Kāśī-nātha-bhatta.

वाप्पदेव bāpya-deva, as, m., N. of the writer of a particular inscription.

वावजीव्यास bābajī-vyāsa, as, m., N. of an anthor.

वाबर bābara, am, n. (fr. babara), epithet of a Panca-ratra; N. of a place.

बादरी bāberī, f., N. of a city.

बाधव bābhrava, as, ī, am (fr. babhru), belonging or relating to Babhru; (as), m. a patronymic from Babhru; (ī), f. an epithet of Durga (the wife of Babhru, i. e. Siva).

Bābhravāyani, is, m. a patronymic from Bābhrava; N. of a son of Viśvā-mitra.

Bābhraviya, ās, m. pl. (fr. bābhravya), the disciples or followers of Babbravya.

Bābhravya, as, m. a patronymic from Babhru; N. of a teacher.

Bābhravyaka, as, ī, am, inhabited by Bābhravyas. Bābhruka, as, ī, am, like an ichneumon, (i.e. probably) brown, brownish.

बार bāra, Ved. an opening, aperture; [cf. jihma-b°, nīcīna-b°.]

वारहर bārahaṭa, as, m. epithet of Narahara-dāsa the author of the Hindī work Avatāraćaritra or Caturvinsaty-avatāra-ćaritra.

बारज्य bārejya, N. of a town.

वावेटीर bārbatīra or bārvatīra, as, m. the kernel of the mango fruit; a young shoot; tin; the son of a barlot; [cf. barbați.]

बाह bārha, bārhina. See vārha.

बाहत barhata, as, ī, am (fr, brihat), Ved. relating to the Saman called Brihat, celebrated in the Brihat-saman, (according to Mahi-dhara = brihatsama-stutu); relating or belonging to the Brihati metre, representing it, consisting of it; Barhatam vājajidaukshņorandhram, N. of a Sāman; (am), n. the fruit of the Brihati, a variety of the So-

Bārhatānushṭubha, as, ī, am (fr. bṛihat + anushtubh), Ved. consisting of a Bribati and an Anu-

Bārhatsāmā, f. (fr. bṛihat-sāman), Ved., N. or epithet of a woman.

Bārhadugna, ās, m. pl. (fr. bṛihad-agni), the descendants of Brihad-agni.

Bārhadīshava, as, m. a patronymic from Brihadishn (with i lengthened).

Bārhaduktha, as, ī, am, Ved. relating or belonging to Brihad-uktha; (as), m. a patronymic from Brihad-uktha.

Bārhadgira, as, ī, am, Ved. relating or belonging to Brihad-giri.

Bārhaddaivata, am, n. (fr. brihad-devatā), -N. of a work also called Brihad-devatā and attributed to Saunaka.

Bārhadbala, as, ī, am, relating or belonging to Brihad-bala.

Barhadratha, as, ī, am, relating or belonging to Bṛihad-ratha; (as), m. a patronymic of Jarā-sandha; (sometimes spelt barahadratha.)

Bārhadrathi, is, m. (fr. brihad-ratha), a patronymic of Jara-sandha.

Barhavata, as, i, am, containing the word barha-

Bārhaspata, as, ī, am, relating or belonging to Brihas-pati, descended from Brihas-pati, sacred to

Bārhaspatya, as, tī, am, relating to or coming from Brihas-pati; (as), m. a pupil of Brihas-pati; an infidel, a materialist; an epithet of Samyu; of

वापय bapaya, as, m. surname of the scribe | Agni; of Tapur-murdhan; of Bharad-vāja; (am), n., scil. bha or nakshatra, the constellation Pushya; the Artha-śāstra of Brihas-pati, ethics, morality; Bārhaspatyam mānam, 'Jupiter's measure of time,' a method of reckoning time. - Bārhaspatyajyotir-grantha, as, m., N. of a work mentioned in Raghu-nandana's Sanskāra-tattva. — Bārhaspatya-tantra, am, n., N. of a Tantra mentioned in the Ananda-lahari.

> बाहिषद bārhishada, as, m. a patronymic from Barhishad.

> बाल bāl, ind., Ved. an interjection imitative of the sound of a falling body.

बाल bāla, as, ā, am (said to be fr. rt. 2. bal), young, childish, infantine, immature, not fullgrown; newly risen (as the sun, cf. bālātapa, bālāditya, bālārka), new or waxing (as the moon, cf. bāla-ćandra, bālendu); puerile, ignorant, unwise, uninstructed; pure (said especially of a female animal, as a heifer &c., fit for sacrifice); (as, \bar{a}) , m. f. a child (especially one under five years of age, but also one under sixteen years of age generally), an infant; (in law) a minor (who is distinguished as a kumāra or boy under five years of age; sisu, a boy under eight; poganda, a boy from the fifth to the end of the ninth year, or where the next distinction is omitted, till the sixteenth year; and kisora, a boy from the tenth to the sixteenth year); the young of an animal, a five years old elephant [cf. $b\bar{a}la$ -gaja]; a colt, foal; one whose understanding is not matured, a simpleton, fool; a tail, an elephant or horse's tail; hair; (as, am), m. n. a kind of perfume or fragrant grass, Andropogon Schoenanthus; (as), m. a boy; a kind of fish, Cyprinus Denticulatus or Cyprinus Rohita; N. of a prince; (ā), f. a female child, girl, young woman not more than sixteen years of age; a woman, female; small cardamoms [cf. candra-b°]; Aloe Indica [cf. ghrita-kumārī]; a species of plant, commonly called Aknadhi; a variety of jasmine; a species of flower, Hibiscus Tortnosus; the cocoa-nut; turmeric; a kind of metre, the quantities of the first three lines being o-o-o-o, and that of the fourth ---- &c.; N. of the mother of Balin and Sugrīva, (she is said to have been formed by Prajapati out of some dust which had fallen into his eyes); N. of a mystical prayer; (i), f. a kind of ear-ring; [cf. Lith. wála-s, 'horsehair.'] = Bāla-kadalī, f. a young plantain tree, Musa Sapientum. = Bālakāṇḍa, am, n. 'section treating of the boy (Rāma),' N. of the first book of the Ramayana according to the northern recension (called Adi-kāṇḍa in the Bengali recension); N. of the first book of the Adhyātma-rāmāyaṇa. — $B\bar{a}la-kunda$, as, am, m. n. a young jasmine of the variety Jasminum Multiflorum or J. Pubescens. - Bālakundānuviddha (°da-an°), as, ā, am, adomed with young jasmine blossoms. — Bāla-kṛimi, is, m. 'hair-insect,' a louse. - Bāla-krishņa, as, m. the boy Krishņa, Krishņa as a boy; N. of various men; N. of the father of the author Sankara-dīkshita; of a friend of Maņirāma (a commentator on the Bhāminī-vilāsa); of the father of Maha-deva (the author of the Nyaya-siddhānta-muktāvalī-dīpikā, a commentary on the Bhāshā-pariććheda); of a son of Mahādeva-bhatta and husband of Lakshmī-devī; of a son of Ranga-nātha and father of Nārāyaṇa (a commentator on the Uttararāma-carita); of the father of Ranga-nātha and Venīmādhava-bandbu; of a man called also Gangā-dhara. - Bāla-leriyā, f. children's act, the actions or conduct of children. - Bāla-krīdana, am, n. child's play, childish amusement. - Bāla-krīdanaka, as, m. a child's toy or plaything, a ball; the plant Cypræa Moneta; an epithet of Siva; (am), n. child's play, childish sports; (āni), n. pl., N. of the sixty-first chapter of the third part of Vatsyayana's Kāma-sūtra. - Bāta-krīdā, f. child's play, children's amusements, childish sport, juvenile pastime. - Bālakrīdā-varņana, am, n., N. of the eleventh book

of the Kumāra-sambhava. - Bāla-khilya, as, m. [cf. vāla-khilya], a divine personage of the size of a thumb, (sixty thousand were produced from Brahma's body, and surround the chariot of the Sun; see Raghu-vansa XV. 10; Wilson's Vishnu-Purāṇa, p. 34.) – Bāla-gajā, as, m. a young elephant. – Bāla-garbhinī, f. a cow with calf for the first time. – Bāla-gādā-dharī, f., N. of a work by Annam Bhaṭṭa (=tarka-dīpīliā). – Bāla-gopāla, as, m. 'the boy cowherd,' Krislina as a youthful herdsman. - Bālagopāla-tīrtha, as, m., N. of the teacher of the commentator Dhana-pati. - Bālagopāla-yatīndra (°ti-in°), as, m., N. of the scholiast on Sankara's commentary to the Kathopanishad. - Bāla-gaurī-tīrtha, am, n., N. of a sacred bathing-place in Srī-māla. - Bāla-graha, as, m. 'seizer of children,' a kind of demon (to whom nine kinds of demoniacal possessions are ascribed); any demon who delights in teasing and injuring children. - Balagraha-pratishedha, am, n., N. of a chapter of Vāgbhata's Ashtānga-hridaya-samhitā. - Bālagrahopasamana ('ha-up'), am, n., N. of a chapter of the Sarnga-dhara-paddhati. - Bala-ghna, as, m. a child-slayer, one who has killed a child, the murderer of a child; (i), f. a murderess of children (said of a Rākshasī). - Bāla-ćandra, as, or bālaćandramas, ās, m. the young or waxing moon (= balendu); a term for the moon till five or six days old. - Bālaćandrikā, f., N. of a woman. - Bālacarita or bāla-caritra, am, n. 'childish exploits,' juvenile sports or pastime; a common N. of works or sections of works treating of the youthful adventures of a deity; N. of a chapter of the Ganesa-Purana. - Bālaćarita-nāman, N. of a work by Vallabbadikshita containing the titles of Krishna derived from 128 of his youthful adventures. - Bāla-ćarya, as, m. 'behaving like a child,' an epithet of Karttikeya; (a), f. the conduct or behaviour of a child. - Balaćūta, as, m. a young mango tree. - Bāla-ja, as, ā, am, springing or produced from hair; (in Mahābh. Anusasana-p. 1611, 4587, a wrong reading for bālbaja, q.v.) - Bāla-tanaya, as, m. 2 young son; the tree Acacia Catechu. - Bala-tantra, am, n. midwifery, the care of a lying-in woman and of her child. - Bāla-tara, us, m. a young tree. - Bālatā, f. or bāla-tva, am, n. childhood, boyhood. - Bāla-trina, am, n. yonng grass. - Bāladalaka, as, m. 'small-leafed,' the tree Acacia Catechn; [cf. bāla-pattra.] - Bāla-deva, as, m., N. of the father of Bava-deva, q. v. - Bala-dhana, am, n. the property of a minor or infant. - Bāla-dhi, is, m. a hairy tail (as that of a horse). - Bala-pandita, as, m., N. of a man. - Bāla-pattra or bāla-pat-traka, as, m. 'small-leafed,' Acacia Catechu (= bāladalaka); Hedysarum Alhagi. — Bāla-pādapa, as, m. a young tree. - Bāla-pāśyā, f. an ornament (of gold, silver, &c.) worn between the hair when parted on the forehead; a string of pearls binding the hair. - Bāla-putra, as, ā, am, having little children, possessing very young children; possessed of young offspring. — $B\bar{a}la$ -putraka, as, m, a little son. — $B\bar{a}la$ -pushpik \bar{a} , f. a variety of jasmine (=yūthikā). - Bāla-pushpī, f. a variety of jasmine, Jasminum Auriculatum. - Bāla-bandhana. as, m., Ved. 'child-fetterer,' N. of a demon. - Balabodha, as, m. 'instruction for the youthful,' N. of various works adapted to the capacity of the young or inexperienced; of a commentary by the mathematician Go-vinda the son of Ladama on a Nyaya work by Sandilya; of a work by Vallabha Aćarya on devotion to Krishna. - Bāla-bodhaka, as, ī, am, instructing the youthful and inexperienced, enlightening the simple. - Bāla-bodhanī, f. 'instructing the youthful,' N. of a Vedānta work. - Bālabodhini, f. 'instructing the youthful,' N. of a commentary by an anonymous Vedanta writer on the Vākya-sudhā; N. of a work by Sankarāćarya said to epitomize the logical portions of the Sarīrakamīmāgsā-bhāshya. - Bālabodhinī-bhāva-prakāśikā, f., N. of a commentary on Sankara Aćārya's Bāla-bodhini. - Bāla-bhanjaka, as, m., N. of a