pradakshinam kri or pra-kri, to pass on the right, turn the right side towards (in token of respect); towards the south, in a southern direction from the east, Manu III. 87]; (ena), ind. from left to right; towards the south; a-pradakshinam, 'not towards the right,' towards the left. - Pradakshina-kriya, f. turning the right side towards (any one), showing respect. - Pradakshina-pattikā, f. a yard, a court-yard. - Pradakshina-prakramana, am, n. proceeding with the right side towards (anything).

— Pradakshinārćis ("na-ar"), is, is, is, having flames turned towards the right, flaming towards the right. - Pradakshināvarta ('na-āv'), as, ā, am, turned towards the right. - Pradakshināvritka (ona-avo), as, a, am, turned towards the right, having (any one or anything) on the right. - Pradakshini-kri, cl. 8. P. A. -karoti, -karute, to turn the right side towards (with acc.); to go round from left to right. - Pradakshini-kritya, ind. having gone round from left to right.

Pradakshinaya, Nom. P. pradakshinayati,

-yitum, to go round from left to right. Pradakshinit, ind., Ved. = pra-dakshinam, q.v.

पदाध pra-dagdha, &c. See pra-dah below.

प्रदत्त pra-datta, &c. See col. 2.

प्रदेन pra-dam, Caus. P. A. -damayati, -te, -yitum, to subdue, conquer, overpower.

Pra-danta, as, m. pl., N. of a school.

Pra-dam, -dan, m. one who tames or subdues; [cf. Pāņ. VIII. 2, 64.]

पदा pra-dara. See pra-drī, p. 631, col. 1.

प्रदर्भ pra-darpa, as, m. (fr. rt. 3. drip with jum), pride, arrogance.

Pra-dripita in a-p°, q.v.

Pra-dripta, as, ā, am, proud, haughty, conceited. Pra-dripti, is, f. haughtiness, arrogance, madness; (Say. = anartha-hetuh pradarpah.)

पद्भा pra-darśa, &c. See pra-driś, p. 631.

प्रदल pra-dala, as, m. an arrow (=pradara).

प्रदेव pra-dava, pra-davya, pra-davya. See pra-du, col. 3, and p. 631, col. 1.

प्रदस् pra-das, el. 4. P. -dasyati, -dasitum, to dry up, become dry.

प्रदेह pra-dah, cl. 1. P. -dahati, -dagdhum, to burn, consume, destroy: Pass. -dahyate, to take fire, be consumed by fire, be burnt, burn.

Pra-dagdha, as, a, am, burnt, consumed, de-

Pra-dagdhavya, as, ā, am, to be burnt. Pra-daha, as, m., Ved. burning, destroying by fire.

प्रदा pra-da (see rt. 1. da), cl. 3. P. (rarely in the earlier language A.) -dadāti (-datte), -dātum, to give away, give to, give; to give up, deliver; to offer, present, grant; to give a daughter io marriage; to sell (with inst. of the price); to restore; to put in, place in; (with rinam) to pay, discharge a debt; (with vidyām) to communicate or impart knowledge; (with prativacah) to give an answer; (with yuddham) to give battle; (with dvandva-yuddham) to engage in single combat; (with prarrittim) to give information of an event; (with hutāsanam) to set fire to: Pass. -dīyate, to be given away, to be given: Caus. -dapayati, -yitum, to cause to give, compel to give back or to repay; to cause to put or place in: Desid. -ditsate, to wish to give in marriage.

Pra-tta, as, ā, am (for pra-datta), given away, given, offered, presented; given in marriage, betrothed, married. - Pratta-vat, an, atī, at, one who has given or presented.

Pra-tti, is, f. (for pra-datti), Ved. giving away, giving.

Pra-da, as, ā, am, giving away, giving, a giver, bestower, yielding, presenting, granting, bestowing, conferring (generally at the end of a comp.; cf. | bahu-p°, prāṇa-p°, rući-p°, sāpa-p°, sasya-p°); liberal, bountiful; (a), f. a gift.

Pra-datta, as, ā, am, given away, given, offered, presented, bestowed, granted; given in marriage; (as), m., N. of a Gandharva.

Pra-dadi, is, is, i, Ved. liberal, bountiful.

Pra-dātavya, as, ā, am, to be given away, to be given; to be given back; to be given in marriage; to be placed in or put into.

Pra-dātri, tā, tri, tri, one who gives or bestows, giving, liberal; a giver, donor; one who gives a daughter away in marriage; 'the giver,' an epithet of Indra; N. of a divinity enumerated among the Viśve Devāh.

1. pra-dāna, am, n. (for 2. pra-dāna see below), giving, offering, presenting, bestowing, granting [cf. pāṇi-po, vara-po]; an oblation (especially one made by fire); the words or sacred texts recited during an oblation by fire (for pradana-mantra); imparting, communicating, teaching [cf. veda-p°, and see Manu Il. 171]; giving away in marriage; applying (a clyster); a gift, present .- Pradana-kripana, as, a, am, mean or niggardly in making presents. - Pradana-parvam, ind. with a present. - Pradāna-rući, is, f. 'delighting in giving,' N. of a man. - Pradana-vat, an, atī, at, giving, liberal. - Pradana-sūra, as, m., lit. a hero in giving, i. e. an excessively liberal man [cf. dana-sūra, dāna-vīra]; N. of a Bodhi-sattva.

Pradanaka, am, a. an offering, oblation.

Pradanika, as, a, am, (at the end of a comp.) relating to giving or offering; [cf. dattap°.]

Pra-dāpayitri, tā, trī, tri, one who causes to give; (Ved.) one who gives, a giver.

Pra-dāpya, as, ā, am, to be caused to give, to be compelled to pay.

Pra-dāya, am, n. 2 present.

Pra-dāyaka, as, ikā, am, giving, granting, presenting, bestowing. - Pradayaka-tva, am, n. the being a giver, giving.

Pra-dāyin, ī, inī, i, giving away, giving, a giver, granting, presenting. - Pradayi-tva, am, n. the being a giver, giving.

Pra-di, is, m. a gift, present (Schol. on Pān. III.

3, 92).

Pra-ditsu, us, us, u, wishing or intending to give (with acc.).

Pra-deya, as, ā, am, to be given or granted, to be offered or awarded to (in these senses sometimes compounded with a word denoting the recipient, cf. $r\bar{a}ja$ - p° , sishya- p°); to be imparted, to be taught or instructed; to be given in marriage, marriageable; (as), m. a present.

प्रदान 2. pra-dāna, am, n. (fr. rt. 3. dā with pra), a goad. (For 1. pra-dana see above.)

प्रदान pra-danta, &c. See pra-dam, col. 1.

प्रदिग्ध pra-digdha. See pra-dih, col. 3.

प्रदिव pra-div, -dyaus, f., Ved. the third or highest heaven (in which the Pitris are said to dwell); the fifth of the seven heavens; (according to Say.) = purana, existing from olden times, ancient; pra-divas, ind. from the remotest or earliest times, from of old, long since, always, constantly, ever; anu pradivah, as of old, as formerly; (pra-divi), ind. at all times, always, constantly, ever.

प्रदिश 1. pra-diś, cl. 6. P. -diśati, -deshtum, to point out, show; to signify, announce, declare, communicate, make known; to direct; to appoint, ordain, prescribe, instruct; to urge on, incite; to assign; cl. 4. P. -disyati, &c., to grant: Caus. -desayati, -yitum, to urge on, incite: Intens. -dedeshți, to animate (Ved.).

2. pra-dis, k, f. pointing to, pointing out; direction, order, command, instruction; a direction, quarter, region of the sky (of which from four to seven are enumerated in the Veda; Pitryā pradis, the region of the Pitris, i. e. the south; pradiso gatam, gone towards all quarters of the heavens); an intermediate point of the compass or half quarter, as north-east, south-west, &c.

Pra-disyamāna, as, ā, am, being pointed out, being urged on or incited.

Pra-dishta, as, a, am, pointed out, announced, declared; directed, ordained, appointed.

Pra-desa, as, m. pointing out, showing; direction, decision, determination; appealing to a precedent; an example (in grammar &c.); a place, (pradeśeshu, in various places), spot, region; a country, district, foreign country; a wall; a short span measured from the tip of the thumb to that of the forefinger. - Pradesa-kārin, ī, m. epithet of a kind of ascetic. - Pradesa-vat, an, ati, at, possessing or occupying a place. - Pradesa-sāstra, am, n. a book containing examples (in grammar). - Pradesastha, as, a, am, being or situated in a district.

Pra-desana, am, n. a gist, present, bribe; an offering, anything given to the gods, to superiors, or friends; (i), f. the index finger, forefinger; the corresponding toe.

Pra-destta, as, ā, am, urged, directed.

Pra-deśini, f. the index finger, forefinger; the corresponding toe.

Pra-deshtri, țā, m. one who pronounces judgment, a judge.

प्रदिह pra-dih, cl. 2. P. -degdhi, -degdhum, to smear over, besmear, smear, daub, anoint.

Pra-digdha, as, ā, am, smeared over, besmeared, daubed, bedaubed, anointed, overspread; (am), n., scil. mānsa, a kind of dish prepared with meat; (as), m. a kind of sauce or gravy.

Pra-deha, as, m. a plaster, a thick or viscid ointment; applying a plaster, unction; solid food (perhaps inspissated juice and the like).

प्रदीदी pra-didi = pra-didhi below.

प्रदीधी pra-dīdhī (see rt. 1. dīdhī), cl. 2. A. -didhite, &c., Ved. to shine forth, shine brilliantly. Pra-didhyāna, as, ā, am, Ved. shining forth, shiping brilliantly.

प्रदोष् pra-dip, cl. 4. A. -dipyate, -dipitum, to flame forth, blaze, burst into flames: Caus. -dipayati, -yitum, to set on fire, set fire to, light, kindle, inflame.

Pra-dipa, as, m. a light, a lamp, lantern; that which illuminates or illustrates, an enlightener; (often at the end of a comp., e.g. kula-po, 'the light of a family; especially in titles of explanatory works, cf. mahābhāshya-p°.) - Pradīpa-manjarī, f., N. of a commentary by Rāmeśvara on the Amarakosha. - Pradipa-sarana-dhvaja, as, m., N. of a Mahoraga-rāja. - Pradīpa-sāha, as, m. (sāha = اشاه , N. of a prince.

· Pradipaka, as, ikā, m. f. a small lamp, a lamp; (as, ikā, am), illuminating, illustrating, clearing up.

Pra-dipana, as, i, am, inflaming, illuminating; stimulating, exciting; (am), n. the act of kindling, inflaming, igniting, exciting, &c.; (as), m. a sort of mineral poison (of a red colour and caustic in its action).

Pradīpāya, Nom. A. pradīpāyate, -yitum, to represent a lamp, to act as a lamp, act the part of a lamp. Pradipiya or pradipya. See Gana to Pan. V.

Pra-dipta, as, ā, am, kindled, inflamed, lighted up, illuminated; blazing, buming, shining; excited, stimulated; clear, shrill (opposed to pūrņa, as a term of augury?).

Pra-dipti, is, f. light, lustre, splendor, brilliancy. - Pradipti-mat, an, atī, at, bright, radiant, ln-

प्रदीय pra-dirgha, as, ā, am, exceedingly

पद pra-du, cl. 4. A. -dūyate, -dotum, to be consumed by fire; cl. 5. P. -dunoti, &c., to distress, pain, torment, torture; to press hard.

Pra-dava, as, a, am, burning, inflaming.