plants, a sort of Mimosa, = taskara-snāyu, Leea Hirta, &c. - Taskara-tā, f. or taskara-tva, am, n. thievishness, thieving, theft; catching by means of the ear, hearing.-Taskara-vat, iod. like a thief. - Taskara-snāyu, us, m. the plant Leea Hirta.

तस्तव tastuva, am, n., Ved. an antidote against poison (?).

Tey tasthu, us, us, u (fr. the weakest cases of tasthivas, perf. part. of rt. sthä), stationary, immovable, motionless.

तसात tasmat, ind. (abl. of the pronom. base a. ta), from that, on that account, therefore, (correlative to yasmat and yad.)

ताद्यक tākshaka, as, ī, am (fr. takshakīyā), relating or belonging to Takshakīyā.

Tākshanya, as, m. (fr. takshan), the son of a woodcutter or carpenter.

Tākshašila, as, ī, am, coming or produced from Takshaśilā.

Tākshņa, as, ī, am (fr. takshan), fit for a carpenter; (as), m. the son of a carpenter.

तान्द्र व्हा tāćéhabdya, am, n. (fr. taćéhabda [tad + sabda], having that name or the name of that), the being called or named after that.

· ताच्छालिक tāćchīlika, as, ī, am (fr. taćchila or tācchīlya), a N. given to an affix when it denotes 'having a particular inclination or custom.'

Tāćchīlya, am, n. the being accustomed to that, doing anything regularly, consuetude.

ताजक tājak. See tājat.

ताजक tājaka and tājika, am, n., N. of certain astronomical books translated from the Arabic and Persian (e. g. tājika-jyotir-maņi, tājaka-pad-dhati, tājaka-sāstra, tājaka-sāra-sudhā-nidhi, visvanātha-tājaka, &c.).

ताजत tājat or sometimes tājak, ind., Ved. suddenly, abruptly, (opposed to *ciram.*) - Tājad-bhanga, as, m, Ved. a species of very fragile wood; [cf. kovidāra.]

ताजिक tājika or tājika, N. of a district; also = tājaka, q.v.

TIZE tatanka, as, m. an ornament for the ear, a large sort of ear-ring; [cf. tādanka.]

ताटस्य्य tāțasthya, am. n. (fr. tața-stha, a by-stander), proximity; indifference, disregard, exemption from attachment or aversion, neutrality.

ताड tāda, as, ā, am (fr. rt. tad), beating, striking; (as), m. a blow, thump, knock, beating, whipping, chastisement; sound, noise; a handful of grass, corn, &ce., a sheaf; a mountain; a kind of grass, Andropogon Serratus, = devatāda; [cf. tādi next col.] - Tāda-gha, as, ā, am, beating with a whip or strokes of any kind; (as), m. a blacksmith (?). - Tāda-ghāta, as, m. an artificer who beats or hammers, a smith. - Tāda-vakra, N. of a district.

Tādakā, f., N. of a Yakshini or female fiend. daughter of Su-ketu, wife of Sunda, and mother of Mārīća, (she was changed into a Rākshasī by Agastya, whose devotions she had disturbed, and was afterwards killed by Rāma, see Rāmāyaņa I. 28); the large dark-green pumpkin. - Tādakā-phala, am, n. large cardamoms.

Tādakāyana, as, m., N. of a Ŗishi.

Tādana, as, ā, am, beating, whipping, striking, hitting, hurting; (am), n. the act of striking, beating, thumping, whipping, chastising, a stroke, blow; (in astron.) touching, partial eclipse; (\bar{a}) , f. striking; (ī), f. a whip.

Tādanīya, as, ā, am, to be beaten, punishable. Tādayitri, tā, trī, tri, a striker, beater, thumper, who or what beats or strikes.

Tādayitvā, ind. having beaten or struck.

Tādita, as, ā, am, struck, beaten, chastised. Tādula, us, ā, am, beating, who or what beats

or strikes, punishing with blows.

Tādya, as, ā, am, to be beaten or chastised or punished, punishable.

Tādyamāna, as, ā, am, being beaten or struck; suffering blows, undergoing a beating; (as), m. a musical instrument which is struck (as a drum &c.).

ताडद्व tādanka, as, m. or tādapattra, am, n. a kind of ear-ring or ornament of the ear; [cf. tātanka.]

ताडाग tādāga, as, ī, am (fr. tadāga), being in tanks, coming from ponds (as water &c.).

तारि tādi, is or ī, f. (for tālī), a kind of palm, Corypha Taliera; (i), f. a kind of ornament.

ताराड tanda, as, m. (fr. tanda or tanda), N. of an old sage; (am), n., N. of a Brähmana. Tāņdaka, am, n., N. of a Brähmaņa.

ताराडव tandava, as, am, m. n. dancing, especially with violent gesticulation, and particularly applied to the frantic dance of the god Siva and his votaries; (in prosody) a tribrach or foot of three short syllables; a sort of grass, Saccharum Procerum. - Tandava-tālika, as, m. an epithet of Nandin the door-keeper of Siva. - Tandava-priya, as, m. an epithet of Siva ('fond' of the Tandava dance'). - Tāņdava-brāhmaņa, perhaps a wrong reading for tändaka-brähmana.

Tandavita, as, ā, am, moving round in a wild dance; dancing; fluttering; frowning.

Tandi, i, n., N. of a manual of the art of dancing; the science of dancing.

Tāndin, ī, m., N. of a writer on prosody; (inas), m. pl., N. of a Vedic school founded by a pupil of Vaišampāyana. - Tāndi-brāhmaņa, am, n., N. of

a Brāhmaņa belonging to this school. Tāndya, as, m., N. of a preceptor; (am), n., N. of a Brahmana belonging to the Sama-veda, to which there is a commentary by Säyana.

Tandyayanī, f. a patronymic from Tandya.

तात tat, ind. (an obsolete abl. fr. the pronom. base 2. ta), Ved. thus, in this way.

TTA tāta, as, ā, am (said to be fr. rt. 3. tan), venerable, reverend, respectable, dear; (as), m. a father; a term of affection or endearment addressed to any person, but especially to a junior or inferior, as to a child or pupil (e.g. he tāta, O child 1); any person for whom one feels pity; [cf. Lat. tata: Gr. rérra: Boh. tata, 'father:' Lith. téta, tétis, 'daddy;' teta, 'aunt:' Old Germ. toto: Low Germ. teite, 'daddy, dad.'] - Tāta-gu, us, us, u, agreeable to a father, paternal, fatherly, relating or belonging to a father; (us), m. a paternal uncle. - Tāta-janayitrī, tryau, f. dn. father and mother, parents. – $T\bar{a}ta$ -tulya, as, \bar{a} , am, like a father, paternal; (as), m. a paternal uncle or the most respectable of a man's male relations.

Tātala, as, m. a fatherly relative, one who may be considered as a father; an iron club or spike; sickness, disease ; cooking or maturing ; heat, physical or morbid; (as, a, am), hot.

Tati, is, m. offspring, a son. Tatya, as, a, am, Ved. paternal, fatherly.

तातन tātana, as, m. a wagtail.

तात्रि tātripi, is, is, i (fr. Intens. of rt. trip), Ved. satisfying, delighting much.

तात्माण tātrishāņa, as, ā, am (perf. part. fr. rt. I. trish), Ved, thirsting, very thirsty.

तात्कम्य tātkarmya, am, n. (fr. tat-karman), sameness of occupation.

तालालिक tātkālika, as, ā or ī, am (fr. tat-kāla), 'lasting that time,' lasting equally long, happening at that time, simultaneous, contemporary,

instantly appearing ; happening immediately or without delay; relating to any particular moment of time. Tatkalya, am, n. simultaneousness.

तात्रलि tāttali, is, m., N. of a man.

ताचिक tāttvika, as, ī, am (fr. tattva), accordant with reality, real, true, essential.

तात्पर्य tātparya, am, n. (fr. tat-para), ain, reference to any object (with loc.), object, purpose, intent, design; meaning, scope, purport; explanation; tatparyatas or tatparyena, ind. with this intention, with this aim or object. - Tatparyaparisuddhi, is, f., N. of a work by Udayana. - Tātparya-bodhinī, f., N. of a commentary on

a philosophical work called Citra-dipa. - Tatparyārtha ('ya-ar'), as, m. the meaning or purpose of a sentence.

Tātparyaka, as, ikā, am, aiming at, intending, meaning.

तात्य tātya. See under tāta, col. 2.

तात्स्तोम्य tatstomya, am, n. (fr. tat-stoma), sameness of praise.

तात्स्य्य tatsthya, am, n. (fr. tat-stha), the residing in that, the being contained in.

ताथाभाव्य tathabhavya, as, a, am (fr. tathabhāva), a N. for the Svarita accent at the end of the first member of a compound when an Udatta syllable immediately follows, (the low-sounding vowel in such a position cannot strictly be called either Svarita or Anudātta-tara, and a new name is therefore given to it; this may often happen in the case of two separate words, but the vowel is then called Anudätta-tara.)

तादचिक tādarthika, as, ī, am (fr. tad-artha or tadarthya), destined or intended for that.

Tādarthya, am, n. the being destined or intended for that, the having that or the same object, identity of aim, object; relation to; sameness or precision of meaning.

तादात्म tādātmya, am, n. (fr. tad-ātman), sameness of nature or character, identity, unity.

तादीला taditna, ind. (fr. tadi tadi, a correlative of yadi, and affix tna?), Ved. at that time.

ताद्रो tādurī, f., Ved. epithet of a frog (explained by Durga as either tarana-sīlā, able to swim, or tavad udaram, consisting only of a belly; perhaps a wrong reading for tādurī, as if fr. rt. tad; cf. also dardura, 'a frog').

ताद्ध tā-driksha, as, ī, am (fr. the pronom. base 2. ta and driksha fr. rt. dris), such like, such a one, like that, like him, &c.

 $T\bar{a}$ -dris, k, k, k (Ved. nom. m. f. $t\bar{a}drin$), like that, such like, like him or it, &c.; (k), ind. in such a manner. - Tādrig-guņa, as, ā, am, of such qualities. - Tādrig-rūpa, as, ā, am, of such a shape or form. - Tādrig-vidha, as, ā, am, of such a kind, of such qualities, being in this situation.

Tā-driša, as, ī, ani, snch like, such a one; yādrišas tūdrišas, anybody whosoever; [cf. Piāk. tārisa; Gr. τηλίκοι; Dor. ταλίκοι; Slav. tolik; Lat. talis.]

ताइम्प tāddharmya, am, n. (fr. tad-dharman), sameness of law, analogy.

तादित tāddhita, as, ī, am (fr. tad-dhita), formed with a Taddhita affix.

ताट्रप tādrūpya, am, n. (fr. tad-rūpa), oneness or sameness of form, figure, &cc.

तान tāna, as, m. (fr. rt. 3. tan), a thread, a fibre; a tone, a protracted tone, the key-note (in music); a monotonous tone (in reciting, also called Eka-śruti); (am), n. expanse, extension; an object of sense ; [cf. Gr. tovos.] - Tana-karman, a, n.