

darkness of fear. — *Dara-manthara*, *as, ā, am*, a little slow. — *Dara-mululita*, *as, ā, am*, a little budded. — *Dara-vidalita*, *as, ā, am*, slightly burst or opened. — *Dara-vriḍā*, *f*, slight shame. — *Dara-slatha*, *as, ā, am*, a little loose. — *Dari-bhū*, *ūs, f*, a cavern, a hollow. — *Dari-bhrīt*, *t, m*, 'having caves,' a mountain. — *Dari-mukha*, *am, n*, a month like a cave; a cave like a mouth; the opening of a cave; (*as, ī, am*), having a mouth as large as a cave; (*as*), *m, N.* of a monkey. — *Dari-vaṭ*, *ān, atī, al*, containing caves, cavernous, abounding in caves. — *Darendra* (*°ra-in°*), *as, m*, Vishṇu's conch.

Darāṇa, *am, n*, the act of cleaving, rending, splitting, tearing, breaking; breaking off, falling away.

Darāṇi, *is, is, m, f*, breaking; an eddy; a current; breakers, surf.

Daratha, *as, m*, a cavity, cave; running away, taking flight; spreading over the country forrage.

Darād, *t, m, N.* of a people; (*t*), *f*, the fear; a bank, mound; a mountain; a precipice; terror, fear.

Darāda, *ās, m, pl.* a country bordering on Kāśmīr, the mountains about Kāśmīr and above Peshāwar; the inhabitants of this country; (*as*), *m*, the king or chief of the Daradas; (*as*), *m*, fear, terror; (*am*), *n*, red lead.

Darī, *is, is, t*, splitting, rending, opening [cf. *go-d°*]; (*is*), *m, N.* of a Nāga; (*is*), *f*, a cave. (For *darī* see under *dara*.)

Darīta, *as, ā, am*, frightened, terrified, timid; toro, rent, divided.

Darṭṭi, *tā, trī, tri, or dartm, us, us, u*, Ved. a breaker, render, splitting, breaking, one who splits, breaks, or opens.

Dardara, *as, ā, am*, cracked, broken, burst, flawed, slightly broken; (*as*), *m*, a mountain ('containing caves'); *N.* of a mountain (also *dardura*); a kind of drum. — *Dardarāma* (*°ra-am°*), *as, m*, a sort of sauce or condiment (= *mināmriṇa*).

Dardarika, *as, m*, a frog; a cloud; a kind of musical instrument; (*am*), *n*, any musical instrument; [cf. *darvarika*.]

Dardura, *as, m* (perhaps an onomatopoeic word), a frog [cf. *dārdura* and *dārdurika*]; a sort of musical instrument, a pipe or flute; the sound of a drum; a cloud; a sort of rice; a mountain; *N.* of a mountain in the south (sometimes associated with the mountain Malaya); *N.* of a man; of a gamester; (*ā* or *ī*), *f*, a *N.* of Durgā; (*am*), *n*, an assemblage of villages, a district, a province. — *Dardura-śhadā*, *f*, or *dardura-parṇī*, *f*, *N.* of a plant, = *brāhmī*. — *Dardura-puta*, *as, m*, the mouth or extremity of a pipe.

Darduraka, *as, m, N.* of a gamester; [cf. *dardura* and *durodara*.]

Dardū, *ūs, or dardru, us, or dardrū, ūs, m*, (according to some fr. *daridrā*), = *dadrū*, cutaneous and herpetic eruptions, especially a kind of leprosy. — *Dardru-ghna*, *as, m*, = *dadrū-ghna*, the shrub Cassia Tora; Psoralea Corylifolia. — *Dardru-nāśini*, *f*, a kind of insect, = *tailīni*. — *Dardru-rogin* or *dardrū-rogin*, *ī, iṇī, i*, afflicted with cutaneous eruptions, herpetic.

Dardruva or *dardrūva*, *as, ā, am*, having cutaneous eruptions, herpetic.

दरिद्रा *daridrā* (reduplicated form of

rt. i. drā; according to some, an old Intens. form; perhaps connected with *rt. dṛi*), *cl. 2*. *P. daridrātī* (*daridrivas*, *daridrītas*, 3rd pl. *daridrātī*), *daridrānī-śakāra* or *dadaridrāu*, *daridrīshyati*, *adaridrīt* and *adaridrāsīt*, *daridrītum*, to be poor or needy, to be in distress.

Daridra, *as, ā, am*, poor, needy, indigent, distressed, a poor person, beggar; (Ved.) unsteady, roving, strolling. — *Daridra-tā*, *f*, or *daridra-tva*, *am, n*, poverty, indigence, penury. — *Daridra-nīndā*, *f, N.* of the twenty-fifth chapter of the Śārngadhara-paddhati.

Daridrāṇa, *am, n*, the state of being poor, poverty.

Daridrāyaka, *as, ā* or *ikā, am*, poor, needy.

Daridrita, *as, ā, am*, impoverished, distressed.

Daridrīrt, *tā, trī, tri*, poor, distressed, needy.

दरोदर *darodara*, *as, m*, = *durodara*, a gamester [cf. *dardura* and *darduraka*]; a stake at play; (*am*), *n*, gambling, playing at dice; a die, dice.

ददर *dardara*, *dardarika*, *dardura*. See last col.

दप *darpa*, *as, m*, (fr. *rt. 3. drip* or *2. drip*; according to some, also *am, n.*), pride, arrogance, haughtiness, insolence, rashness, temerity; vanity, conceit; sullenness, sulkiness; Pride &c. personified as a son of Śrī, or of A-dharma and Śrī, or of Dhama and Lakshmi, or of Unonati; heat; musk; [cf. *ati-d°* and *sa-d°*]. — *Darpa-éhid*, *t, t, t*, destroying pride, humbling. — *Darpa-da*, *as, m, N.* of Śiva. — *Darpa-dhmāta*, *as, ā, am*, puffed up or swelling with pride. — *Darpa-nārāyaṇa*, *as, m, N.* of a king. — *Darpa-patṭraka*, *as, m*, a kind of grass; [cf. *darbha-patṭra*]. — *Darpa-pūrṇa*, *as, ā, am*, full of pride. — *Darpa-sāra*, *as, m, N.* of a man. — *Darpa-ha* or *darpa-hara*, *as, ā, am*, pride-destroying, humbling, humiliating. — *Darpa-han*, *ā, m, N.* of Śiva. — *Darpārambha* (*°pa-ār°*), *as, m*, beginning of pride, incipient pride, conceit. — *Darpopāsānti* (*°pa-up°*), *is, f*, allaying pride, conciliating or subduing arrogance.

Darpaka, *as, ā, am*, making proud, inflaming, exciting, an inflamer; (*as*), *m, a N.* of Kāma-deva, god of love.

Darpana, *as, m*, 'causing vanity or pride,' a looking-glass, mirror, (sometimes occurring at the end of comp. or titles of books, e. g. *harṇa-d°, jñāna-d°, śāhitya-d°, q. v.*); a *N.* of Śiva [cf. *darpa-da*]; *N.* of a mountain inhabited by Kuvēra and of a river rising there; (*am*), *n*, the eye; kindling, inflaming.

Darpita, *as, ā, am*, made proud, arrogant; inflated. — *Darpita-pura*, *am, n, N.* of a town.

Darpin, *ī, iṇī, i*, proud, arrogant, insolent.

दर्भ *darbha*, *as, m*, (fr. *rt. 1. dṛibh*; said to be fr. *rt. dṛi*), a bundle of grass, tuft or bunch of grass; *N.* of various kinds of grass used at sacrificial ceremonies, especially of the Kuśa grass, *Poa Cynosuroides*; *Saccharum Spontaneum*; *Saccharum Cylindricum*; (the first kind or Kuśa grass was held very sacred; it was used to strew the ground in preparing for a sacrifice, the officiating Brāhmins being purified by sitting on it; under the name *Darbha* it was even addressed as a deity; its various sanctifying qualities are described in Manu II. 43, III. 208, IV. 36, &c.; cf. *kuśa, kāśa, muñja, vatva-ja, śara*); *N.* of a man; [cf. Old Germ. *zurba, zurft*; Mod. Germ. *torf*; Eng. *turf*]. — *Darbha-kusuma*, *as, m*, a kind of insect (= *darbha-pushpa*). — *Darbha-ēra*, *am, n*, a dress of Kuśa grass. — *Darbha-tarunaka*, *am, n*, Ved. a young shoot of Kuśa grass. — *Darbha-patṭra*, *as, m*, a kind of grass, *Saccharum Spontaneum* (= *kāśa*). — *Darbha-puñjīla* = *darbha-puñjūla*, *am, n*, Ved. a bunch or bundle of Kuśa grass. — *Darbha-pushpa*, *as, m*, a kind of serpent; a kind of insect, 'similar to the *Darbha* flower'; [cf. *darbha-kusuma*]. — *Darbha-maya*, *as, ī, am*, made of Kuśa or *Darbha* grass. — *Darbha-mushṭi*, *is, m, f*, a handful of Kuśa grass. — *Darbha-samstara*, *as, m*, a bed of *Darbha* grass. — *Darbha-etamba*, *as, m*, a cluster or bunch of Kuśa grass. — *Darbhāhvaya* (*°bha-āh°*), *as, m*, a kind of grass; [cf. *muñja*.]

Darbharā, *as, m*, (?), a kind of bird, = *lāvā*, *Perdix Chionensis*.

Darbhī, *is, m*, or *darbhīn*, *ī, m, N.* of a man.

दर्भट *darbhaṭa*, *am, n*, a private apartment or house, a retired room; [cf. *dārvaṭa*.]

Darvaṭa, *as, m*, a door-keeper, warder, village constable, police officer; [cf. *garvāṭa*.]

दर्म *darma*, *as*, or *darman*, *ā, m*, (fr. *rt. dṛi*), Ved. a destroyer, demolisher; a tearer.

दर्यक *daryaka*, *as, m, N.* of a man.

दर्य *darva*, *as, m*, (said to be fr. *rt. dṛi*), a ladle, spoon (at the end of comp., e. g. *pūrṇa-d°, q. v.*); the hood of a snake [cf. *darvi* below]; a Rākshasa, an imp, goblin; a mischievous man, a rapacious animal, &c.; (*ās*), *m, pl., N.* of a people [cf. *dārva*]; (*ā*), *f, N.* of a wife of Uśnara; (sometimes written *darbā*; cf. *dārvan*.)

Darvi or *darbi*, *is, f*, (in later Sanskrit also *darvi* or *darbi*, *f*); acc. in Ved. *daryam* or *darvim*), a ladle, spoon; the expanded hood of a snake; (*ī*), *f, N.* of a country. — *Darvi-homa* or *darvi-homa*, *as, m*, an oblation made with a ladle; [cf. *dārvī-haumika*]. — *Darvihomān*, relating to the preceding oblation. — *Darvī-kara*, *as, m*, (scil. *sarpa*), a class of snakes with expanded hoods, of which twenty-six species are enumerated. — *Darvī-sankramaṇa*, *am, n, N.* of a Tirtha.

Darvika or *darbika*, *as, ā, m, f*, a ladle, a spoon; (*ā*), *f*, a pot-herb; a kind of collyrium; [cf. *dārvīkā*.]

दर्यवट *darvaṭa*. See above.

दर्यवीक *darvarika*, *as, m*, a kind of musical instrument; air, wind; an epithet of Indra; [cf. *dardarika*.]

दर्यि *darvi* or *darvi*. See above.

दर्यिदा *darvidā*, *f*, Ved. a species of bird, (according to Mahī-dhara) = *kāśhīka-kuffā*, a sort of woodpecker; (perhaps corrupted fr. *dāru-vidhā*; cf. *dārvāghāṭa*.)

दर्श *darśa*, *as, ā, am* (fr. *rt. 1. dṛiś*), looking at, viewing, seeing, perceiving, showing, having a view, (generally at the end of comp., see *arasāna-d°, ādinava-d°, ātma-d°, tattva-d°*); (*as*), *m*, sight, view, seeing, appearance, (generally at the end of comp., see *priya-d°, dur-d°*); the moon when only just becoming visible, the new moon; day of new moon; the festival of new moon; half monthly sacrifice (performed at the change of the moon by persons maintaining a perpetual fire); New Moon or Day of New Moon, personified as a son of Dhātī and Siolvalt. — *Darśa-pa*, *as, ā, am*, drinking the new moon oblation. — *Darśa-pūrṇa-māsau*, *m, du*, new and full moon, the days and the ceremonies which precede all other ceremonies. — *Darśa-yāga*, *as, m*, a sacrifice or ceremony on the day of new moon. — *Darśa-yāminī*, *f*, the night of new moon on which it rises hardly visible. — *Darśa-vipad*, *t, m*, the moon ('as having the misfortune to be hardly visible when new').

Darśaka, *as, ā* or *ikā, am*, seeing, looking at, a spectator; examining, searching; who or what shows or displays or explains or makes clear; (*as*), *m*, a door-keeper, a warder; a shower, exhibiter, discoverer, one who points out; a skilful man, one conversant with any science or art; (*ās*), *m, pl., N.* of a people.

Darśata, *as, ā, am*, Ved. visible, striking the eye, beautiful; conspicuous; (*as*), *m*, the sun; the moon. — *Darśata-śrī*, *is, is, i*, Ved. of conspicuous beauty.

Darśana, *as, ā, am*, seeing, looking, (at the end of comp., e. g. *tulya-d°, deva-d°, dharma-d°*); showing, exhibiting, demonstrating, teaching; (*ī*), *f*, epithet of Durgā, 'as showing the way or leading'; (*am*), *n*, seeing, observing, looking; sight, vision, observation; inspection, examination; perception; the being or becoming visible; the act of showing [cf. *danta-d°*]; exhibition; appearance, aspect, semblance, colour; visiting, visiting a sacred shrine, worshipping in the presence of an image; going into the presence of (e. g. *darśanam kri*, to visit, to go into any