NUT pra-patha, as, m., Ved. a long way or journey, a journey to a distant place; a remote place; a broad road or street; (as, ā, am), loose, relaxed, languid, enervated.

Prapathin, i, ini, i, Ved. roaming on distant paths (Say. = prakrishta-mārga); (i), m., N. of a

man (?).

Prapathya, as, ā, am, Ved. being in the streets or on the road (Mahī-dhara = bahu-sevito mārgas tatra bhavaḥ, being in a much frequented road); an epithet of Pūshan, the tutelary deity of travellers.

Prapātha, as, m. a road, way.

प्रपट् 1. pra-pad, cl. 4. A. -padyate, -pattum, to go forwards, set out for, betake one's self to, resort to; to attain to, arrive at, reach; to take refuge with, flee to for safety, fly to for succour: to enter upon, enter into, set foot on; to come to a particular state, arrive at a condition; to become (with adv. ending in sat, e.g. sarpa-sat prapad, to become a serpent); to attain, obtain, gain, partake of, share in; to perceive; to come on, draw near, approach, appear (said of periods of time); to be going on, to proceed; to take effect, prosper; to deal with, act towards, behave towards; to allow, admit, assent, agree to; to throw one's self down, fall down (at another's feet); to fall upon, attack, assault, assail (Ved.); adhvānam prapad, to set forth on the way, begin a journey; Jīna-sāšanam prapad, to embrace the doctrines of Jina: Caus. P. A. -pādayati, -te, -yi-tum, to cause to enter, introduce: Desid. P. A. -pitsati, -te, to wish to enter; to desire to obtain; to be going to undertake.

2. pra-pad, t, f., Ved. a way; N. of particular sacred texts; (fr. pra + 3. pad), the fore part of the foot,

Pra-pada, am, n. (fr. pra + pada), the fore part of the foot; the point of the foot, tip of the toes; (ais), ind. on tiptoe.

Pra-padana, am, n. enteriog, entrance.

Prapadam, ind. a term applied to a particular mode of recitation (in which the Vedic verses are divided, without reference to the sense and construction, into parts of an equal number of syllables, and between these parts particular formulas inserted containing the word pra-padye).

Prapadina, as, ā, am, relating to the fore part of the foot; extending to it, (wrongly for aprapa-

ina, q. v.)

Pra-panna, as, ā, am, arriving at, reaching; seeking, adhering to; one who seeks for protection or takes refuge, a suppliant; attained, obtained; possessed of, furnished with, provided with; promised, assented to; effecting, producing; poor, distressed. — Prapanna-pāla, as, m. 'the protector of suppliants or of those who seek protection,' an epithet of Kṛishna. — Prapannāmrita ("na-am"), am, n. 'nectar for suppliants,' N. of a work. — Prapannārti-hara ("na-ār"), as, ī, am, relieving or reliever of the distress of suppliants.

Pra-pāda, as, m., Ved. premature delivery, mis-

carriage.

 $Pra-p\bar{a}duka$, as, \bar{a} , am, Ved. going off, coming forth.

Pra-pitsu, us, us, u, desirous of attaining, desirous of entering upon.

प्रवन्न pra-panna. See above.

प्रपत्नाड prapannāda, as, m. = prapunnāda.

प्रपण pra-parņa, as, m. a fallen leaf.

प्रपलाय pra-palāya, cl. 1. A. -palāyate, -yitum, to run away, flee away, escape.

Pra-palāyana, am, n. running away, flight, rout. Pra-palāyita, as, ā, am, run away; routed, defeated.

Pra-palāyin, ī, Inī, i, running away, flying, escaping; a fugitive, one who deserts his cause.

प्रपरण pra-pavaṇa or pra-pavaṇa, am, n. (rt. 1. $p\bar{u}$), purifying, straining (Soma juice).

Pra-pavaniya or pra-pavaniya, as, ā, am, to be cleansed or purified.

प्रपत् pra-paśyat. See pra-driś, p. 631.

भ्रमा 1. pra-pā (see rt. 1. pā), cl. 1. P. -ptbati (Ved. -pāti), -pātum, to begin to drink, drink, quaff, sip; (with ćakshushā) to drink in

with the eyes, feast the eyes upon.

2. $pra-p\bar{a}$, f. (according to the usual rule the nomsing, would be $pra-p\bar{a}s$), a place for watering cattle, a shed on the road-side for accommodating travellers with water, place where water is distributed, cistern, (according to Kullūka= $p\bar{a}n\bar{i}ya-d\bar{a}na-qr\bar{i}ha$); a draught; a supply of water. — $Prap\bar{a}-p\bar{u}rana$, am, n. filling a place for watering cattle, furnishing a cistern with water. — $Prap\bar{a}-p\bar{u}ran\bar{i}ya$, as, \bar{a} , am, serving to fill a cistern. — $Prap\bar{a}-vana$, am, n. 'cistern-grove,' a pleasure-garden, a cool grove.

Pra-pāṇīya, as, ā, am, to be drunk, drinkable,

potable.

Pra-pāna, am, p. drinking, sipping; the under part of a horse's upper lip (which he uses in drinking).

Prupānaka, am, n. (probably) a draught, beverage. 1. pru-pāyin, ī, inī, i, drinking, one who drinks.

TH 3. pra-pā (see rt. 3. pā), cl. 2. P. -pāti, -pātum, to protect, defend from (with abl.): Caus. -pālayati, -yitum, to guard, screen, defend, protect.

2. pra-pāyin, ī, inī, i, protecting (?).

Pra-pālana, am, n. guarding, protecting, protection.

Pra-pātin, ī, inī, i, guarding, protecting; (ī), m. an epithet of Bala-rāma.

प्रपाक pra-pāka. See pra-pać, p. 632.

प्रपाउक pra-pāṭhaka. See pra-paṭh, p. 632.

प्रपारिण pra-pāṇi, is, m. the flat or palm of the hand.

for a dazzling white colour.

Pra-pāṇḍura, as, ā, am,=pra-pāṇḍu.

प्रपादिक prapādika, as, m. a peacock; (also read prapādika.)

प्रपादुक pra-pāduka. See under 1. pra-pad.

प्रापतामह pra-pitāmaha, as, m. a paternal great-grandfather; an epithet of Kṛishṇa (regarded as great-grandfather of the three worlds); an epithet of Brahmā; (i), f. a paternal great-grandmother; (ās), m. pl. great-grandfathers, ancestors in general.

Pra-pitrivya, as, ni. a paternal grand-uncle.

with pra-pitva, am, n., Ved. going towards, going to meet, meeting with, encountering (Sāy.=sangrāma, combat); the coming on or approach of day, day-break (Sāy.=pra-krama); [cf. apa-pitva, abhi-pitva.]

प्रापत्सु pra-pitsu. See under 1. pra-pad.

प्रापन्य pra-pinv, cl. 1. P. A. -pinvati, -te, -pinvitum, Ved. to swell, be full of, be rich, flow over.

un, to crush, pound: Caus. -peshayati, -yitum, to pound, grind or crush to pieces.

Pra-pishta, as, ā, am, pounded, ground or crushed to pieces.

प्रपोइ pra-pīd, Caus. -pīdayati, -yitum, to press hard, press, squeeze; to check, suppress; to oppress, molest, injure, pain, torment, torture.

Pra-pīdana, am, n. pressing, squeezing; (in medicine) an astringent.

Pra-pidita, as, ā, am, pressed, oppressed; pained,

प्रपोत pra-pīta, pra-pīna. See col. 3.

प्रमुत pra-putra, as, m. a grandson, de-scendant.

प्रपुतार prapunāța, or prapunāda, or pra-

punnada, or prapunnāta, or prapunnāda, or prapunnāda, as, m. a species of tree, Cassia Tora; the ringworm shrub, Cassia Alata.

Hyt pra-push, cl. 4. 9. P. -pushyati, -pushyāti, -poshitum, to nourish, feed, support, maintain.

मपुष्पित pra-pushpita, as, ā, am, flowering, in blossom, blooming.

प्रमुज pra-pūj, el. 10. P. -pūjayati, -yitum, to show respect or honour to, praise, esteem, honour.

NY pra-pri (see rt. 1. pri), Caus. P. -pā-rayati, -yitum, Ved. to carry across, bring over, transport, ferry over; to bring out of, to deliver from (with abl.), rescue, protect (Sāy. = pālayati).

nge pra-prić, cl. 7. P. -prinakti, -parćitum, Ved. to come in contact with (with acc.).

मपूरक pra-prithak, ind., Ved, singly, one by one.

AUS pra-prishtha, as, ā, am, having a prominent or protuberant back.

TY pra-prī, cl. 9. P. -prināti, -paritum, -parītum, to fill up, complete: Pass. -pūryate, to

-paritum, to fill up, complete: Pass. -pūryate, to be filled, become full, become satiated; to be completed, be fulfilled: Caus. -pūrayati, -yitum, to fill up, complete; to make rich, enrich.

 $Pra-p\bar{u}raka$, as, $ik\bar{a}$, am, filling up, fulfilling, satisfying, satisfying, satisfying; $(\ell k\bar{a})$, f. the plant Solanum

Jacquini.

Pra-pūraṇa, as, ī, am, filling, fulfilling, satisfying; (am), n. the act of filling up, filling; injecting, injection, inserting; affixing, attaching to; satiating, satisfying; (with dhanushah) bending a bow, i. e. the drawing or filling out of a bow-string for the purpose of shooting.

Pra-pūrita, as, ā, am, filled up, completed.

प्रपोद्धरोक prapaundarīka, am, n. a small herbaceous plant (=paundarīka, commonly pundarīyā, used as a remedy for ulcers and bad eyes and as a perfume);=sthala-padma, Hibiscus Mutabilis.

मपोल pra-pautra or pra-pautraka, as, m. the son of a son's son, a great-grandson; (i), f. the daughter of a son's son, a great-granddaughter.

und pra-pyai, cl. 1. A. -pyāyate, -pyāyitum, -pyātum, to swell out, swell up, be distended: Caus. -pyāyayati, -yitum, to cause to swell out, swell, distend.

 $Pra-p\bar{\imath}ta$ or $pra-p\bar{\imath}na$, as, \bar{a} , am, swollen out, swollen up, distended.

Pra-pyāta or pra-pyāna, as, ā, am, swollen out, distended, fat, bulky.

Pra-pyāyana, am, n. causing to swell out, swelling.

Pra-pyāyanīya, as, ā, am, to be caused to swell out, to be swollen.

Pra-pyāyayitri, tā, trī, trī, Ved. causing to swell out, distending.

PRIVE pra-protha, as or am, m. or n. (?), Ved. a particular plant (sometimes used as a substitute for the Soma plant).

Wy pra-plu, cl. I. A. -plavate, -plotam, Ved. to swim towards, to float or sail away: Caus. -ptāvayuti, -yitum, to cause to float or sail away; to pour water upon, wash or flood with water.

Pra-plavana, am, n., Ved. flooding with water, extinguishing (a fire) with water.

Pra-pluta, as, ā, am, Ved. dipped in water.

प्रमर्वी prapharvi, f., Ved. a wanton or lascivious girl.

मुख्त pra-phulta, as, ā, am, blown, blossomed, blooming (= pra-phulla, Scholiast on Pāṇ. VII. 4, 89).