go-lavana, am, n. the measure or quantity of salt given to a cow. - Go-langula, as, m. a kind of monkey described as of a black colour and having a tail like a cow; also go-langula, i, m. f.; (as), m. pl., N. of a people (?). - Golangula-partvartana, as, m., N. of a mountain near Raja-griha. - Go-liha, as, m., N. of a plant; [cf. ghantā-pā-tali and go-līdha.] - Golīgula, a wrong reading for golangulu-parivartana. - Go-lidha, as, m., N. of plant, = go-liha. - Go-loka, as, am, m. n. 'cowworld,' a part of heaven, or (in the later mythology) the heaven of Krishna. - Goloka-varnana, am, n., N. of a part of the Sada-siva-samhita; N. of a part of the Skanda-Purana. - Go-lomika, f. a kind of small shrub, = go-jā, go-dhūmī, &c.; commonly godhūmā and pātharī. - Go-lomī, f., N. of several plants; a kind of bent grass, with white blossoms; also sveta-durva; root of sweet flag; Orris root [cf. vaćā, bhūta-keśa, go-lomikā]; an excellent woman; a harlot (?). - Go-vatsa, as, m. a calf. - Goratsādin (°sa-ād°), ī, m. 'calf-eater,' a wolf. - Go-radha, as, m. the killing of a cuw; [cf. go-badha.] - Go-vandani, f., N. of a plant bearing a fragrant seed mountain. - Go-makshikā, f. a gad-fly (dansa). chalcedony or opal. - Go-medha, as, m. the offering | vandani, f., N. of a plant bearing a fragrant seed - Go-magha, as, ā, am, Ved. granting cattle or or sacrifice of a cow; N. of the attendant of the [cf. priyangu]; another plant, = pita-pushpa-