Pari-stara, as, m. strewing round or heaping together, strewing; a cover, covering (?).

Pari-starana, am, n. strewing round, strewing,

scattering about; a cover, covering (?).

Pari-stīrya, ind. having strewed around (sacred

grass).

Pari-strita, as, ā, am, spread over, covered.

परिस्तोम pari-stoma, as, m. = pari-shtoma.

परिस्था pari-sthā, cl. 1. P. A. -tishṭhati, -te, -sthātum, Ved. to stand round, encompass; to obstruct (Sāy.= pari-vṛṭṭya sthā).

Pari-sthana, am, n. or pari-sthiti, is, f. abode, dwelling, residence; fixedness, solidity; fortitude,

firmness.

परिस्पन्ट pari-spand, cl. 1. P. A. -spandati, -te, -spandatium, to tremble, throb, quiver, vibrate, totter.

Part-spanda, as, m. beating, throbbing, vibration; motion, movement; pressure, crush; maintenance, provision; train, retinue (in this sense also spelt pari-syanda); decoration of the hair.

Pari-spandat, an, antī, at, trembling, quivering,

toffering.

Pari-spandana, am, n. beating, throbbing, vibration, moving about, motion.

Pari-spandamāna, as, ā, am, throbbing, beating; moving tremulously, gently agitated, shaking, trembling.

परिस्पर्धिन् pari-spardhin, ī, inī, i (fr. rt. spardh with pari), vying with, rivalling, emulating. Pari-spridh, t, f., Ved. a rival.

परिस्पृञ् pari-spṛiś, cl. 6. P. -spṛiśati, -sparshṭum, -sprashṭum, to touch.

परिस्कुट pari-sphuta, as, ā, am, very clear or manifest, quite evident or plain or distinct; fully developed.

परिस्मुर pari-sphur, cl. 6. P. -sphurati, -sphuritum, to throb, quiver.

Pari-sphurana, am, n. quivering, glancing, shoot-

ing; budding.

Pari-sphurat, an, atī or antī, at, quivering; darting, glancing, gleaming, moving quickly or suddenly; budding, expanding; bursting forth.

Pari-sphurita, as, ā, am, quivering, glancing, gleaming; opened, expanded; shot, glanced.

परिसापन pari-smāpana, am, n. (fr. Caus. of rt. smi with pari), causing wonder, surprising, outwitting.

shyanda, q.v.), flow, stream, river; oozing, dropping; train, retinue; decoration of the hair (= pari-spanda).

Pari-syandana, am, n. dropping, flowing, oozing.

परिक्षितिन् pari-srajin, ī, inī, i, Ved. wearing a garland.

परिस्रसा pari-srasā, f. (fr. rt. srans with pari), Ved. rubbish, lumber.

to flow round, flow, stream, trickle; to ask (?).

Pari-srava, as, m. (erroneously written pari-srava), flowing, streaming, stream; a river, torrent; birth (of a child); gliding down.

Pari-sravat, an, antī, at, flowing down.

Pari-srāva, as, m. flowing, N. of a morbid state ascribed to the overflowing of the moistures of the body; efflux, effluxion. – Parisrāva-kalpa, a kind of straining or filtering vessel.

Pari-srāvaṇā, am, n. a straining or filtering vessel. Pari-srāvin, i, inī, i, flowing; (i), m., scil. bhagan-dara, a form of fistula of the anus; (i), n., scil. udara, an incurable form of intumescence of the belly.

Pari-srut, t, t, t, Ved. streaming or flowing round or over, foaming, fermenting; (t), f. a kind of

intoxicating liquor prepared from herbs; dropping, flowing.— Partsrun-mat, ān, atī, at, Ved. possessing Pari-srut.

Pari-sruta, as, \bar{a} , am, flowed, streamed round; trickled, oozed; (\tilde{a}) , f. a kind of intoxicating liquor.

परिसार pari-svāra, as, m., Ved. a particular kind of singing.

परिहत pari-hata, as, ā, am (fr. rt. han with pari), loosed, looseded.

परिहरण pari-harana. See pari-hri below.

परिहव pari-hava, as, m., Ved. (fr. rt. hve with pari), crying or calling upon (?); invoking (?).

परिहस pari-has, cl. 1. P. -hasati, -hasitum, to laugh at, ridicule, deride.

Pari-hasita, as, ā, am, laughed at, ridiculed. Pari-hāsa, as, m. jesting, joking, mirth, merriment, a jest, joke; laughter; laughing at, deriding, ridiculing.—Parihāsa-kathā, f, an amusing story.—Parihāsa-pura, am, n., N. of a town.—Parihāsa-vedin, ī, m. a jester, a wag, wit.—Parihāsa-sīla, as, ā, am, of a gay or joyous disposition.—Parihāsa-kari, is, m., N. of a temple of Vishņu; [cf. parihāsa-kešava.]

Pari-hāsya, as, ā, am, laughable, ridiculous.

for the hand, an amulet put round the hand to secure the birth of a child.

TITE! pari-hā, Pass. -hīyate, to wane, fail, waste away, decrease; to be wanting; to want or be deficient in or be destitute of (with abl.); to be deprived of or excluded from (with abl.); to be abandoned; to be avoided or omitted; (in Mahā-bh. Sabhā-p. 1460 the form part-hāsyati occurs, said to mean 'will fail'): Caus. -hāpayati, -yitum, to abandon.

Pari-hāna, am, n., Ved. suffering loss, losing; coming short of, being deficient, diminution, decrease. Pari-hāni, is, f. decrease, loss, deficiency.

Pari-lina, as, ā, am, waned, faded, wasted; descrited by; deprived of, destitute of; wanting, deficient in (with abl.).

Pari-hīyamāna, as, ā, am, wasting away, diminishing, becoming emaciated.

परिहारक pari-hāṭaka, am, n. a ring worn round the arm or leg, an armlet, anklet.

परिहार pari-hara. See pari-hri below.

परिहास pari-hāsa. Sce pari-has above.

परिहि pari-hi, cl. 5. P. -hinoti, -hetum, Ved. to prepare.

परिहित pari-hita. See pari-dhā, p. 543.

hartum, to avoid, shun, pass by; to abandon, desert, leave; to refute; to conceal; to embrace.

Pari-harana, am, n. moving, carrying or placing round or about (Ved.); avoiding; leaving, abandoning; seizing, taking; refuting, repelling; disappearing?

pearing (?).

Pari-haranīya, as, ā, am, to be shunned or avoided, avoidable; to be taken away; to be repelled or refuted or confuted. — Pariharanīya-tā, f, avoidableness; disappearance, unattainableness; refutation (?).

Pari-harat, an, anti, at, shunning, avoiding, illuding; setting aside, taking away, humbling.

Pari-haramāṇa, as, ā, am, leaving, quitting; taking, seizing; confuting; concealing.

Pari-hartavya, as, \(\tilde{a}\), am, to be shunned or avoided, to be abstained from; to be taken away; to be confuted; (in Vedic grammar) to be constructed with the pari-hara, q. v.

Pari-hāra, as, m. leading round; avoiding, shunning, leaving, deserting, abandoning, giving up, resigning; taking away, removing (e. g. virodhaparihāra, removing a contradiction); repelling (a

charge), confutation; seizing, keeping back; omitting, concealing; reserve, concealment; omitting to mention, leaving out; an extraordinary grant, exemption from taxes, granting privileges, immunity; bounty, largess; a circuit of common land round village or town; (in grammar) the repetition of a word before and after iti (=pari-graha, q.v.); contempt, disrespect; any objectionable thing or person; objection; remedying or atoning for any improper action.—Parihāra-vat, ān, atī, at, avoidable.

Pari-hāraka, as, ikā, am, repelling, refuting; (as or am), m. or n.? (a various reading has pari-haraka), an armlet; [cf. pari-hāṭaka.]

Pari-hārin, ī, mī, i, avoiding, shunning. Pari-hārya, as, ā, am, to be shunned or avoided; to be left undone; to be escaped from; to be taken off or away; to be severed or separated; to be constructed with the pari-hāra; (as), m. a bracelet.

Pari-hrita, as, a, am, avoided, shunned; abandoned, quitted; set aside, removed, rejected; taken away, repelled, refuted; taken, seized.

Pari-hriti, is, f. shunning, avoiding, refuting. Pari-hritya, as, ā, am, Ved. to be avoided, avoidable.

परिद्वम् pari-hrish, Caus. P. -harshayati, -yitum, to delight or gladden greatly, cause to rejoice. Pari-harshana, as, ī, am, greatly delighting.

utiga pari-hrut, t, t, t (fr. rt. hvri with pari), Ved. causing to fall, destroying, injuring, ruining.

Pari-hvrit, t, f., Ved. falling to the ground, falling down, ruined.

Part-hvriti, is, f., Ved. damage, injury, ruin.

pari (pari-i, see rt. 5. i), cl. 2. P. pary-eti, -etum, to go about, move in a circle, go or flow round, walk round, circumambulate, roam about; to encompass, encircle, include, grasp, span; to run against; to reach, attain to; (with or without manasā) to perceive, ponder: Intens., Ved. pariyate, to revolve round, move round, move in a circle.

Parīta, as, ā, am, encircling, surrounding; past, elapsed, expired; departed; surrounded, encompassed; filled; taken possession of, seized. — Parīta-tā, f. the being surrounded or filled.

Parītin, ī, inī, i (at the end of a comp.), = parīta, filled with, seized by.

Paritya, ind. having passed round or circum-ambulated; having encompassed.

Pariyamāṇa, as, ā, am, being penetrated or pervaded by.

Pary-aya, as, m. revolution (of time), passing away, lapse, expiration (e. g. kāla-paryayāt, after the lapse of a certain time); waste or loss (of time); change, mutation, alteration [cf. vāsa-p°]; inversion, irregular or inverted order, confusion; contrariety, opposition; deviation from enjoined or customary observances, neglect of duty.

Pary-ayana, am, n. going round, walking round, circumambulating, roving about; anything wound round (an arrow or other object); a horse's saddle or boreing.

Pary-āya, as, m. going or tuming round, revolving, winding round; revolution, passing away (of time), course, lapse, expiration; regular recurrence, repetition; succession, turn; regular order, arrangement, methodical disposition, method; a regularly recurring series or formula, especially in the Ati-ratra ceremony (Ved.); a strophe or clause of a hymn (Ved.); a convertible term, synonym; a list of synonyms; N. of a particular figure in rhetoric; way, manner, mode, method of proceeding (e.g. anena paryāyena, in this manner); property, quality, generic or specific character; opportunity, occasion; formation, creation, manufacture, preparation, artificial production; comprehensiveness, aggregation; paryāyena, in succession, in turn, by turns, by rotation, successively, alternately, (opposed to yuga-pat.) - Paryaya-krama, as, m. order of