=bali-mukha. - Baly-upākhyāna, am, n., N. of the twentieth chapter of the Vasishtha-ramayana or Yoga-väsishtha.

- Balika, as, m. the edge of a thatched roof, (more properly valika, q.v.); N. of a Naga-raja.
- 2. balita, as, ā, am (for 1. see p. 676, col. 1), wrinkled, having wrinkles, wizened.
- Balina, as, a, am, wrinkled, shrivelled, flabby, flaccid.
- Balibha, as, ā, am, shrivelled, wrinkled, flaccid, withered.

Bali. See p. 676, col. 3.

Balina, as, m. a scorpion; N. of an Asura.

बलिन balin. See p. 676, col. I.

बलिवरे balivarda, as, m. (according to native authorities connected with bala, strength, and with rt. vridh, varda being for vardha), a bull or ox; (i), f., N. of a woman.

Balivarda. See balivarda above.

Balivardin, ī, m., N. of a man.

Balivardineya, as, m. a metronymic from Balivardī.

Balivardha = balivarda, q.v.

बलिष balishtha, balishnu. Secp.676, col.1.

बलीयस baliyas. See p. 676, col. 1.

बलोह baliha, ās, m. pl., N. of a people; [cf. balhika.]

बल्क्स balkasa, am, n., Ved. dregs or sediment left in the distillation of ardent spirits.

बल्बज balbaja, as, m. (in the later literature written valvaja), Eleusine Indica, a species of coarse grass (found in meadows and on roads in solitary patches and not liked by cattle). - Balbajamaya, as, i, am, made of the grass Eleusine Indica. - Balbaja-stuka, Ved. a bunch or tuft of the grass Elensine Indica.

Balbajika, as, ā, am, see Gaņa Kumudādi I. to Pan. IV. 2, 80.

बल्बला balbala, ind., Ved. an onomatopoetic word. - Balbalā-kurvat, an, atī, at, Ved. stammering, stuttering. - Balbalā-kri, cl. 8. P. -karoti, -kartum, Ved. to stammer in speaking, "stammer, stutter; [cf. Lat. balbutire.]

बल्य balbūtha, as, m., Ved., N. of a man.

बल्य balya. See p. 676, col. 1.

बल balla, in Mahā-bh. Droņa-p. 1217, incorrectly for valga, q.v.

वद्भव ballava, as, m. (also written vallava, q. v.), a cowherd [cf. go-vallava]; N. assumed by Bhīma-sena when cook to king Virāța; a cook; (i), f. a cowherdess. - Ballava-tva, am, n. the charge or duty of a cowherd. - Ballava-yuvati, is, or ballava-yuvati, f. a young cowherdess.

बझाल ballala, as, m., N. of various men; of the author of the Bhoja-prabandha or history of king Bhoja. - Ballāla-misra, as, m., N. of a king. - Ballāla-sena, as, m., N. of a poet; N. of a king of Bengal who reigned in the eleventh century of our era.

बल balva, am, n. (also written valva), N. of the second Karana or astrological division of the day; (also called balava or valava; see under karana.)

बलल balvala, as, m., N. of a Daitya, the son of llvala; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people; (a various reading for kalkala, q.v.)

बल्बी balvi, incorrectly for valli, q.v.

aler balhi, is, m., N. of a country, Balkh; [cf. balhika, balhi.]

Balhika, as, m., N. of a man; $(\bar{a}s)$, m. pl., N. of a people; (sometimes also written valhika.)

Balhika, am, D. (also written vahlika), = bāl- 1 hika, Asa Fœtida.

वच bava, am, n., N. of the first Karana or astrological division of the day; (also written vava : see under karana.)

बाज्य bashkaya, as, ā, am (also written vashkaya, q.v.), Ved. one year old, a yearling, (Say. = either aditya, the sun, or eka-hayano vatsah, a yearling calf); born later or after (?).

Bashkayani (or vashkayani), f. a cow bearing many calves; a cow whose calf is full-grown.

Bashkayinī = bashkayanī.

Bashkiha, as, ā, am, Ved. (according to Mahidhara) = ćira-prasūta.

बस्त basta, as, m. (also written vasta, q.v.), a goat. - Basta-karna, as, m. the Sal tree, Shorea Robusta (=aja-karnaka). - Basta-gandhā, f. shrubby basil, Ocymum Gratissimum (= aja-gandhā). - Bastagandhākriti (°dhā-āk°), a species of plant (= putra-dātrī). - Basta-mukha, as, ī, am, goat-faced,' having a face like that of a goat.-Bastamūtra, am, n. the urine of a goat. - Basta-modā, f. 'goat's delight,' a species of plant $(=aja-mod\bar{a})$. - Basta-vāsin, $\bar{\imath}$, $in\bar{\imath}$, i, making a noise like a goat; (probably an incorrect form for basta-vāsin.) - Basta-śringi, f. a species of plant (= mesha-śringi). - Bastantri (°ta-an°), f. Argyreiz Speciosa or Argentea (= chagalantri). - Bastabhivasin or bastābhivāsin (°ta-abh°), ī, inī, i, Ved.= basta-nasin.

afe basri, ind., Ved. (according to Say.) =kshipram, quickly, swiftly.

are bah (another form of rt. banh), to grow, increase, &c. See rt. banh.

Bahala, as, ā, am, hard, firm, compact; dense, thick (as any substance or as a liquid); harsh (as a sound); manifold, multifarious; (as), m. a kind of sugar-cane; (\bar{a}), f. Anethum Sowa (= sata-pushp \bar{a}); large cardamoms. - Bahala-gandha, am, n. a species of sandal (= sambara-candana). - Bahalaćakshus, us, m. a species of plant (= mesha-śringī; also read ćakshur-bahala and ćakshur-vahana). - Bahala-tā, f. thickness, density, compactness. - Bahala-tvaća, as, m. the white flowering Lodhra. - Bahala-vartman, a, n. a particular disease of the eyes, a swollen eyelid. - Bahalānga = bahalaćakshus, q.v. - Bahalānurāga (°la-an°), as, ā,

am, deep red. Bahu, us, us or vī, u (of rare occurrence in the first nine Mandalas of the Rig-veda; frequently used in the Atharva-veda), much, abundant; many, numerous; frequent, repeated; abounding in, rich in (with inst., Ved.); large, great, mighty; fine, hand-some, splendid (Ved.); kim bahunā, what occasion is there for much (speaking)? why say more? in short, in fine; bahu, ind. much, abundantly; in a high degree, greatly, exceedingly, very [cf. bahu-kalyāna, bahu-citra, bahu-sadrisa]; rather, somewhat, very nearly, almost, (at the beginning of a comp.; cf. bahu-trina, bahu-trivarsha); bahu man, to think much of, esteem highly, rate high, prize, value. - Bahu-kantaka, as, m. ' many-thorned,' N. of various prickly plants; a species of Asteracantha Longifolia; Hedysarum Alhagi (= yavāsa); Phœnix Paludosa, = hintāla; (ā), f. Solanum Jacquini (= agni-damanī). — Bahu-kaņtā, f. 'many-thomed,' the plant Solanum Jacquini. - Bahu-kanda, as, m. ' having many bulbous roots,' the plant Arum Campanulatum; (\bar{i}), f. a species of plant (=karkati). - Bahu-kara, as, \bar{i} , am, 'much-doing,' doing many things, busy, diligent; industrious, laborious; effecting much, serviceable in various ways; one who sweeps, a sweeper; (as), m. a camel; (i), f. a broom. - Bahu-karaniya, as, ā, am, one who has much to do or complains he is full of business, one who never has time for anything; [cf. bahu-kritya.] - Bahu-karņikā, f. = ākhu-kurņī, Salvinia Cucullata; [cf. bahu-parnikā.] - Bahu-kalyāna, as, ā

बहुत्व bahu-tva. or ī, am, very illustrious, most noble. - Bahukāma, as, ā, am, having many wishes, cherish-ing many desires. - Bahu-kāra, as, ā, am, ' nuchdoing,' doing or effectiog much. - Bahu-kālam, ind. for a long time, for a long while. - Bahukālina, as, ā, am, of long standing, old, ancient. - Bahukīța, as, m., N. of a Grāma in the north. - Bahukulīna or bahu-kulya, as, ā, am, see Scholiast on Pāņ. IV. 1, 140; [cf. bāhu-kuleyaka.] - Bahukusumita, as, ā, am, 'many-blossomed,' full of blossoms. – Bahu-kūrća, as, m. a species of cocoa-nut (=madhu-nālikerika). – Bahu-kritya, as, ā, am, = bahu-karanīya, q. v. - Bahu-ketu, us, m., N. of a mountain, - Bahu-krama, as, m., Ved. a Krama of more than three words; [cf. krama.] - Bahu-kshama, as, ā, am, enduring much, patient; (as), m. a Jaina deified saint; a Buddha. – Bahu-kshāra, as, m. a kind of alkali (= sarva-kshāra). - Bahu-gandha, as, ā, am, 'mdchsmelling,' strong scented; (as), m. the resin of Bos-wellia Thurifera, olibanum; (\bar{a}) , f. a bud of Michelia Champaka; Jasminum Auriculatum; Nigella Indica = krishna-jiraka; (am), n. cinnamon. - Bahu-gandha-tā, f. musk. - Bahu-garhya-vāć, k, k, k, saying much that is to be censured, talking much and blamably, too talkative, garrulous, loquacious. - Bahu-gava, as, m. ' having many kine,' N. of a prince. - Bahu-giri, is, N. of a district. - Bahu-guda, f. the plant Solanum Jacquini. - Bahu-guna, as, ā, am, many-threaded, composed of many threads: manifold, multifarious, much; having many good qualities, possessed of many virtues; (as), m., N. of a Deva-gandharva, (Mahā-bh. Ādi-p. 4814, where however bahu-guna is more probably an adj. in the last of the preceding senses.) - Bahu-guru, us, m. one who has read much but superficially (=cumbaka). - Bahu-guhā, f. = bahu-gudā. - Bahu-go, gaus, gaus, gu, having much cattle. - Bahu-granthi, is, m. 'many-knotted,' the plant Tamarix Indica. - Bahu-graha, as, ā, am, ' much-receiving,' receiving or taking much, holding much. - Bahu-cārin, ī, iņī, i, Ved. 'much-wandering,' roaming widely .- Bahu-citra, as, ā, am, very various or manifold. – Bahu-échada, as, m. the plant Alstonia. Scholaris (= sapta-parna). – Bahu-échinnā, f. a species of plant (= kanda-gudūcī). - Bahu-janya, am, n. (?), a multitude of people. - Bahu-jalpa, as, ā, am, 'much-talking,' very talkative, loquacious. - Bahu-java, as, ā, am, Ved. very swift, (a word used in Nirukta XII. 43 to explain uru-jri, q.v.) - Bahu-jāta, as, ā, am, Ved. grown mighty, (a word used in Nirukta XII. 36 to explain tuvijāta, q. v.) - Bahu-jia, as, ā, am, 'much-know-ing,' possessed of great knowledge. - Bahujia-tā, f. great knowledge. - Bahu-tantri, is, is, i, manyfibred (said only of the body, Pan. V. 4, 159). - Bahutantrika, as, ā, am (fr. bahu+tantri), manystringed, having many strings (as a musical instrument). – Bahu-tama, as, \bar{a} , am, Ved. very many, most, most numerous; farthest, remotest (e.g. \bar{a} bahutamāt purushāt, as far as the remotest descendant). - Bahu-tara, as, ā or ī, am, more, more abundant, more numerous, very abundant, very numerous; many, most; greater, mightier, of greater extent, very great; (am), ind. more, very much, for the greater part, chiefly. - Bahutarakaniśa, as, m. a kind of corn or grain; [cf. guććhakanisa.] - Bahu-tarām, ind. in a high degree, highly, exceedingly, much. - Bahu-tas, ind. from or by much, from or by many; from many sides. - Bahu-tā, f. the being many, numerousness, muchness, abundance, plenty, multiplicity, plurality; [cf. bahu-tva.] - Bahu-tiktā, f. the plant Solanum Indicum (= kāka-māćikā). - Bahutitha, see p. 679, col. 3. - Bahu-trina, am, n. rich or abounding in grass ; much like a blade of grass, (according to Mallinätha = trina-kalpa.) - Bahu-tra, ind. in many

ways or places, amongst many. - Bahu-trā, ind., Ved.

amongst many, to many. - Bahu-trivarsha, as, ä,

am, Ved. well-nigh three years old. - Bahu-tva, am,

n. the state of being much or many, muchness, abun-