Pra-nindana or pra-nindana, am, n. censuring, upbraiding.

Pra-nindya or pra-nindya, ind. having censured or upbraided.

प्रशिषत् pra-ni-pat, cl. 1. P. -patati, -patitum, to throw one's self down before, fall prostrate before, bow down before, bow respectfully to (with acc. and sometimes with dat. or loc.): Cans. -pātayati, -yitum, to cause to bow down, induce or cause to fall prostrate.

Pra-nipatana, am, n. falling down before, throwing one's self down at any one's feet, prostration;

bowing or doing homage to, saluting.

Pra-nipatita, as, ā, am, bowed down in reverence,

Pra-nipatya, ind. having bowed down or in reverence, having saluted respectfully, having done

homage to. Pra-nipāta, as, m. falling at any one's feet, prostration, humble submission to (with gen.); salutation, reverence, obeisance. - Pranipāta-purahsaram, ind. preceded by prostration, with an obeisance. - Pranipāta-pratīkāra, as, ā, am, having submission for a remedy, counteracted by submission. - Pranipāta-rasa, as, m. 'taking pleasure in submission,' a magical formula pronounced over weapons.

Pra-nipātin, i, inī, i, throwing one's self down or falling at the feet of, submitting, submissive.

प्राणमा 1. pra-ni-mā, cl. 3. A. -mimīte, -mātum (fr. rt. 2. mā), see Scholiast on Pān. VIII. 4, 17.

प्राचिमा 2. pra-ņi-mā, cl. 2. P., 3. A. -māti, -mimīte, -mātum (fr. rt. 4. mā), see Scholiast on Pāṇ. VIII. 4, 17, Vopa-deva VIII. 22, IX. 16.

प्रशिम pra-ni-mi, cl. 5. P. A. -minoti, -minute, &c., see Vopa-deva XXVI. 212.

प्राणिया pra-ņi-yā, cl. 2. P. -yāti, -yātum, to advance, proceed.

प्राण्डाम् pra-ni-sam, cl. 4. P. -samyati, -samitum, to become calm, be pacified or appeased; to hear.

प्रिंचन pra-ni-han, cl. 2. P. -hanti, -hantum, to slay, to kill (with gen.).

Pra-nighnat, an, att, at, preparing or threatening

प्राणिहित pra-nihita. See under pra-nidhā, p. 609, col. 3.

प्रणी 1. pra-nī, cl. 1. P. A. -nayati, -te, -netum, to lead forwards, advance, conduct, promote; to bring forwards, show, display; to bring; to offer, present; to direct or turn (the eyes) towards; (in liturgical language) to convey the sacrificial fire or water or Soma to its place at the altar; to bring into, reduce to (e.g. vasam pra-ni, to reduce to submission); to bring to pass, effect, accomplish, perform, execute, complete, finish; to apply; to manifest affection, show love or affection, love; to establish, institute, promulgate, teach; to write, compose; to cast, shoot, discharge; to do away with, remove, dispel; (with dandam) to carry the rod, inflict punishment; (A.) to draw in (the breath): Desid. -ninishuti, to desire to lead, wish to conduct (Ved.).

Pra-naya, as, m. a leader (Scholiast on Pan. III. 1, 142); leading, conduct, guidance; confidence, familiarity, trust, intimacy; friendly acquaintance, confidential relationship, friendly or fond regard, friendship, affection, love, fondness, favour, kindness; wish, desire, longing; affectionate solicitation, request, asking, begging; reverence, obeisance; final emancipation or beatitude; (ena), ind. confidentially, candidly; of one's own accord; without ceremony; (ât), ind. candidly, openly, frankly. - Pranaya-kalaha, as, m. a lovers' quarrel, mere wanton quarielsomeness. - Pranaya-kupita, as, ā, am, according to a Scholiast = premātisayena kupita,

angry through excess of affection. - Pranaya-kopa, as, m. the (feigned) anger of a coquette towards her lover, anger indulged for the sake of the pleasure of being pacified. — Pranaya-prakarsha, as, m. excess of affection, unwonted or extraordinary attachment. - Pranaya-bhanga, as, m. a breach of confidence or friendship, faithlessness. - Pranaya-mana, as, m. 'love-pride,' the arrogance of love, lovers' quarrels. - Pranaya-vaćana, am, n. a declaration of love or affection (according to a Scholiast = premakathana). - Pranaya-vat, an, ati, at, possessing candour, acting frankly or openly, free from constraint, unceremonious, frank, open, confident; possessing affection, attached to, feeling an attraction towards, loving. - Pranaya-vimukha, as, i, am, averse from acquaintance, disinclined to friendship. - Pranaya-vihati, is, f. refusal of a request, denial, refusal, non-compliance. - Pranaya-spris, k, k, k, exciting affection, affectionate. - Pranayaparadha ("ya-ap"), as, m. an offence against (mutual) affection or confidence. - Pranayāpahārin (°ya-ap°), ī, inī, i, taking with confidence, taking without shyness or constraint. - Pranayi-bhū, cl. 1. P. -bhavati, -bhavitum, to become attached, to become affectionate. - Pranayonmukha ('ya-un'), as, i, am, intending or about to make a declaration of love. - Pranayopeta (°ya-up°), as, a, am, possessing candour, frank, open, candid.

Pra-nayat, an, anti, at, leading forwards, conducting; dispensing; decreeing, awarding.

Pra-nayana, am, n. bringing forwards, conducting; conveying, bringing, fetching [cf. agni-shoma-; carrying out, executing, performing, practising; bringing forward, adducing; composing, writing; that in which anything is brought [cf. pranitā-p]; dispensing, distributing; decreeing, awarding, sentencing; (with dandasya or danda-p°) carrying the rod, inflicting punishment.

Pranayaniya, as, ā, am, used in bringing or fetching (as wood employed in carrying the sacred

fire; cf. agni-p°).

Pra-nayin, i, ini, i, feeling attracted towards, attached to, affectionate, loving, kind; liking, wishing or longing for, desirous of; beloved, dear; intimate, familiar; (i), m. a friend, favourite; a lover, husband; a petitioner; a humble servant; (inī), f. a female friend; a mistress, wife. - Pranayi-kriya, f. the act of a lover or affectionate person. - Pranayijana, as, m. a friendly person, a friend; a number of friends, friendly circle. - Pranayi-ta, f. desire or longing for.

Pra-nāyaka, as, m. a leader or commander (of

an army), guide, chief.

Pra-nāyya, as, ā, am, to be regarded with affection, dear, beloved; blameless, upright, straight-forward; devoid of passion or desire (?); disapproved, disagreeing.

Pra-ninishenya, as, ā, am, Ved. appointed to lead or begin, appointed to be a commencement.

2. pra-ni, is, m., Ved. a leader, conductor; (is), f. (according to Say.) = praniyamānā stutih.

Pra-nīta, as, ā, am, led forwards, advanced, promoted; brought; offered, presented, delivered, given; directed; conveyed (to the altar, as fire or water or Soma); brought into, reduced to; effected, accomplished, performed, executed, completed, finished; made, done, constructed; prepared, dressed (as food), cooked; established, instituted, taught, said, declared; written, composed, compiled; thrown, cast, shot, discharged, sent; set aside, removed, dispelled, (exposed as a child?); beloved, dear [cf. manah-po]; inflicted, decreed, sentenced, awarded; entered, approached; (as), m. fire consecrated by prayers or mystical formulas; (a), f. a vessel used at sacrifices, a sort of cup; N. of a river; (as), f. pl., scil. apas, water fetched on the morning of a festival for sacrificial uses, holy water. - I'ranītā-praņayana, am, n., Ved. the vessel in which holy water is fetched.

Pra-nīti, is, f., Ved. conduct, leading, guidance; leading away; favour.

Pra-nīya, as, ā, am, Ved. to be led on, see Pān.

Pra-netavya, as, ā, am, to be led or guided; to be accomplished or executed, to be used or applied.

Pra-netri, tā, m. a leader, gnide; a maker, framer, creator; an author, promulgator of a doctrine, teacher; a performer or one who plays a musical instrument. - Pranetri-mat, an, ati, at, Ved. containing the notion of leading.

Prameni, is, is, i, Ved. leading or guiding con-

stantly or repeatedly; (Say. = prakarshena netā.)

Pra-neya, as, a, am, to be guided or led, ductile, docile, submissive, obedient, tamable, yielding; to be executed or accomplished; to be fixed or settled; agreeable (?).

प्रम pra-nu, cl. 2. 6. P. and Ved. 1. A. -nauti, -nuvati, -navate, -navitum, -nuvitum, to roar, bellow, low; to resound, reverberate; to make a humming or droning sound, to utter the sacred syllable Om; to praise.

Pra-nava, as, m. the mystical or sacred syllable Om (Manu II. 74); a small kind of drum or tabor = panara). - Pranavopanishad (°va-up°), t, f., N. of an Upanishad.

Pra-navaka, as, m. (at the end of comps.) the mystical or sacred syllable Om.

Pra-nuta, as, a, am, praised, celebrated, lauded.

प्रशृद्ध 1. pra-nud, cl. 6. P. A. -nudati, -te, -nottum, to push or thrust forward, press forward, push on; to drive away, send away, repel, dispel; to scare or frighten away; to set in motion, drive; to stir: Caus. -nodayati, -yitum, to push or thrust away; to move, excite; to press any one to do anything; to request any one for anything (with two

Pra-nutta, as, a, am, pushed away, driven away,

repelled; frightened or scared away.

2. pra-nud, t, t, t, driving away, frightening or scaring away; forcing away, removing; directing, enjoining, who or what commands or enjoins.

Pra-nuda, as, ā, am, driving away, frightening away; forcing away.

Pra-nudat, an, atī or antī, at, driving away, dispelling.

Pra-nudita, as, ā, am, driven away.

Pra-nunna, as, a, am, pushed or thrust away, driven away; frightened or scared away; set in motion, driven; sent, dispatched; shaking, trembling.

Pra-nottavya, as, ā, am, to be pushed or moved forwards.

Pra-noda, as, m. driving, guiding (horses &c.); directing, ordering.

Pra-nodita, as, ā, am, set in motion, agitated; driven, guided; directed, ordered.

Pra-nodya, as, ā, am, to be driven away, to be sent or turned away; to be frightened away; to be

removed. प्रतक्षन pra-takvan, ā, arī, a (fr. rt. tak with pra), Ved. moving onwards; steep, precipitous (? according to Mahl-dhara = pradakshinam gać-

chanty ritvijo yatra). प्रतक्ष pra-taksh, el. 1. P. -takshati, -takshitum, -tashtum, Ved. to build, make, produce.

प्रतद्व म pra-tankam, ind. (fr. rt. tank with pra), Ved. having glided or crept.

प्रतड् pra-tad, el. 10. P. -tādayati, -yitum, to strike down, knock down.

प्रतत pra-tata. See under pra-tan, p. 611.

प्रततामह pra-tatāmaha, as, m., Ved. a great-grandfather.

प्रतद्वस pratad-vasu, us, us, u, Ved. 'laden with wealth,' an epithet of the horses of Indra (according to the Nirukta = prapta · vasu; Say. = vistirna-dhana).