having a burning head, an epithet of Agni; (a), m., N. of an author of a hymn of the Rig-veda who was a son of Brihaspati. - Tapur-vadha, as, ā, am, Ved. having burning weapons. - Tapush-pā, ās, ās, am, Ved. (Säy.) protecting from pain; (perhaps rather) drinking warm (beverages).

Tapta, as, ā, am, heated, inflamed, burnt; hot; red-hot; fused, melted, molten; burnished; scorched by pain or sorrow, distressed, afflicted; inflamed with anger, incensed; undergone or performed (as penance). - Tapta-kumbha, as, m. a heated or red-hot jar; N. of a particular hell; (as,  $\bar{a}$ , am), having hot jars. - Tapta-kūpa, 'hot-well,' N. of a hell; (perhaps a wrong reading for the preceding.) - Tapta-krićchra, as, am, m. n. a sort of penance which consists in drinking hot water, milk, and ghee for three days each, and inhaling hot air for three days. - Taptatapas, ās, m. one who has performed penance, an ascetic. - Tapta-pāshāņa-kuņda, am, n. 'a pit filled with burning stones,' N. of a hell. - Taptabāluka, as, ā, am, having hot or burning gravel; (as), m., N. of a hell. - Tapta-rūpa or taptarūpaka, am, n. silver. – Tapta-lomaša, green vitriol. – Tapta-loha, am, n. 'glowing iron,' N. of a hell. - Tapta-sūrmi or tapta-sūrmi, is, f. ' a redhot iron statue,' N. of a hell in which the wicked are made to embrace red-hot images. - Taptasūrmikunda, am, n., N. of a hell. - Tapta-surā-kunda, as, m. 'a jar or hole filled with burning spirituous liquor,' N. of a hell .- Tapta-hema-maya, as, i, am, like or consisting of melted gold. - Taptanna (°taan°), am, n. hot food, hot rice. - Taptayana (°taay"), as, i, am, Ved. serving as a dwelling-place for the distressed (as the earth).

Taptavya, as, ā, am, to be performed as a religious penance.

Taptri, tā, trī, tri, making warm or hot, heating, a heater.

Taptvā, ind. having heated, having performed penance.

Tapya, as, ā, am, performing religious austerity, doing penance.

Tapyati, is, f., Ved. heat.

Tapyatu, us, us, u, Vcd. hot, glowing. Tapsyat, an, atī or antī, at, practising or intending to practise austerities.

तपश tapasa, as, m. the moon; [cf. the following.]

तपस tapasa, as, m. (said to be fr. 2. tap), the moon; a bird; [cf. the preceding.]

तवलाकृति tabalākriti, is, f. (fr. tabala? and akriti), N. of a kind of creeping plant.

nH tam, cl. 4. P. (rarely A.) tāmyati.

tāmyate, tatāma, tamitum, to gasp for breath (as one suffocating), choke, be suffocated, breathe with difficulty ; to faint away ; to be exhausted, perish; to be distressed in body or mind; to be disturbed or perplexed; to stop, become immovable or stiff; to wish, desire : Caus. tamayati, -yitum, to suffocate, deprive of breath; [cf. Lat. temere, tabeo (?); Old Germ. damf; Russ. tomlju.] 1. tama, as, m. darkness &cc., = tamas in its

various meanings; also =  $tam\bar{a}la$ ; ( $\bar{a}$ ), f. night, = tamāla, Phyllanthus Emblica; (am), n. darkness, gloom; the point of the foot. - Tamāhvaya (°ma- $\bar{a}h^{\circ}$ ), a kind of plant, =  $t\bar{a}l\bar{i}sa$ -pattra.

Tamaka, as, m. oppression (of the chest), a kind of asthma; [cf. pra-tamaka.]

Tamakā, f. = tamā, tamālakā, °kī, tamālī, tamālinī, Phyllanthus Emblica.

Tamata, as, ā, am, desīrous, cupidinous, longing or hankering after ; wished, desired.

Tamana, am, n. the becoming breathless.

Tamas, as, n. darkness, gloom; the darkness of hell, hell itself or a peculiar division of hell; the obscuration of the sun or moon in eclipses, darkness personified as Rahn or the ascending node; mental darkness, illusion, error (constituting one of the five

forms of a-vidyā in the Sānkhya phil.), sin, sorrow; (in the Sänkhya phil.) darkness or ignorance as one of the three qualities or constituents of everything in creation, the other two being sattra and rajas, see guna; as an inherent quality of nature tamas is heavy and obstructive, and predominates in earth and water, whence they fall and tend downwards; in living beings it is the cause of ignorance, illusion, lust, anger, pride, sorrow, dulness, and stolidity; (ns), m., N. of a descendant of Gritsa-mada, a son of Sravas and father of Pra-kāśa; N. of a son of Prithu-śravas and father of Usanas; [cf. Lith. tamsa, 'darkness ;' tamsus, 'obscure :' Russ. temnyi, 'dark ; temno.ta, 'darkness', Hib. teim, 'dark, obscure', teimhen, 'darkness', teimheal, 'an eclipse, dark-ness' Old Germ. demar: Old Sax. thim: Angl. Sax. dim : Lat. tenebræ ?]. - Tamah-prabhā or tama-prabhā, f., or tama-prabha or tamah-prabha, as, m. a hell, one of the lowermost divisions of the infernal regions. - Tamah-pravesa, as, m. groping in the dark; mental perplexity or aberration. - Tamah-sthita, am, n. \* situated in darkness, N. of a hell, one of the lowest divisions of hell. - Tamasā-krita, as. ā, am. or tamaskalpa, as, ā, am, like darkness, black, gloomy. - Tamas-kända, as, m. or tamas-tati, is, f. great or spreading darkness. - Tamas-vat, an, ati, at, having darkness, dark, gloomy; (tī), f. night. - Tamasvin, ī, inī, i, dark, gloomy; (nī), f. night; turmeric. - Tamo-gā, ās, ās, am, Ved. roaming in the darkness, concealing himself in darkness, an epithet of Sushna. - Tamo-gu, us, m. an epithet of Rahu, the personified ascending node, the causer of darkness. - Tamo-guna, as, m. the quality of darkness or ignorance ; see above under tamas. - Tamogunin, i, ini, i, having the quality of tamas predominant in the temperament, irascible, ignorant, prond, &c. -Tamo-ghna, as, ī, am, destroying darkness; (as), m. the sun; the moon; fire; an epithet, of Vishnn; an epithet of Siva; a Buddha. - Tamo-jyotts, is, m. 'light in darkness,' a fire-fly. - Tamodarsana, bilious fever. - Tamo-nud, t, t, t, dispersing darkness; (t), m. a shining body; the sun; the moon ; fire ; a lamp ; light. - Tamo-nuda, as, a, am, dispersing darkness; (as). m. the sun; the moon. - Tamo-'ntakrit (°mas-an°), t, t, t, making an end of darkness; (i), m., N. of one of the attendants of Skanda. - Tamo'ntya (°mas-an°), as, m. one of the ten ways in which an eclipse may happen. - Tamo-'paha (°mas-ap°), as, ā, am, removing darkness physical or moral, illumining, enlightening; (as), m. the sun; the moon; fire; a Buddha. - Tamo-bhid, t, t, t, dispersing darkness; (t), m. a fire-fly. - Tamo-bhūta, as, ā, am, ' become darkness,' dark, covered with darkness; ignorant. - Tamo-mani, is, m. ' the jewel of darkness,' a kind of gem ; a fire-fly. - Tamo-maya, as, i, am, consisting or composed of darkness, derived from it, covered with it; (as), m. the mind enveloped with darkness, vexation, anger, one of the five forms of a-vidyā in the Sānkhya phil. - Tamo'ri (°mas-ari), is, m. the enemy of darkness, the sun. - Tamo-vat, an, atī, at, dark, gloomy; [cf. tamas-rat.] - Tamo-vikāra, as, m. disease, sickness, (as a modification of the Guna tamas.) - Tamo-vrita, as, ā, am, obscured, clouded; overcome with or influenced by rage, fear, &cc., or any of the effects of the property of darkness. - Tamo-vridh, t, t, t, Ved. rejoicing or delighting in darkness; (Sāy.) growing in the darkness, increasing by the darkness. - Tamo-han, ā, -ghnī, a, Ved. striking down or dispersing darkness. - Tamo-hara, as, ā, am, removing darkness, illnminating; (as), m. the moon.

Tamasa, as,  $\bar{i}$ , am, dark-coloured; (as), m. darkness; a well;  $(\bar{a})$ , f., N. of a river, the Tamasā or Tonse, falling into the Ganges below Pratishthana ; (am), n. darkness (at end of comp., cf. andha-1°, ava-t', vi-t', san-t'); a city.

Tamaska, as, ā, am, at the end of an adj. comp. =tamas; [cf. nis-lamaska.]

Tamāla, as, m., N. of a tree with a very dark bark

(but white blossoms), Xanthochymus Pictorius; N. of various other plants, = varuna and krishna-khadira; (as), m. the sectarial mark made with sandal (or perhaps the juice of the Tamala fruit) upon the forehead; a sword, a scymitar or large sacrificial knife; (i), f., N. of several plants, = tamra-valli; Phyllanthus Emblica; also = varuna; (as, am), m. n. the bark of the bamboo; (am), n. the leaf of the Laurus Cassia, = pattraka = tamāla-pattra. - Tamāla-pattra, am, n. the leaf of the Xanthochymus Pictorius; the leaf of the Laurus Cassia, Malabathron; a sectarial mark on the forehead; the tree Xanthochymus Pictorius. - Tamālapattra-ćanda-na-gandha, as, m., N. of a Buddha.

Tamālaka, as, am, m. n. the tree Xanthochymus Pictorius; the bark of a bamboo; (ikā), f., N. of two plants, = tamra-valli and bhumy-amali, Phyllanthus Emblica; N. of a place, = tāma-lipta [cf. tamālinī]; N. of a woman; (am), n. the leaf of the Laurus Cassia ; a sort of pot-herb, Marsilea Dentata,

Tamālinī, f. a place overgrown with Tamāla trees : N. of a country, =tāma-lipta; N. of a plant, = bhumy-amali, Phyllanthus Emblica.

Tamisra, am, n. darkness, a dark night ; darkness of mind, illusion; anger, wrath;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a dark night, or one during the wane of the moon; great or extensive darkness, the night of new moon, any night; (as), m. the dark half of the month, from the full to the change; [cf. su-tamisra, tāmisra, tamishīći.] - Tamisra-paksha, as, m. the fortnight of the moon's wane, the time from full moon to new moon.

तम 2. tama (for 1. see under rt. tam, col. 1), a Taddhita affix, the termination of the superlative degree, used also as an independent word in the sense of ishta-tama, most desired, and sometimes added adverbially in the form tamām; [cf. tāratamya.]

तमङ्ग tamanga, as, m. a platform, stage. Tamangaka, as, m. the flat and projecting roof of a house, a sort of balcony or terrace.

तमर tamara, am, n. tin; lead (?).

तमराज tamarāja, as, m. a kind of sugar.

तमाल tamāla. See col. 2.

तमाद्ध्य tamāhvaya. See I. tama, col. I.

ताम tami, is, or tami, f. the night; turmeric; [cf. I. tama and tamas.]

तमियोचि tamishīći, is, is, i (fr. rt. tam?), Ved. oppressing, stunning, afflicting, confusing, disturbing; (Sāy.) powerful, strong.

तमिस tamisra. See above.

तमप्ट्रीय tamushtuhiya, as, ā, am, N. of a Sükta beginning with the words tam u shtuhi.

तमोलिमो tamolipti, f., N. of a country, the district of Tumlook in Bengal, = tāma-lipta, commonly called tamoluka.

तम्पा tampā, f. a cow ; [cf. tambā.]

rate tamb, cl. I. P. tambati, &c., to go.

ngi tamba, f. a cow; [cf. tampa.]

तम्रोर tambira or tamvira, in astrology = , ihe fourteenth Yoga.

तम tamra, as, a, am (fr. rt. tam), Ved. oppressing, darkening; (Say.) causing to languish.

तय् tay, cl. 1. A. tayate, teye, tayitum, to go, move; to guard, preserve.

Taya, as, a, am, who or what protects; (as), m. protection.

T. I. tara, a Taddhita affix, the termina-