bus, cl. 4. P. busyati, &c., to discharge, pour forth, emit, let loose; to divide, distribute (=rt. vyush).

Busa, am, n. (according to Yaska) water; chaff

and other refuse of grain [cf. khale-busam, nirbusi-kṛita]; rcfuse, rubbish; (am), n. wealth; dry cowdung; the thick part of sour curds or coagulated milk; (\tilde{a}) , f. (in dramatic language) a younger sister (?).

Busasa, as, ā, am, Gana Trinadi to Pan. IV.

bust [cf. rt. pust], cl. 10. P. bustayati, -yitum, to honour, respect; to disregard, treat with disrespect; to bind.

द्वास busta, as, am, m. n. the burnt exterior of roast meat; the husk or shell of fruit; [cf. ćusta.]

The bukka, as, a, am, m. f. n. the heart (=bukka).

Būkkan = bukkan, q. v.

ब्बशमेन् bū'a-śarman, ā, m., N. of a man; (also written vūva-sarman.)

व्य būsha, a various form for busa above.

brinh, more commonly spelt vrinh,

Brinhana, am, n. (see vrinhana), Ved. a means of maintaining or preserving, (according to a Scholiast = sandhāraņa.)

ब्बद्रक्य bribad-uktha, as, m., Ved. an epithet of Indra, (according to Yāska = either mahad-uktha, 'bighly landed,' or vaktavyam asmā uktham, 'one to whom praise is to be ascribed.')

99 bribu, us, m., Ved., N. of a man, (according to Say, he was the carpenter of the Panis.)

वृद्ध bribūka, am, n., Ved. (according to Yāska) water; (perhaps an adj.)

वृषा brishi = vrishi, q. v.

ब्सय brisaya, as, m., Ved., N. of a demon; (Say.) N. of Tvashtri.

T. brih, cl. 6. P. brihati, &c., to make effort, to raise, &c. See rt. 1. vrih.

वृह 2. brih (in the later literature written vrih, see rt. 2. vrih), cl. 6. P. brihatt, brinhati, barhitum, Ved. to grow, increase.

3. brih in brihas-pati, col. 2. Briha in a-b°. See a-vriha.

Brihat, an, atī, at (in the later language usually written vrihat, q.v.; many compounds beginning with brihat will be found under vrihat), Ved. thick, compact, massy, massive; wide, wide-spread, far extended; great, large, vast; ample, abundant; mighty, powerful (said of Indra, Varuna, Agni, Rudra, Ushas, and Soma); high, lofty; full-grown, mature, old; extended (as a luminous body), bright; clear, loud (said of sounds); $(at\bar{\imath})$, f., N. of a particular metre of 36 (viz. 8+8+12+8) syllables; a term applied to particular bricks forming part of the sacrificial fire-place; the egg-plant, Solanum Indicum or S. Melongena and S. Jacquini; speech?; (at), n. (with or without sāman) a term applied to a Saman composed in the Brihatl metre; (at, atā), ind. much, greatly, highly, mightily; clearly, brightly; [cf. probably Goth. bairgahei; Angl. Sax. bearh, beorg.] - Brihac-chandas (brihat + chandas = chadis, chadman), ās, ās, as, Ved. high-roofed, having a lofty ceiling. - Brihać-charīra (brihat + śarīra), as, ā, am, Ved. having a vast body (said of Vishnu). - Brihac-Chravas (brihat + śravas), ās, ās, as, Ved. loud-sounding, rattling (as a chariot); loudly extolled, highly lauded, far-famed; (Say. = prabhūtānna.) - Brihaj-jāla (brihat + jāla), am,

hat + jyotis), is, is, i, Ved. bright-shining, brilliant. - Brihat-kirtti, is, is, i, Ved. far-famed (said of Bribas-pati). - Bribat-ketu, us, us, u, Ved. highly brilliant (said of Agni); (Sāy. = prabhūta-pra-jūāna.) - Brihat-trina, am, n., Ved. rank or coarse grass. - Brihat-palāśa as, ā, am, Ved. large-leafed, having great leaves. - Brihat-prishtha, as, a, am, Ved. having the Brihat-saman as the basis of the Prishtha-stotra. - Brihat-sāman, ā, ā, a, Ved. having the Brihat-saman for a Saman; (ā), m., N. of an Angirasa. - Brihat-sumna, as, ā, am, Ved. of great benevolence or kindness, very benevolent or gracious; (Sāy.) = prabhūta-dhana or prabhūta-sukha. = Bṛihat-sphić, see under vṛihat. = Bṛihadanīka, as, ā, am, Ved. powerful-looking; having a great army; very radiant (said of Agni). - Brihadāraņyaka, am, n. or brihad-āraņyakopanishad (°ka-up°), t, f., Ved., N. of a celebrated Upanishad forming the last five Prapāthakas or last six Adhyāyas of the Satapatha-Brahmana. - Brihad-uktha, as, ā, am, Ved. loudly praised, (Sāy. = vrihat-stotra, Mahl-dhara = mahānti śastrāni yasya); (as), m., N. of a man with the patronymic Vāmadevya, and author of the hymns Rig-veda X. 54-56. — Brihad-uksh, Ved. sprinkling abundantly, shedding copiously (said of the clouds; Say. = prabhūta-sektri). - Bri-had-uksha, as, ā, am, Ved. = brihad-uksh; (according to Mahī-dhara on Vājasaneyi-samhitā VIII. 8), an epithet of Prajā-pati (=mahāns-ća sektā ća). - Brihad-ukshan, a, a, ved. one who has great oxen; an epithet of Agni; (Sāy.) = prabhūtaraśmi-yukta. – Brihad-giri, is, is, i, Ved. (according to Sāy.) = prabhūta-stuti, greatly praised, highly extolled; an epithet of the Maruts; (perhaps) calling or shouting loudly; (is), m., N. of a Yati.

— Brihad-grāvan, ā, ā, a, Ved. like a hnge stone.

— Brihad-diva, as, ā, am, Ved. belonging to the lofty sky, beavenly, celestial; (Sāy.) = prabhūta-dyuti, prabhūta-dipti, exceedingly splendid; (as), m., N. of a son of Atharvan and author of the hymn Rig-veda X. 120; an epithet of the hymn Rig-veda X. 120; (ā), f., N. of a goddess associated with IIā, Sarasvatī, and others. - Brihad-devatā, f., Ved., N. of a work which enumerates and explains the deities to which each hymn of the Rig-veda is addressed. - Brihad-dharma-purāna, am, n., N. of a work mentioned in the Sakti-ratnākara. - Brihad-bhānu, us, us, u, Ved. shining brightly (said of Agni and Indra; Say.=praudha-rasmi, 'brilliant-rayed,' or =mahā-dīpta, 'having great brilliance'). - Bri-had-ratha, as, ā, am, Ved. having a spacious chariot (said of Ushas; Sāy. = prabhūta-ratha); (as), m., N. of a man. - Brihad-rayi, is, is, t, Ved. having abundant possessions, a possessor of vast riches (said of Vāyu; Sāy. = mahā-dhana). - Bri-had-ravas, ās, ās, as, Ved. loud-sounding, (Mahīdhara = mahān dhvanir yasya.) - Brihad-ri, is, is, i, Ved. = brihad-rayi, q.v. - Brihad-renu, us, us, u, Ved. stirring up thick dust (in battle, said of Indra; Sāy. = mahatah pānsor utthāpakah). - Bri-had-vat, ān, atī, at, Ved. one to whom the Brihatsāman is addressed, (Mahī-dhara = brihat-sāmapriya.) - Brihad vayas, as, as, as, Ved. grown strong, very powerful, very vigorous (said of Agni and of the Maruts). - Brihad-vasu, us, m., Ved., N. of a man. - Brihan-näräyanopanishad, f., N. of an Upanishad. - Brihan-mati, is, is, i, Ved. full of devotion, very pious (said of Soma); (is), m., N. of a descendant of Angiras and reputed author of the hymns Rig-veda IX. 39, 40. Brihatikā. See vrihatikā.

Brihas-pati, is, m. (in the later language more usually written vrihas-pati, q.v.; fr. brihas, gen. of 3. brih + pati), 'lord of prayer(?),' N. of 2 deity (who may be regarded as Piety and Religion personified; he is the chief offerer of prayers, the sacrificer, and priest who is said to intercede with the gods for men, and to protect the pious against the impious; hence he is the type of the priestly order, and is represented as the Puron., Ved. a large net or snare. - Brihaj-jyotis (bri- | hita of the gods. He is invoked together with Indra |

in Rig-veda IV. 49, and in the Taittiriya-Upanishad associated with Indra and Prajā-pati. He is also called brahmanas-pati, q. v.); the regent of the planet Jupiter and preceptor of the gods; the name of a saint and law-giver, (in these senses more usually written vrihas-pati, q.v.) - Brihaspatigupta, as, m., Ved., N. of a man. - Brihaspatipurohita, as, a, am, Ved. having Brihas-pati for a Puro-hita. - Brihaspati-pranutta, as, ā, am, Ved. expelled or banished by Bribas-pati. - Brihaspatiprasūta, as, ā, am, Ved. ordered or enjoined by Brihas-pati; (Sāy.) = brihaspati-mitrābhimānin. - Brihaspati-mat or brihaspati-vat, an, ati, at, Ved. accompanied by Brihas-pati. - Brihaspati-śiras, ās, ās, as, Ved. Brihas-pati-headed,' (probably) having the head shaved like Brihas-pati. - Brihaspati-sava, as, m., N. of a festival lasting one day (said to confer the rank of a Puro-hita on those observing it). - Brihaspati-stoma, as, m., Ved., N. of an Ekāha.

brī. See rt. vrī.

बेकनाट bekanāṭa, as, m., Ved. (according to Yāska) a usurer. .

बेक्रा bekurā, f., Ved. (probably connected with bakura), a kind of musical instrument (?), one who plays a particular musical instrument?; (according to the Nirukta) a voice, sound.

Bekuri, is, f., Ved. = bekurā; (also written vekuri, bhekuri, bhākuri.)

बडा bedā, f. a boat; (written also vedā.)

विभिद्रितव्य bebhiditavya, Fut. Pass. part. of Intens. of rt. bhid, to be repeatedly broken &c.

beś (= rts. biś, pis, vis, pes, ves), d. 1. P. beśati, &c., to go.

बजवाप baijavāpa, as, m., Ved. a patronymic from Bīja-vāpa; [cf. vīja-vāpa.]

Baijavāpāyana, as, m., Ved. a patronymic from Baijavāpa.

Baijavāpi, &c. See vaijavāpi, &c. Baijika. See vaijika.

बंडाल baidāla, &c. See vaidāla.

बदल baidala, as, ī, am (fr. bidala, q. v.), made of split bamboos, made of cane; (as), m. a kind of pastry, a flat unleavened cake (=bidala, q. v.); a leguminous plant, pulse; (am), n. a vessel made of wicker-work, basket made of reeds; a basket; (more usually written vaidala.)

Baidalika, as, i, am, relating to pulse &c.

बेन्द bainda, as, m., Ved. (according to Mahī-dhara), N. of a degraded tribe, a Nishāda.

बन्दव baindava, &c. See vaindava, &c.

बैलायन bailāyana, as, ī, am (fr. bila), Gana Pakshādi to Pāņ. IV. 2, 80.

Bailya, as, m., N. of a man; (a various reading for bailra.)

Bailyāyana, as, m. a patronymic from Bailya.

बेल्व bailva, as, ī, am (fr. bilva), relating or belonging to the tree Ægle Marmelos, coming from the Bilva tree, made of Bilva wood; covered with Bilva trees; (as), m., N. of a man; (am), n. the fruit of the Bilva tree.

Bailvaka, as, i, am (fr. bilva), Gana Arīhaņādi to Pan. IV. 2, 80.

Bailvaki, is, m. a patronymic from Bilvaka. Bailvaja, as, ī, am (fr. bilva-ja), Gana Rājanyādi to Pāņ. IV. 2, 53.

Bailvajaka, as, ī, am, inhabited by Bailvajas. Bailvamaya, as, ī, am (fr. bailva), Scholiast on Pan. IV. 3, 155.

Bailvavana, as, ī, am (fr. bilva-vana), see Gaņa Rājanyādi to Pāņ. IV. 2, 53.

Baitvavanaka, as, i, am (fr. bailvavana), inhabited by Bailvavanas.