times; (as, a, am), belonging to former times, spoken of or mentioned before. - Pūrvakāla-tā, f. priority in time. - Pūrvakūlika, as, ā, am, or pūrrakālīna, as, ā, am, belonging to former times, ancient. - Pūrva-kāshthā, f. the eastern quarter, the east. - Purva-krit, t, t, Ved. active from ancient times (according to Mahī-dhara = pūrvasya kartri). - Pūrva-krita, as, ā, am, done formerly or in a prior existence, previous; (am), n. an action done in former times or in a former birth. - Pūrva-kritvan, ā, arī, a, Ved. acting beforehand. - Pūrva-koți = pūrvanta, (perhaps) the starting-point. - Pūrva-ga, as, a, am, going before, preceding; belonging to what precedes. - Purvagangā, f. 'eastern Gangā,' epithet of the Narmadā or Reva river. - Pūrva-gata, as, ā, am, gone before, preceding; (am), n., N. of a Jaina work belonging to the Drishti-vāda. - Pūrva-yatvan, ā, arī, a, Ved. going to meet; (Sāy.) = purato gantā dūtah. - Pūrvan-gama, as, ā, am, going before, preceding. - Pūrva-cit, t, t, Ved. piling up first, preceding in piling up; (also incorrectly purvacitta.) - Pūrva-citti, is, f. (in the Rig-veda occurring only in the dat. perhaps in the sense of 'before-hand, in advance'), Ved. foreboding, presentiment, (Sāy. = anyebhyah pūrvam lābhah, a first notion or conception?); N. of an Apsaras. = Pūrva-codita, as, a, am, formerly stated, before-mentioned, aforesaid. - Pūrva-ja, as, ā, am, born or produced before or formerly, former, elder, first-born; ancient, primeval; produced by something antecedent, caused; born in the east, eastern; (as), m. an elder brother; the son of the elder wife, even though last born; (as), m. pl. the deified progenitors of mankind; ancestors, forefathers in general. - Pūrva-jana, ās, m. pl., Ved. men of former times. - Pūrvajanmakrita, as, ā, am, done in a former birth or previous state of existence. - Pūrva-janman, a, n. a former birth, former state of existence or life; (a), m, an elder brother. - Pūrvajanmārjita (°ma-ar°), as, ā, am, acquired in some former state of existence (as ment &c.). - Pūrva-jāti, is, f. former birth, previous life or existence. - Pūrva-jāvan, ā, arī, a, Ved. bom or produced before. - Pūrva-jina, as, m. 'the ancient Jina,' an epithet of Manjū-śrī. - Pūrvajiiāna, am, n. knowledge of a former life. - Pārvatantra, am, n., N. of a Tantra. - Pūrva-tara, as, ā, am, earlier, previous, prior, anterior; (am), ind. before, first, previously. - Pūrva-tāpanīya, as or am, m. or n. (?), N. of the first half of the Nrisighatāpanīyopanishad; [cf. uttara-tāpanīya.] - Pūrvatva, am, n. precedence, priority, a former state. Pūrva-dakshina, as, ā, am, south-eastern.
 Pūrva-dik-pati, is, or pūrva-dig-īsa, as, m. ' regent of the eastern quarter,' an epithet of Indra. - Purva-dina, am, n. the earlier part of the day, forenoon. - Pārva-diś, k, f. the eastern region, east quarter. — $P\bar{u}rvadisya$, as, \bar{a} , am, situated towards the east, bearing east; eastern. - Pūrva-dishṭa, as, ā, am, determined by former actions; (am), n. the award of destiny. - Pūrvadushkrita-bhoga, as, m. the pain or penalty consequent on sins committed in a former birth. - Pūrvadrishta, as, ā, am, formerly seen, seen before.
- Pūrva-drishti, is, f. a former view or sight. - Pūrva-deva, as, m. an ancient deity, primeval divinity; an Asura or demon (offspring of Kasyapa the parent of both gods and demons); a Pitri or progenitor. – Pūrva-devatā, f. a primeval deity, a Pitri or progenitor of gods as well as men. - Pūrvadevikā, f., N. of a Grāma in the eastern part of India .- Pūrva-deśa, as, m. the eastern country or eastern part of India. - Pūrva-deha, as, m. a former body, a former birth. - Pürvadehika, as, a, am, done in a former existence. - Pūrva-nadaka, am, n., Ved. a hollow bone in the upper part (of the thigh). - Pūrva-nipūta, as, m. (in gram.) the irregular priority of a word in a compound. - Pūrvanivāsa-jūāna, am, n. (with Buddhists) 'knowledge of former habitations,' knowledge of the past lives of all beings. – Pūrva-nivāsānusmriti ('sa-an'),

is, f. 'recollection of former habitations,' reminiscence of former existence (one of the ten powers of a Buddha). - Pūrva-nyāsa, as, m., N. of a grammatical work. - Pūrva-paksha, as, m. the fore part or side; the first half of a lunar month, the fortnight of the waxing moon; the first half of a year; an assertion, proposition; the first side or part of an argument, a primâ facie argument or assertion, the prima facie view of a question; the first objection to an argument; the statement of the plaintiff; an action or suit at law. - Pūrvapaksha-pāda, as, m. the first step of a legal process or lawsuit, the plaint. - Pūrvapakshin, ī, iņī, i, one who makes an assertion or proposition. - Pūrvapakshīya, as, ā, am, situated on the front side. - Pūrva-paneāla, ās, m. pl. the eastern Pancalas. - Pūrva-pada, am, n. the first member of a compounded word or of a sentence or of a verse. - Pūrrapadika, as, ā, am, relating to the first member of a compound term; reading or knowing the first member of a compound. - Pārrapadya, as, ā, am, belonging to the first member of a compound term. - Pārva-parvata, as, m. the eastern mountain from behind which the sun is supposed to rise. - Pūrva-paśćān-mukha, as, i, am, flowing to the east and west (as a river). - Pūrva-pā, ās, ās, am, Ved. drinking first or before others. - Pūrvapāncalaka, as, a, am (fr. pūrva-pancāla), belonging to the eastern Pańcalas. - Pūrva-pātaliputraka, as, ā, am, being in the eastern Pāṭali-putra (?). - Pūrva-pāṇinīya, as, m. pl. the disciples of Panini living in the east; pūrvapāņinīyam sāstram, (probably) the grammar of the eastern disciples of Panini. - Pūrvapāda, as, m. a forefoot. - Pūrva-pāna or pūrvapāyya, am, n. or pūrva-pīti, is, f., Ved. precedence in drinking. - Pārva-pālin, ī, m., N. of a prince. - Pūrva-pitāmaha, as, m. a forefather, ancestor. - Pūrva-purusha, as, m. 'the primeval soul, an epithet of Brahma; a forefather, ancestor, - Pūrva-pūrva, as, ā, am, each previous or preceding one; (ās), m. pl. forefathers, ancestors. - Pūrva-peya, am, n., Ved. precedence in drinking; precedence. - Pūrva-prajnā, f., Ved. knowledge of the past, remembrance, memory. - Pūrvaprayoga, as, m., N. of a work. - Pūrva-pravritta, as, a, am, formerly happened, done, fixed. - Pūrvaprasthita, as, a, am, gone before, set out in advance. - Pūrva-phalgunī, f. 'the first Phalgunī,' the eleventh Nakshatra (figured by a couch and coutaining two stars, one of which is & Leonis; cf. uttara-phalguni). - Pürvaphalguni-bhava, as, m. an epithet of Brihas-pati or the planet Jupiter. - Pūrva-bhadra-padā, ās, f. pl. or pūrva-bhadrapada, as, m. = pūrva-bhādrapadā, q.v. - Pūrvabhaga, as, m. the fore part; the upper part (opposed to adho-bhāga); dina-pūrrabhāga, the earlier part of the day, forenoon, morning. - Pūrvabhāj, k, k, Ved. receiving the first share, the first sharer; preferred, excellent. - Pūrva-bhādrapada, f. the twenty-fifth Nakshatra, the former of the two called Bhadrapada, containing two stars. - Pūrva-bhāva, as, m. the having existed formerly, previous existence; (in rhetoric) disclosing an intention. - Pūrvabhāvi-tva, am, n. the being previous to everything else, priority. - Pūrva-bhāvin, ī, inī, i, being anterior, preceding (everything else). - $P\bar{u}r$ va-bhashin, i, ini, i, speaking first, addressing a person, condescending to speak first, polite, complaisant. — Pūrva-bhukti, is, f. prior possession. - Pūrva-bhūta, as, ā, am, existing previously, preceding. - Pūrva-mārin, ī, inī, i, dying before or first. - Pūrva-mīmānsā, f. an inquiry into the first or ritual portion of the Veda (hence sometimes also called karma-mīmānsā, as opposed to uttarumīmānsā or brahma-mīmānsā, q.q.v.v., which is rather an exposition of the later portion of the Veda or Upanishads; the Pūrva-mīmānsā forms one of the six systems of philosophy and is attributed to Jaimini; it is really an interpretation of the text of the Veda, and is generally called the Mīmānsā, the term Vedanta being applied to the Uttara-mīmānsā;

though scarcely a system of philosophy, yet in the course of its critical explanation of the Vedic text the Pürva-mīmānsā discusses various philosophical questions, one of its speculations being the doctrine of the eternity of sound or of an eternal sound underlying all temporary sound and by some identified with Brahma). - Pūrva-mīmansārtha-sangraha (°sā-ar°), as, m., N. of an introduction to the Mīmāṇsā by Laugākshi Bhāskara. - Pūrvayaksha, as, m. 'the first Yaksha,' an epithet of Mani-bhadra, one of the Jinas or Jaina teachers. - Pürva-yāyāta, am, n. the more ancient form of the legend of Yayati or that current in the east. -Pūrva-yāvan, ā, m., Ved. 'going before,' a' leader. - Purva-ranga, as, m. the commencement or prelude of a drania, a prologue, an overture. - Pūrva-rāga, as, m. earliest or incipient affection, dawning love; affection arising from some previous cause (before meeting). - Pūrva-rātra, us, m. the first part of the night, the former or earlier part of the night, the time from dusk to midnight. - Pūrvarūtru-krita, as. ā, am, done during the first part of the night. - Pūrva-rūpa, am, u. indication of approaching change; symptom of occurring disease; the first of two concurrent vowels or consonants; (in rhetoric) a figure of speech which describes anything as unexpectedly returned to its former state; (as, \(\bar{a}\), am), having the previous form or shape. \(-P\bar{u}rva-lakshana\), am, n. indication of something about to occur (as sickness). - 1. pūrva-vat, an, atī, at, having something preceding or antecedent, having or characterized by a cause; (according to others) relating to something preceding. - 2. pūrva-vat, ind. as before, as hitherto, as heretofore, as aforesaid; [applied in the Nyāya philosophy to a kind of syllogism, e.g. inferring from the appearance of a datk cloud that rain will fall.] - Pūrva-vayas, as, as, as, or pūrvavayaska, as, ā, am, being in the first period or stage of life, young .- Pūrva-vayasa, am, n., Ved. the first period or stage of life, youth. - Pūrva-vayasin, ī, inī, i, Ved. being in the first period of life, young. - Pūrvavarti-tā, f. the having existed before, former existence, precedence, priority. - Pūrva-vartin, ī, inī, i, existing before, preceding, prior, previous. - Pūrva-vah, -vāt, m., Ved. drawing in front, being the first horse or leader, or harnessed for the first time (applied to a horse). - Pūrva-vāda, as, m. the first plea or commencement of an action at law, a former plea or assertion. - Pūrva-vādin, ī, m. 'speaking first,' 'stating his case in the first instance,' a complainant, plaintiff, one who makes the first charge or complaint; the first claimant; one who has made a former plea or complaint. - Pūrvavārshika, as, ī, am (fr. pūrva-varsha), relating to the first half of the rainy season. - Purva-vid, t, t, t, knowing the things or events of the past. - Pūrva-vritta, as, ā, am, formerly happened, relating to a previous occurrence; (am), n. a former event, previous occurrence; former conduct. - Purva-vairin, ī, iņī, i, one who has first commenced hostilities, the first to declare war, the aggressor. - Pūrva-šārada, as, ī, am (fr. pūrva-šarad), relating to the first half of the autumn. - Pūrvasīrsha, as, ā, am, turned with the head or face towards the east. - Purva-saila, as, m. the eastern mountain behind which the sun is supposed to rise; (ās), m. pl., N. of a Buddhist school. - Pūrvašailasanahārāma (ogha-āro), as, m., N. of a Buddhist monastery. – $P\bar{u}rva$ -saktha, am, n. (probably) the upper part of the thigh. – $P\bar{u}rva$ -sad, t, t, t, Ved. sitting in front .- Pûrva-sandhyā, f. 'earlier twilight,' dawn, day-break. - Pürva-samudra, as, m., Ved. the eastern sea. - Pārva-sara, as, ī, am, going before, preceding. - Pūrva-sasya, am, n., Ved. earliest-sown grain. - Pūrva-sāgara, as, m. the eastern sea. - Pūrva-sūra, as, ī, am, going eastwards. - Pūrva-sārin, ī, inī, i, preceding, taking precedence of all others. - Pūrva-sāhasa, am, n. the first or heaviest fine or punishment. - Pūrva-sū, ūs, ūs, u, Ved. first bringing forth;