

*Dhṛishya*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, assailable, to be attacked; conquerable.

धृष्ट् *dhrishad*, *Ved.* = *driśad*, *q. v.*

धृष्टि *dhrī*, *cl. 9. P. dhrināti*, &c., to be old, grow old; (various reading for *rt. 1. jri*.)

धृष्टि *dhe*, *cl. 1. P. dhayati*, *dadhau*, *dhās-yati*, *adhāt*, *adhāsīt*, *adahat*, *Prec. dheyāt*, *dhātum*, to suck, drink, to suck in, drink in, absorb; appropriate; to suck out, draw away, take away: Caus. *dhāpāyati*, *-yitum*, to give suck; suckle, nourish: Desid. *dhitsati*, to wish to suck; [cf. *dadi*, *dhātū*, *2. dhāyās*, *dhārū*, *2. dhāst*; Zend *daēnū*, 'female': Gr. θῆσθαι, θηλή, θηλός, θηλα-μώρ, τηθην, τιθην, τιθην, τιθην-ο-θηλ-ε-ς, γαλα-θηλ-ε-ς, Τηθε-ς, Θε-τη-ς: Lat. *fi-liu-s*, *filia*, *fē-lā-re*, *fē-mina*: Umb. *fe-liu* = *filius*: Goth. *dadd-ya* = Old Germ. *tā-u*, 'I suck'; *tila*, 'female breast'; *tuta*, *tutta* = Eng. teat: Slav. *do-ya*, 'to suck'; *doščica*, 'nurse'; *de-te*, 'child'; *de-va*, 'virgin': Hib. *daif*, 'drink']

*Dhena*, *as*, *m*, the ocean, a male river; (*ā*, *f*, *Ved.* a milch cow; a mare (?); a river; speech; voice; *N.* of the wife of Brihas-pati; (*ās*, *f. pl.* any beverage made of milk; [cf. *dhenu*, *go*.] (in Rig-veda I. 2, 3, *dhenā* may possibly be an epithet of the horses of Vāyu.)

*Dhenu*, *us*, *f*, a milch cow, a cow that has lately calved, (sometimes compounded with the names of other animals to denote the female of a species, see *khadga-dh*, *go-dh*, *avadava-dh*); the earth [cf. *go*]; a gift, offering, present to Brāhmans, (properly a milch cow so presented, but applied also to) any gift supposed to be formed in the shape of a cow or to be offered in its stead, (in this sense *dhenu* is generally at the end of a compound, e.g. *ghrita-dh*, an offering of ghee; *jala-dh*, an oblation of water; cf. *lavaṇa-dh*, *ratna-dh*, *survāna-dh*: occasionally it is uncompounded, e.g. *tilānām* *dhenuh*, an offering of sesamum-seeds); (*avas*, *f. pl.* any beverage made of milk; (*u*, *n*, *N.* of a Sāman. (*Dhenu* at the end of a comp. may form a diminutive, the female being weaker than the male; cf. *asi-dh*, *khadga-dh*, *putrī*, *putrikā*.) — *Dhenu-godhā*, *am*, *n*, cow and milker. — *Dhenu-dugdha*, *am*, *n*, cow's milk; a kind of gourd, = *śībhīta*. — *Dhenudugdha-kara*, *as*, *m*, carrot, *Daucus Carota*. — *Dhenu-makshikā*, *f*, a horse-fly, gad-fly. — *Dhenu-mat*, *ān*, *āti*, *at*, *Ved.* possessing cows, rich in cattle; containing or giving nourishing beverage; containing the word *dhenu*; (*āti*, *f*, *N.* of the wife of Deva-dyuma. — *Dhemum-blavyā*, *f*, (probably) about to become a milch cow.

*Dhenuka*, *as*, *m*, *N.* of an Asura or demon in the shape of a donkey (killed by Krishna or according to other authorities by Rāma); a kind of coitus [cf. *dhai-nuka*]; (*ā*, *f*, a milch cow; a gift, offering, see *dhenu* above; a female animal in general (as a she-elephant, a woman, &c., see *dhenu* above); also used like *dhenu* at the end of comps. to form diminutives (e.g. *asi-dh*, a knife, from *asi*, a sword); a vein which when cut bleeds only at intervals; *N.* of the wife of Kirtti-mat who was a son of Angiras; (*ām*, *n*, *N.* of a place of pilgrimage. — *Dhenukaradvā*, *as*, *m*, 'the killing of Dhenuka', *N.* of the twenty-third chapter of the Krishna-khanda or fourth part of the Brahma-vaivarta-Purāṇa. — *Dhenuka-sūdana*, *as*, *m*, 'the slayer of Dhenuka', an epithet of Krishna. — *Dhenukā-dugdha*, *am*, *n*, cow's milk; *N.* of a plant, = *dhenu-dugdha*. — *Dhenukāri* (*ka-ari*), *ie*, *m*, 'enemy of Dhenuka', an epithet of Krishna; a kind of small tree, = *Nagesar*.

*Dhenusharī*, *f*, (fr. *dhenus*, nom. case of *dhenu*, with the comparative affix), a milch cow ceasing to give milk.

*Dhenushyā*, *f*, a cow whose milk has been pledged; a cow tied up to be milked (?).

*Dhenushyita*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, (probably) one who has pledged the milk of his cows and therefore cannot make use of it himself.

*Dhenūka* in *bahu-dh*, *q. v.*

*Dhenuka*, *am*, *n*, a herd of cows; a kind of coitus.

धेमत्र धेमत्रा, a particular high number; (a various reading for *dhamātra*.)

धेय *dheya*, *as*, *ā*, *am* (fr. *rt. 1. dhā*), to be held or taken &c.; to be created; what is created or produced; (at the end of comps. the neut. is considered as an affix, *Pān. V. 4. 36*, *vārt*; cf. *nāma-dheya*, *bhāga-dh*, *mitra-dh*, *rūpa-dh*.)

*Dheshtha*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, *Ved.* giving the most; (Say.) the best supporter, firmest stay.

धेयी 1. *dhairya*, *am*, *n*, (fr. *dhīra*), firmness, durability, steadiness, stability, strength, consistency, constancy; calmness; gravity; patience; fortitude, courage; inflexibility; precision of dictio; (Ved.) intelligence, forethought. — *Dhairya-kalita*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, assuming firmness or composure, endowed with calmness. — *Dhairya-dhanya*, *as*, *m*, failure of courage. — *Dhairya-mitra*, *as*, *m*, *N.* of a poet. — *Dhairya-vat*, *ān*, *āti*, *at*, possessed of firmness or patience, firm, steady. — *Dhairya-vritti*, *is*, *is*, *i*, *of steady conduct, steadily behaved.*

धेवत् *dhaivata*, *as*, *m*, the sixth note of the gamut.

धेवत्य *dhaivatya*, *am*, *n*, (fr. *dhīvan*, *Pān. VI. 4. 174*), cleverness, skilfulness (?).

धेवर *dhaivara*, *as*, *ī*, *am* (fr. *dhīvara*), belonging or relating to a fisherman.

धोइकवि *dhoī-kavi*, *is*, *m*, *N.* of a poet mentioned in the *Sārn-gadharā-paddhati*; [cf. *dhoīyin*.]

धोड *dhoḍa*, *as*, *m*, a sort of snake, commonly *Dhora*, a kind of water-snake.

धोयिन् *dhoīyin*, *ī*, *m*, or *dhayī*, *īs*, *m*, *N.* of a poet.

धोर *dhor*, *cl. 1. P. dhorati*, *dudhara*, *dhoritum*, to run well, to trot, to be quick or alert, to have good paces: Caus. *dhorayati*, *-yitum*, *Aor. adudhorat*.

*Dhorāṇa*, *am*, *n*, a vehicle in general, any means of conveyance (as a horse, an elephant, a car, &c.); a horse's trot; going well or quickly; (*ī*, *f*, or *dhorani*, *īs*, *f*, an uninterrupted series; tradition.

*Dhorita* or *dhoritaka*, *am*, *n*, a horse's trot; [cf. *dhauritaka*.]

धौत *dhauta*, *as*, *ā*, *am* (fr. *rt. 2. dhāv*), washed, cleansed, cleaned, purified, washed off; polished, brightened, whetted; white, bright, silvered, shining; (*am*, *n*, silver. — *Dhauta-kaṭa*, *as*, *m*, a bag of coarse cloth, a sack made of a kind of matting. — *Dhauta-kauṣaya* or *dhauta-kauṣheyā* or *dhauta-kauṣeyā*, *am*, *n*, bleached or purified silk (= *patronā*). — *Dhauta-khandī*, *f*, sugar-candy. — *Dhauta-balī*, *f*, = *dhautāñjali*, (probably rather *dhautāñjani*, *q. v.*) — *Dhauta-mūlaka*, *as*, *m*, *N.* of a prince of the Cīnas. — *Dhauta-sīla*, *am*, *n*, 'bright stone,' crystal, rock-crystal. — *Dhautāñjani*, *f*, a sort of collyrium, = *tryāṅkā* or *tryāṅgā*. — *Dhautāpāṅga*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, having the corners of the eyes brightened.

धौतप धौताया, *as* or *am*, *m*, or *n* (?), a kind of salt (= *sāndhīvara*). — *Dhautāñjari*, *f*, (fr. *rt. 1. dhū*), *Ved.* (according to *Sāy.*) shaking, agitating, causing to tremble.

धौति *dhauti*, *is*, *f*, (fr. *rt. 1. dhāv*), *Ved.* a spring, well; river, rivulet.

धौनुमार धौनुमारा, *as*, *ī*, *am*, treating of *Dhundhu-māra* (as an episode).

धौनुमारी, *is*, *m*, a patronymic from *Dhundhu-māra*.

धौमक् *dhaumaka*, *as*, *m*, (fr. *dhūma*), *N.* of a district.

*Dhaumata*, *myrh.*

*Dhaumatāyana*, *as*, *m*, a patronymic (?).

*Dhaumatāyanaka*, *as*, *m*, a patronymic from *Dhaumatāyana*.

*Dhaumāyana*, *as*, *m*, a patronymic from *Dhūma*. *Dhaumīya*, *as*, *ī*, *am*, smoky.

*Dhaumya*, *as*, *m*, a patronymic from *Dhūma*; *N.* of an ancient Rishi; a son of Vyāghra-pāda; a younger brother of Devala and family priest of the Pāṇḍavas; a pupil of Vālmiki. — *Dhaumya-sīkshā*, *f*, 'the science of Dhaumya.' *N.* of a chapter of the *Purāṇa-sarva-sva*.

*Dhaumra*, *as*, *m*, *N.* of an ancient Rishi; *N.* of a class of demons; (*am*, *n*, grey (the colour), greyness; a place for building prepared in a peculiar way; [cf. *dhūma*.]

*Dhaumrāyāṇa*, *as*, *m*, a patronymic from *Dhūma*; [cf. *dhūmrāyāṇa*.]

धौर धौरा, *as*, *m*, Grislea Tomentosa.

— *Dhaurāditya-tīrtha* (*ra-ād*), *am*, *n*, *N.* of a Tīrtha.

धौरितक् *dhauritaka*, *am*, *n*, a horse's trot; [cf. *dhorita* and *dhoritaka*.]

धौरेय धौरेया or *dhaureyaka*, *as*, *ī*, *am* (fr. *dhur*), fit to be harnessed, fit for a burden, capable of drawing or bearing a load (either a vehicle or beast, &c.); (*as*, *m*, a beast of burden; a horse.

धौरीक् *dhaurtaka*, *am*, *n*, (fr. *dhūrta*), *rogue*, knavery, fraud. — *Dhaurtika*, *as*, *ī*, *am*, cheating, dishonest, roguish, knavish, fraudulent, &c.; (*am*, *n*, *fraud*, dishonesty. — *Dhaurya*, *ās*, *m*, *pl*, *N.* of a warlike tribe; (*as*, *m*, a prince of this tribe. — *Dhaurya*, *am*, *n*, *fraud*, dishonesty.

धौर्य धौर्या, *am*, *n*, a horse's trot, = *dhorita*, &c.

धौवाकि *dhauvaki*, *is*, *m*, (fr. *dhuvakā*), a metronymic from *Dhuvakā*.

धमा 1. *dhmū*, *cl. 1. P. dhamati*, *dadhmau*,

*dhmāyati* (ep. *dhamīyati*), *adhmāsīt*, *dhmātum*, to blow (as wind or breath), breathe out, exhale; to blow (a conch-shell, trumpet, or any wind instrument), to produce sound by blowing; to blow *ā* fire, excite fire by blowing; to excite sparks; to manufacture by blowing, melt, smelt; to blow away from one's self, cast, throw: *Pass.* *dhmāyate*, ep. and *Ved.* *dhamyate*, *dhmāyati*, to be blown, to be melted, &c.; *Caus.* *dhmāpayati*, &c., to cause to blow or melt, to consume by fire, burn: *Desid.* *dīdhmāsīt*: Intens. *dēdhmīyate*, *dādhmātī* (*dā-dhmāyate*), to be blown violently; [cf. Lat. *flāre*; Old Germ. *blāen*, *blāhan*, *blāsan*, 'blow'; Gr. *σπύω-vn*, *σπύω-s?*].

*Dhma*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, blowing; [cf. *tūṇāra-dh* and *sankha-dh*.]

2. *dhmā*, *ās*, *m*, (?), blowing. — *Dhmā-kāra*, *as*, *m*, blacksmith, a smith.

*Dhmāta*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, blown (as a wind instrument), blown into, blown up, inflated, blown by a bellows (a fire &c.), inflamed, puffed, excited.

*Dhmātarya*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, to be blown, to be exhaled or kindled.

*Dhmātri*, *tā*, *m*, *Ved.* a blower, smelter (of metal); (*tri*), *n*, a contrivance for blowing or melting.

*Dhmāna*, *am*, *n*, blowing, puffing, swelling.

*Dhmāpita*, *as*, *ā*, *am* (fr. the *Caus.*), reduced to ashes, burnt to cinder.

*Dhmāyat*, *an*, *anti*, *at*, or *dhmāyamāna*, *as*, *ā*, *am*, being blown; being melted, &c.

धमाङ्क धमाङ्कश् (various reading for *dhrāṅksh*), *cl. 1. P. dhmāṅkshati*, &c., to crow or caw; to deside; [cf. *dhrāṅksh*.]