offering; a rein, bridle; a check, restraint; the being

a leader or guide.

Pra-grāha, as, m. seizing, taking, taking up, bearing, carrying; a rein; the string of a balance. - Pragrāha-vat, an, atī, at, having the string of a balance.

प्रयोव pra-griva, as, am, m.n. a window, lattice, balcony ('projecting like a neck,' cf. grīvā); a summer-house, pleasure-house; a building on the top of a palace, a painted turret; a wooden balustrade or fence round a building; a stable; the top of a tree.

ਸ਼ਾਲੇ pra-glai, cl. 1. P. -glāyati, -glātum, to fade or wither away: Caus. -glapayati, -yitum, to cause to fade or wither away.

Pra-gla, as, a, am, wearied, fatigued, exhausted.

प्रवट pra-ghat, cl. 1. A. -ghatate, -ghatitum, to exert one's self, to apply or devote one's self to; to begin, commence.

Pra-ghațaka, a precept, rule, doctrine.

Pra-ghațā, f. (perhaps) the rudiments or first elements of a science. - Praghata-vid, t, m. 'knowing the rudiments,' a general reader but not a profound one.

प्रयहन pra-ghattaka, as or am (fr. rt. ghatt with pra), a precept, rule, doctrine.

प्रथण pra-ghana, as, m. (fr. rt. han with pra), a porch before the door of a house, a terrace before a house; an iron mace or crowbar; a copper pot.

Pra-ghana, as, m. a covered terrace before a house; a species of bean, Phaseolus Mungo (a wrong reading for prathana).

Pra-ghāṇa, as, m. a covered terrace or small portico before the door of a house; an iron mace or hand-spike; a copper pot; the trunk of a tree.

Pra-ghāta, as, m. a combat, battle; the edging

of a garment.

Pra-ghāna, as, m. a covered terrace before the door of a house, porch, portico.

प्रथम pra-ghasa, as, ā, am (fr. rt. ghas with pra), voracions; an epithet of false gods; (as), m., N. of a Rakshas; N. of a monkey follower of Rāma; a Daitya, demon; eating much, voracity; (a), f., N. of one of the Matris attending on Skanda.

Pra-ghāsin, ī, inī, i, or pra-ghāsya, as, ā, am, Ved. voracious (an epithet of the Maruts, according to Mahī-dhara = purodāśa-bhakshaṇa-

sila).

प्रथण praghuna, as, m. a guest, visitor; (a wrong form for praghuna.)

प्रथम pra-ghush, cl. 1. P. -ghoshati, -ghoshitum, to sound forth, sound: Caus. -ghoshayati, -yitum, to cause to sound forth, cause to announce aloud, proclaim.

Pra-ghoshaka, as, m. sound, noise.

Pra-ghoshin, ī, m., Ved. 'roaring,' an epithet of one of the nine classes of the Maruts.

प्रयो pra-ghūrna, as, ā, am, turning round or rolling violently; wandering, roaming; (as), m. a guest, a visitor (in this sense a wrong form for prāghūrņaka).

मध्य pra-ghrish, cl. 1. P. -gharshati, -gharshitum, to rub to pieces; to rub into, anoint.

Pra-ghrishia, as, ā, am, rubbed in, embrocated,

प्रचित्रत pra-ćakita, as, ā, am, trembling, shodderiog, terrified, startled.

प्रचक्र pra-éakra, am, n. an army in motion; a foraging army.

प्रचा pra-ćaksh, cl. 2. A. -ćashte, -ćashtum, to tell, relate, recount, inform; to suppose, consider as, regard as, deem; to call, name: Caus. -éakshayati, -yitum, Ved. to irradiate, illumine.

Pra-ćakshana, see Gana Gotrādi to Pān. VIII.

1, 27, 57.

Pra-cakshas, ās, m. the regent of the planet Jupiter, Brihas-pati.

प्रचार pra-ćanda, as, ā, am, excessively violent, vehement, impetuous, passionate, furious, enraged, wrathful; very hot or burning; intolerable, insupportable; terrible, terrific; bold, confident, presuming; (as), m. a species of oleander with white flowers; N. of a Danava; of a goblin; of a son of Vatsa-prī and Su-nanda; (ā), f. a species of Dūrvā with white flowers; a form or Sakti of Durga. - Praćanda-ghona, as, ā, am, large-nosed, having a large or prominent nose. - Praéanda-ta, f. violence, vehemence; boldness. - Pracanda-pandava, am, n. 'the wrathful sons of Pandu,' N. of a comedy by Rāja-sekhara (= Bāla-bhārata).

— Pracanda-mūrti, is, f. 'oleander-formed,' a species of tree, Tapia Cratæva. - Pracanda-varman, ā, m., N. of a prince (a younger brother of Canda-varman). - Pracanda-sūrya, as, ā, am, having a hot or burning sun - Pracanda-sena, as, m. having a formidable army, N. of a prince of Tamraliptikā. - Pracandātapa (°da-āt°), as, m. fierce or stifling heat.

प्रचत् pra-ćat, Caus. A. -ćātayate, -yitum, Ved. to drive away, frighten or scare away; (according to Say.) to destroy utterly, consume.

Pra-ćatā, ind., Ved. secretly, in secret, clandestinely.

प्रचय pra-éaya, &c. See under pra-éi, col. 3.

प्रचर pra-ćar, cl. 1. P. (ep. also A.) -ćarati (-te), -caritum, to come forth, issue forth, appear; to proceed towards, arrive at, reach, attain; to visit; to roam, wander; to circulate, become current (as a story); to undertake, perform, discharge (especially sacred functions, with inst. of the object or of the means employed); to proceed, behave, act in a particular manner (e.g. bhritya-vat pracar, to act like a servant); to treat (e.g. mithya pra-car, to treat wrongly or unskilfully); to be busied about, to be occupied or engaged in (with loc.); to do, perform, fulfil, practise; to succeed, thrive, prosper: Caus. -ćārayati, -yitum, to allow to roam, cause to graze, turn out to graze; to make public.

Pra-éara, as, m. 2 road, way, path; usage, cus-

tom, currency; going well or widely; N. of a people (in this sense also read praccara, prastara).

Pra-carana, am, n. going, proceeding; circulating, being current; proceeding with, beginning, undertaking; employing, using; (i), f., Ved., scil. srue, a wooden ladle employed for want of a better at a sacrifice.

Pra-caraniya, as, ā, am, Ved. to be used, being

Pra-carat, an, antī, at, going forth, going well or quickly, going widely, being current, circulating. Pra-éarita, as, ā, am, gone, going; pursued, practised (as a profession).

Pra-caritavya, as, a, am, to be proceeded with

or undertaken, to be performed.

Pra-ćāra, as, m. coming forth, going forth, appearing, becoming manifest, showing one's self; being in actual use, currency; appearance, manifestation; proceeding, taking place, being used or applied; going, wandering; conduct, behaviour; prevalence, currency, custom, usage; a play-ground, place of exercise; pasture ground, pasture, pasturage.

Pra-ćārita, as, ā, am, allowed to wander or roam about; made public or manifest.

Pra-cārin, ī, inī, i, coming forth, appearing, manifesting one's self; going about, wandering; proceeding with, behaving.

प्रचल pra-éal, cl. 1. P. -éalati, -éalitum, to be set in motion, shake, quake, totter, tremble; to move forth, move on, advance; to start up, spring up; to start, set out, set forth, depart; to become troubled or confused, to be perplexed or bewildered, to be excited; to swerve, deviate from (with abl.): Caus. -calayati, -yitum, to set in motion, move, jog, wag; -ćālayati, -yitum, to cause to shake or tremble; to stir up, stir round.

Pra-ćala, as, ā, am, being in motion, trembling, shaking; going well or widely; current, circulating,

Pra-calaka, as, m. 2 venomous species of reptile;

[cf. pra-ćalāka.] Praćalakin. See praćalākin below.

Pra-calat, an, anti, at, moving, trembling, shaking; going or proceeding far; circulating, being current or customary; prevailing, being recognised (as authority or law).

Pra-calana, am, n. trembling, shaking, rocking, swaying, tottering; retiring, retreating, fleeiog, flight; moving to and fro; going well or widely; circulating, being current or customary.

Pra-ćalāka, as, m. shooting with arrows, archery; a peacock's tail; a snake; another poisonous animal; (\bar{a}) , f., Ved. a violent shower of rain, a sudden fall of rain in torrents.

Praćalākin, ī, m. a peacock; a snake; (also spelt praćalakin.)

Praćalāya, Nom. P. praćalāyati, -yitum, to

move to and fro, to nod the head. Praćalāyita, as, ā, am, rolling about, tossing,

tumbling, rolled or tossed about (as in a ship): nodding the head (while asleep in a sitting posture); (am), n. nodding the head.

Pra-calita, as, a, am, set in motion, moved, shaken; swinging to and fro; rolling (as the eye); gone far or wide, wandering, roving; having set out or moved forwards, having proceeded; current, customary, circulating; prevailing, recognised, received (as authority or law).

Pra-ćālaka, as, ikā, am, (at the end of a comp.) causing to tremble, trembling with.

Pra-ćālana, am, n. stirring, stir; making a noise (?).

प्रचयाल pra-ćashāla, am, n. a particular ornament on a sacrificial post.

प्रचाय pra-ćāya. See under pra-ći below.

प्रचाल pra-ćāla, as, m. the neck of the Vīnā or Indian lute; (a wrong reading for pra-bāla.)

प्राच pra-ci, cl. 5. P. A. -cinoti, -cinute, -ćetum, to collect, gather, pluck; to cut down, cut to pieces; to increase, augment, enhance: Pass. -ciyate, to be gathered or collected; to grow.

Pra-ćaya, as, m. collecting, gathering (as fruit or flowers, but especially by means of a stick or other implement); a heap, quantity, number; slight union or aggregation; the neutral accentless tone (also called eka-sruti); the common increase or difference of the terms in a progression (in algebra). - Praćaya-svara, as, m. (in Ved. gram.) 'the most usual tone,' the accentless or neutral tone neither raised nor depressed (=pra-ćaya, pra-ćita, pracita-svara).

Pra-ćayana, am, n. gathering, collecting. Pra-ćāya, as, m. or pra-ćāyikā, f. gathering

(with the hand), plucking, collecting.

Pra-cita, as, a, am, gathered, collected, plucked; accumulated, amassed; covered, filled; accentless or An-udātta, = pra-ćaya; (as), m. a kind of Dandaka metre (also called pracitaka). - Pracita-svara = praćaya-svara, q. v.

Pra-cinvat, an, ati, at, gathering, collecting, plucking; (an), m., N. of a son of Janam-ejaya.

प्रचिकीप pra-ćikīrshu. See p. 603, col. 2. प्राचित् pra-cit, cl. 3. P. A. -ciketti, -ci-

kitte, -cetitum, Ved. to know; to make known, announce, proclaim; to become visible or perceptible, appear: Caus. P. -éetayati, -yitum, to make known, cause to appear; to observe, notice, remark, perceive; (A.) to appear: Desid. - cikitsati, to show,

Pra-éikita, as, ā, am, Ved. familiar or conversant with.