trees. - Taru-shanda, as, m. a group of trees. - Taru-sāra, as, m. 'essence of trees,' camphor. - Taru-stha, as, ā, am, staying or being in a tree;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a parasitical plant.

Tarusa, as, ā, am, abounding in trees.

तह्क् णि tarukūņi, is, m. a sort of bird, = vāgguda.

तह्य taruksha, as, m., N. of a man; [cf. tārukshāyaņi, tārukshya, taluksha.]

तहण taruṇa, as, ī, am (said to be fr. rt. trī), young, tender, juvenile; new, fresh; 2 young man, one of the virile age; fresh, lively, vivid; risen only a short time ago (as the sun), not yet high in the sky; (as), m. the castor-oil plant, Ricinus Communis; large cumin seed, = kubja-pushpa, the blossom of Achyranthes Aspera; N. of one of the Saptarshayas in the eleventh Manv-antara; N. of a Gandharva; N. of a particular section in a mystical Tantra work treating of various stages in the life of the Tāntrika; (i), f. a young woman, a girl from about sixteen years of age; N. of several plants; a kind of pot-herb, Aloe Perfoliata; also = tarani, Rosa Glandulifera; also =  $dant\bar{i}$ , a kind of flower, =  $sah\bar{a}$ , kumārī, gandhādhyā, caru-kesarā, &c.; a kind of perfume, commonly cida; (am), n. cartilage [cf. tarunāsthi below]; a sprout; [cf. taluna; cf. also Gr. τέρην, τέρεινα; Old Germ. diorna, 'maiden;' Old Island. therna. - Taruna-jvara, as, m. a fever that lasts a week. - Taruna-dadhi, i, n. coagulated milk five days old. - Taruna-pitikā, f. red arsenic. - Taruṇābhāsa (°ṇa-ābh°), as, m. a kind of cucumber. - Tarunāsthi ("na-as"), i, n. 'soft-bone; cartilage, gristle. - Taruņī-kaţāksha-māla, as, m., N. of a plant, = tilaka. - Turuni-gana, as, m. a number of young women. - Turuni-jana, as, m. a young woman.

Tarunaka, as, m., N. of a serpent-demon; (am), n. a sprout.

Tarunāya, nom. P.-yati, &c., to bring forth; A.tarunāyate, &c., to become or remain young or fresh. Taruniman, a, m. youth, juvenility.

ति tarūta, as, m. the root of the lotus.

तह्य क tarunaka, am, n. (probably a wrong reading for tarunaka), Ved. a sprout.

तक tark, cl. 10. P. (ep. also A.) tarkayati, pose, conjecture, guess, suspect, make a guess, infer, express an opinion, try to discover or ascertain, reason, speculate about; to consider or regard as (with two acc.); to reflect, think of, recollect, have in one's mind, intend; to ascertain; to shine, to speak; [cf. Lat. torqueo, torques, torcular, torvus; Goth. threihan; Angl. Sax. thringan; Old Germ. drayan; Mod. Germ. drehen; Goth. thagkyan; Lith. tikiu?].

Tarka, as, m. supposition, conjecture; reasoning, speculation, inquiry, meditation, discussion; doubt; the science of logic, logic; a system of doctrine founded on speculation or free thinking, a philosophical system (especially one of the six, viz. Pūrvamīmānsā, Uttara-mīmānsā, Nyāya, Vaišeshika, Sānkhya, and Yoga); a name of the number six; (in logic) confutation, reduction to absurdity, a conclusion opposed to or disproving the premises; wish, desire; supplying an ellipsis; cause, motive; (a), f. speculation, reasoning. - Tarka-kārikā, f., N. of a work setting forth the principles of the Vaiseshika phil. by Jīva-rāja Dīkshita. - Tarka-kaumudī, f., N. of an elementary work on the Vaiseshika system. - Tarka-grantha, as, m. a treatise on reasoning, manual of logic. - Tarka-ćundrikā, f., N. of an elementary exposition of the Nyāya philosophy. - Tarkajvālā, f. 'the flame of speculation,' N. of a Buddhist work. - Tarka-dīpikā, f., N. of a commentary on the Tarka-sangraha. - Tarka-prakāša, as, m. = tarka-bhāshā-prukāśa. - Tarka-pradīpa, as, m., N. of a manual of Vaiseshika principles by

Konda-bhatta. - Tarku-bhasha ot tarkanubhasha (°ka-an°) or turka-paribhāshā, f., N. of a manual of the Nyāya phil. — Tarkabhāshā-prahāśa, as, m. or tarkabhāshā-prakāsikā, f. or tarkabhāshābhāva, as, m. or tarkabhāshā-sāra-manjarī, f., N. of certain commentaries on this work. - Tarkamanjari, f., N. of a commentary on the Tarkakārikā by the author of the original work. - Tarkamudrā, f. a particular position of the hand. - Tarkayukta, as, a, am, conjectured, suspected. - Tarkaratna, am, n., N. of a Vaiseshika disquisition by Konda-bhatta. - Tarka-vāg-īśa, us, m., N. of several writers on the Nyāya phil. - Tarka-vidyā, f. the science of reasoning or logic, a logical treatise. - Tarka-śāstra, am, n. the science of reasoning, logic; a philosophical work. - Tarka-sangraha, as, m., N. of a manual of the Vaiseshika branch of the Nyāya phil. by Annam-bhatta. - Tarkasangrahadipilia, f., N. of a commentary on the preceding by the same author. - Tarkābhāsa (°ka-ābh'), as, m. apparent reasoning, fallacy in drawing conclusions, incompatibility of conclusion and premises. - Tarkāmrita (°ka-am°), am, n., N. of an elementary work on the Vaiseshika doctrine by Jagad-Isa Tarkālankāra Bhattāćārya. - Tarkāmrita-ćashaka, N. of a commentary on the preceding work by Gan-gārāma Jadī. - Tarkāmrita-taranginī, f., N. of a commentary on the Tarkamrita by Mukunda Bhatta Gādegila.

Tarkaka, as, ā, am, inquiring, inquisitive, investigating; (as), m. a suppliant, a petitioner, an asker,

an inquirer; a logician.

Tarkana, am, n. conjecturing, reasoning, specu-

Tarkaniya, as, ā, am, to be suspected, to be an object of the suspicion of others (with gen.); causing suspicion.

Tarkayat, an, anti, at, conjecturing, expecting, anticipating, doubting, &c.

Tarkārī, f. the tree Sesbania Ægyptiaca, a kind of gourd.

Tarkina or tarkila, as, m. the tree Cassia Tora, = cakra-marda.

Tarkita, as, ā, am, investigated, examined, doubted,

discussed, &c.; (am), n. conjecture, supposition.

Tarkin, ī, iņī, i, conjecturing, supposing; reasoning, skilled in speculation or philosophy; (1), m. a logician, disputant, reasoner.

Tarkuka, as, m. a suppliant, beggar; [cf. tarkaka.] Tarkya, as, a, am, to be imagined or supposed, capable of investigation or reasoning.

non tarku, us, us, m.f. (said to be fr. rt. krit, with transposition of the consonants), a spindle, an iron pin upon which the cotton is first drawn out and which serves as the distaff, the cotton being next transferred from it to the wheel; [cf. Gr. й-трактоs.] - Tarku-pinda, as, m. a ball of clay &c. at the lower end of a spindle to assist in giving it a rotatory motion. - Tarku-pīțha, as, i, m. f. or tarku-pāțhi, f. a ball at the lower end of a spindle. - Tarkulāsaka, as, m. a concave shell or saucer which serves to hold the lower end of the spindle when whirled round. - Tarku-śāņa, as, m. a small whetstone for sharpening spindles, &c.

Tarkuta, am, n. drawing out the cotton upon the distaff or upon the wheel; spinning; (i), f. a spindle, a distaff.

तहा tarkshu, us, m.=tarakshu, a hyena. तस्य tarkshya, as, m. nitre, saltpetre.

तर्जे tarj, cl. 1. P. (ep. also A.) tarjati, te, tatarja, tarjitum, to threaten, menace; to blame, censure, reprove; Caus. P. (ep. also A.) tarjayats, -te, -yitum, to threaten; to scold, censure; to frighten, terrify; to deride, mock; [cf. Old Germ. trug, druk, triugu, driuku, 'to cheat:' Angl. Sax. threagan, 'to chide;' thracian, thraec: Old Germ. dravyan: Mod. Germ. drohen.]

Tarjana, am, n. threatening, blaming, censuring;

pointing at in ridicule or contempt; putting to shame, surpassing; wrath, anger; (a), f. threatening, censur-

ing; (i), f. the fore-finger (as used for threatening).

Tarjanīya, as, ā, am, to be threatened, reprehensible.

Turjita, as, ā, am, threatened, blanied, reviled; shamed, disgraced; (am), n, threatening, menace.

तिजेक tarjika, ās, m. pl., N. of a country or people, perhaps to the north-west of India or Bokhara, the country of the Tājiks; (also tāyika or tājika.)

तर्थ tarna or tarnaka, as, m. (perhaps corrupted fr. taruna), a calf.

तिं tarni, is, m. (fr. rt. trī), a float, a raft; the sun.

ततेरीक tartarīka, as, ā, am (fr. Intens. of rt. tri), being in the habit of passing or crossing over, a passenger; (am), n. a boat, a raft, a vessel. Tartavya, as, ā, am. See taritavya, p. 365, col. 2.

nc tard (connected with rt. trid), cl. 1. P. tardati, &c., to kill, injure, hurt; cut

through; [cf. rt. trid.] Tarda, as, m., Ved. a species of bird; [cf. Lat.

turdus.] Tardu, us, m. f.? (fr. rt. trid, but said to be fr.

rt. trī), a wooden ladle. Tardman, a, n., Ved. a hole, an opening, a cleft.

तपेश tarpaṇa, as, ī, am (fr. rt. trip), satisfying, satiating, pleasing, refreshing [cf. ghranatarpana]; (as, am), m. n. a kind of plant; (i), f., N. of a plant, = guru-skandha, sleshmana; (am), n, the becoming satisfied or satiated, the act of satiating, refreshing, pleasing; satisfaction given or received; the state of being pleased; satiety, fulness; pleasure; a religious rite, libation, presenting libations of water to the manes of the deceased or to the Pitris collectively, also to the gods, either generally or individually; gladdening; satiating the eyes, i.e. filling them with oil &c.; food; fuel used on sacrificial occasions or for lighting a sacrificial fire; a kind of sweetmeat (?). - Tarpaṇa-vidhi, is, m. a chapter of the Smrity-artha-sara by Sridhara-svamin on funeral ceremonies &c. - Tarpanecchu (°na-ic°), us, us, u, desirous of satisfaction or of receiving after death the presentation of water called Tarpana; (us), m. an epithet of Bhishma.

Tarpaniya, as, ā, am, to be satisfied or satisfied. Tarpayitavya, as, a, am, to be satisfied or refreshed.

Tarpayitvā, ind. having satisfied. Tarpita, as, ā, am, pleased, gratified, satisfied. Tarpin, ī, inī, i, gratifying, giving pleasure or satisfaction; offering oblations to the manes, one who does so; (int), f. the plant Hibiscus Mutabilis (padma-carini).

तिमित tarphitri, tā, trī, tri (fr. rt. triph), a killer, injurer.

तर्ब tarb, cl. 1. P. tarbati, &c., to go or move.

तेबट tarbața, as, m. a year; the plant Cassia Tora, = cakra-marda.

तमेन tarman, a, n. (perhaps fr. rt. trī), the top or end of the sacrificial post; [cf. su-tarman; cf. also Gr. τέρμα; Lat. terminus.]

तय tarya, as, m. (fr. rt. trī), Ved. (Sāy.) N. of a man.

I. tarsha, as, m. a raft or float; the ocean; the sun; [cf. tarani.]

तपं 2. tarsha, as, m. (fr. rt. trish), thirst; wish, desire; Desire personified as a son of Arka (the sun) and Vāsanā.

Tarshana, am, n. thirsting, thirst; desiring, wish,