reposing or situated in the world. - Bhurana-hita, am, n. the welfare of the world. - Bhuvanādbhuta (ona-ado), as, ā, am, astonishing the world. - Bhuvanādhīsa or bhuvanādhīsvara ('na-adh'), as, m. 'lord of the world,' N. of a Rudra; [cf. bhuvaneśa.] - Bhuvanānanda ("na-ān"), as, m. 'joy of the world,' N. of a man. - Bhuvanabhyudaya ('na-abh'), as, m. 'prosperity of the world,' N. of a poem by Sankuka; of the nineteenth chapter of the Krishna-kridita. - Bhuvanālokana ("na-āl"), am, n. the act of looking at the earth, the sight of the world. - Bhuvaneśa (ona-iśa), as, m. 'lord of the world,' N. of a Rudra; of a place; (i), f., N. of a goddess. - Bhuranesānī ("na-īs"), f. the mistress of the world. - Bhuvanesi-pārijāta, N. of 2 work mentioned in Raghu-nandana's Sanskāra-tattva. - Bhuvanesī-yantra, am, n., N. of a mystical diagram described in Krishnananda's Tantra-sara. -Bhuvaneśvara ("na-īś"), as, m. 2 lord of the earth, king, prince; an epithet of Siva; (\bar{i}), f. 'mistress of the world,' N. of several goddesses; (am), n., N. of a temple and city sacred to Siva. - Bhuvaneśvarī-kavaća, am, n. 'the armour of the mistress of the world,' N. of a chapter in Krishnānanda's Tantra-sara. - Bhuvaneśvarī-tantra, am, n., N. of a Taotra work. - Bhuvaneśvarī-pūjāyantra, am, n., N. of a mystical diagram described in the Tantra-sara. - Bhuvanesvari-rahasya, am, n., N. of a section of the Rudra-yāmala-tantra. - Bhuvane-shtha (bhuvane, loc. sing. + stha), as, ā, am, Ved. being in the world or in all existing things. - Bhuvanaukas (ona-oko), ās, m. an inhabitant of heaven, a god.

Bhuvanti, is, m. a word occurring in Vājasaneyi-sanhitā XVI. 19, (according to Mahī-dhara ft. bhuvam tanoti) = bhū-manḍala-vistārakaḥ.

Bhuvanyu, us, m. a master, lord; the sun; the moon; fire.

Bhuvas, ind. the atmosphere, ether, sky; a mystical word (being the second of the three Vyāhritis bhūr bhuvah svar, uttered by every Brahman in commencing his daily prayers, see vyahriti, and cf. Manu II. 76; from its being pronounced between bhū, the earth, and svar, heaven, bhuvas is supposed to mean 'the atmosphere' situated between the two; it was probably originally the pl. of 2. bhū, q.v.; in Hari-vansa 11506, Bhuvas is described as one of the mind-born sons of Brahma); the second of the seven worlds, (according to the system which supposes seven worlds rising one above the other); N. of the second and eleventh Kalpa mentioned in the Vayu-Purāņa. - Bhuvar-loka, as, m. one of the divisions of the universe, the space between the earth and heaven (frequented by Siddhas and other superbuman

Bhuvas-pati, is, m. (fr. bhuvas, gen. sing. of 2. bhū), = prajā-pati, q. v.

Bhuvî-shṭhā, as, \bar{a} , am (fr. bhuvi, loc. sing. of 2. bhū+etha), standing on the ground (i.e. not in a chariot), staying or dwelling on the earth, (opposed to divi-shṭha, q.v.)—Bhuvi-spṛis, k, k, k, touching the ground.

Bhuvis, m. (?), the sea, ocean; heaven.

2. bhū, ūs, ūs, u, (at the end of an adj. comp.) being, becoming, springing, taking rise [cf. agni-bhū, akshi-bhū, asleshā-bhū, gādhi-bhū, giribhū, citta-bhū]; (ūs), m. an epithet of Vishņu; N. of an Ekāha; $(\bar{u}s)$, f. the act of becoming, arising; the place of being or abiding, the universe; the earth (as opposed to the other two divisions of the universe, viz. atmosphere and heaven); ground, floor; land, landed property; earth (as a substance); space, site, place [cf. kūla-bhū, keśa-bhū]; a district, piece or plot of ground, (bhuvas, pl. districts); a mystical word (being the first of the three Vyahritis bhūr bhuvah svar, uttered by every Brāhman in commencing his daily prayers; in this sense only in the nom. sing. bhus, which is considered indeclinable, see bhur, bhuvas, vyāhriti, and cf. Manu II. 76); the base of a triangle or of any geometrical figure; object, matter, subject-matter, subject (see vivada-

samvāda-bhū, cf. sthāna); a sacrificial fire; a symbolical expression for the number one (derived from the earth considered as one); a term for the letter l. - Bhū-kadamba, as, m. a species of plant commonly called Kokasima (=alambusha); = bhūkadambaka; (ā), f. a plant commonly called Gorakshamundī, perhaps Sphæranthus Mollis. - Bhūkadambaka, as, m. the plant Ligusticum Ajowan, =yavānī; (ikā), f. =bhū-kadambā. = Bhū-kanda, as, m. a medicinal plant (= mahā-śrāvanikā). -Bhū-kapittha, as, m. the plant Feronia Elephantum; (am), n. the fruit of this plant. - Bhukampa, as, m. an earthquake; N. of a man. - Bhūkampa-lakshana, am, n., N. of the thirtythird chapter of Bhattotpala's commentary on Varāhamihira's Bribat-samhitā. - Bhū-karna, as, m. (in astronomy) the diameter of the earth, the radius of the equator. - Bhū-karni, is, m., N. of a man. - Bhū-karbudāraka, as, m. the plant Cordia Myxa. - Bhū-kaśyapa, as, m. an epithet of Vasudeva (the father of Krishna). - Bhū-kāka, as, m. 'earth-crow,' N. of several birds, a species of heron (= svalpa-kanka); the curlew (= kraunéa); a species of pigeon (=nila-kapota). - Bhū-kānda, as, m. 'chapter of the earth,' N. of a chapter of the Bhūri-prayoga. - Bhū-kumbhī, f. a plant (=bhūpāṭalī). - Bhū-kushmāṇḍī, f. the plant Batatas Paniculata. - Bhū-keśa, as, m. 'earth-hair,' the Indian fig-tree; the plant Blyxa Saivala; (a), f. a Rākshasī or female demon; $(\bar{\imath})$, f. the plant Vernopia Anthelminthica. $=Bh\bar{u}$ -kshit, t, m. 'earthdestroyer,' a bog. - Bhū-kshīra-vāţikā, f., N. of a place. - Bhū-khanda, as, m. 'earth-section,' N. of a section of the Skanda-Purāņa; of a section of the Padma-Purāna (=bhūmi-khanda). - Bhū-kharjūrī, f. a species of date. - Bhū-gata, as, ā, am, being or existing on the earth. - Bhū-gara, am, n. 'earth-poison,' a particular mineral poison. - Bhūgarbha, as, m. an epithet of the poet Bhava-bhūti. - Bhū-griha, am, n. an underground room or chamber; a particular part of a diagram. - Bhūgeha, am, n. an underground room. - Bhū-gola, am, n. 'earth-ball,' the terrestrial globe, the earth. - Bhūgola-vidyā, f. knowledge of the terrestrial globe, geography. - Bhūgola-vrittānta and bhūgola-sangraha and bhūgola-sāra, N. of certain works treating of the earth. - Bhū-ghana, as, m. the body. - Bhū-ćakra, am, n. 'earth-circle,' the equator or equinoctial line. - Bhū-ćara, as, ā, am, going on the earth (opposed to ākāśa-gati), moving on the ground, moving on land, living on land (opposed to jala-ćara), inhabiting the earth, terrestrial, any land animal; (as), m. an epithet of Siva. - Bhū-chāyā or bhū-cchāyā, f. or (according to some) am, n. 'earth-shadow,' darkness. - Bhūjantu, us, m. 'earth-animal,' a kind of snail, an earth-worm (= bhū-nāga). - Bhū-jambu, us, or bhū-jambū, ūs, f. wheat (=nādeyī); the plant Flacourtia Sapida or the fruit of this plant. - Bhū-tala, am, n. the face of the earth, the surface of the ground, the earth. - Bhūtala-stha, as, ā, am, standing or being on the face of the earth. - Bhūtalikā, f. (probably fr. bhū-tala), the plant Trigonella Corniculata (=prikkā). - Bhūtalonmathana (°la-un°), as, m. 'carth-shaker,' N. of a Dānava. - Bhū-triṇa, as, m. [cf. bhū-s-triṇa], 'carthgrass,' the plant Andropogon Scheenanthus; a kind of fragrant grass (= gandha-kheda, rohisha).

- Bhūttama (bhū-ut°), am, n. 'the best of earths,' gold. - Bhū-darī-bhavā, f. the plant Salvinia Cucullata. - Bhū-dāra, as, m. 'earth-tearer,' i. e. rooting up the earth, a hog. - Bhū-deva, as, m. 'earthgod, a divinity upon earth, a Brāhman [cf. bhūsura]; an epithet of Siva; N. of several persons; of the author of a commentary on the Kāśikā-tilaka. - Bhū-dhana, as, m. whose property is the earth,' a king, prince. - Bhū-dhara, as, ā, am, earth-bearing,' supporting the earth; dwelling in the earth; (as), m. an epithet of Siva; of Krishna; of Vatuka-bhairava; a mountain; a term for the number seven [cf. kula-parvata]; a kind of che-

mical or medical apparatus, a sort of sand-bath (?); N. of a commentator on the Sūrya-siddhānta. — Bhūdhara-guhantara-tas (°hā-an°), ind. from within the caves of the mountains. - Bhūdhara-ja, as, m. 'mountain-born,' a tree. - Bhūdhara-tā, f. the state or act of supporting the earth. - Bhūdhareśvara (°ra-īs°), as, m. 'mountain-lord,' an epithet of Hima-vat. - Bhū-dhātrī, f. 'earth-mother,' an epithet of Vatuka-bhairava; the plant Flacourtia Cataphracta. - Bhū-dhra, as, m. = bhū-dhara, a mountain. - Bhū-nandana, as, m., N. of a king. - Bhūnaga, as, m. 'earth-soake,' a kind of snail or earthworm. — Bhū-nimba, as, m. the plant Gentiana Cherayta, commonly called Cherayta. — Bhū-nīpa, as, m. = bhū-kadamba. - Bhū-netri, tā, m. 'earthleader, a sovereign, king, prince. — Bhū-pa, as, m. 'earth-protector,' a sovereign, king, prince. — Bhū-patā, f. the state or rank of a king, sovereignty, kingship. - Bhū-pati, is, m. 'lord of the earth,' an epithet of Rudra; of Indra; of Vatuka-bhairava; of one of the Viśve-Deväh; a king, monarch, prince; N. of a sacrificer; of a poet (probably Bhoja, cf. bhū-pāla); a kind of medicinal plant (= rishabha). - Bhū-pada, as, m. 'earth-fixed, earth-rooted,' a tree; (i), f. Arabian jasmine, Jasminum Zambac. - Bhūpa-putra, as, m. a king's son, prince. - Bhūparidhi, is, m. the circumference of the earth; the equinoctial line. — Bhū-palāśa, as, m. a kind of plant commonly called Viśali. — Bhū-pavitra, am, n. 'earth-purifying,' cow-dung. - Bhupa-suta, as, m. a king's son, prince. - Bhū-pāṭalī, f. a kind of plant (= bhū-kumbhī). - Bhū-pāla, as, m. 'earthguardian,' a sovereign, king, prince; an epithet of Bhoja-rāja; N. of a son of Soma-pāla; of a country; (1), f., N. of a particular scale in the Hindu musical system. - Bhū-pālana, am, n. protection or government of the earth, sovereignty, dominion. - Bhūpāla-vallabha, as, m. 'king's favourite,' N. of an author; of an astronomer. - Bhūpāla-śrī, īs, f. 'king's fortune,' N. of a temple of Siva mentioned in the Skanda-Purana. - Bhūpāla-sāhi, is, m. (sāhi=Persian شاه), N. of a king. - Bhū-putra, as, m. 'son of the earth,' the planet Mars. - Bhuputri, f. 'daughter of the earth,' an epithet of Sītā (wife of Rāma-ćandra). - Bhū-pura, am, n. a particular part of a diagram; [cf. bhū-griha.] - Bhū-peshṭa (°pa-ish'), as, m. 'liked by kings,' a kind of fruit tree (=rājādanī). - Bhū-prakampa, as, m. an earthquake. — Bhū-pradāna, am, n. a gift of land. — Bhū-phala, as, m. a kind of rat. — Bhūbadarī, f. a species of jujube. - Bhū-bimba, as, am, m. n. 'earth-ball,' the globe. - Bhū-bhaṭa, as, m., N. of a man. - Bhū-bhartri, tā, m. 'earth-supporter, earth-lord,' a sovereign, king, prince. - Bhū-bhāga, as, m. a portion of ground, a place, spot, station; [cf. bhūmi-bhāga.] — Bhū-bhuj, k, m. 'earth-possessor,' a sovereign, king, prince. - Bhū-bhrit, t, m. 'earth-supporter,' a mountain [cf. kula-bho]; an epithet of Vishnu; a king, prince. - Bhū-mandala, am, n. 'earth-circle, earth-ball,' the terrestrial globe; the circumference or circuit of the earth. - Bhu-mat, ān, m. 'possessing the earth,' a king, prince. - 1. bhūmaya, as, ī, am (for 2. bhūmaya see p. 717, col. 3), made or formed or consisting of earth, produced from the earth, earthen, earthy, terrene; (i), f. an epithet of C'hāyā or Shadow (personified as wife of the Sun). - Bhū-mitra, as, m. 'earth-friend,' N. of a king. - Bhū-yuktā, f. a kind of palm (= bhūmi-kharjūri). - Bhū-rati, is, m. 'earth-joy, N. of a magical spell recited over weapons (personified as a son of Krišāśva). - Bhū-rundī, f. a sort of sun-flower, Heliotropium Indicum. - Bhū-ruh, t, m. 'earth-grower,' a plant, tree. - Bhū-ruha, as, m. 'earth-growing,' any plant, tree; the plant Terminalia Arjuna and Glabra. $=Bh\bar{u}r\text{-}bhuva$, as, m. (bhuva=bhuvas), one of the mind-born sons of Brahma (mentioned with Bhūr and Bhuvas in Harivansa 11509). - Bhūrbhuva-kara, as, m. a dog. -Bhūrbhuva-tirtha, am, n., N. of a place of pilgrimage. - Bhūr-loka, as, m. the terrestrial world,