चलिचीम ćelićima or ćelima = ćilicima, q.v.

चलुक ćeluka, as, m. a Buddhist novice.

चेस्न cell, cl. 1. P. cellati, a various reading for cel, q. v.

चेवी ćevī, f. one of the Rāgiņīs or female personifications of music.

cesht, cl. 1. P. A. *ceshtati*, *-te*, *ciceshte*, *ceshteshyate*, *ceshtati*, *-te*, *cistruggle*, strive, *ceshtishyate*, *ceshtitum*, to move the limbs, to move, stir, make effort, exert one's self, struggle, strive, endeavour, be active, be busy or occupied; to act, do, perform, prepare; to frequent: Caus. P. A. *ceshtayati*, *-te*, *-yitum*, to cause to move, set in motion, move, impel, drive; [cf. Lat. quæro; Cambro-Brit. cais.]

Ceshta, am, n. moving the limbs, gesture; acting; (ā), f. moving any member of the body; gesture, action, activity; effort, endeavour, exertion, bodily effort; doing, performing, behaving, manner of existence; [cf. karma-ceshtā, aceshta-tā, nis-ceshta.] - Ceshtā-nāša, as, m. the ceasing of every motion or action, destruction of the world. - Ceshtā-nirā pana, am, n. observing a person's actions. - Ceshtātārha ('tā-ar'), as, ā, am, worthy of effort. - Ceshtāvat, ān, atī, at, having motion, full of activity, active.

Ceshtaka, as, \bar{a} , am, making effort or exertion; (as), m. a kind of coitus.

Ceshtana, as, \bar{a} , am, making effort, who or what acts or attempts any act; (am), n. motion; performing, doing; effort, exertion.

Ceshtamāna, as, ā, am, moving, stirring, struggling. Ceshtayitri, tā, trī, tri, moving, impelling, causing to act.

Ceshtita, as, ā, am, done with effort, exerted, done, set in motion, &c.; (am), n. motion, gesture, act, function; doing, action, behaviour, manner of life. Ceshtitavya, as, ā, am, to be acted; to be managed.

चेतित ćaikita, as, ī, am, an adjective de-

rived fr. caikitya.

Caikitāna, as, m. a patronymic from Cikitāna. Caikitāneya, as, m. a patronymic from the preced-

Ing, or from Cekitāna. Cathitāyana, as, m. a patronymic of Dālbhya (fr. čikitāyana or ćekita).

Caikitya, as, m. a patronymic from Cekita.

चैकी पैत ćaikīrshata, as, ī, am, = ćikīrshat, wishing to do &c.

चेटयत ćaitayata, as, m., N. of a ınan and his descendants. - Caitayata-vidha, am, n. the district inhabited by the Caitayatas.

Caitayatāyani, is, m. a patronymic from Caitayata.

चेतन्य caitanya, am, n. (fr. ćetana), intelligence, mental perception, feeling, consciousness, sense, sensation, soul, spirit, the deity considered as the essence of all being and source of all sensation; (as), m., N. of a modern reformer of the Vaishnava faith, who is regarded in Bengal as an Ava-tāra of Krishna; he was born about 1484 A. D., and his life is described by Krishna-dāsa in a work named Caitanya-caraņāmŗita or Caitanya-caritāmŗita. – Caitanya-candrodaya (°ra-ud°), am, n. 'the moonrise of Caitanya,' title of a play. – Cuitanya-yukła, as, ā, am, endowed with consciousness, sentient. – Caitanyāmŗita (°ya-am°), am, n. title of a grammar.

चेत्रसिन ćaitasika, as, i, am (fr. ćetas), relating to the mind or heart.

चेतिक ćaitika, ās, m. pl. (fr. 2. ćaitya?), N. of a Buddhist school.

चेत्र ćaitta, as, ī, am (fr. ćitta), mental, belonging to thought or intelligence.

Catttika, as, i, am, mental, intellectual, belonging to thought.

चेत्य 2. ćaitya, as, ā, am (fr. ćitā), relating to a funeral pile or grave; (as, am), m. n. a monument, a tombstone, a column &cc. erected in memory of some deceased person or on the site of a funeral pile; a pile of stones forming a landmark or boundary; a sacred tree, a religious fig-tree &c. growing in or near a village and held in veneration by the villagers; a place of sacrifice or religious worship, an altar, a shed kept for sacrifices &c.; a sacred building peculiar to the Jainas, a Jaina temple; a Jaina or Buddhist image; (as), m., N. of a mountain. - Cuitya-taru, us, m. a fig-tree standing on a sacred spot. - Caitya-dru, us, m., N. of the Ficus Religiosa [cf. asvattha]; a large tree in a village. - Caitya-druma, as, m. = ćaitya-taru. - Caityapāla, as, m. the guardian of a sanctuary. - Caityamukha, as, m. an hermit's water-pot. - Caityayajna, as, m. a sacrificial ceremony performed at monuments. - Caltya-vat, an, ati, at, containing a sanctuary. - Caitya-vriksha, as, m. a fig-tree standing on a sacred spot; the tree Ficus Religiosa. - Caitya-saila, ās, m. pl., N. of a Buddhist school; [cf. caitika.] - Caitya-sthana, am, n. a place made sacred by a monument or a temple.

Caityaka, as, m., N. of one of the five mountains surrounding the town Giri-vraja.

चत caitra, as, ī, am (fr. citra and citrā), made of the tree called Citra or Citra; (as), m., N. of a spring month or the month in which the full moon stands in the constellation Citra (March-April); N. of the sixth year in the cycle of Jupiter; a Buddhist or Jaina religious mendicant; a common N. for a man, used like Deva-datta as a general designation for any person; a metronymic (from Citra) for the son of Budha and grandfather of Su-ratha; one of the seven ranges of mountains dividing the continent into divisions or Varshas; (ī), f., scil. paurņamāsī, the day of full moon in the month Caitra and the sacrifice offered on that day; (am), n. a monument erected to the dead, a column or block of wood, a tree &cc. so considered; [cf. 2. caitya.] - Caitra-vati, f., N. of a river. - Caitra-saklar, as, m, the friend of the month Caitra, i.e. the god of love. - Caitrāvalī (°ra-āv°), f. the day of full moon in the month Caitra.

Caitraka, as, m. the month Caitra; (a patronymic fr. 6itrā.)

Caitrakūţī, f. (fr. ćitra-kūţa), title of a commentary on a grammatical work.

Caitraratha, as, \bar{i} , am (fr. ditra-ratha), 'seating of the Gandharva Citra-ratha; (as), m. a patronymic from Citra-ratha; N. of a Dvyaha ceremony; a facetions expression for the pubes of a woman, 'Citra-ratha's wood;' (\bar{i}), f. a patronymic of a daughter of Saša-vindu; (am), n., scil. vana, the grove of the deity Kuvera cultivated by the Gandharva Citra-ratha.

Caitrarathi, is, m. a patronymic of Sala-vindu. Caitrarathya, am, n. the grove of the deity Kuvera cultivated by the Gandharva Citra-ratha.

Caitravāhanī, f. (fr. citra-vāhana), a patronymic of Citrāngadā.

Caitrāyaņa, a patronymic from Citra; N. of a place.

Cattri, is, m. the month Caitra; (a varlous reading for *caitrin*.)

Caitrika, as, m. and *caitrin*, i, m. the month Caitra.

चेरिक ćaidika, as, ā or ī, am (fr. ćedi), an adjective derived fr. ćedi.

Caidya, as, \bar{a} , am, belonging to the Cedis, a prince of the Cedis; (as), m. a N. of Siśn-pāla, son of Dama-ghosha and sovereign of Cedi or Chandail, and adversary of Krishņa; (\bar{as}) , m. pl. the Cedi people,

चौदायनि caudayani.

चेनित caintita, as, m. a metronymic from Cintita.

चंस्त caila, am, n. = cela, a piece of cloth, clothes, a garment; (as), m. a moth; (as, \overline{i} , am), doth, made of cloth; bred in clothes (as insects, lice, &c.). = Caila-dhäva, as, m. a washerman. = Cailāsāka ('la-ās'), as, m. a kind of goblin feeding on moths and lice.

Cailaka, as, m. a Buddhist mendicant having only a piece of cloth round the middle of the body.

Cailika, as, m. a piece of cloth.

चेलनि ćailaki, is, m. (fr. ćelaka), a patronymic of Jivala.

चोक्टि ćokuți, is, m., N. of a man.

चोद्य éoksha, as, ā, am (fr. éukshā?), pure, clean; honest; clever, dexterous; pleasing, delightful, beautiful; sung (?); sharp, pungent, keen; [cf. éauksha.]

चोच ćoća, am, n. the bark of Cinnamon Albidorum or of another kind of cinnamon; bark, rind in general; skin, hide; the uneatable part of a fruit; the fruit of the fan-palm; the cocoa-nut; a banana or plantain.

Coćaka, am, n. the bark of Cinnamon Albiforum or of another kind of cinnamon; bark, rind in general.

चोटी coti, f. a petticoat; [cf. sātī.]

चोड $cola, as, m. = c\overline{u}da, a \text{ sort of knob or}$ protuberance on a brick or tile; a bodice or jacket; $(\overline{as}), m. pl., N. \text{ of a people [cf. <math>cola$]; $(\overline{a}), f., N. \text{ of}$ a plant.

चोद ćoda, ćodya. See ćud, p. 327, col. 3.

- चोपन copaka. See 1. cup, p. 328, col. 1.
- Tt cora, &c. See rt. cur, p. 328, col. 1.

The colu, as, \overline{i} , m. f. a short jacket, a bodice; (\overline{as}) , m. pl., N. of a people in southern India on the Coromandel coast, in the province now called Tānijora; (\overline{as}) , m. a prince of the Colas; the ancestor of this people is also called Cola and was a son of A-krīda; (am), n. clothes, a garment. - Colonduka ("la-un"), as, m. a diadem, a fillet

for the head, a turban or tiara. Colaka, as, m. a breastplate, a cuirass; N. of a

people, = the preceding; (am), n. bark, rind. Colakin, i, m. a cuirassier, a soldier armed with a

breastplate; the shoot of a bamboo; the orange tree; the wrist.

चोप cosha, &c. See cush, p. 329, col. 2.

चोस्त ćoska, as, m. a horse peculiar to the Indus district; a horse of a particular and good breed.

चोक्स ćaukrya, am, n. (fr. ćukra), sourness, acidity.

चोद्य ćauksha, as, ā, am (fr. ćukshā; cf. ćoksha), pure, clean; honest (?); agreeable, pleasant.

चोड cauda, as, \bar{i} , am (fr. $c\bar{u}d\bar{a}$), crested, relating to a crest; relating to tonsure; (am), n. the ceremony of tonsure; [cf. caula.] – Caudakarman, a, n. the rite of tonsure.

चोग ćauņa, ās, m. pl., N. of a people in the west of Madhya-deśa.

चौरट्य cauntya, as, ā, am (fr. cuntī), coming from a pond or well,

चीगुइपाचार्य $\ell aun dap a \ell a r a (^{o}pa - \bar{a} \ell^{o})$, as, m., N. of a son of Ārya who was the anthor of a commeotary called Prayoga-ratna-mala.

चोदायनि caudāyani, is, m. a patronymic. from Coda (?).