Pra-sruta, as, ā, am, flowed forth, oozed out, dropped, issued.

Pra-sruti, is, f. flowing forth, oozing out.

प्रसन् pra-svan, cl. 1. P. -svanati, -svanitum. Ved. to sound loudly, resound.

Pra-svana, as, m. sound, noise.

Pra-svanita, as, ā, am, Ved. loud-sounding, resounding, resonant.

Pra-svāna, as, m. a loud noise.

प्रसप् pra-svap, cl. 2. P. -svapiti, -svap-

tum, to fall asleep, go to sleep.

Pra-sup, p, p, ved. sleeping, asleep, slumbering; (Sāy. = satrānām hantri.)

Pra-supta, as, ā, am, fallen into deep or sound sleep, fast asleep, asleep, sleeping, slumbering. - Prasupta-tā, f. sleepiness.

Pra-supti, is, f. sleepiness, somnolence; paralysis. Pra-svapa, as, m. falling asleep, sleep; a dream;

(as, a, am), causing sleep, sending to sleep. Pra-svāpaka, as, ikā, am, causing to fall asleep;

causing to die, slaying. Pra-svapana, as, i, am, causing sleep, sending to sleep; (am), n. the act of sending to sleep.

Pra-svāpinī, f. 'sending to sleep,' N. of a daughter of Sattrājit and wife of Krishna.

प्रसादम pra-svādas, ās, ās, as, Ved. agreeable, pleasant.

प्रसार pra-svāra, as, m. (fr. rt. svri with pra), Ved. an epithet of the sacred syllable Om repeated by the religious teacher at the beginning of

प्रस्ति pra-svinna, as, ā, am (fr. rt. svid with pra), covered with perspiration, sweated, heated, perspired.

Pra-sveda, as, m. great or excessive perspiration, sweat.

Pra-svedita, as, a, am, sweated, heated, perspired, perspiring, sweating; causing perspiration, hot. - Prasvedita-vat, an, ati, at, suffering or producing perspiration.

Pra-svedin, i, ini, i, covered with perspiration,

sweating.

प्रहर्णीम praha-nemi or praha-nemi, is, m. the moon (incorrect forms for graha-nemi, q. v.).

प्रहन् 1. pra-han, cl. 2. P. -hanti, -hantum, to kill, slay.

Pra-hanana, am, n. killing, slaying (Scholiast on Pān. VIII. 4, 22).

Pra-hata, as, ā, am, struck, beaten (as a dnim), smitten, wounded, killed; repelled, repulsed, overcome, defeated; spread, expanded; contiguous, bounding, limitating; conversant with the principles of science; learned, accomplished. - Prahata-muraja, as, ā, am, having drums beaten, sounding with the beating of drums.

2. pra-han in a-prahan, q.v.

Pra-hantavya, as, ā, am, to be killed or slain. Pra-hantri, tā, trī, tri, striking down, slaying, a slayer.

MET pra-hara, &c. See pra-hri, col. 3.

प्रहचे pra-harsha, &c. See pra-hrish, col. 3.

प्रहस् pra-has, cl. t. P. -hasati, -hasitum, to break out into laughter, laugh heartily, laugh at, laugh; to mock, deride, ridicule.

Pra-hasa, as, m., N. of a Rākshasa.

Pra-hasat, an, anti, at, laughing heartily, laughing, smiling; (anti), f. Arabian jasmine (= yūthī, vāsantī); a large chafing-dish or fire-pan.

Pra-hasana, am, n. laughing loudly, violent or hearty laughter, laughing, mirth, merriment; laughing at, mocking, deriding, ridicule, irony, mockery; sarcasm, satire (as a branch of rhetorical composition); a kind of comedy, a farce.

I'ra-hasita, as, a, am, laughing, cheerful; (am), n. laughter, mirth. - Prahasita-netra, as, m.

'laughing-eyed,' N. of a Buddha.

Pra-hasitvā, ind. an anomalous form for prahasya below.

Pra-hasya, ind. having smiled or laughed.

Pra-hāsa, as, m. loud laughter, violent or hearty laughter, laughing, laughter; ridicule, mocking, derision; satire, irony; an actor, a dancer; N. of Siva; of an attendant of Siva; of a son of Varuna; of a Naga; of a place of pilgrimage (= Soma-tirtha); Bharad-vājasya prahāsam, N. of a Sāman.

Pra-hāsaka, as, m. one who causes laughter or merriment, a jester.

Pra-hāsita, as, ā, am, caused to laugh.

Pra-hāsin, i, inī, i, laughing aloud, causing laughter, diverting, joking, jesting; satirical; (i), m. the buffoon of a drama (=vi-dūshaka, q.v.).

प्रहस्त pra-hasta, as, ā, am, having long hands; (as), m. the open hand with the fingers extended; N. of a Rākshasa; of a companion of Sūrya-prabha (see Kathā-sarit-s. XLIV. 25).

Prahastaka, as, ā, am, scil. trića, an epithet of the verses Rig-veda VIII. 86, 13-15.

पहा 1. pra-hā, cl. 3. P. -jahāti, -hātum, to forsake, desert, leave, quit, abandon; to depart from; to throw, cast, fling: Pass. - hiyate, to be forsaken or relinquished, to be neglected; to fail, be lost, perish, disappear, vanish; to cease.

2. pra-hā, f., Ved. a good throw at dice, gain, winnings; an advantage; (Sāy. = pra-hantri, a smiter, as if fr. 1. pra-han.) - Prahā-vat, ān, atī, at. Ved. acquiring gain, gaining; (Say.=praharana-vat, dealing blows, smiting.)

Pra-hāna, am, n. relinquishing, abandoning,

omitting, avoiding.

Pra-hāṇi, is, f. relinquishing, abandoning; want, deficiency.

Pra-hāpaṇa, am, n. driving away, forced abandonment or departure.

Pra-hina, as, ā, am, left, abandoned; (as), m. removal, loss, waste, destruction. - Prahina-jivita, as, a, am, one who has abandoned life, dead, slain.

प्रहार pra-hāra. See pra-hri, col. 3.

प्राह 1. pra-hi, cl. 5. P. -hinoti, -hetum, to send forth, dispatch, send to (with dat. or gen. or acc. of the person and acc. of the thing); to shoot (an arrow from a bow), send, cast, throw, discharge; (Ved.) to rouse up, urge on (?); to propitiate (?). Pra-hāyya, as, m., Ved. one who is to be sent,

a messenger; [cf. pra-heya.]

1. pra-hita, as, a, am (for 2. see below), sent forth, sent, dispatched; shot, discharged (as an arrow from a bow); appointed, commissioned [cf. $a-p^{\circ}$]; Gaurīviteh prahitah, N. of a Saman; (am), n. sauce, gravy, condiment. - Prahitan-gama, as, a, am, Ved. going on an errand or mission.

Pra-heti, is, m. a missile weapon (Ved., according to Mahi-dhara = prakrishtam ayudham); N. of a king of the Rākshasas; N. of an Asura.

Pra-hetri, tā, m. one who sends forth; one who

excites or impels. Pra-heya, as, a, am, to be sent away or dis-

patched, serving as a messenger. प्राहे 2. prahi, is, m. (said to be fr. pra-

hri), a well.

प्रहित 2. pra-hita, as, ā, am (fr. pra-dhā, p. 631, col. 3; for 1. see above), put forth, placed; stretched out, extended; suitable, appropriate; learned (?).

प्राहम pra-hima, see Scholiast on Pan. VIII. 4, 16.

प्रहोण pra-hīṇa. See 1. pra-hā above.

प्रहत pra-huta, as, m. (fr. rt. hu with pra), sacrificial food offered to all created beings; (am), n. an offering of food to all created beings (= bhūta-

yajna, Manu III. 74). Pra-huti, is, f., Ved. an oblation, sacrifice; (Sāy." = prakrishtāhutih, an excellent oblation.)

Pra-hosha, as, m., Ved. an oblation, sacrifice (?). Prahoshin, ī, inī, i, Ved. offering oblations or sacrifices.

पह pra-hri, cl. 1. P. A. -harati, -te, -hartum, to strike at, strike, beat; to wound, hurt, injure; to attack, assail, assault; to cast, throw, fling, burl (with dat. or acc.); to seize upon; (with padena) to kick; (Ved.) to offer, present.

Pra-hara, as, m. a particular division of time (comprising about three hours, = 6 or 7 Nādikas; so called from its lapse being announced by beating a gong); the eighth part of a day, a watch [cf. ardha-; a subdivision of Sri-vasanta-raja's work entitled p']; a subdivision of Sirvacathar. Sakuna. - Prahara-kuturi, f. a species of plant (=kutumbinī). - Prahara-virati, is, f. the end of a watch; (au), ind, at the end of the (morning) watch, at nine o'clock in the forenoon.

Praharaka, as, m. striking the hours; a watch. Pra-harana, am, n. striking, beating; casting, throwing; attacking, assailing, assaulting; fighting, war, battle; repelling, removing, expelling; a weapon, (krita-praharana, practised in the use of arms, cf. kritastra); the box of a carriage; a covered car, litter, small covered pleasure-car, (in this sense incorrectly for pra-vahana, q.v.); (as), m., N. of a son of Krishna. - Praharana-kalikā or praharaņa-kalitā, f. a kind of metre, four times 000000-,000000-.

Pra-haraniya, as, a, am, to be attacked or assailed, assailable; to be fought with; to be expelled or removed; (am), n. a weapon.

Praharin, i, m. one who announces the hours by striking a bell, beating a gong, &c.,' a watchman, sentry; a bellman.

Pra-harishyat, an, atī or antī, at, intending to

strike; wishing to take. Pra-hartavya, as, ā, am, to be struck; to be

attacked or assailed, assailable. Pra-hartri, tā, trī, tri, striking, a striker; one

who beats; fighting, a fighter, assailant, combatant, champion; one who shoots, a shooter, archer. Pra-hāra, as, m. striking, hitting; a stroke, blow, slap, knock, thump [cf. tala-p°, mushti-p°]; a kick [cf. pāda-p°]; a cut, thrust [cf. khadga-p°];

killing, wounding; pecking; shooting, hitting (with a missile), a shot, hit. - Prahāra-karaṇa, am, n. dealing blows, beating. - Prahāra-varman, ā, m., N. of a prince of Mithila. - Prahara-valli, f. = ćarma-kaśā, mānsa-rohini. - Prahārārta (°ra- $\bar{a}r^{\circ}$), as, \bar{a} , am, bruised or wounded by a blow, hurt by a blow; (am), n. chronic and acute pain from a wound or hurt.

Pra-hāraņa, am, n. a desirable gift; (a various reading for pra-vāraņa, q.v.)

Pra-hārin, ī, inī, i, striking, smiting, beating; attacking, assailing [cf. randhra-p]; killing; fighting, a warrior, champion, hero.

Pra-hāruka, as, ī, am, Ved. carrying off, tearing

Pra-hārya, as, ā, am, to be beaten, deserving to be beaten; to be taken away, to be removed.

Pra-hrita, as, ā, am, struck, beaten, smitten; seized; (am), n. a stroke, blow, striking, killing; (as), m., N. of a man.

प्रह्म pra-hṛish, cl. 4. P. -hṛishyati, -harshitum, to rejoice beforehand, be glad in anticipation, anticipate pleasure; to be very glad, rejoice exceedingly, exult: Caus. -harshayati, -yitum, to cause to be glad, gladden, cheer, inspirit, encourage, delight.

Pra-harsha, as. m. extreme joy, hilarity, mirth, gladness, delight, rapture, exultation, thrill; erection of the male organ, priapism; praharsham kri, to take pleasure or delight in (with loc.). - Praharshavat. an, atī. at, delighted, glad.

Pra-harshana, as, ī, am, causing erection of the hair of the body, causing a thrill of joy; making glad, gladdening; delighting; delighted, happy; (as), in. the planet Mercury or its ruler [cf. praharshula]; (i), f. turmeric, (a various reading for pra-harshini); a kind of metre, four times