appointing. - Phala-graha, as, ā, am, 'receiving fruits,' deriving profit or advantage, benefited; (as), m. the deriving profit or advantage, being benefited. — Phala-grahi, is, is, i, fruitful, bearing fruit in due scason. — Phala-grahishnu, us, us, u, fruit-bearing, fruitful. — Phala-grahishnu, us, us, u, fruit-bearing, fruitful. — Phala-grahin, i, m. fruit-bearer, a tree (properly a fruit tree). — Phala-ghrita, am, n., Ved. 'fruit-ghee,' N. of an approdisiac for men (which is composed of various ingredients, and said to be the invention of Bharad-vāja); N. of a powerful medicament used in diseases of the uterus. - Phalacamasa, as, m. 'fruit-goblet,' a cup containing fruit instead of Soma (Ved. the fruit consisting of pounded figs, young leaves, and sour milk); the bark of the Indian fig-tree (ground and eaten with curds by way of penance). - Phala-ćāraka, as, m. 'fruitdistributor,'a particular official in Buddhist monasteries. - Phala-coraka, as, m. a kind of perfume. - Phala-cchadana, am, n. a house built of wooden boards. - Phala-tas, ind. consequently, accordingly, virtually. - Phala-tā, f. or phala-tva, am, n. the being fruit, the state of fruit. - Phala-traya, am, n. ' fruittriad,' three sorts of fruit collectively (the fruit of the vine with those of Grewia Asiatica or Xylocarpus Granatum and Gmelina Arborea); the three myrobalans. - Phala-trika, am, n. 'fmit-triad,' the three myrobalans. - Phala-da, as, ā, am, ' fruit-giving,' yielding or bearing fruit; bringing profit or gain; giving a reward, rewarding; (as), m. a tree (properly a fruit tree). – Phala-dātŗi, tā, trī, trī, or phala-dāyin, ī, inī, i, 'fruit-giving,' yielding fruit; giving a result. – Phala-nirvritti, is, f. final consequence or result. - Phala nigritti, is, f. cessation of con-sequences. - Phala nishpatti, is, f. production of fruit, bearing fruit, yielding profit, having the desired results. - Phala-pańcāmla, am, n. a collection of five kinds of acid vegetables and fruits; (see phalāmla-pančaka.) - Phala-pariņati, is, f. the ripeness of fruit. - Phala-paka, as, m. the ripening of fruit; the fulness of consequences; Carissa Carandas or Flacourtia Cataphracta; [cf. $p\bar{a}ka-phala$ and $krishna-p\bar{a}kaphala.] - Phalapākānta (°ka-an°), as, <math>\bar{a}$, am, ending with the ripening of fruit; (\bar{a}), f. an annual plant. - Phalapākāvasānā (°ka-av°), f. ' terminating with ripeness of fruit,' an annual plant. - Phalapākin, ī, m. the plant Thespesia Populneoides. - Phala-pātana, am, n. knocking down or gathering fruit. - Phala-pādapa, as, m. a fruit tree. - Phala-pućcha, as, m. a particular species of esculent root or bulb. - Phala-pura, am, n., N. of a city (= phalaka-pura). - Phala-pushpa-vriddhi, is, f. increase or growth of fruits and flowers .- Phala-pushpā or phala-pushpī, f. Ipomœa Turpethum (=pinda-kharjūri). - Phalapushpopasobhita (°pa-up°), as, ā, am, adorned with "fruits and flowers. – Phala-pūra or phalapāraka, as, m. 'full of kernels,' common citron. - Phala-praćayana, am, n. fruit-gathering, gathering fruits. - Phala-prajanana, am, n. the production of fruit. - Phala-prada, as, ā, am, yielding fruit, productive; bringing a reward. - Phala-pradana, am, n. the giving of fruits; a ceremony at weddings. - Phala-prayukta, as, ā, am, connected with or producing consequences, yielding fruit. - Phala-prasūti, is, f. a growth of fruit, crop of fruit. - Phala-prapti, is, f. obtaining (the desired) fruit or result; enjoying the consequences of actions. - Phala-priyā, f. a species of fragrant plant (= priyangu). - Phala-prepsu, us, us, u, wishing to obtain fruit, desirous of attaining-results. - Phalabandhin, i, ini, i, forming or developing fruit, setting (said of blossom). - Phala-bandhya, as, \bar{a} , am, barren or destitute of fruit, not bearing fruit; [cf. phalābandhya.] - Phala-bhāga, as, m. a share in any product, share of advantage or profit; N. of an astrological work. - Phala-bhāgin, i, ini, i, sharing in the profit or advantage, partaking of a reward. - Phala-bhaj, k, k, k, receiving or having fruit, having consequences; sharing in a reward. - Phala-bhuj, k, k, k, enjoying fruit. - Phala-

bhūti, is, m., N. of a Brāhman. - Phala-bhūmi,

is, f. 'the land of retribution,' a place of reward or recompense (as heaven, hell, &c.). - Phala-bhrit, t, t, t, fruit-bearing, fruitful, productive. - Phalabhoga, as, m. enjoyment of consequences ; possession of rent or profit, usufruct. - Phala-bhogin, i, ini, i, enjoying fruits or consequences, receiving profits. Phala-matsyā, f. the aloe plant. - Phala-mukhyā, f. a species of plant (=aja-modā). - Phalamudgarikā, f. a kind of date tree (= pinda-kharjūrī). - Phala-mūla, am, n. or e, n. dn. or āni, n. pl. fruits and roots. - Phalamulin, i, ini, i, having (edible) fruits and roots. - Phala-yoga, as, m. the attainment of an object ; remuneration, wages. - Phala-rājan, ā, m. 'king of the fruits,' a water-melon. - Phala-vat, ān, atī, at, fruit-bearing, fructiferous, covered or laden with fruits, fruitful ; yielding results or consequences, successful, profitable, advantageous; containing the result or end of a plot; (ati), f. a species of plant (= priyangu; cf. phalini). - Phalavat-tva, am, n. or phalavat-ta, f. fruitfulness, beneficial results or consequences. - Phalavarti, is, f. (in medicine) a suppository. - Phalavartula, am, n. a water-melon; (probably as, m.), the plant Gardenia Latifolia. – Phala-valli, f. a series of quotients in the solution of certain arithmetical problems. - Phala-vikrayin, i, ini, m. f. a fruit-seller, fruiterer, dealer in fruits. - Phala-vriksha, as, m. a fruit tree. - Phala-vrikshaka, as, m. the bread-fruit tree. - Phala-sādara, as, m. the pomegranate tree. - Phalasali-tra, am, n. the bearing of fruit; experience of consequences or results. - Phala-salin, i, ini, i, bearing or yielding fruit; experiencing consequences, sharing in results. - Phala-saisira, as, m. Zizyphus Jujnba (=badara). - Phala-śreshtha, as, m. 'best of fruits,' the mango tree. - Phala-samstha, as, ā, am, bearing fruit. - Phala-sampad, t, f. abundance of fruit, good result, success, prosperity .- Phala-sambaddha, as, m. 'fruit-endowed,' the tree Ficus Glomerata. - Phala-sambhava, as, ā, am, or phala-sambhū, ūs, ūs, u, produced in or by fruit. - Phala-sambhārā, f. 'having an abundance of fruit,' the tree Ficus Oppositifolia. - Phala-sahasra, am, n. a thousand fruits; (e), n. du. two thousand fruits. - Phala-sādhana, am, n. a means of effecting any

result. - Phala-siddhi, is, f. acquiring fruit, reaping fruit, realising an object; a prosperous issue. - Phalasthana, am, n. the stage in which fruits or results are enjoyed .- Phala-sneha, as, m. ' having oil in the fruit,' a walnut tree. - Phala-hāni, is, f. loss of fruit or profit .- Phala-hārin, ī, iņī, i, fruitseizing, stealing fruits. - Phala-hārī, f. an epithet of Kālī (a form of Durgā). - Phala-hīna, as, ā, am, void of fruit, yielding no profit. - Phalahetu, us, us, u, one who has results for a motive, acting with a view to results. - Phalākānkshā (°la-āk°), f. hope or expectation of favourable consequences. - Phalākānkshin, ī, iņī, i, desirous of results, wishing for favourable consequences. - Phalāgama (°la-āg°), as, m. 'arrival of fruits,' the fruit season, autumn. – Phalādhyā (°la-ādh°), f. 'rich in fruit,' a variety of the plantain (= $k\bar{a}shtha-kadal\bar{i}$). - Phalādana ('la-ad'), as, m. 'fruit-eater,' a parrot; [cf. phalāsana.] - Phalādhyaksha ('laadh"), am, n. 'superintendant of fruits,' the tree Mimusops Kauki. - Phalānubandha (°la-an°), as, m. sequence or succession of results, consequences, results. – Phalānumeya (°la-an°), as, ā, am, inferable from consequences or results. - Phalānusarana (°la-an°), am, n. rate or aggregate of profits. - Phalānta (°la-an°), as, m. 'ending with fruit,' a bamboo (which dies away after bearing fruit). - Phalānveshin ('la-an'), ī, iņī, i, seeking fruits

or results, looking for a reward. - Phalapeksha (°la-ap°), f. regard to results, expectation of consequences. - Phaläpeta (°la-ap°), as, ā, am, de-prived of fruit, unproductive, unfertile. - Phaläphalikā (°la-aph°), f., see Gaņa Sāka-pārthivādi to Vārttika to Pān. II. 1, 69. - Phalābandhya (°laab°), as, ā, am, not barren of fruit, bearing fruit; [cf. phala-bandhya.] - Phalabhoga (°la-abh°),

as, m. non-enjoyment of profits, &c. - Phalāmla (°la-am°), as, m. a species of sorrel, Rumex Vesicarius; (am), n. a tamarind. - Phalāmla-panićaka (°la-am^o), am, n. the five acid or sour fruits, viz. bergamot, orange, sorrel, tamarind, and citron; [cf. amla-panića and phala-panićāmla.] - Phalām-lika, as, ā, am, (probably) accompanied with sance prepared from sour tamarind juice. - Phalārāma (°la-ār[°]), as, m. a fruit-garden, orchard. – Phalā-sana (°la-as[°]), as, m. 'fruit-eater,' a parrot; [cf. phalādana.] – Phalāsin (°la-ās[°]), ī, inī, i, feeding or living on fruits. – Phalāsakta ([°]la-ās[°]), as, ā, am, attached to fruit or results, acting for the sake of reward ; fond of fruit, seeking to pluck fruit. - Phalāsava (°la-ās°), as, m. a decoction of fruits. - Phalāsthi (°la-as°), i, n. 'having a hard kernel for fruit,' a cocoa-nut. - Phalāhāra ('la-āh'), as, ī, am, feeding or living on fruits, gathering fruits. - Phale-grahi or phale-grāhi, is, is, i, or phale-grākin, i, iņi, i, bearing fruit is esson, fruitful (=phala-grāki). - Phalendra (°la-in°), as, m.
fruit-king, a species of Engenia (=rāja-jambū). - Phale-pāka, phale-pākā, phale-pāku, see Gava shrub (= drona-pushpi). – Phale-pushpi, f. a kind of small shrub (= drona-pushpi). – Phale-ruhā, f. the trumpet-flower, Bignonia Suaveolens. – Phalocéaya (°la-uć°), as, m. the collecting of fruits, a collection of fruits. - Phalottamā (°la-ut°), f. ' best of fruits,' a kind of grape without stones $(=k\bar{a}kal\bar{i}-dr\bar{a}ksh\bar{a});$ a black grape; the three myrobalans (=tri-phala); the benefit arising from sacred study (?); a small sort of rope (?). - Phalotpali (°la-ut°), is, m. the mango tree; (perhaps incorrectly for phalotpatti.) - Phalotpatti ('la-ut'), is, f. production of fruit, profit, gain, advantage. - Phalodaka (°laud"), as, m., N. of a Yaksha. - Phalodaya ("laud"), as, m. coming forth or appearance of fruit; profit, advantage, gain ; appearance of consequences or results, consequence, result, recompense, reward, retribution, punishment; happiness, joy; heaven, paradise. - Phalodgama ('la-ud'), as, m. the production of fruit, appearance of fruit. - Phaloddesu (°la-ud°), as, m. regard to results. - Phalodbhava (°la-ud°), as, ā, am, obtained or derived from fruits. - Phalopajīvin (°la-up°), ī, inī, i, living by the cultivation or sale of fruits. - Phalopeta ('la-up'), as, ā, am, possessing fruits, yielding fruit.

Phalaka, as, am, m. n. (at the end of an adj. comp., f. ikā), = phala, fruit, result, consequence, profit, gain; menstruation [cf. nava-phaliki]; a shield; (as), m. the plant Mesua Roxburghii; (am), n. a board, lath, plank, a bench; a slab at the base (of a pedestal; cf. sphatika-ph°); any flat surface [cf. phanā.ph^o]; a slab or tablet for writing on [cf. citra.ph^o, lipi.ph^o]; a leaf or page for writing on; the stand on which a Buddhist priest keeps his turban; a broad and flat bone, the os frontis or bone of the forehead; the palm of the hand; the buttocks; a particular vessel; a kind of cloth; the top or head of an arrow; the pericarp of a lotus; (\bar{a}) , f. a various reading for $halak\bar{a}$ in Gana Prekshādi to Pān. IV. 2, 80. - Phalaka-pāni, is, m. a soldier armed with a shield. - Phalaka-pura, am, n., N. of a town in the east of India; [cf. phalapura.] - Phalaka-yantra, am, n. an astronomical instrument invented by Bhāskara. - Phalaka-sak-tha, am, n. a thigh like a board, (Scholiast on Pāņ. V. 4, 98.) - Phalakā-vana or phalakī-vana, am, n., N. of a forest sacred to Sarasvatī. - Phalakāsādana (°ka-ās°), am, n. the obtaining or reaching a plank (said of a drowning person).

Phalakin, i, ini, i, having boards, boarded; armed with a shield ; (i), m. a wooden bench ; a kind of fish, = phali; (i, i), m. n. sandal-wood. Phalat, an, anti, at, bearing or yielding fruit;

producing consequences; bringing gain or profit. - Phalaj-jala-vāsudeva, as, m., N. of a poet.

Phalana, am, n. bearing fruit, fructifying; producing consequences.

Phalasa, as, ā, am, possessed of fruit?; (as), m. the bread-fruit or Jaka tree (=panasa).

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