## प्रमुद्द praty-uh, cl. 1. P. A. -uhati, -te, -uhitum, to push back; to keep off, ward off; to reject, refuse; to strip, strip off; to outstrip, surpass, excel; to interrupt; to disturb; to offer up, present.

Praty-ūha, as, m. an obstacle, impediment. Praty-uhana, am, n., Ved. interruption ; leaving

off discontinuance.

प्रत्य praty-ri, Caus. P. -arpayati, -yitum, to cause to go towards, throw towards; to fasten, fix, put on; to cause to go back, render up, deliver back, give back, restore, return; to give again.

Praty-arpana, am, n. giving back, restoring, delivering back, returning.

Praty-arpaniya, as, ā, am, to be given back, to be returned or restored, to be delivered back.

Praty-arpita, as, ā, am, fastened, fixed, put on; delivered back, restored, returned.

Praty-rita, as, ā, am, Ved. inserted.

प्रत्यम praty-rićam, ind., Ved. at each verse, in each verse.

प्रत्ये praty-e (prati-ā-i), cl. 2. P. -aiti, -aitum, to come back, return to (with acc.).

2. praty-āyana, am, D. (for I. see under prati, p. 623), setting (of the sun).

Praty-etya, ind. having come back, having refurned.

प्रत्येक praty-eka, as, ā, am, each one, each single one, every one; (am), ind. one by one, one at a time, singly, severally; for every single one. - Pratyeka-buddha, as, m. a Buddha who lives in seclusion and obtains emancipation for himself only (as opposed to those Buddhas who liberate others also). - Pratyekabuddha-tva, am, n. the state of a Pratyeka Buddha. - Pratyeka-sas, ind. one by one, singly, severally.

प्रत्येतव्य praty-etavya. See under pratyāya, p. 627, col. 2.

प्रत्यनस् praty-enas, ās, m., Ved. an officer of justice, punisher of criminals; a surety, the heir nearest of kin who is responsible for the debts of a deceased person.

प्रतस् pra-tras, cl. 1. 4. P. -trasati, -trasyati, -trasitum, to flee in terror : Caus. -trasayati, -yitum, to frighten or scare away.

Pra-trāsa, as, m., Ved. trembling, fear.

प्रान्धास pra-tvakshas, ās, ās, as, Ved. active, strong, vigorous; epithet of the Maruts and Indra; (Say.) = satru-ghatin, destroying the enemy.

प्राचर pra-tvar, cl. I. A. -tvarate, -tvaritum, to hasten forwards, hasten, speed, make haste.

Pra-tūrna, as, ā, am, quick, fleet. Pra-tūrta, as, ā, am, Ved. hastening, speeding.

Praturtaka, as, ā, am, containing the word pratūrta.

Pra-tūrti, is, f., Ved. rapid or violent motion, undulatory motion, haste, speed; (Say.) = prakrishtahinsana, excessive violence; (is, is, i), hastening, rapid, violent.

प्रथ 1. prath, cl. 1. P. A. prathati, -te, paprātha, paprathe, prathishyate, a-prathishia, prathitum, (P.) to spread, extend (trans.), prolong (Ved.); (P. A.) to spread, stretch, extend (intrans.); (A.) to become larger or wider, increase; to be spread abroad (said of fame, of a name, of a speech or rumour); to become well known, become famous or celebrated; to come to light, appear, arise; to occur (to the mind): Caus. P. A. prathayati, -te, -yitum, Aor. apaprathat, to spread, stretch, extend (trans.); to increase, augment, enhance, aggrandize; to spread abroad, proclaim, celebrate ; to bring to light ; to unfold, disclose, reveal, display, show, manifest, evince, to shine upon, give light to (with acc., Rig-veda III. 14, 4); (A.) to stretch, extend, increase (intrans., Ved.). Pratha, as, m. (said to be the) N. of the author

of Rig-veda X. 181, 1; (a), f. spreading out; fame, celebrity, notoriety (e. g. prithu-pratha, far-famed). - Prathāpaha (°thā-ap°), as, ā, am, destroying fame, destructive to celebrity.

प्रदेखिण pra-dakshina.

Prathana, as, m. the plant Phaseolus Mungo [cf. pra-ghana]; (am), n. spreading, extension; scattering; throwing, projecting; a place where anything is spread; displaying, showing; celebrating.

1. prathayat, an, anti, at, spreading out, ex-tending; brioging to light, displaying, making manifest; seeing, beholding.

Prathayitri, tā, trī, tri, one who spreads or extends; one who proclaims, a proclaimer.

Prathas, as, n., Ved. width, extension .- Prathas-vat, an, ati, at, Ved. wide, spacious.

Prathita, as, ā, am, stretched, spread; scattered; extended, increased; made known, published, openly announced, declared; famed, famous, celebrated, renowned; disclosed, shown, manifested, evinced; intent upon, engaged in, occupied by, devoted to; (as), m., N. of one of the sons of Manu Svāročisha. - Prathita-tva, am, n. the being known or famous, celebrity. - Prathita-vidisā-lakshaņa, as, ā, am, renowned under the title of Vidiśā.-Prathitānurāga (°ta-an°), as, ā, am, manifesting or evincing affection.

Prathiti, is, f. celebrity, notoriety.

Prathiman, ā, m. extension, width, breadth, greatness, magnitude.

Prathimin, i, ini, i, having size or magnitude, large, great; (ini), f., see Scholiast on Pan. V. 2, 137.

Prathivi, f. the earth; (probably an incorrect form for prithivi.)

Prathishtha, as, ā, am (superl. of prithu), broadest, widest, largest, very large or great, most extended.

Prathiyas, an, asi, as (compar. of prithu), larger, broader, wider, more extended, very large.

Prathu, us, us, u, = prithu, wide, wide spread; an epithet of Vishnu.

Prathuka, as, m. = prithuka, the young of any animal.

yati or parthayati, -yitum, to throw, cast : to extend.

2. prāthayat, an, antī, at, throwing, casting.

प्रयम prathama, as, ā, am (connected with 1. pra; said to be fr. rt. 1. prath, Unadi-s. V. 68; declined as a pronominal in Atharva-veda VI. 18, I; according to Pan. I. 1, 33, the declension follows Siva except in the nom. pl. m. which may optionally be prathame or prathamās), foremost, first, the first in a series  $(=\bar{a}di, p\bar{u}rva)$ ; earliest, most ancient, primary, original; preceding, previous, prior, earlier, former (sometimes translatable adverbially, e.g. prathamo nivrittah, returned first; prathame preshitā dūtāh, messengers sent previously); first, chief, principal, most excellent, most eminent or distinguished, matchless, incomparable; (as), m., scil. varna, the first consonant of a Varga, a hard letter  $(=varga-p^{\circ})$ ; scil. purusha, the first (=inEuropean grammars the third) person, a termination of the first (or according to European grammars third) person; scil. svara, the first tone (in grammar); (ā), f., scil. vibhakti, the first or nominative case, a termination of the first or nominative case; (e), f. du., scil. vibhakti, the first two cases, the terminations of the first two cases; (am), ind. first, firstly, at first, for the first time (opposed to caramam); just, newly, recently; at once, immediately; before (with gen., e. g. sakteh prathaman, before strength, i. e. before the forces were ready, Raghu-v. IV. 24); (āt), ind. firstly, for the first time; prathamam-anantaram, first-afterwards; prathamam-tatas, first-next; prathamam-paśćāt, first-afterwards; [cf. Gr. #pŵ-To-s; Lat. primus; Goth. fru-ma; Lith. pir-ma-s.] - Prathama-kathita, as, ā, am, aforesaid, before-mentioned, afore-mentioned. - Prathama-kalpa, as, m. a primary or principal rule. - Prathama-kalpita,

as, ā, am, placed first, first in rank or importance, having precedence. - Prathama-kusuma, as or am, m. or n. (?), white marjoram. - Prathama-garbha, as, m., Ved. first pregnancy or confinement; a first litter;  $(as, \tilde{a}, am)$ , pregnant for the first time. – Prathama-grantha, as, m., N. of a poem by Jagaj-jīvana-dāsa. - Prathama-¿chad, t, t, t, Ved. covering first, (Say. = prathamam āćchādayitri); typical, figurative. - Prathama-ja, as, ā, am, or prathama-jā, ās, ās, am, firstborn, a firstling; original, primary; being the issue of the first (i.e. first-mentioned marriage). - Prathama-jāta, as, ā, am, Ved. firstborn. - Prathama-tas, ind. first, at first, firstly, in the first place; previously; forthwith, straightway, immediately; before, in preference to (with gen.). - Prathama-darsana, am, n. first sight; (e), ind. at first sight .- Prathama-divasa, as, m. a first day, principal day. - Prathama-dugdha, as, ā, am, Ved. just milked. - Prathama-parigrihīta, as, ā, am, formerly married. - Prathama-purusha, as, m. the first (=in European grammars the third) person in the verb, a termination of the first (or according to European grammars third) person. - Prathama-bhāj, k, k, k, Ved. one to whom the first share is due; (Sāy.=utpatti-kāla eva vibhaktri, dividing or distinguishing beings at the time of creation.) - Prathama-mangala, as, ā, am, highly auspicious. - Prathama-yajna, as, m., Ved. the first sacrifice. - Prathama-yaurana, am, n. early youth, early age. - Prathama-ratra, as, m., Ved. the beginning of night. - Prathama-vayas, as, n. earliest age, youth. - Prathama-vayasin, i, ini, i, Ved. being in early youth, young. - Prathamavāsya, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, Ved. worn formerly (as a gar-ment). – Prathama-vittā, f., Ved. a first wife. - Prathama-viraha, as, m. first separation; (e), ind. immediately after separation. - Prathamavrittanta, as, m. former circumstances, earlier history, antecedents. - Prathama-vaiyākarana, as, m. a beginner in grammar; a distinguished or firstrate grammarian. - Prathama-śravas, ās, ās, as, Ved. having a distinguished reputation; (Say, = atisayitam dhanam yaso vā yasya.) - Prathamasangama, as, m., N. of a man. - Prathama-sāhasa, as, m. the first or lowest degree of punishment or fine. - Prathama-sukrita, am, n. a former service or kindness. - Prathama-sthana, am, n., Ved. the first or lowest scale (in pronunciation, low but audible). - Prathama-svara, am, n., N. of a Sāman. - Prathamāgāmin (°ma-āg°), š, inī, i, occurring first, first mentioned. - Prathamādeša  $(^{\circ}ma-\bar{a}d^{\circ})$ , as, m. placing (a word) at the beginning of a sentence. - Prathamābhitapta (°ma-abh°), as, ā, am, first scorched or scalded (with tears). - Prathamārdha (°ma-ar°), as or am, m. or n. (?), the first half. - Prathamāvara-tva (°maav), am, n. the being the first and the last .- Prathamāstamita (°ma-as°), as, ā, am, Ved. just set (said of the sun). - Prathametara (°ma-it°), as, a, am, 'other than first,' the second. - Prathamotpanna (°ma-ut°), as, ā, am, produced first, first-born. – Prathamodita (°ma-ud°), as, ā, am, first

uttered, uttered previously.

Prathamaka, as, ā, am, first, foremost.

प्रयायन, prathayitri, prathas, &c. See under rt. I. prath.

uz pra-da, &c. See pra-dā, p. 630, col. 1.

प्रदेशिए pra-dakshina, as, ā, am, moving to the right, standing or placed on the right; auspicious, favourable, of good omen; respectful, reverential; (as, a, am), m. f. n. turning the right side towards (any one), reverential salutation by circumambulation from left to right so that the right side is towards the person saluted; (am), ind. from left to right, towards the right side, so that the right side is turned towards a person or object (as a sign of respect, e.g. pūjyah pradakshinam, to be honoured by keeping the right side towards him);