- Nāsikya, as,  $\tilde{a}$ , am, being in the nose; uttered through the nose, nasal; (as), m. any nasal sound; a peculiar nasal sound related to the so-called Yamas; ( $\tilde{a}_s$ ), m. pl., N. of a people in Dakshinā-patha; (aw),  $du = n \tilde{a}satyau$ , the two sons of Ašvint, the Ašvins; (am), n. the nose; N. of a town.

Nāsikyaka, am, n. the nose.

Nasya, am, n. a nose-cord, the rein of a draught-ox passed through the septum of the nostrils; (perhaps collectively) noses, a multitude of noses (?); [cf. <math>nasya.]

नासत्य nāsatya, as, m. (derived by native commentators fr.  $na + a \cdot satya$ , 'not untrue,' or fr.  $n\bar{a}s\bar{a} + affix tya$ , or still more improbably fr.  $n\bar{a}$ , nom. of  $nr\bar{i} = netr\bar{i} + satya$ ), N. of one of the Aśvins, the other being then called Dasra; (au), m. du, the common N. of the two Aśvins, see aśvinuu; ( $\bar{a}$ ), f. the constellation Aśvinī; (as,  $\bar{a}$ , am), referring or relating to the Nāsatyas; [cf. Zend nāonhaitya.]

नासमोजस nāsamavjasa (na-as<sup>0</sup>), as, m., N. of the brother of Asamaujas and son of Kambalabarhisha.

नासिका nāsikā. See p. 480, col. 3.

**TRUE**  $n\bar{a}s\bar{i}ra$ , am, n. advancing or skirmishing in front of an army, leaving the line and defying or challenging the enemy by shouts and gestures; (as), m. the van or a champion who advances before the line; (also read  $n\bar{a}sira$ .)

नारिस nāsti (na-asti), ind. non-existence, not so, it is not. - Nāsti-tā, f. or nāsti-tva, am, n. non-existence. - Nāsti-vāda, as, m. "assertion of 'it is not' or of non-existence," infidelity.

 $N\bar{a}stika, as, \bar{i}, am$ , atheistical, unbelieving, infidel, an unbeliever, applied by the orthodox Hindös to any one who denies the divine authority of the Vedas and a future life, or doubts the legends of the Purăņas; [cf.  $\bar{a}stika.] - N\bar{a}stika-t\bar{a}$ , f. or  $n\bar{a}stika$  $tva, am, n. ot n<math>\bar{a}stikya, am$ , n. infidelity, disbelief, atheism, denial of the deity, of a future state, of the authority of the Vedas, &c.; Buddhism, heresy, &c.  $-N\bar{a}stika-mada, am$ , n. an atheistical opinion.

नासित nāstida or (according to others) nāstitada, as, m. the mango tree (= āmra).

The naha, as, m. (fr. rt. 1. nah), binding, confinement; a trap, a snare for catching deer &c.; obstruction in any organ or secretion of the body, as costiveness &c.

नाहल nāhala, as, m. a man of a barbarons or outcast tribe; ( $\bar{a}s$ ), m. pl., N. of a non-Āryan people (=mledCha).

**TIGU** 1. nāhusha, as, ī, am (fr. nahus), Ved. neighbouring, being in the vicinity, neighbourdy?; (Sāy.) human, belonging to men; (as), m. a neighbour.

नाहुष 2. nāhusha, as, m. (fr. nahusha), a patronymic of Yayāti; N. of a serpent-demon; [cf. nahusha.]

Nāhushi, is, m. a patronymic of Yayāti.

**fr** ni (an indeclinable prefix to verbs and nouns, used as a preposition except in one passage in Atharva-veda X. 8, 7, where it stands alone as an adverb), in, into, within; down, under, back; on, upon. As a prefix to nouns ni appears sometimes to be a curtailed form of nis in its sense of 'without,' 'deprived of' (e.g. in ni-kilvisha, ni-khila, q. v.), but the idea of negation in such compounds may possibly be derived from the meanings 'down,' 'downwards,' back,' which properly belong to ni; occasionally, however, ni is inaccurately written for nih (=nis), as in ni-sabda for nih-sabda; according to native lexicographers the senses in which ni may be used are expressed by the following Sanskrit words, kshepa, blritärtha, nityärtha, däna, san-nidhāna, upa-rama, sam-śraya,  $\bar{a}$ -śraya, raši, moksha, antar-bhāva, adho-bhāva, bandhana, kaušala, ni-veša, vi-ny-āsa; [ni is thought by some to be for primitive ani; cf. an-tar, an-tarā; Gr. èv, èví, eiv, eis, ès for èv-s, èv-ró-s, ěv-õo-v, čo-w, ëvepa, žvep-θe, in-évep-θe, èvép-repo-s; čvrepo-v; Lat. en-do, in-du, in, in-ter, in-trā, inter-ior, in-tumu-s, in-tus; Umbr. en, an-der; Osk. an-ter; Goth. in, inna, innuma, innathrō, un-dar; Mod. Germ. nieder; Angl. Sax. in, nidhan.]

traction of ninans, old Desid. of rt. nam), cl. 2. A. ninste (2nd sing. ninsse, 2nd sing. Impv. ninssva), nininse, ninstum, &c., Ved. to touch, kiss, salute. (After pra the initial n is optionally cerebralized, cf. pra-ninsilarya, pra-ninsilarya, pari-ninsaka; cf. also rt. niksh.)

fa: nih, euphonically substituted for nis, q. v., before s, sh, s, and rarely before k, kh, p, ph.

निःक° nih- $ka^\circ$ , nih- $k\bar{a}^\circ$ , &c. See under nish- $ka^\circ$ , nish- $k\bar{a}^\circ$ , &c.

निःख् ता ih-kshatra or nih-kshatriya, as, ā, am, destitute of the military tribe, having no warrior-caste.

निःधिप् nih-kship, probably for ni-kship,

Nih-kshipta, as, ā, am, thrown or sent away; spent (as time), passed.

Nih-kshipya, ind. having thrown or sent away; having spent (as time); having wiped away (as tears). Nih-kshepa, as, m. throwing, sending, putting away; spending, passing (time); wiping away (as tears).

fन:प<sup>o</sup> nih-pa<sup>o</sup> and nih-pha<sup>o</sup>. See under nish-pa<sup>o</sup> and nish-pha<sup>o</sup>.

नि: शस्य nih-sansaya, wrongly spelt for nih-samsaya.

নি: যাত্র nih-śanka, as, ā, am, free from fear, fearless, without misgiving or apprehension, having no cares, free from risk; (am), ind. fearlessly, without fear or care, without anxiety. — Nihsankasupta, as, ā, am, sleeping without care, sleeping calmly and securely.

Nih-sankita, as, ā, am, free from fear or care, free from risk, secure.

नि:श्रन्द nih-sabda, as, ā, am, noiseless, soundless, not making a noise; (as, am), m. n. (?), soundlessness, silence, a calm; (am), ind. without noise, noiselessly; [cf. ni-sabda.]

नि: शम nih-sama, as, m. uneasiness, discomposure, anxiety.

नि:शयान nih-sayāna, as, ā, am, not sleeping, not lying down.

नि:शरण nih-sarana, as, ā, am, without protection or refuge, defenceless, unprotected.

नि:शर्कर nih-sarkara, as, ā, am, free from stones or pebbles (as a bathing-place).

नि: शलाक nih-śalāka, as, ā, am, free from talking birds (as parrots, jays, or crows); solitary, private.

नि:शाल्य nih-salya, as, ā, am, freed from an arrow; free from spikes or thoms; (am), ind. without an arrow; unthorny; without pain or difficulty; without reluctance, willingly.

नि:शस nih-sas, f., Ved. refusing, declining; (Say.) disinclination, absence of wish or desire, dislike (=nih-sansana).

नि: शास्त्र nih-sastra, as, ā, am, without. arms, unarmed, weaponless.

नि: ज्ञास nih-sās (nis-s°), cl. 2. P. -sāsti, -sāsitum, Ved. to otder off or away; to expel.

## निःविध्वन् nih-shidhvan.

fr:fitu nih-sish (nis-s'), Caus. -seshayati, -yitum, to take away or destroy completely, consume entirely, annihilate; (also regarded as a Nom. fr. nih-sesha.)

Nih-sesha, as, ā, am, having no remainder, without remainder, completely spent, complete, entire, whole, (often in the sense of an adverb at the beginning of a comp. before a participle, e.g. nihsesha-bhagna, completely broken); (am or ena), ind. completely, totally; nihsesham hri, to destroy or consume completely; [cf. a-sesha.] - Nihseshatas, ind. without remainder, completely, totally. - Nihsesha-tā, f. complete destruction.

Nih-seshana, as, ā, am, = nih-sesha.

Nih-seshita, as, ā, am, having nothing left, completely consumed or finished, destroyed, annihilated; (wrongly read ni-seshita.)

नि: गुन्न nih-sukra, as, ā, am, Ved. without brilliancy; without virile energy, impotent.

नि: जूक nih-sūka, as, m. beardless rice without aoy awn.

नि:शप nih-sesha. See nih-sish above.

निःशोक nih-śoka, as, ā, am, free from sorrow or care.

नि: ज्ञाध्य nih-sodhya, as, ā, am, not to be purified, not requiring cleansing; clean, pure.

नि:इमञ्च nih-śmaśru, us, us, u, beardless; (wrongly read ni-śmaśru.)

निः श्रम nih-śrama. See ni-śrama.

नि:श्रयणी nih-śrayanī or nih-śrayinī, f. a ladder, a staircase, steps, &cc.; [cf. ni-śrayanī, niśrayinī.]

Nih-sreni, is, i, f. a ladder or staircase, a flight of stairs or steps; the wild date tree.

Nihśrenikā, f. a species of grass.

निःद्यी nih-srī, īs, īs, i, deprived of happiness or prosperity, unfortunate. — Nihsrī-krita, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, made unfortunate, rendered unhappy.

 $Nihsrika, as, \bar{a}, am$ , deprived of beauty (as a dead body), deprived of happiness, &c.; one whose happiness is destroyed, unhappy, inglorious; (also read  $ni-srika.) - Nihsrika-t\bar{a}$ , f. absence of good fortune, want of good luck.

निः श्रीण nih-śreni. See above.

ति: श्रोयस nih-śreyasa, as,  $\bar{i}$ , am, having nothing better or superior, the best, most excellent; (as), m. an epithet of Siva; (am), n. final beatitude, ultimate bliss or supreme felicity in the life to come, happiness, welfare; knowledge which brings deliverance, learning; belief, faith, devotedness; apprehension, conception.

नि:ण्यस् nih-śvas, cl. 2. P. -śvasiti, -śvasitum, to breathe out, expire, sigh.

Nih-svasana, am, n. breathing out, sighing.

Nih-svasita, as, ā, am, breathed out, sighed; sighing, breathing out; (am), n. sighing, expiration, a sigh.

Nih-svasya, ind. having sighed, sighing, breathing out.

Nih-svāsa, as, m. breathing out, expiration; breath, sighing, a sigh; (often read ni-svāsa.) – Nihsvāsa-parama, as, ā, am, chiefly engaged in sighing, melancholy, sorrowful. – Nihsvāsa-samhitā, f., N. of a code of laws supposed to have been revealed by Rudra-Siva.

निःषमम् nih-shamam, ind. (fr. nis + samam), at the wrong time, unseasonably.

**fr: fr:**  $a_ih$ -shidh, t, f. (fr. nis + sidh =  $s\bar{a}dh$ ), granting, bestowing; grant, oblation, gift, donation; (Say.) hindrance, obstruction; destroying, destructive, adverse.

Nih-shidhvan, ā, arī, a (ft. nis+sidhvan), 6 G