triumphant; surpassing, excelling; gaining;  $(t\bar{a})$ , m. a victor, conqueror; N. of a Vedic poet who was son of Madhu-cchandas; N. of a prince who had a garden near Srāvastī in which Sākya-mnni promulgated his doctrines. - Jeta-vana, am, n. (for jetri + vana), the wood of Jetri, N. of a grove or garden near Sravasti where Sakya-muni or Buddha promulgated his doctrines. - Jetavanīya, ās, m. pl. N. of a Buddhist school. - Jeta-sāhvaya, as, ā, am, called after Jetri. - Jetārāma, as, m. (for jetri +  $\tilde{a}r^{\circ}$ ), = jeta-vana.

Jetva, as, a, am, Ved. to be gained or conquered. Jeman,  $\bar{a}$ ,  $\bar{a}$ , a, Ved. surpassing, excelling;  $(\bar{a})$ ,

m. excellence,

Jesha, as, m., Ved. winning, gaining, obtaining.

जनाक jentāka, as, m. a dry hot bath or heated chamber for inducing perspiration in rheumatism, &c.

जन्य jenya, as, ā, am (fr. jana), Ved. of noble origin (γενναίος); genuine, true. - Jenyāvasu, us, us, u, Ved. having genuine or true wealth, an epithet of the Asvins; also of Indra and Agni; (Say.) having acquired wealth.

जनन jemana. See under rt. jim, p. 347.

जय jeya. See p. 347, col. 1.

जेलक jelaka, as, m., N. of a man.

जब jesh, cl. 1. A. jeshate, &c., to move, go.

जेष jesha. See above.

जह jeh (related to 1. jabh and jribh), cl. r. A., Ved. jehate, jijehe, jehishyate, jehitum, to open the mouth, breathe heavily, gasp, gape, open wide, yawn; (Sāy.) to reach, go towards, strive after: Caus. jehayati, ajijehat.

Jehamāna, as, ā, am, gaping, opening wide;

(Say.) going towards.

🛪 jai, cl. 1. P. jāyati, jajau, jāsyati, jātum, to wane, decline, fade away, perish; [cf. I. jyā.]

जेगोपव्य jaigīshavya, as, m. (fr. jigīshu), N. of an ancient Rishi often named in connection with Asita Devala. - Jaigīshavyesvara ( ya-īśo), am, n., N. of a Linga in Vārāņasī.

जैत jaitra, as, ī, am (fr. rt. 1. ji), victorious, triumphant, leading to victory, overcoming, surpassing, superior; (as), m. a conqueror, victor; N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshṭra;  $(\bar{i})$ , f. the plant Sesbania Ægyptiaca; (am), n. victory, triumph, superiority. -Jaitra-ratha, as, a, am, having a triumphant car; (as), m. a victor, a conqueror, a hero; a triumphant car.

Jaitrāyani, is, m. a patronymic from Jaitra.

जैन jaina, as, ī, am (fr. jina), relating to the Jinas; (as), m. a Jaina, a teacher of heterodox notions, the chief of which are the supremacy of certain Jinas or great saints over the gods of the Hindus, a denial of the divine authority of the Vedas, and a disregard of the distinction of castes; N. of a prince of Kasmīra. - Jaina-taranginī, f. a history of Kasmīra by Srīvara. - Jaināsrama ("na-ās"), as, m. a Jaina monastery. - Jainendra ("na-in"), as, m., N. of a grammarian.

Jainya, as, ā, am, relating to the Jaioas (?).

जेपाल jaipāla, as, m. (=jaya-pāla), a plant, Croton Tiglium.

जैनन jaimanta, as, m., N. of a man. Jaimantāyana, as, m. a patronymic from Jaimanta.

जैमिनि jaimini, is, m., N. of a celebrated saint and philosopher, the pupil of Vyāsa and founder of the Pūrva (or Karma) Mimānsā school. He is said to have acted as Udgātri at the sacrifice of Janamejaya (Mahā-bh. I. 2046), and to have received the Sāma-veda from Vyāsa.

Jaiminiya, as, ā, am, relating to Jaimini; (ās), m. pl., N. of a school of the Sama-veda.

जम्त jaimūta, as, ī, am (fr. jīmūta), relating to Jīmūta.

जेयद jaiyata, as, m., N. of the father of Kaiyata; (sometimes spelt jaigata.)

Jaiyyata, as, m., N. of a physician.

जैव jaiva, as, ī, am (fr. jīva), relating to

Jaivantāyana, as, m. or jaivantāyani, is, m. or jaivanti, is, m. a patronymic from Jwanta.

Jaivali, is, m. (fr. jīvala), a patronymic of Pra-

Jaivātrika, as, ī, am, long-lived, one for whom long life is desired; thin, lean; (as), m. the moon; camphor (as a synonym of the moon); a peasant; a drug, medicament; a son; [cf. jīvātu.]

Jaivi, is, m. or jaiveya, as, m. a patronymic

जेपाच jaishṇava, as, ī, am (fr. jishṇu), relating to a conqueror, relating to Arjuna.

जस्य jaihmya, am, n. (fr. jihma), crookedness (moral or physical), deceit, falsehood,

नेट jaihva, as, ī, am (fr. jihvā), belonging or relating to the tongue, lying on the tongue.

Jaihvākāta, as, ī, am, an adj. derived fr. jihvā-

Jaihvya, am, n. the pleasure of taste (derived from the tongue), pleasure.

जोग jogū, ūs, ūs, u (fr. rt. gu), Ved. praising.

जोह jonga or jongaka, am, n. aloe wood, Agallochum.

जोहर jongata, as, m. longing, earnest wish, eager desire, the longing of a pregnant woman.

जारिङ्ग jotinga, as, m. an epithet of Siva; a devotee, an ascetic who subjects himself to the severest penances; the sacrificial cord (?).

जाड joda, the chin; [cf. jahi-joda.]

जोनराज jona-raja, as, m., N. of the author of the Raja-tarangini,

जोताला jonnālā, f. = yavanāla, the plant Andropogon Saccharatus; also jontālā.

जोल jola, N. of a mixed caste.

जीय josha, as, m. (fr. rt. 1. jush), satisfaction, approval, pleasure, enjoyment, felicity, happiness; (josham  $\tilde{a}$ , Ved. to one's satisfaction, abundantly; anu josham, according to one's pleasure, willingly); (am), ind. according to one's wish or liking, happily, with ease, without effort; well; silently; josham ās, to remain quiet or silent; josham āssva, be thou quiet, keep thou silent; [cf. a-josha.] - Joshavāha, as, m., Ved. unintelligible words, chattering nonsense; (Say.) words which ought to please but

Joshana, am, n. liking; satisfaction, approval; choosing;  $(\tilde{a})$ , f. the expression of satisfaction by the word jush.

Joshayitavya, as, ā, am, to be made dear or agreeable, to be reflected upon or thought about, obscure, unintelligible (in words).

Joshayitri, tā, trī, tri, or joshtri, tā, trī, tri, loving, cherishing, fostering, taking care of; (Sāy.)

Joshas in vi-joshas, sa-joshas, q. v. Joshya, as, ā, am, Ved. delightful, agreeable, welcome, satisfactory.

जोपा joshā, f. = yoshā, a woman.

जापिका joshikā, f. = jālikā, a cluster of young buds, a bud, a germ.

ज्ञामित joshit or joshita, f. = yoshit, a

जोह्त johūtra, as, ā, am (fr. hve), Ved. making a loud noise, neighing; calling out, challenging to battle, neighing (as a horse).

ज्ञामर jaumara, am, n., scil. vyā-karaņa, the grammar composed by Jumara.

जोलायनभक्त jauläyana-bhakta, am, n. the district inhabited by the Jaulayanas.

जोहोत्यादिक jauhotyādika, as, ī, am (fr. juhoty-ādi), belonging to the class of roots beginning with hu, i. e. to the third class.

 $\mathfrak{F}$  1.  $j\dot{n}a = j\dot{n}u = j\bar{a}nu$ , the knee, in  $\bar{u}r$ dhva-jna. (For 2. jna see below.)

1. jñā, cl. 9. P. A. jānāti, jānīte, ja-jnau, jajne, jnāsyati, -te, ajnāsīt, ajnāsta, jnātum, [irreg. forms, jānatha for jānītha Mahābh. II. 842, jānata for jānīta II. 2397, jijāhi for jājnāhi = jānīhi, know thou, XIII. 4495, abhy-anu-jānithās for abhy-anv-ajānīthās XIV. 1641, jānamāna pres. part.], to know, have knowledge, become acquainted with; to perceive, apprehend, understand, experience; to recognise; to ascertain, investigate; to know as, know or perceive that, regard or consider as (with acc. of the object and predicate, e. g. tasya mām tanayām jānīta, know me to be his daughter); to be conversant or familiar with; to visit as a friend (Ved.); to acknowledge, approve, allow, permit; to recognise as one's own, take possession of; to act, engage in (with gen. of the instrument, e.g. sarpisho for sarpishā jānīte, he engages in sacrifice with clarified butter): Caus. jnapayati or jnapayati, -yitum, Aor. ajijnapat, to make known, teach, make acquainted with, inform, announce, notify; to give information; A. to request, ask: Desid. A. jijnasate (ep. also P.), to wish to know, &c.; to investigate, examine, wish to learn; to conjecture, suppose: Desid. of Caus. jijnāpayishati and jijnapayishati and jinpsati, to wish to make known or inform: Pass. of Desid. of Caus. jñīpsyate, to be wished or intended to be informed: Intens. jājnāyate, jājnāti, jājneti; [cf. Lat. gna, gno, in gnarus, (g) nosco, cognosco, ignoro; perhaps gloria for gnoria: Gr. γνω in γνῶθι, ἔγνων, γνῶσις; (γ)νοέω, (γ)νοῦς; γιγνώσκω: Old Germ. chna, chnâta, chnât: Eng. know: Goth. kaun: Old Gerni. chan: Germ. kann, kenne: Lith. zinnaul, 'I know;' zinne, sazinne: Slav. [najû: Hib. gnia, 'knowledge;' gnic; gno, 'ingenious;' gnas, 'custom, use.']

2. jna, as, a, am, who or what knows, a knower, knowing, familiar with (often in comp., e.g. dharmajna, familiar with the law; sarva-jna, knowing everything); intelligent, wise; (as), m. a wise and learned man, especially one possessed of sacred learning or religious knowledge; the sentient soul; Budha who was first of the lunar line and regent of the planet Mercury; the planet Mars or its regent; an epithet of Brahma; [cf. Lat. beni-gnus, mali-gnus.] - Jiatā, f. (at the end of a comp.) knowledge of, familiarity with; intelligence. - Jiammanya, as, a, am, think-

ing one's self wise.

Jhaka, as, akā or ikā, m.f. a diminutive fr. 2. jha. Juapita, as, ā, am, made known, informed,. taught, expounded.

Jiapta, as, ā, am, made known, = jnapita.

Jiapti, is, f. understanding, apprehension, the exercise of the intellectual faculty; promulgating, making known.

2. jnā, ās, ās, am, (at the end of a comp.) knowing, familiar with [cf. rita-jnā, pada-jnā, and 2.  $j\bar{n}a$ ;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. in epic poetry sometimes a shortened form of a-jna, the initial vowel of the latter being