black liquid used for marking linen). - Bhallātakataila, am, n. the oil of the cashew-nut.

Bhalluka, as, m. a bear; [cf. bhāluka, bhālūka, bhiluka.]

Bhallūka, as, m. a bear; a dog; a particular kind of shell (=mahā-kaparda); a particular plant, a species of Syonāka.

भहार bhallata, as, m., N. of a poet mentioned in the Sārn-gadhara-paddhati.

भव्दवि bhallavi, is, m., Ved., N. of a man; [cf. bhāllarin, bhāllaveya.]

भन्नान bhalläka, as, m., N. of a king.

भवार bhallata, as, m., N. of a king, (also read bhallāka); of a mythical being; of a mountain; of a gate. - Bhallata-nagara, am, n., N. of the capital of king Sasi-dhvaja.

Bhallada, as, m., N. of a king, = bhallata above. भहात bhallāta, bhallātaka. See under

st. bhall, p. 701, col. 3.

भद्भिक bhallika, as, m., N. of a man; (ā), f. the marking-nut plant (=bhallātaka).

भहन bhalluka, bhalluka. See above.

भल्वाचि bhalvāći (?), is, m., N. of a man mentioned in the Väyu-Purāna.

भव bhava, as, m. (fr. rt. 1. bhū), = bhāva, being, state of being  $(=sal-t\bar{a})$ , existing, existence; birth, production, origin; worldly existence, life; place of being, the world (=sam-sāra); means of existence; a sound state of being, welfare, prosperity, health (= sreyas); excellence, superiority; (according to some) =  $\bar{a}pti$ ,  $pr\bar{a}pti$ , obtaining, acquisition; a god, deity; N. of a deity attending on Rudra and frequently mentioned in connection with Sarva; (in the later mythology) a N. of Siva or a form of Siva; N. of a Rudra; (according to some = jala, water); of a son of Mahā-deva ; of Agni (Ved.) ; N. of the first and fourth Kalpa; of a king; of a son of Prati-hartri; of Vi-Ioman; of an author; (au), m. du. the god Bhava or Siva with his wife BhavānI; (am), n. the fruit of Dillenia Speciosa, = bhavya, bhavishya, 2. bhāvana; (as, ā, am), arising, coming, produced or bom from, originating in, relating to, (in these seases at the end of an adj. comp., e. g. deha-bh<sup>o</sup>, produced from the body; äkāsa-bhavā, 'coming from heaven,' said of Sarasvati; cf. aranya-bh°.) - Bhava-kalpa, as, m., N. of a particular Kalpa mentioned in the Vāyu-Purāņa. - Bhava-kāntāra, as, am, m. n. (?), the wilderness of worldly existence. - Bhava-kelu, us, m., N. of a particular phe-nomenon in the heavens. - Bhava-kshiti, is, f. the place of birth. - Bhava-ghasmara, as, m. the burning of a wood, a forest conflagration. - Bhava-can-dra, as, m., N. of a man. - Bhava-cchid, t, t, t, preventing births or transmigration .- Bhava-écheda, as, m. the destruction of the world; N. of a Grāma. - Bhara-trāta, as, m., N. of a preceptor ; of a son of Bhava. - Bhava-dā, f., N. of one of the Mātris attending on Skanda. – Bhava-dāru, u, n. – deva-dāru, the tree Pinus Deodora. – Bhava-deva, as, m., N. of the author of the Vyavahāra-tilaka, of the Smriti-ćandra, and of the Prāyaśćitta-prakaraņa. - Bhavadeva-bhatta, as, m., N. of the author of the Chandoga-paddbati. - Bhavadeva-miśra, as, m., N. of the author of the Bhāva-prakāśa; [cf. bhāva-miśra.] - Bhava-nanda, as, m., N. of an actor. - Bhava-nandin, i, m. 'son of Bhava,' N. of a man. - Bhava-nāga, as, m., N. of an author mentioned in the Payo-graha-samarthana-prakāra by Vasudeva. - Bhava-nātha, as, m., N. of a man. - Bhava-nāśinī, f. ' destroying worldly existence,' N. of the river Sarayū. - Bhava-nigada-nibandhavināśin, ī, inī, i, destroying the chains and fetters of worldly existence. - Bhava-nibandha-vināsin. i, ini, i, destroying the fetters of mundane existence. - Bhava-pratisandhi, is, m. entering into bhavantah pramānam, your honour is an authority); existence, coming into being. - Bhava-bandhesa bhavat is exceptionally found in construction with ence. - Bhava-pratisandhi, is, m. entering into

(°dha-isa), as, m. 'the lord of the fetters of the | world or worldly existence,' an epithet of Siva. - Bhava-bhāj, k, k, k, sharing the world; experiencing existence, living. - Bhava-bhāvana, as, m. 'the author of existence,' a N. of Vishnu. - Bhava-bhūta, as, ā, am, being the origin; that Being through whom all beings exist, the source of all being. - Bhava-bhūti, is, m., N. of a poet who lived in the eighth century A. D., author of the three well known dramas, Mälatī-mādhava, Mahā-vīraćarita (sometimes called Vīra-ćarita), and Uttararāma-ćarita. - Bhava-maya, as, ī, am, consisting or made up of Siva, produced from Siva. - Bhavamolana, as, m. ' the liberator of the world or of existence,' an epithet of Krishna. - Bhava-rud, a drum played at funeral ceremonies. - Bhava-vīti, is, f. liberation from the world; cessation from worldly acts ; end of the world. - Bhava-samudra, as, or bhava-sindhu, us, m. the ocean of existence or life, ocean of the world. - Bhava-svāmin, ī, m., N. of a man. - Bhavāćala (°va-ać°), as, m., N. of a mountain. - Bhavātiga (°va-at°), as, ā, am, overcoming worldly existence. - Bhavātmajā (°va-āt°), f., N. of the goddess Manasā. - Bhavānanda (°va-ān°), as, m., N. of a commentator on the Anumāna-dīdhiti; (r), f., N. of a commentary by Bhavananda-siddhanta-vag-īśa. - Bhavanandasiddhanta-vag-īsa, as, m., N. of an author; [cf. siddhanta-vag-isa.] - Bhavanandi-prakasa, as, m., N. of a commentary on the Bhavanandi by Mahā-deva Pandit. - Bhavānta-krit (°va-an°), t, m., N. of Brahman; of Buddha. - Bhavantara ('va-an'), am, n. another existence; a former existence; a future existence. - Bhavabdhi (°va-ab°), is, m. the ocean of worldly existence. - Bhavabhavau (°va-abh°), m. du. existence and non-existence; prosperity and adversity. - Bhavabhava (°va-abh°), as, m. non-existence of the world .- Bhavabhibhavin (°va-abh°), i, ini, i, overcoming the world.-Bhavabhīshta (°va-abh°), as, m. ' dear to Siva,' bdellium. - Bhavāmburaśi (°va-am°), is, m. the ocean of life or of worldly existence. - Bhavāyanā (°va-ay°), f. ' coming from Siva,' N. of the Ganges. - Bhavaranya (°va-ar°), am, n. the forest of worldly existence. – Bhavāri (°va-ari), is, m. the enemy of life or existence. – Bhavārņava (°va-ar°), as, m. the ocean of existence or of life. – Bhavārta (°vaār°), as, ā, am, wearied with the world, sick of worldly troubles or the vanities of life. - Bhavesa (°va-īśa), as, m. ' the lord of existence or of the world or of life,' an epithet of Siva; N. of a king, the father of Hara-singha. - Bhavoccheda ('va-uc'), as, m. the destruction of the world or of existence.

Bhavaka, as, ā, am, (at the end of an adj. comp.)=bhava, being, existing, existence (e.g. parārtha-bh°, existing for others).

1. bhavat, an, anti, at, being, becoming; present; (antī), f. time being, present time; (with some grammarians) the technical term for the present tense; cf. bhavanti.]

2. bhavat, an, m. (said to be fr. rt. 1. bha, to shine, Unadi-s. I. 64), the honorific or respectful pronoun, generally translatable by your honour, your highness, your worship, your lordship, you (used respectfully for the second personal pronoun, but properly with the third person of the verb, e.g. bharan dadatu, let your highness give); bhavan, voc. sing. m. 'O sir,' 'O my lord,' or contracted into bhos, q. v.; *bharadbhis*, by your honour; (ati), f. lady, your ladyship; *bharatyas*, your ladyships; *bharati*, yoc. sing, f. O lady: Manu II. 49 assigns a different position in the sentence to this honorific pronoun according to the person using it; a Brahman should say, bhavati bhikshām dehi, 'good lady give alms;' a Kshatriya, bhikshām bhavati dehi; a Vaišya, dehi bhiksham bhavati: this honorific pronoun bhavat is sometimes used when tram occurs in another clause of the same sentence ; sometimes the plural is employed to express greater courtesy (e.g.

the 2nd person sing.; [cf. atra-bho, tato-bho, tatrabh°.] - Bhavat-putra, as, m. your honour's son, your highness' son, your son. - Rhavad-deva, as, m., N. of a man mentioned in the Smriti-kaustubha. - Bhavad-vaćana, am, n. your honour's speech, your speech. - Bharad-vidha, as, ã, am, any one like your honour or like you. - Bhavad-vidhi, is, m. your honour's manner (i. e. the way in which you are treated). - Bhavan-manyu, us, m., N. of a king; [cf. bhu-manyu, bhū-manyu.] - Bhavādriksha, as, i, am (bhavā for bhavat), or bhavādris, k, k, k, or bhavā-drisa, as, ī, am, any one like your honour or like you.

1. bhavati, f. your ladyship, lady (respectfully, see under 2. bhavat, col. 2).

2. bhavatī, f. a particular kind of poisoned arrow. Bhavatu, ind. (3rd sing. Impv.), be it so, let it be, let it pass, very well; enough ! no matter !

Bhavadiya, as, ā, am, your honour's, your, thy, thine.

Bhavana, am, n. being, existing, becoming, production, birth; nature; a place of abode, house, home, dwelling; a maosion, (kamala-bhavana, as, m. 'having a lotus for a dwelling,' a N. of Brahmā); a palace, residence; an edifice, building, temple, structure, (often at the end of a comp., cf. amrita-bh°, garbha-bh°, ćara-bh°, deva-bh°); a site, spot; the place where anything grows, a field; = bhuvana, water. - Bhavana-pati, ayas, m. pl. or bhavanādhīsa ("na-adh"), ās, m. pl. (with Jainas) a particular class of gods having ten inferior classes. - Bhavanodara ("na-ud"), am, n. the interior apartments of a house.

Bhavaniya, as, ā, am, to be become, to be about to take place or happen; impending; (am), n. it is to be become; [cf. bhavitavya.]

Bhavanta, as, m. time, present time; (i), f. a virtuous wife.

Bhavanti, is, m. time being, present time; [cf. bhavanti under 1. bhavat.]

Bhavā-driksha, bhavā-dris, &c. See above.

Bhavani, f. (fr. bhava), N. of a goddess identified in later times with Parvati, (she is the wife of Siva in her pacific and amiable form; according to the Matsya-Purāņa, especially adored in Sthāneśvara); N. of the mother of the commentator Ganesa (wife of Bhava-nātha); N. of a river. - Bhavāni-guru, us, m. 'the father of Bhavānī,' the Himālaya mountain personified. - Bhavānī-dāsa, as, m., N. of a king. - Bhavāni-pati, is, or bhavāni-vallabha, as, m. 'the husband of Bhavani,' Siva.

Bhavika, as, ā, am, beneficial, suitable, useful; prosperous, happy, being or faring well; (am), n. a salutary state, prosperous condition; prosperity, welfare.

Bhavita, as, ā, am, = bhūta, been, become, bappened, taken place, passed.

Bhavitavya, as, ā, am, to be become, to be about to become, to be about to take place or happen; (am), n. it is to be become, (used impersonally with an inst., e. g. bhavitavyam tvayā, it is to be become by thee, i.e. thou must become; maya tava anucarena bhavitavyam, I must become thy companion; cf. bhavanīya.) - Bhavitavya-tā, f. the being about to be, the state of being necessary to be, necessary consequence, inevitable necessity, fate, destiny.

Bhavitri, tā, trī, tri, = bhavishņu, being, be-coming [cf. tiro-bh°]; what is or ought to be or to become, about to be, future [Lat. futurus]; iniminent, impending, disposed or inclined to be; being or faring well.

Bhavitra, am, n., Ved. the world, heaven, the atmosphere; (according to Say., Rig-veda VII. 35, 9) = bhuvanam antariksham udakam vā; [cf. bhāvitra.]

Bhavin, i, ini, i, living, being, having life and sensation;  $(\bar{i})$ , m. a living being.

Bhavinin, î, m. a poet ; (the reading bhavina is probably incorrect.)

Bhavila, as,  $\bar{a}$ , am, = bhavya, being, existing,