Bälhīkas; N. of a son of Janam-ejaya; of a son of Pratīpa; of the father of Rohiņī, wife of Vasu-deva; of a Gandharva; $(\bar{a}s)$, m. pl., N. of a people,= $b\bar{a}lhika$; (ī), f. a princess of the Bälhīkas (an epithet of Mādī, Mahā-bh. Ādi-p. 4886); $(as, \bar{1}, am)$, belonging to or derived from the Bälhīkas; (am), n. saffron; Asa Fœtida, $-B\bar{a}lhīka-bhāshā$, f. the language of the Bälhīkas (enumerated among the various Prākrit dialects). $-B\bar{a}lhīkesa$ ($ka + \bar{1}s^{\circ}$), as, m. lord of the Bälhīkas.

वाचादंच bāvū-deva, as, m., N. of the anthor of the Arpaņa-mīmāŋsā, a treatise on sacrificial rites.

Bāvā-sāstrin, ī, m., N. of the author of the Svarodaya-vivaraņa, q. v.

TTARS bāshkala, as, m., N. of a teacher (a pupil of Paila); of a Daitya; of a son of Annhrāda; ($\tilde{a}s$), m. pl., N. of a family regarded as belonging to the Kauśikas, (also written $v \tilde{a}skal \tilde{a}s$); N. of a school; (as, \tilde{a}, am), large, great?; (as), m. a wartior (see $v \tilde{a}shkala$). – $B \tilde{a}shkala - s \tilde{a}kh \tilde{a}$, f., N. of a work. – $B \tilde{a}shkala - s \tilde{a}kh \tilde{a}$, (s, n., N. of an Upanishad.

Bāshkalaka, as, ā, am, belonging to or derived from the Bāshkalas.

Bāshkali, is, m. a patronymic from Bāshkala; N. of a teacher.

वाफिलह bāshkiha, as, m. a patronymic from Bashkiha.

वाष्प bāshpa, bāshpaka, bāshpin, &c. See vāshpa, &c.

वास्तल bāskala, a various reading for bāshkala above.

TIRT bāsta, as, ī, am (fr. basta, a goat, cf. vasta), belonging to or coming from a goat, goatish; bāstaņi ćarma, a goat-skin; (also written vāsta, cf. Manu II. 41.)

Bāstāyana, as, m. a patronymic from Basta.

वाह bāh. See rt. vāh.

बाह bāha, as, ā, m. f. the arm,=1. bāhu below; (as), m. a borse; (probably for vāha fr. rt. vah.) 1. bāhava, am, n. (fr. bahu), see Gaņa Prithvādi to Pāņ. V. 1, 122.

2. bāhava, as, am, m. n., Ved. the arm (= bāhu). Bāhavi, is, m. 2 patronymic from Bāhu; N. of a teacher.

 $B\bar{a}h\bar{a}b\bar{a}havi$, ind. arm against arm, hand to hand (in close combat, = $b\bar{a}h\bar{u}b\bar{a}havi$).

TIEZ bāhaļa, as, m., N. of an author mentioned by Malli-nātha in his commentary on the Raghn-vaņša.

बाहड bāhada, as, m., N. of a man.

वाहाटुर bāhādura, as, m. a modern title of honour conferred by Muhammadan kings bearing some resemblance to the European title of military knighthood (=Pers. جهادر).

वाहावाहवि bahabahavi. See above.

चाहिर्देदिक bāhirvedika, as, ī, am (fr. bahir-vedi), Ved. situated or taking place outside the Vedi; [cf. bahirvedika.]

TIETA bāhīka, as, ī, am (fr. bahis), being outside, external, exterior; (probably) being abroad; belonging or relating to the people of the Paňjāb; (\overline{as}), m. pl. the people of the Paňjāb, (opposed to prādya); (as), m. an inhabitant of the Paňjāb, a Paňjābī; N. of a priest; an ox; (am), n., N. of a lake or piece of water in the country of the Bāhīkas.

eng 1. bāhu, us, m. (fr. rt. bah for banh, said to be fr. rt. bādh; by some grammarians 1. bāhu is said to be both m. and f.; for 2. bāhu see col. 3), the arm, (bāhū udyumya, raising

the two arms; Lakshmano Rāmasya dakshino [bāhuh, Lakshmana is Rāma's right arm; ājānubahu, one whose arms reach as far as his kness; cf. $ud-b^{\circ}$, $\bar{u}rdhva-b^{\circ}$); the fore-arm, the arm between the elbow and the wrist, (opposed to pra-ganda, q.v.); the fore-foot of an animal, (according to the commentators especially the upper part of the forefoot, but perhaps also the lower part; cf. prisni b°); the whole upper extremity of the body (in medicine, as opposed to sakthi, the lower extremity); the limb of a bow (Ved.); the bar of a chariot-pole (Ved.); a door-post [cf. dvāra-b°]; (in geometry) the base of a right-angled triangle, leg of a triangle, side of an angular figure [cf. bāhu-pratibāhu]; the shadow of the gnomon on a sun-dial; the constellation Ardra, (in this sense also \bar{u} , m. du.); N. of a Daitya; of a prince (enumerated among eighteen who brought ruin upon their families by their illegal actions, Mahā-bh. Udyoga-p. 2731); of a son of Vrika; of a son of Vajra; (adjective compounds having bahu in the sense of 'arm' at the end and applied to the names of persons make their fem. in \bar{u} ; [cf. Zeod bâzu, 'the arm;' Gr. πηχυ-s, βραχίων; Lat. brachium; Old Norse båg-r = Old Germ. buoc, 'a bow, bend.'] - Bāhukara, as, i, am, working with the hands. - Bahukuntha or bāhu-kubja, as, ā, am, crippled in the arnis. - Bāhu-kuntha, as, m. a wing. - Bāhukshad, t, t, t, Ved. offering the fore-legs (i. e. the inferior parts) of an animal (said of a parsimonious sacrificer; according to Say. = bahubhir yajamānah). - Bāhu-ćāpa, as, m. 'arm-bow,' the distance measured by the extended arms, a fathom. - Bāhu-cyut, t, t, t, in Atharva-veda XVIII. 3, 25, perhaps for $b\bar{a}hu$ - $t\bar{a}$. – $B\bar{a}hu$ - $\delta yuta$, as, \bar{a} , am, Ved. fallen from the arm, dropped out of the hand; (Say. = bāhubhyām pracyutah.) - Bāhu-ja, as, m. 'arm-born,' a Kshatriya or man of the military class (as sprung from the arm of Brahma, Manu I. 3t); a parrot; sesamum growing wild or spontaneously. - Bāhu-jūta, as, ā, am, Ved. swift with the arms; (Say. = bahuh prerakah satrunam yasya tadrisah, repelling the enemy with the arms.) - Bāhu-jyā, f. the cord of an arc, sine. - Bāhu-tā, ind., Ved. in the arms; [cf. deva-ta, 2. purushatā.] - Bāhu-trāna, am, n. 'arm-fence,' armour for the arms, vantbrass. - Bāhu-daņda, as, am, m. n. arm-staff,' an arm like a staff, the arm compared to a staff; a blow or punishment inflicted with the arm or fist; [cf. bhuja-danda.] – Bāhu-dā, f. 'arm-giver,' an epithet of Suyašā (a wife of Parīkshit, Mahā-bb. Ādi-p. 3795); N. of a river said to rise in the Himālaya and probably identical with the Vitastā or classical Hydaspes and modern Jhelum, (into this river Gauri the wife of Prasena-jit is said to have been transformed; and its name is accounted for by a legend that a saint recovered his lost arms by bathing in the stream.) - Bahu-pasa, as, m. crossing or intertwining the arms,' a particular attitude in fighting. - Bāhu-pratibāhu, ū, n. du. (in geometry) the opposite sides of a figure. - Bahuprasara, as, m. the act of stretching out the arms, embracing. - Bāhu-praharaņa, as, m. 'striking with the arms,' a striker, boxer; (am), n. boxing, wrestling. - Bahu-phala, am, n. (in geometry) the result from the base sine; the sine of an arc of a circle of position contained between the sun and the prime vertical. - Bāhu-bala, am, n. power or strength of arm; (as), m., N. of a prince; (as, ā, am), strong in the arm. - Bāhu-balin, ī, inī, i, strong in the arm. - Bāhu-bādha, ās, m. pl., N. of a people; (also read bāhu-bādhya, bahu-rada.) - Bahu-bhangi, is, f. bending or twisting the arms.

- Bāhu-bhūshaṇa, am, n. or bāhu-bhūshā, f. • Bāhu-bhūshaṇa, am, n. or bāhu-bhūshā, f. • arm-ornament,' an armlet, an ornament worn on the upper part of the arm. - Bāhu-bhedin, i, m. • arm-breaker,' an epithet of Vishṇu. - Bāhu-mat, ān, atī, at, one who has (strong) arms; (ān), m. an epithet of Indra; (atī), f., N. of a river. - Bāhumaya, as, ī, am, made or done with the arms. - Bāhu-mātra, as, ī, am, Ved. as long as the arm. - Bāhu-mūla, am, n. the root or juocture of the arm, armpit, extremity of the upper part of the arm, shoulder-blade, the region of the shoulder. - Bāhumūla-vibhūshaņa, am, n. an ornament worn on the extremity of the upper part of the arm. - Bahu-yuddha, am, n. ' arm-fight,' a close fight, personal struggle, pugilistic encounter, boxing, wrest-ling, pugilism. $-B\bar{a}hu-yodh\alpha$, as, or $b\bar{a}hu-yodhin$, i, m.' fighting with the arms,' a wrestler, a boxer.- Bāhu-lata, f. ' arm-creeper,' an arm (lithe) as a creeper or climbing plant. - Bāhulatāntara (°tā-an°), am, n. the space between creeper-like arms, the breast, bosom. - Bāhu-latikā, f. an arm like a young creeper or climbing plant. - Bāhu-vikshepa, as, m. the act of throwing the arms apart, moving the arms ; swimming. - Bahu-virya, am, n. strength of arm, personal prowess. - Bāhu-vrikta, as, m., Ved. N. of a descendant of Atri and author of the hymns Rig-veda V. 71, 72. – Bāhu-vyāyāma, as, m. [•]arm-exercise, gymnastic or athletic exercise. – Bāhu-sakti, is, m., N. of a king. - Bāhu-sardhin, ī, inī, i, Ved. 'relying on (his) arms,' mighty in arm or prowess; an epithet of Indra. - Bahu-salin, i, ini, i, possessing (strong) arms; (i), m. an epithet of Siva; N. of a Dānava; of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra; of Bhima; of a prince. - Bahu-sikhara, 'the upper part of the arm,' the shoulder. - Bāhu-sambhava, as, m.' arm-born,' sprung from the arms (of Brahmā),' a Kshatriya or man of the military class. - Bahusahasra-bhrit, t, m. 'having a thousand arms,' an epithet of king Arjuna Kārtavīrya killed by Parašurāma. - Bāhūtkshepam (°hu-ut°), ind. having lifted up the arms, having raised the hands. - Bāhū-bāhavi, ind. arm against arm, arm to arm, hand to hand or mutually grappling (in close combat, = bāhābāhavi). - Bāhv-anka, as, m., Ved. bending the arm. - Bāhv-ojas, as, n., Ved. strength of arm; (ās, ās, as), strong in the arm; strong in the fore-legs (said of a horse; Say. = bahushu prakrishta-balavan).

 $B\bar{a}huka, as, \bar{a}, am$, servile, a servant, dependant; swimming with the arms; like a dwarf, dwarfish; $(as), m.=1.b\bar{a}hu$, 'the arm,' at the end of a comp. [cf. hrasva-b^o]; a monkey; N. of a Năga; of a prince; of a son of V₁ika (= 1. $b\bar{a}hu$); N. assumed by Nala after his transformation into a dwarf by the serpent-demon Karkoțaka and upon his becoming charioteer to king Ritu-parna, (with this meaning also written $v\bar{a}huka$; (\bar{a}), f., N. of a river.

1. bāhula, am, n. (for 2. see p. 684, col. 1), mail or armour for the arms; N. of a place in Dakshiņāpatha.

बाहु 2. bāhu (fr. bahu, p. 677, col. 2), occurring at the beginning of compounds as follow. (For 1. bāhu see col. 1.)

Bāhukīța, as, ī, am (fr. bahu-kīța), see Gaņa Paladyādi to Pāņ. IV. 2, 110.

Bāhukuleyaka (fr. bahu+kula), as, m. a patronymic; [cf. bahukulina.]

Bāhugarta, as, ī, am (fr. bahu+garta), see Scholiast on Pāņ. IV. 2, 137.

Bāhugunya, am, n. possession of numerous excellences, great advantageousness; excess; (ena), ind. exceedingly.

Bāhudantaka [cf. bāhudantin], belonging to Indra, (said of a treatise on moral duties abridged by Indra, Mahā-bh. Sānti-p. 2204.)

Bāhudantin, i.m. (fr. bahu + danta), an epithet of Indra. – Bāhudanti-putra, as, m. a son of Indra, epithet of Jaya-datta (son of Indra and reputed anthor of a Tantra).

Bahudanteya, as, m. = bahudantin.

Bāhuball, is, m. (probably fr. bahu-bala), N. of a mountain.

Bāhubhāshya, am, n. (fr. bahu-bhāshin, q.v.), talkativeness, garrulity, loquaciousness.

Bāhumitrāyaņa, as, m. a patronymic from Bahumitra, q. v.

Bāhurūpya, as, &c. (fr. bahu + rūpya), see Siddhānta-kaumudī on Pāņ. IV. 2, 106; (am), n.