Cihnaya, nom. P. cihnayati, -yitum, to mark, sign, stamp, spot.

Cihnita, as, ā, am, marked, signed, spotted, stained, stamped, designated; known.

Cihnī-kṛita, as, ā, am, marked, delineated.

चीक éik, cl. 1. and 10. P. éikati and cīkayati, to endure, suffer, to be patient; to be impatient; to touch.

चीनीक्ची éīéīkūéī, an onomatopoetic word for the chirping or warbling of birds.

चोडा टांda, f. a kind of perfume.

चीण cina, as, m. pl. (for cina), N. of a

বীয়ক cīṇaka, as, m. a kind of grain; [cf. cina and cinaka.]

चीति éiti. See under t. éi.

चीत्कार éit-kāra, as, m. crying, a cry, the braying of an ass, a noise. - Cītkāra-vat, ān, atī, at, accompanied with a noise or cry.

चीन ćīna, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, the inhabitants of China, the Chinese; (as), m. a kind of deer; Panicum Miliaceum; a sort of cloth; a thread; (am), n. a banner (perhaps made of deer skin), a standard; a kind of bandage for the corners of the eyes; lead. - Cīna-karpūra, as, m. a kind of camphor, also called tushāra, dvīpa-karpūraja. - Cina-ja, am, n. steel. - Cina-ni, is, m. a peach tree. - Cina-patta, am, n. lead. - Cina-pati, is, m., N. of a kingdom. - Cina-pishta, am, n. minium or red lead; lead. - Cinapishta-maya, as, ī, am, consisting of minium or representing it. - Cīna-rāja-putra, as, m. a pear tree. - Cīnavanga, am, n. lead or more probably tutenag. - Cinānsuka ('na-an'), am, n. China cloth, silk, a silken cloth.

Cinaka, as, m. an inhabitant of China, Chinese; a kind of panic, Panicum Miliaceum; fennel,= kanguni; also = čina-karpūra.

चीनाककरी ćīnākarkatī, f. a kind of cucumber said to be found near Citra-kūţa.

 $\overline{\mathbf{q}}$ $\hat{\epsilon}ib = \hat{\epsilon}iv$, q. v.

चीम् Éibh (a various reading for bibh), flatter; to boast, &c.

चीय द्वांग (another form for éiv), cl. 1. P. A. ciyati, -te, &c., to take, receive, wear.

चीर 1. cīra = cira in the adv. a-cīram, quick, soon, shortly.

चार 2. cīra, am, n. (said to be fr. rt. 1. ci), a strip, a long narrow piece of bark or rind; a strip of cloth, clothes, a rag, tatter, old and torn cloth; the dress of a Buddhist priest; a kind of garland, a necklace of pearls consisting of four strings; a stripe, stroke, line; a manner of writing with strokes or lines; lead; a crest. - Cira-pattrikā, f. a kind of vegetable, = ćanću-śāka. - Čira-parna, as, m. the tree Shorea Robusta, = śāla-vriksha. - Cira-bhavantī, f. the elder sister of a wife. - Cīra-vāsas, ās, ās, as, clothed in bark, dressed in rags or tatters; (ās), m. an epithet of Siva; N. of a Yaksha; N. of a prince.

Ciraka, as, m. a manner of writing. See above. Cirita, as, ā, am, having strips or stripes, ragged, tattered. - Cīrita-cchadā, f. a kind of vegetable; [cf. pālankya.]

Cirin, î, înî, i, clothed in bark, clothed in rags

and tatters.

चौराह्म Erralli, is, m. or f. (?) a kind of large fish; (also read cirilli and cirilli.)

चीरि eiri, is, f. a veil or shade for covering the eyes.

चोरी cīrī or cīrikā, f. a cricket; the hem of an under garment. - Cīrī-vāka, as, m. a cricket.

चीहक cīruka, am, n. a kind of fruit, commonly cemura; (a), f. a cricket; [cf. cirika and ciri.]

चीर्ण cīrṇa, as, ā, am (rt. car), conversant, versed, learned; split, divided; (am), n. conduct. -Cirna-parna, as, m., N. of two trees, = nimba and kharjūra.

चीलिका éīlikā, f. a cricket; also éīllakā; [cf. ciri.]

चीव civ, cl. 1. P. A. civati, -te, &c., to take; 10 wear, cover; cl. 10. P. civayati, -yitum, to shine; to speak; [cf. Hib. cib, 'the hand;' Cambro-Brit. cipiaw, 'to take;' Gr.

चीवर Ewara, am, n. (said to be fr. 1. Ei), the dress of a Buddhist mendicant or of any mendicant. — Civara-gopaka, as, m. a wardrobe-keeper, (a particular officer.) — Civara-nivasana, ās, m. pl., N. of a people. - Civara-bhajaka, as, m. a distributer of garments.

Civaraya, nom. A. -yate, -yitum, to collect rags, put on a tattered garment.

Civarin, ī, m. a Buddhist or Jaina mendicant.

चुकोपियपु ćukopayishu, us, us, u (fr. Desid. of Caus. of rt. kup), wishing to make a person

cukk, cl. 10. P. ćukkayati, -yitum, to inflict or suffer pain.

चक्कस ćukkasa, as, m. = bukkasa, a Ćāndāla.

नुद्धार ćuk-kāra, as, m. the roaring of a lion; (a various reading has bukkāra.)

चुक्र ćukra, as, am, m. n. (said to be fr. rt. cak), vinegar made by the acetous fermentation of grain; acid seasoning; sourness; Indian sorrel, Rumex Vesicarius; (i), f. = cangeri, Oxalis Pusilla; (ā), f. the tamarind tree. - Cukra-phala, am, n. the tamarind fruit. - Cukra-vāstūka, am, n. woodsorrel. - Cakra-vedhaka, am, n. a kind of sour rice-gruel. - Cukrāmla (ora-amo), am, n. vinegar made by the acetous fermentation of grain; (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of wood-sorrel, = amlalonikā; a tamarind tree; a kind of sour rice-gruel.

Cukraka, am, n. a kind of wood-sorrel, Rumex Vesicarius, commonly ćukāpālanga; (ikā), f. woodsorrel, = kućāngerī; a kind of sour rice-gruel; [cf. amla-ćukril;ā.

Cukriman, ā, m. sourness.

चुदाा éukshā, f. washing; [cf. éoksha and cauksha.]

च्छाभियप ćukshobhayishu, us, us, u (fr. Desid. of Caus. of rt. kshubh), intending or wishing to cause to shake.

चि ćući, is, m. the female breast, bosom.

चच éuéu, us, m. a kind of vegetable.

 $Cućc\bar{u}, \bar{u}s, m. f. a kind of vegetable, = the preceding.$

चचक ćućuka, as, am, m.n. the nipple of the breast, see cūcuka; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people in Dakshiṇā-patha; [cf. cucupa.] Cućūka, am, n. a nipple; [cf. ćūćuka.]

चुप ćućupa, ās, m. pl., N. of a people; [cf. cucuka.]

form for sucy, q. v.

चुचु ćunću, us, us, u (considered as an affix at the end of certain comp.), known, celebrated, renowned [cf. akshara-cuncu, cara-co, cancu, cana]; (us), m. the musk-rat or shrew; a mixed caste, born of a Brahman father by a Vaideha female, whose business is hunting; N. of a man.

चञ्चमायन cuncumayana, am, n. irritation or itching (of a wound).

चुड़्रा ćunćurī, f. a game, a kind of hazard played with tamarind seeds instead of dice; also ćunčuli and ćunčuli.

ব্ৰুল ćunćula, as, m., N. of a man; (ās), m. pl. his descendants.

to cut off, pierce, divide; cl. 1. and 10. P. ćotati and ćotayati, to wane, become small or low or shallow; [cf. cutt, cunt, chut.]

ge cutt, cl. 10. P. cuttayati, &c., to become small or low or shallow as a river &c.; [cf. putt.]

चुड् ६५५, cl. 6. P. ६५५ ati, &c., to conceal;

wanton, coquet, &c.; to hint one's meaning; to act (?); [cf. cull.]

cun, cl. 6. P. cunati, &c., to cut off, pierce, divide; [cf. Hib. quinim, 'I wound, prick, sting; 'guinneach, 'sharp-pointed;' gun-ta, 'wounded.']

gue bunt [cf. rt. but and butt], cl. 1. 10.
P. buntati, buntayati, &c., to cut off, pierce, divide; cl. 1. P. buntati, to become small. Cunțā and ī, f. a small well or reservoir near a well; [cf. ćauntya, ćūdaka, ćūtaka.]

gue cunth, cl. 10. P. cunthayati, &c., to hurt, kill.

gus cund [cf. rt. cut and cutt], cl. 1. P. cundatt, &c., to become small; cl. 10. P. ćundayati, to cut off.

Cundhi, f. a small well. See cunta above.

चुत् 1. éut, a various reading for éyut;

चुत् 2. ćut, ind. an interjection.

In cuta, as, m. and cuti, is, f. the anus; [cf. cūta and cyuti.]

gc ćud, cl. 1. P. A., Ved. ćodati, -te, aćodit, &c., to impel, incite, animate; to offer quickly (as the Soma); to hasten: Caus. P. (rarely A.) éodayati, -te, -yitum, to urge on, drive, impel, incite, send, cause to move quickly, hasten, accelerate; to inspire, excite, animate; to direct (the eye) towards; to enjoin; to request, petition, ask, question, inquire after; to press or importune with a request; to help on, assist in the attainment of (with dat., e.g. asmān śriye codaya, help us on to fortune); to bring or offer quickly; to fix, settle, direct; to be quick; [cf. Gr. σπεύδω, σπουδάζω: Lat. cudo; re-pudio.]

Coda, as, m., Ved. an implement for driving horses, a goad or whip; (as, a, am), animating, inspiring, promoting. - Coda-pravriddha, as, ā, am, Ved. exalted by the inspiring (draught of Soma), an epithet of Indra.

Codaka, as, ā, am, driving; (as), m. direction, invitation; (in grammar) = pari-graha, q. v.

Codana, as, a, am, driving, impelling; (am), n. the act of driving, invitation, order, rule, precept; (\bar{u}) , f. sending, commanding, directing; casting, throwing; enjoining, ordaining; a precept, sacred ordinance or commandment; (i), f., N. of a plant, (a various reading for rodani); [cf. eka-codana.] - Codanā-guḍa, as, m. a ball for playing with.

Codayat, an, antī, at, impelling, animating, inspiring. - Codayan-mati ("yat-ma"), is, is, i, Ved.