[cf. manus-tāla]; (as, ī, am), made of the palmyratree or of the palm-wood; [cf. uééa-tāla, ut-to, eka-to, kara-to, kāma-to, krosa-to, &c.] - Tāla-ketu, us, m. 'having the palm-tree as a banner,' an epithet of Bhīshma; N. of an adversary of Krishna, slain by the latter; N. of a Dānava who was a younger brother of Pātāla-ketu. - Tāla-kshīra, am, n. an extract, = tavakshīra. - Tāla-kshīraka, am, n. the exudation of the palm. - Tala-garbha, as or am, m. or n. (?), the fermented exudation of the palm-tree. - Tāla-bara, as, m. pl., N. of a race. - Tālajangha, as, ā, am, having legs as long as a palmtree; (as), m. pl., N. of a warrior-tribe; (as), m. the prince of this tribe; N. of the ancestor of the Tāla-janghas who was a descendant of Saryāti; N. of a son of Jaya-dhvaja; of a Rakshas; of a Daitya. – Tāla-jaṭā, f. the fibres of the palm-tree under the outer bark. - Tāla-dhvaja, as, m. 'having the palm-tree as a banner,' a N. of Bala-rāma [ef. tāla-bhrit, tāla-lakshman, tālānka]; N. of a mountain; (a), f., N. of a town; (i), f., N. of a river. - Tāla-navamī, f. the ninth day of the light half of the month Bhadra, sacred to Durga. - Talapattra, am, n. the palm-leaf, an oblong piece of the leaf used to write on with an iron stile; Trigonella Fœnum Græcum; a hollow cylinder of gold (or a palm-leaf used as a substitute) with or without a ring attached and thrust through the lobe of the ear as an omament; (i), f., N. of several plants, = randa, Salvinia Cucullata; Anethum Graveolens; Curculigo Orchioides. - Tāla-parņa, am, ī, n. f. a kind of vegetable perfume, see murā; (ī), f. a sort of anise, Anethum Graveolens (madhurikā). - Tāla-pushpaka, am, n. a medicinal application to the eyes (= pra-paundarika). - Tāla-pralamba, am, n. the fibres growing on the cocoa-nut and other palms under the outer rind, and from which a sort of cordage called coir is prepared, = tāla-jaṭā. = Tāla-baddha or tāla-suddha, as, ā, am, measured, rhythmical, regulated by measure or musical time.

— Tāla-bhaṭa, as, m., N. of a warrior. — Tāla-bhṛit, t, m. 'bearer of the palm-tree,' a N. of Bala-rāma; [cf. tāla-dhvaja.] - Tāla-maya, as, i, am, made of the palm. - Tala-mardaka, as, m. a kind of musical instrument. - Tāla-mardata, as, m. a cymbal. - Tāla-mātra, as, ā, am, of the measure of a palm-tree, as big as a palm; (am), ind. only a moment, i. e. one beat.  $-T\bar{a}la$ - $m\bar{u}lik\bar{a}$  or tāla-mūlī, f. Curculigo Orchioides. - Tāla-yantra, am, n. a particular surgical instrument, a small pair of pincers; a lock, a lock and key. - Tāla-rećanaka, as, m. a dancer, actor; (a various reading has tālavećanaka.) - Tāla-lakshman, ā, m. a N. of Balarăma; [cf. tāla-dhvaja.] - Tāla-vana, am, n. a grove of palmyra-trees; (as), m. pl., N. of a race. - Tāla-vrinta, am, n. a palm-leaf used as a fan, a fan in general; (as), m. a kind of Soma plant. - Tāla-vrintaka, am, n. a fan. - Tālavrintanivāsin, ī, m., N. of a scholiast. - Tāla-većanaka, see tāla-rećanaka. - Tāla-sabda, as, m. the noise caused by the falling of the fruit of the palm; clapping the hands; [cf. tala-tāla.] - Tālākhyā (°laākho), f. = tāla-parnī, a sort of vegetable perfume (murā). = Tālānka (ola-ano), as, m. a N. of Bala-rāma [cf. tāla-dhvaja]; a N. of Siva [cf. tālin]; a man marked with every fortunate spot or sign &c.; the leaf of a palm used for writing, the leaf of a book; a book; a saw; a sort of vegetable.

- Tālādhyāya (°la-adh°), as, m., N. of the sixth book of the Sangita-darpana, treating of musical instruments. - Tālāvaćara (°la-av°), as, m. a dancer, an actor; (also read talavacarana and, less correctly, tālārdha-carana.) - Tālī-pattra, am, n. = tālīsapattra. - Tālīsa (°lī-īsa), am, n. or tālīsa-pattra, am, n. the tree Flacourtia Cataphracta, the leaves of which are used in medicine.

the palmyra-palm; orpiment; the throne of Durga

Tālaka, as, m. a kind of poisonons insect: N. of a teacher; of a prince; (ikā), f. the open palm of the hand [cf. tālika]; N. of two plants, = tālamented exudation of the palm; (am),  $n = t\bar{a}la$ , hari-tāla, yellow orpiment; a fragrant earth; a bolt, a latch, a kind of lock for fastening a door; a kind of ornament. - Tālakābha (°ka-ābh°), as, ā, am, ('like orpiment'), green; (as), m. green, the colour.

Tāli, is, f. Corypha Taliera; Flacourtia Cataphracta; [cf. tadi, and tali under tala, p. 371.]

Tālika, as, m. the open palm of the hand; clapping the hands; a tie, seal, string or cover for binding a letter, or parcel of papers, or the leaves of a manuscript; N. of a preceptor; [cf. tālikā under tālaka.]

Tālita, am, n. dyed or coloured cloth; a string, a tie; any musical instrument. - Tālita-nagara,

am, n., N. of a town.

Tālin, ī, inī, i, 'furnished with cymbals,' an epithet of Siva; (inas), m. pl. the pupils of Tala.

Tālī, compounded as a gati (q. v.) with the roots as, bhū, and kri; see also tālī under tāla, p. 371. Tāliyaka, as or am, m. or n. (?), a cynibal.

तालकर tālakata or tālikata or tālākata, as, m., N. of a country.

तालय tālavya. See under tālu below.

तालित tālita. See above.

तालिश tāliśa, as, m. a mountain.

तालाश tālīśa, am, n., N. of a tree or its leaf. - Tālīśa-pattra, am, n. the leaf of this tree; Flacourtia Cataphracta.

तालु tālu, u, n. (rarely used as masc.; said to be fr. rt. trī), the palate. - Tālu-kantaka, as, or am, m. or n. (?), a disease of the palate with children. - Tālu-jihva, as, m. 2 crocodile; the uvula. - Tālu-pāka, as, m. suppuration or abscess in the palate. - Tālu-pāta or tālu-pīdaka, as, m. particular disease of the palate with children. Tālu-puppuṭa, as, m. an indolent swelling of the palate. - Tālu-mūla, am, n. the root or back part of the palate. - Tālu-visoshana, am, n. the drying of the palate (through much talking &c.). - Tālu-sosha, as, m. morbid dryness of the palate. - Tālu-sthāna, as, ā, am, palatal.

Tālavya, as, ā, am, relating to the palate, palatal; (the palatal letters are formed by the contact of the tongue and the palate; they are i, e, ai, c, ch, j, jh, n, y, and s.) - Tālavya-varņa, as, m. a palatal letter.

Tāluka, am, n. the palate; a disease of the palate; tālakā, e, f. du. the two arteries of the palate.

Tālukin. See kāka-tālukin. Tālūshaka = tālu, the palate.

ताल्य tālukshya, as, m. a patronymic from Taluksha; (the fem. is tālukshyāyanī.)

तालन tāluna, adj. formed fr. taluna.

ताल्य tālūra, as, m. a whirlpool, an eddy; (also written tālura; cf. tānūra.)

तात्प tālpa, as, ī, am (fr. talpa), = talpya, offspring of the marriage-bed.

तावक tāvaka (fr. tava), as, ī, am, thy, thine. Tāvakīna, as, ā or ī (?), am, thine.

तावत् tāvat, ān, atī, at (fr. the pronom. base 2. ta; correlative of yavat), so great, so large, so much, so far, so long, so many, such (e. g. tavantas tandulāh, so many rice-grains; yāvatā kshanena tāvatā, after what time, in that time; yāvanti tasya dvīpasya vastūni tāvanty upanetaryani, whatever are the commodities of that island, so many are to be brought); tāvatā, ind. in the mean time, during that time; to that extent; tāvat, ind. so much, so greatly, to such an extent, in such a number, so far, so long, in that time (correlatively to yāvat, e. g. yāvat—tāvat, as long as-so long; when-then; yarat trayas te jīveyus tāvan nānyam samāćaret, as long as those three muli and tamra-valli; (i), f. toddy or the fer- live, so long he must perform no other duty), mean-

while, in the mean time, (often connected with yavat and a negative, e. g. tāvać chobate mūrkho yāvat kincin na bhāshate, so long a fool shines as long as he says nothing; or with omission of the negative, e.g. soshayishyamy atmanam tavad yavan me praptam brahmanyam, so long I will emaciate myself as long as, i. e. until I have obtained the state of a Brahman); at once, now, just, (often connected rather redundantly with an imperative or with a potential or the verb arh, e. g. gaééha tāvat or gacches tārat, go now; tat tārad vākyani kshantum arhasi, deign now to pardon that speech); indeed, really, truly, well, (as an emphatic particle, or to express assent, e. g. dridhas tāvad bandhah, the knot is tight I must admit; gatā tāvat, she is indeed gone; sometimes connected in this sense with the particle eva, e. g. vikrayas tāvad eva saḥ, it is really a sale.) Na tāvat, not at all; not yet (e.g. na tāvad drisyate sūryah, the sun is not yet visible); itas tāvat, away then ! just come hither; mā tāvat, by no means, God forbid! yāvat-dvistavat, as long-twice so long. According to the lexicographers tāvat may imply measure, limitation, totality, restriction, surprise, emphasis, &c.; [cf. Lat. tantus fr. tavantus; Gr. τόσος, τημος.] - Tāvaćchata (°vat-śa°), as, ī, am, a measure containing so many hundreds. – Tāvać-chas (tāvat-śas), ind., Ved. in so many ways, so manifoldly. - Tāvat-kālam, ind. for so long a period, for such a time. - Tāvatkritvas, ind. so many times. - Tāvat-phala, as, ā, am, having such results. - Tavad-guna, as, a, am, having so many qualities. - Tāvad-dvayasa, as, ī, am, measuring so much, so long, &c. - Tāvad-dhā, ind, in that number, in such a number; so many times, so often. – Tāvad-varsha, as, ā, am, so many years old. – Tāvad-vyakta, (in alg.) a known number annexed to an unknown quantity. - Tavanmātra, as, ī, am, just so much, just so many. - Tāvan-māna, as, ā, am, measuring so much.

Tāvatika, as, ā, am, bought for so much, worth so much, of so great value; [cf. tāvatka.]

Tāvatitha, as, ī, am, the so manieth, such a one (of a number).

Tāvatka, as, ā, am, bought for so much, worth so much, of so much value, &c.; [cf. tāvatika.]

तावर tāvara, am, n. a bow-string.

ताविष tāvisha, as, ī, m. f. the ocean; heaven or paradise; gold; [cf. tavisha.]

Tāvīsha, as, m. the ocean; heaven or paradise; gold; (i), f. a river; the earth; N. of a daughter of Indra; N. of a daughter of the moon (?); [ef.

तावुरि tāvuri, is, m. (borrowed fr. the Gr. Taupos), the sign of the Zodiac Taurus.

तासीर tāsīra = tasīra, q. v.

तास्क्रपे tāskarya, am, n. (fr. taskara), theft, robbery, larceny.

तास्पन्द tāsyandra or tāsvindra, am, n., N. of a Saman.

ति ti=iti in the S'atapatha-Brāhmaṇa.

तिक tik, cl. 1. A. tekate, &c., to go or move [cf. rt. tīk]; cl. 5. P. tiknoti, &c., to go or move; to assail, assault; to wound; to seek to injure or kill; to challenge; [cf. rt. tig and stigh.]

तिक tika, as, m., N. of a man. - Tikakitava, as, m. pl. the descendants of Tika and

Tikīya, as, ā, am, an adj. derived from Tika.

first tikta. See rt. tij, p. 373, col. 1.

तिंग tig, cl. 5. P. tignoti, &c., to go or move; to assail, assault; to seek to injure or kill; [cf. rt. tile.]

तिगल tigala (?), as, m., N. of a man.

तिरम tigma. See next page, col. 2.