to transformation, changeable. - Parinami-tva, am, n. liability to change, mutability.

Pari-ninansu, us, us, u, about to stoop, about to make a side thrust (with the tusks, as an elephant).

परिणह pari-nah, cl. 4. P. A. -nahyati, -te, -naddhum, to bind round, tie round, gird, wrap round; to encircle, span, embrace, surround.

Pari-naddha, as, ā, am, bound round, wrapped round; of great span or compass, broad, large.

Pari-nahana, am, n. binding round, girding on,

wrapping round.

Pari-naha, as, m. compass, circumference, extent, width, breadth, circumference of a circle, periphery; (sometimes spelt pari-nāha, q. v.) - Parināhavat, an, atī, at, having a wide compass or circumference, round, large, big.

Pari-nāhin, ī, inī, i, having a wide compass or circumference, big, large; (at the end of a comp.) having the circumference of (e.g. mattebha-kum-

bha-p°, q. v.).

Pari-nah, t, f., Ved. encompassing, pervading, spreading over; a trunk or chest on a carriage; N. of a place on the Saras-vatī.

Parī-ņāha, as, m. = pari-ņāha above; a piece of common land encircling a village or city; an epithet of Siva.

परिणिसक pari-ninsaka, as, ă, am (fr. rt. nins with pari), tasting, eating; kissing; an eater (=bhakshayitri).

Parininsa, f. tasting, eating; kissing.

परिणिधा pari-ni-dhā, cl. 3. P. A. -dadhāti, -dhatte, -dhātum, Ved. to place or lay

परिणिनस् pari-ninansu. See above.

परिणिमा pari-ni-mā (rt. 2. or 4. mā?), cl. 3. A. -mimīte, -mātum, see Scholiast on Pāņ. VIII. 4, 17.

परिणिमे pari-ni-me, cl. 1. A. -mayate, -mātum, see Scholiast on Pāņ. VIII. 4, 17.

परिणिमा pari-ņir-mā (rt. 4. mā), cl. 2. P., 3. 4. A. -māti, -mimīte, -māyate, -mātum, to mark off, to limit; to settle, determine.

परिणिष्ठा pari-nishthā, f. perfect skill or conversancy.

परिणिहन pari-ni-han, cl. 2. P. -hanti, -hantum, to strike.

Pari-nighnat, an, atī, at, striking.

परिका pari-nī, cl. 1. P. A. -nayati, -te (anom. perf. in epic poetry, parinayām-āsa), -netum, to lead about, to lead or conduct round, bear or carry round; (especially) to lead a bride and bridegroom or a bride round the sacrificial fire (with two acc.); to marry, (said of a bridegroom); to lead forward; to trace out, discover, investigate: Caus. -nāyayati, -yitum, to pass or spend (time).

Pari-naya, as, m. leading round, (especially) leading the bride round the sacred fire, marriage, (nava-parinayā, a newly married woman.)

Pari-nayana, am, n. the act of leading round, (especially) leading round the sacred fire; marrying, marriage.

Pari-naya, as, m. leading round; moving a piece at chess, draughts, &cc.; a move (at chess).

Pari-nāyaka, as, m. a leader, guide, (a-pari-nāyaka, being without a guide); a husband.

Pari-nita, as, ā, am, led round; married; (in Mahā-bh. Vana-p. 13739, probably) completed, finished, executed.

l'ari-netri, ta, m. one who leads round, a

Pari-neya, as, \bar{a} , am, to be led round; (\bar{a}) , f. to be led round the fire (as a bride), to be married.

पारतकन pari-takana, am, n. (fr. rt. tak with pari), running round or about.

Pari-takmya, as, ā, am, Ved. causing anxiety or uneasiness, insecure, unsafe, perilous, dangerous; (ā), f. error; night, darkness.

परितड् pari-tad, cl. 10. P. -ṭādayati, -yitum, to touch, strike against, strike.

परितन् pari-tan (see rt. 3. tan), cl. 5. P. A. -tanoti, -tanute, -tanitum, Ved. to stretch round, clasp round, embrace, surround.

Pari-tatnu, us, us, u, Ved. stretching round,

embracing, clasping round, surrounding.

Pari-tat, t, t, t, spread all around, extended in every direction.

परितप् pari-tap, cl. 1. P. -tapati, -taptum, to burn or scorch all round, burn excessively, set on fire, kindle; to feel or suffer pain; to mortify the body, undergo penance, practise austerities: Pass. -tapyate (rarely -tapyati), to feel or suffer pain; to undergo penance, mortify the flesh: Caus. -tapayati, -yitum, to scorch; to cause great pain, torment, torture.

Pari-tapta, as, a, am, surrounded with heat, heated, scorched, burnt; tormented.

Pari-tapti, is, f. great pain or sorrow, anguish,

Pari-tāpa, as, m. glow, heat, scorching heat; pain, anguish, grief, sorrow, affliction; fear, trembling; N. of a particular hell.

Pari-tapin, i, ini, i, burning hot, very hot; causing much pain or sorrow, causing anguish, torturing, tormenting.

परितम् pari-tam, cl. 4. P. -tāmyati, -tamitum, to gasp for breath, to be oppressed.

परितक pari-tark, cl. 10. P. (ep. also A.) -tarkayati, -te, -yitum, to think about, reflect about, ponder upon; to reflect, consider; to examine (judicially).

Part-tarkana, am, n. consideration, reflection;

pondering upon (with gen.).

Pari-tarkita, as, a, am, thought about; examined; (a-paritarkita, not examined, unexpected.)

परितज् pari-tarj, cl. 1. P. (ep. also A.) -tarjati, -te, &c., to threaten, menace.

परितस pari-tas, ind. (fr. pari), around, round about, all around, on all sides, on every side, to all sides, everywhere, in every direction, from all parts; round (as a prep. with acc. or gen.).

परिताप pari-tāpa. See pari-tap above.

परितारणीय pari-tāraņīya, as, ā, am (fr. rt. tri with pari), to be delivered or liberated, to be saved or redeemed.

परितिक pari-tikta, as, ā, am, extremely bitter; (as, am), m. or n. (?), Melia Azedarach.

परितद pari-tud, cl. 6. P. A. -tudati, -te, -tottum, to trample down, stamp upon, pound.

परितम pari-tush, cl. 4. P. (ep. also A.) -tushyati, -te, -toshtum, to be quite satisfied with (with gen. or loc.); to feel complete satisfaction, be much pleased, be very glad: Caus. -toshayati, -yitum, to satisfy completely, to please much or gratify; to appease; to flatter.

Pari-tushta, as, a, am, completely satisfied, much pleased, delighted, very glad. - Paritushtatman (°ta-āt°), ā, ā, a, contented in mind.

Pari-tushti, is, f. complete satisfaction, contentment, delight.

Pari-tosha (rarely pari-tosha), as, m. complete satisfaction, gratification, contentment, pleasure, delight, glee; delight in (with loc. or gen., e. g. gunini paritoshah, delight in a virtuous person). - Paritosha-vat, an, atī, at, satisfied, contented, glad.

Pari-toshana, as, a, am, satisfying, gratifying, who or what satisfies or makes content; (am), n. satisfying, satisfaction, gratification.

Pari-toshayitri, tā, trī, tri, one who satisfies

completely, who or what gratifies, pleasing or making very glad.

Pari-toshin, i, ini, i, completely satisfied, contented.

परितृद् pari-trid, cl. 7. P. A. -trinatti, -trintte, -tarditum, Ved. to pierce through, pierce (with a spear), thrust through.

परित्प pari-trip, cl. 4. P. (ep. also A.) -tripyati, -te, -tarpitum, -tarptum, -traptum, to be completely satisfied or contented: Caus. -tarpayati, -yitum, to satiate or satisfy completely, sate; to relish; to refresh.

Pari-tarpana, as, ā, am, satisfying, sating, contenting; (am), n. the act of satisfying, gratification.

Pari-tarpita, as, ā, am, satisfied completely, sated; refreshed.

परित्यज् pari-tyaj, cl. 1. P. -tyajati, -tyaktum, to abandon, forsake, desert, leave, discard, dismiss, repudiate, disown, reject; to quit (a place); to give up, give away, surrender, abdicate, renounce, resign; (with deham) to forsake the body, die; (with prāṇān) to resign the breath, give up the ghost; (with navam) to disembark; to shake off (as sleep); to leave over, leave a remainder; to leave a space or interval; to let go; to leave out; to put aside, neglect, disregard: Pass. -tyajyate, to be deprived of, bereft of (with inst.); to lose: Caus. -tyājayati, -yitum, to deprive a person (acc.) of anything (acc.); to rob, take away anything from any one (with two acc.).

Pari-tyakta, as, a, am, left, quitted, deserted, abandoned; bereft of, deprived of, robbed of (with inst.); left, wanting; let go; let fly or discharged

(as an arrow).

Pari-tyaktri, tā, trī, tri, one who abandons or deserts, leaving, abandoning, a forsaker.

Pari-tyaj, k, k, k, forsaking, deserting, aban-

doning; giving up, resigning; a forsaker.

Pari-tyajana, am, n. the act of abandoning, giving away, distributing.

1. pari-tyajya, as, a, am, to be abandoned or forsaken or deserted; to be given up or resigned.

2. pari-tyajya, ind. having abandoned, &c.; leaving a space, at a distance from (with acc.); with the exception of, excepting.

Pari-tyāga, as, m. abandoning, abandonment, leaving, quitting, desertion, repudiation, divorce, rejection; discarding, resigning, renouncing, renunciation, abdication, letting go, giving up, giving away, liberality; sacrificing, sacrifice; neglecting, neglect, omission; loss, privation; separation from. - Pari-

tyāga-sena, as, m., N. of a prince.
Parityāgin, ī, inī, i, abandoning, quitting, for-

saking, resigning, renouncing.

Pari-tyājana, am, n. causing to abandon or give up.

Pari-tyājya, as, ā, am, to be abandoned or forsaken, to be left or deserted; to be given up or resigned, to be renounced; to be omitted.

परिवस्त pari-trasta, as, ā, am (fr. rt. 2. tras with pari), terrified, frightened, afraid, much

Pari-trusa, as, m. terror, fright, fear.

परित pari-trai (by some written pari-trā), cl. 1. A. -trāyate, -trātum, to rescue, save, protect, defend; paritrāyatām or paritrāyadhvam, help! to the rescue!

Pari-trana, am, n. protecting, protection, preserving, rescuing, rescue, deliverance, preservation, defence, means of defence or protection; self-defence; abstaining from; the hair of the body (?).

Pari-trāta, as, ā, am, protected; rescued, saved, preserved.

Pari-trātavya, as, ā, am, to be rescued or pre-

served, to be protected or defended. Pari-trātri, tā, tri, tri, 2 protector, defender,