Chada, as, m. a cover, covering (e. g. alpa-cchada, scantily covered or dressed; ghana-cchada, concealed by clouds); a wing; a leaf; N. of two plants, = granthi-parna and = tamāla; [cf. Hib. sgiath, 'a wing.'] - Chada-pattra, as, m. the tree Symplocos Racemosa.

Chadana, am, n. a cover, covering, a sheath, a scabbard; a wing; a leaf; the leaf of Lanrus Cassia.

Chadi = chadis, the roof of a carriage; a wing (?).

Chadis, is, n. (f.?), Ved. a cover, the roof of a

carriage, the thatch or roof of a bouse.

Chadman, a, n. the thatch or roof of a house; external covering, a deceptive dress, disguise, masquerade; plea, pretext, pretence, trick, deceit; frand, craft, dishonesty; [cf. Old Germ. scerm; Germ. Schirm.]—Chadma-tāpasa, as, m. a religious hypocrite, a false ascetic.—Chadma-rūpena, ind. in disguise, incognito.—Chadma-veśa, as, m. a deceptive dress, disguise.—Chadma-veśin, m. dressed in disguise, a player, a cheat.

Chadmika, f. the plant Cocculus Cordifolius;

[cf. gudūćī.]

Chadmin, ī, inī, i, (at the end of a comp.) disguised, in an assumed dress or garb (e.g. Brāhmaṇacchadmin, disguised as a Brāhman).

Channa, as, ā, am, covered, clad, concealed,

secret, clandestine, private, solitary.

Chāttra, as, m. a pupil, scholar, disciple, tyro, novice, (as carrying his teacher's umbrella or as concealing his faults?); (am), n. a kind of honey.

—Chāttra-ganda, as, m. an indifferent poetica's scholar knowing only the beginnings of verses.

—Chāttra-gomin, ī, inī, i, any one attendant on a pupil. —Chāttra-tā, f. condition of a pupil, pupilage.

—Chāttra-darsana, am, n. fresh butter prepared from milk one day old ('looked at by the pupils').

—Chāttra-vyansaka, as, m. a knavish or roguish pupil.

Chātṭraka, am, n. honey in the comb or hive. Chātṭrikya, am, n. the office of a parasol-bearer. Chāda, am, n. thatch, a roof; (an incorrect form.)

Chādana, as, m. the plant Barleria Cærulea, = nīlāmlāna; (ī), f. hide, skin; (am), n. covering, a cover, screen; hiding, concealing; darkening; clothes; a leaf.

Chādayat, an, antī, at, covering, veiling, shrouding. Chādita, as, ā, am, covered, hidden, concealed; cut, divided (?).

Chādin, ī, inī, i, (at the end of a comp.) hiding, covering.

Chādisheya, as, i, am (fr. chadis), suitable for the roof of a carriage or for the thatch of a house.

Chādmika, as, ī, am (fr. chadman), fraudulent, dishonest; (as), m. a rogue.

Chādyamāna, as, ā, am, being covered.

3. chad or chand, cl. 10. P. A. chada-yati,-te,-yitum, cl. 1. P. and 10. P. A., Ved. chandatt, chandayati,-te, cacchanda, Aor. acchān, chantum, to seem, appear, be considered or esteemed as; to seem good, please, be pleasant: A. chandayate, to be pleased with, delight in, approve of (with acc. or loc.); (Sāy.) to render celebrated or honoured: P. chandayatt, to gratify a person (acc. or sometimes gen.) with anything (e.g. varena, with a boon), to present.

4. chad, t, t, t, (in compounds) pleased with &c.; [cf. kavi-cchad.]

Chanda, as, ā, am, pleasing, alluring, inviting; praising, a praiser; (as), m. appearance, look, shape; pleasure, delight, appetite, liking, fondness for, fancy, whim, predilection, desire, wish, subjection, will, free will, arbitrary choice; wilfulness, wilful conduct (e.g. mac-chandāt, according to my wish or will, at my pleasure; sva-cchanda, following one's own will, independent; a-svacchanda, dependent; sva-cchandāt, willingly; a-cchandana, against the will); meaning, intention, purport, opinion; poison; (ena), ind. at the will of, according to wish or will, at one's

pleasure; [cf. indra-cchanda, kalāpa-c°, deva-c°, vijaya-c°, all meaning pearl-ornaments or neck-laces of various kinds; cf. also Lat. spons, sponte.] — Chanda-tas, ind. at will, at pleasure, according to one's own wish or desire.— Chandānuvartin, ī, ini, i, indulging the humour, complying with the wishes.— Chandānuvritta (°da-an°), am, n. indulgence of whims, humouring, compliance.

Chandaka in sarra-cchandaka, epithet of Narayana, 'assuming every shape?;' (as), m., N. of the charioteer of Sakya-sinha; [cf. chandaka.] - Chandaka-nivartana, 'the return of Chandaka', N. of a Caitya. - Chandaka-pātana or chanda-pātana, as, m. a hypocrite, a pretended or false ascetic.

Chandana, as, ā, am, pleasing, charming. Chandas, as, n. desire, longing for, delight, pleasure, wish, will; free will; meaning, intention, purport, object; a sacred hymn or verse as distinguished from the verses of the four Vedas, a verse which is neither Rić, nor Saman, nor Yajus, nor Atharvana, originally perhaps a hymn or verse used in incantations; the sacred text of the Vedic hymns; metre in general, supposed to consist of three or seven typical forms; metrical science, prosody. - Chandah-prakarana, am, n. a chapter on metre. - Chandah-prasasti or chanda-prasasti, is, f. a work by Harsha. - Chandah-sāstra, am, n. metrical science, a work on metre by Pingala. - Chandahsangraha and chandah-sāra, as, m. a work giving a summary of metres. - Chandah-siddhi, is, f. a chapter of the Kāvya-kalpa-latā-vritti-parimala. - Chandah-stut, t, t, t, or chandah-stubh, p, p, p, Ved. praising in hymns. - Chandas-cūdāmaņi, is, m. a work by Hema-candra. - Chandas-krita, am, n. any metrical part of the Vedas or other sacred compositions. - Chandas-paksha, as, a, am, Ved. one whose wing is sacred song, (borne aloft on the wings of praise?). - Chandas-vat, an, ati, at, Ved. pleasing, lovely. - Chando-ga, as, m. (rt. gai), a reciter or singer in metre, a chanter of the Sāma-veda, generally the same as the Udgātri priest. - Chandoga-parisishta, am, n. title of a work by Katyayana giving a supplement to Gobhila's Sūtras. - Chandoga-brāhmaņa, am, n. the Brahmana of the Udgatri priests attached to the Sāmā-veda. Some authorities give eight of these Brāhmaņas, the principal being called Praudha or

- Chandoga-śākhā, f. a branch of the Sāma-veda. - Chandoga-śruti, is, f. the Veda of the Chandogas, the Sāma-veda. - Chandogāhnika-paddhati (°gaah"), title of a work by Rāma-krishņa. - Chandogovinda, title of a work on metre by Gangā-dāsa. - Chando-deva, as, m., N. of a man, = matanga. - Chando-nāman, ā, ā, a, Ved. having the name of metre, metrical. - Chandonuvritta (°das-an°), an, n. conforming to one's humour, humouring, indulgence. - Chando-bhanga, as, m. violation of the laws of metre. - Chando-bhāshā, f. the language of the Vedas (?). - Chando-manjari, is or ī, f. title of a work on metre by Ganga-dasa. - Chandomaya, as, î, am, Ved. consisting of or containing sacred hymns. - Chando-māna, am, n., Ved. the measure of metre, i. e. a syllable regarded as the metrical unit. - Chando-martanda, as, m. title of a work on metre. - Chando-mālā, f. title of a work on metre. - Chando-rut-stoma, as, m., N. of a Shadaha rite. - Chando-viciti, is, f. 'examination

Pancavinsa, as consisting of twenty-five sections.

- Chandoga-māhaki, is, m., N. of a preceptor.

vivriti, is, f. 'explanation of metres,' title of Pingala's work on metre. — Chando-vritta, am, n. a metre in general, any metre.

Chandasya, as, ā, am, Ved. taking the form of hymns, metrical, fit for hymns, relatiog to the Vedic

of metres,' title of a treatise on metre. - Chando-

hymns; made or done according to one's wish. Chandita, as, ā, am, gratified, pleased. Chandu, us, us, u, Ved. pleasing, lovely.

Chandoma, as, m., N. of the eighth, ninth, and tenth day in a sacificial ceremony which lasts twelve days (dvādašāha). - Chandoma-trikakud,

t, m., N. of a Soma ceremony lasting three days. — Chandoma-daśāha, as, m., N. of a Daśa-rātra. — Chandoma-vat, ān, atī, at, Ved. accompanied by a Chandoma.

छट् 5. éhad, cl. 1. P. éhadati, &c., to

6. Chad, cl. 1. and 10. P. Chandati and Chandayati, &c., to kindle; (a various reading for Chrid.)

खसट chadmat, ind. = chambat (?).

অভাব chadvara, as, m. a tooth(?); a bower; [cf. chattvara.]

হनका thanatthan, ind. an imitative sound expressive of the noise of falling drops, of sobbing &c.; (according to some a redoplicated form of thanat.)

छन channa. See col. 1.

छम् cham, cl. 1. P. chamati, &c., to eat; [cf. cam, jam, jham.]

ज्ञमञ्जीमकारत्न éhamaééhamikā-ratna, as, m., N. of a poet.

जमर्जीमत ChamacChamita, am, n. (an onomatopoetic word with the termination of the past pass. part.), crackling, rattling.

हमसङ chamanda, as, m. an orphan, a fatherless son; a single man, one who has no kinsmen; [cf. chemanda.]

Ety champ, cl. 1. 10. P. champati, champayati, &c., to go, move.

हस्ट chambat, ind., Ved. (used with rt. kṛi, especially in sacrificial language), to make a failure, fail in obtaining or accomplishing.

chard, cl. 10. P. chardayati, -yitum, to vomit, be sick; [cf. chrid; cf. also Hib. sceithim, 'I vomit, spew;' Lat. screo.]

Charda, as, m. (a various reading for chardi), womiting.

Chardana, as, m., N. of a plant (= alambusha); of a Rākshasa; another plant, = nimba; the plant Vangueria Spinosa; (am), n. vomiting, sickness; retching.

Chardi, is, f. sickness, vomiting. — Chardi-ghna, as, m. 'anti-emetic,' N. of a tree, = nimba.

Chardikā, f. sickness, vomiting; a plant, = vishņu-krāntā. - Chardikā-ripu, us, m. small cardamoms ('anti-emetic').

1. chardis, 1s, f. n. vomiting. (For 2. chardis see below.)

Chardikā, f. vomiting, sickness.

छ्दैं। पनिका chardāpanikā, f. a kind of cucumber, = karka {ī; (a corruption of chardāpanayikā î).

इदिस् 2. Chardis, is, n. (fr. 1. Chad?), Ved. a fence, a secure place, secure residence; a house; [cf. Chadis.] — Chardish-pā, ās, ās, am, Ved. protecting a house.

चल chal, chalayati. See under chala.

Tend thala, as, am, m. n. (probably fr. 1. chad), fraud, deceit, deception, sham, guise, disguise, pretence, pretext, delusion, illusion, semblance, counterfeit appearance, fiction, feint, circumvention, trick, stratagem; fallacy (e. g. vāk-chalaih, with fallacious words); wickedness; design, device; intention; (as), m., N. of a son of Dala and descendant of Kuśa; chalāt, through deceit or fraud, deceitfully; chalena, deceitfully, illusively, under the disguise or pretext or pretence of; upadā-chalena, under pretence of gifts of honour, i. e. with seigned gifts; rajas-chalena, under the semblance of dust; [cf. Lat. scelus.] - Chala-kāraka, as, ā, am, or chala-