Bharini, f. of 2. bharita below; [cf. harini.] 1. bharita, as, ā, am (fr. bhara), nourished,

filled, full of; [cf. vasu-bh°.] 2. bharita, as, ä, or bharini, am,=harita,

green, of a green colour. Bharitra, am, n., Ved. the arm.

Bhariman, ā, m. supporting, nourishing, cherishing; [cf. bhariman.]

Bharisha, as, \bar{a} , am, Ved. rapacious, avaricious, greedy.

Bharāman, ā, m., Ved. a household, family; bearing, supporting, nourishing, cherishing (in this sense the gender is doubtful).

Bharu, us, m. a husband, lord; N. of Siva; of Vishnu; gold; the sea.

Bharnas, ās, ās, as, Ved. in the comp. sahasrabh°, q.v.; (according to Sāy. bharnas=bharana, q.v.)

Bhartavya, as, ā, am, to be borne or carried; to be maintained, to be nourished or supported; to be engaged or hired, to be retained in service or kept in pay.

Bhartri, tā, trī, tri, a bearer, carrier (Ved.); a cherisher, nourisher, holder, supporter, protector; (ta), m. a husband, lord; master, landlord; chief, commander; (trī), f. a female supporter or nourisher; a mother; [cf. jagatī-bh°, divasa-bh°, nri-bh°, paśu-bh°, proshita-bhartrika.] - Bhartri-guna, as, m. the excellence or virtue of a husband (Mann IX. 24). - Bhartri-ghna, as, i, am, murdering a master or supporter; (i), f. a woman who murders her husband. - Bhartrighna-tva, am, n. the killing or injuring a master. - Bhartri-tā, f. or bhartri-tva, am, n. the state or relation of a husband, husbandship; manhood. - Bhartritan-gata, as, ā, am, 'gone to husbandship,' married. - Bhartri-darsana-kānkshā, f. the desire of seeing a husband. - Bhartridarsana-lalasa, f. longing or eager desire to see a husband. - Bhartri-daraka, as, m. a king's son, a crown prince, prince royal (especially in the drama), a young prince designated as heir-apparent; (ikā), f. a king's daughter, princess. - Bhartri-dridha-vratā, f. strictly faithful to a husband. - Bhartri-bhakta, as, a, am, devoted to a lord or husband. - Bhartri-mati, f. possessing a husband, a married woman. - Bhartri-mentha, as, m., N. of a poet; [cf. mentha.] - Bhartri-yajna, as, m., N. of an author. - Bhartri-rājyāpaharaņa (°ya-ap°), am, n. seizure of a husband's kingdom. Bhartri-loka, as, m. the sphere or abode of a husband (in a future life). - Bhartri-vyasana-pidita, as, a, am, afflicted by a husband's or master's calamity. - Bhartri-vrata, am, n. fidelity or devotion to a husband [cf. pati-vrata]; (ā), f. faithful to a husband, a virtuous and devoted wife; [cf. pativratā.] - Bhartrivratā-tva, am, n. the state or condition of fidelity to a husband. - Bhartri-sokapara, as, ā, am, absorbed in grief for a husband or lord. – Bhartriśoka-paritāngin (°ta-an°), ī, inī, i, whose limbs are affected by grief for a husband or lord. - Bhartrisokābhipīdita (°ka-abh°), as, ā, am, afflicted by a husband's sorrow or by grief for a husband or lord. - Bhartri-sat, ind. to a husband, to the power of a husband; (with kritā) a married woman. - Bhartri-sthana, am, n., N. of a sacred place of pilgrimage. - Bhartri-svāmin, ī, m., N. of a poet mentioned in the Särngadhara-paddhati. - Bhartri-hari, is, m., N. of a well-known author (of 300 moral, political, and religious maxims or

apothegms comprised in three Satakas called Sringara-6°, Niti-5°, Vairāgya-5°, also of some grammatical Kārikās, and of the Vākya-padīya; and also, according to some, of the Bhatți-kāvya: he is often designated by the one name Hari, and though little is really ascertained about his history, is said to have been the brother of king Vikramāditya, who lived in the first century B.C.; according to a legend, he wrote his apothegms when leading the life of an ascetic, after a licentious youth). – Bhartri-hîna, as, \bar{a} , am, abaudoned or deserted by a husband or lord. – Bhartri-hema, as, m. = bhartri-hari, col.1.

Bhartrima (?), as, \bar{a} , am, maintained, nourished, supported.

Bharma, am, n. = bharman, wages, hire; gold; a coin of a particular value; the navel.

Bharmanyā, f. wages, hire.

Bharman, a, n. support, maintenance, nourishment, care [cf. arishţa-bh[°], garbha-bh[°], jātū-bh[°]]; a burden, load; hire, wages; gold; a coin, piece of gold, gold coin, piece of money; the navel; [cf. bharma.]

Bharvara, as, m., Ved. (according to Sāy.) = jagad-bhartri or prajā-pati.

WCT bha-ra-ga, a word invented to explain bharga (bha standing for bhāsayati, ra for raijayati, and ga for gaćchanty asmād imāķ prajāķ).

HIE bharata. See p. 700, col. 2.

HCC bharataka or bharadaka, as, m., N. of a particular class of mendicants. – Bharatakadvātriņšikā, f., N. of thirty-two popular stories (written to ridicule the ignorance and folly of ascetics).

HUIS bharanda. See p. 700, col. 2.

HE bharu. See col. I.

Non bharuka, as, m., N. of a prince; (also written huruka or ruruka.)

भूत च bharukaććha, as, m., N. of a country, (also read marukaććha); N. of a people; of a Naga. – Bharukaććha-nivāsin, ī, inī, i, an inhabitant of Bharukaććha.

भरज bharuja, as, m. (perhaps fr. rt. 1. bhrajj), a sort of jackal; [cf. bharūjā, bhārujika.]

भहटक bharutaka or bharūtaka, am, n. (probably fr. rt. bhrī), fried meat.

HSAT bharūjā, f. (according to Yāska fr. rt. I. bhrajj), Ved. a particular colour, being of a particular colour (used adjectively); bharūjā in the Atharva-veda may be a N. of some wild animal; [cf. bharūja, which is variously read bharūjā; cf. bhārūjika.]

भरपुजा bhareshu-jā. See bhara, p. 700.

भरेहनगरी bhareha-nagarī, f., N. of a town mentioned in Nīla-kaņtha's Srāddha-mayūkha.

47 bharga, as, m. (said to be fr. a rt. bhrij, which is probably here for rt. bhraj, = Gr. $\phi\lambda\epsilon_{\gamma\alpha}$), Ved. radiance, splendor, lustre, effulgence (Ved. = bhargas below, cf. $\phi\lambda\delta\epsilon$); N. of Siva; of Brahmaı; of a man with the patronymic Prägätha, author of the hymns Rig-veda VIII. 49–50; of a king, the son of Venu-hotra; of Viti-hotra; of Vahni; $(a\bar{s}s)$, m. pl., N. of a race of warriors; (am), n., N. of a Säman. = Bhargae-sikhā, f., N. of a work mentioned in the Siva-sūtra-vivņiti.

Bhargas, as, n., Ved. radiance, lustre, effulgence; N. of Brahman; of a Säman. – Bhargas-vat, ān, atī, at, Ved. clear, shrill (said of the voice).

Bhargya, as, m., N. of Siva (=bharga).

भगेभूमि bharga-bhūmi, is, m., N. of a kiog; [cf. bhārga-bhūmi, bhrigu-bhūmi.]

भगायण bhargāyaņa, ās, m. pl. (probably) an incorrect form for bhārgāyaņa.

भन्ने bharchu, us, m., N. of a poet mentioned in the Sārngadhara-paddhati.

भजन bharjana. See under rt. bhrij, p. 720.

भणेस bharnas. See col. 1.

भतेव्य bhartavya. See col. 1.

भन bhartri. See col. 1.

bharts, cl. 10. P. A. bhartsayati, -te (according to the Dhātu-pāţha only A.); -yitum, rarely cl. 1. bhartsati, (in Atharva-veda III.

9, 5, a form *bhartsyāmi* occurs), to menace, threaten; to reproach, abuse, blame, reprove, chide, rebuke; to deride: Pass. *bhartsyate*.

Bhartsaka, as, m. a threatener, abuser, reviler. Bhartsana, am, \bar{a} , n. f. threatening, reviling;

cursing; threat, menace, reproach, abuse; a curse. Bhartsa-pattrikā, f. (fr. bhartsa? + pattra), N. of a particular plant ($=mah\bar{a}-n\bar{l}l\bar{l}$).

 $Bhartsita, as, \bar{a}, am$, threatened, menaced, reviled, abused, blamed, upbraided, rebuked; (am), n. a menace, threat, curse.

Bhartsyamana, as, a, am, being threatened &c., being reviled.

Ha bharb or bharbh. See rt. bharv.

भमे bharma, &c. See col. 2.

HFAITS bharmyāśva, as, m., N. of a king, father of Mudgala; (also read haryasva; cf. bhārmya, bhārmyasva, bh**r**imyasva.)

Hq bharv or bharb or bharbh (connected with rt. 1. bhas), cl. 1. P. bharvati or bharbati or bharbhati, &c., Ved. to chew, devour, eat; to hurt, injure, fight; [cf. Gr. $\phi \epsilon \rho \beta \cdot \omega$, $\phi o \rho \beta \cdot \eta$; Lat. herb-a; Goth. balvjan.]

भवेर bharvara. See col. 2.

भग्न bhars. See under rt. bhrans or bhras, p. 724, col. 1.

भष्टेच्य bharshiavya, as, ā, am (fr. rt. 1. bhrajj), to be fried or rozsted.

bhall or bal (connected with rt. bhall, q.v.), cl. 1. A. bhalate, balate, &cc., to describe, recount, mention; to expound, explain; to strike, kill; to hurt, injure; to give; cl. 10. A. bhālayate, bālayate, &cc., Ved. to describe; to see, behold; to throw up (?); [cf. n4-bh°, sambh°.]

भल I. bhala, ind., Ved. certainly; [cf. bal, bat, and Marāthī bhalla, 'well l']

भल 2. bhala, as, m. a term used in addressing the Sun.

भलता bha-lata, f. See under 4. bha.

भलन्दन bhalandana, as, m., N. of a man; of the father of Vatsa-pril or Vatsa-prili; (ās), m. pl. the descendants of Bhalandana; [cf. bhālandana, bhālandanaka, bhanandana.]

भलानस bhalānas, m. pl., Ved., N. of a particular family or race (Rig-veda VII. 18, 7).

Here bhall (connected with rt. bhal), cl. 1. A. bhallate, babhalle, &cc., to tell,

describe; to wound, kill, to hur, injure; to give. Bhalla, as, $\overline{\imath}$, m. f. a kind of arrow or missile with a point of a particular shape (perhaps crescent-shaped); (am), n. an arrow-head of a particular shape; (as), m. a bear [cf. a&ha-bh°, bhalluka, bhallūka]; an epithet of Siva,=bhadra; (ās), m. pl., N. of a tribe, (also read malla); ($\overline{\imath}$), f.=bhallātaka, the marking-nnt plant, Semecarpus Anacardium [cf. bhālla, bhālleya]; (as, ā, am), propitious, favourable (= bhādra, siva); a term used in addressing the Sun (= 2. bhala, q.v.). - Bhalla-pućhh, f. 'bear's tail,' N. of the plant Hedysaum Lagopodioides. - Bhallāksha ('la-ah^c), as, m., Ved. an expression used in addressing a flamingo (=bhadrāksha, q.v.).

Bhallaka, as, m. = bhalla, 2 bear.

Bhallāta, as, am, m. n. (?), = bhallātaka. Bhallātaka, as, m. (in Amara-kosha 11. 4, 2, 23, also bhallātakā, f.), the marking-nut plant, Semecarpus Anacardium; (am), n. the Acajou or cashewnut, the marking-nut (from which is extracted an acid juice, used for medicioal purposes, as well as a

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