माह्यड mārunda, as, m. a serpent's egg; | cow-dung; a place spread with cow-dung; a road,

मार्त māruta, as, ī, am (fr. marut), of or belonging to the Maruts, proceeding from the Maruts, relating to or consisting of the Maruts; belonging to air or wind, relating to or proceeding from wind, windy, aerial; (as), m. = marut, air, wind; the god of the wind; breath, breathing; the wind in the body, vital air, one of the three humors of the body; the trunk of an elephant; N. of a Marut; a prince of the Marnts; a N. of Agni; (Ved.) a son of the Maruts; (Ved.) an epithet of Vishou and of Rudra, &c.; (ās), m. pl. the Maruts (regarded as children of Diti); N. of a people, (also read madaka); (ā), f., N. of a woman; (i), f., scil. dis or vidis, the north-west quarter; (am), n., scil. riksha or nakshatra, the constellation Sväti; N. of a Saman; a burnt offering on conception (?). -  $M\bar{a}$ ruta-pūrņa-randhra, as, ā, am, having cavities filled with wind (said of reeds). - Maruta-maya, as, ī, am, consisting or having the essence of wind, windy. - Māruta-vrata, am, n. 'wind-like duty,' penetrating everywhere (as a king by means of spies). - Māruta-sūnu, us, m. 'son of the wind,' epithet of Hanumat. - Mārutātmaja (°ta-āt°), as, m. 'son of the wind,' epithet of fire; of Hanumat. - Marutāpaha (°ta-ap°), as, ā, am, expelling the wind of the body, removing windy humor; (as), m. Capparis Trifoliata. - Mārutāpūrņa (°ta-āp°), as, ā, am, filled with wind. - Mārutāsana (°ta-as°), as, ī, am, feeding on air alone, fasting; (as), m. a snake [cf. pavanāsana]; N. of one of Skanda's attendants; of a Danava. - Marutasva (°ta-as°), as, a, am, (perhaps) having horses rapid as the wind; (Say.) 2 patronymic from Marutāśva. - Māruteśvara-tīrtha (°ta-is°), am, n., N. of a Tirtha.

Māruti, is, m. (fr. marut or māruta), 'son of the Maruts, son of the Wind, a patronymic of Dyutāna (Ved.); of Bhīma; of Hanumat. — Māruti-prashtha, as, a, am, led on or preceded by

मारुतनाच्य mārutantavya for mānutantavya, q. v.

मारुदेव mārudeva, N. of a mountain. See marud-eva, p. 749, col. I.

मार्ध mārudha, N. of a place.

माह्यार māruvāra, N. of a country.

माके mārka, as, m. = mārkava, q. v.

माकेट mārkaṭa, as, ī, am (fr. markaṭa), apish, monkey-like. - Mārkaṭa-pipīlikā, f. a small black ant.

Markați, is, m. a patronymic from Markata.

माने गड mārkaņda, as, m. = mārkaņdeya below; (as, ā, am), composed by Mārkaṇḍa.

– Mārkaṇḍa-purāṇa, am, n. = mārkaṇḍeyapurana. - Markandesvara-tirtha (°da-is°), am, n., N. of a Tirtha.

 $M\bar{a}rkandiya$ , am, n. a species of shrub (= $bh\bar{u}my$ -

Mārkandeya, as, m. a patronymic from Mri-kandn, (according to others also Mrikanda); N. of an ancient sage (the reputed author or narrator of the Mārkandeya-Purāṇa);  $(\bar{a}s)$ , m. pl. the descendants of Mārkandeya; (am), n. =  $m\bar{a}rkandeyasya$ tirtham; (as, i, am), delivered or composed by Mārkandeya. — Mārkandeya-purāna, am, n., N. of one of the eighteen Purānas, (in this Purāna Jaimini, the pupil of Vyāsa, applies to Mārkandeya to be made acquainted with the nature of Vāsudeva or Krishna, and for an explanation of some of the incidents of the Mahā-bhārata; the sage excuses himself, and refers Jaimini to some sapient birds of celestial origin, residing in the Vindhya mountains, and profoundly versed in the Vedas; these birds, whose chief is called Pingāksha, answer Jaimini's

questions and explain various difficult points, such as, 'Why was Väsudeva born a mortal? How was it Draupadi became the wife of the five Pandus?' &c., &c. The answer to these inquiries and the addition of various legends constitute the bulk of this Purana, and make it a kind of supplement to the Mahā-bhārata; it differs from all the other Purāṇas in its narrative rather than sectarial character.)

मानेव mārkava, as, m. Eelipta Prostrata; (sometimes incorrectly spelt markara; cf. markara.)

marg (connected with rts. mrig, 1. mrij, but more properly to be regarded as a Nom. fr. marga below), cl. 1. 10. P. (ep. also d. I. A) mārgati (-te), mārgayati, mārgitum, margayitum, to seek, seek for; to hunt after, chase; to search through, trace ont; to seek after, seek to obtain, strive to attain; to follow after, strive after; to request, ask, beg, solicit anything from any one (with abl. of the person and acc. of the thing, or with double acc.), to ask in marriage; to seek to purchase or buy; to make or prepare a road (?); to go (?); to feather an arrow (?); to purify, adorn, (in this sense evidently for rt. marj = 1. mrij, q. v.)

Marya, as, m. (in some of its senses fr. mriga), hunting or tracing out game; following after, seeking, search, investigation, inquiry; the track of a wild animal, any track, path, road, way, (marge, on the way, on the road; madhye marge, in the middle of the way; margam da, with gen. of the person, to give up the way to any one, move out of any one's way; marge pracalitah, he set out on his way); the path or course of a planet, of the wind, &c.; (in medicine) a way, passage, channel, canal (in any part of the body); the intestinal canal, anus; a way, means, (vigraha-mārga, a means of warfare); the right way, proper course; mode, manner, method, characteristic, usage, habit, custom, use, (amargena, in an unfair manner; malla-mārgāh, the usages of wrestlers; yuddha-mārga, a mode of fighting, stratagem, manœuvre); a title or head in law, ground for litigation; style, diction; a high style of acting or dancing or singing (as opposed to a vulgar style); (in dramatic language) pointing out the way, indicating how anything is to take place; (in geometry) a section; (as, i, am), coming from or belonging to wild animals, belonging to an antelope or deer, (in this sense fr. mriga); (as), m. musk [cf. mriga-mada]; the constellation Mriga-siras; the month Margastrsha (November-December). — Mārga-toraṇa, an, n. a triumphal arch erected over a road. — Mārga-darsaha, as, m. 'way-shower,' a guide. — Mārga-dāytnī, f. 'giving up the way,' N. of Dākshāyaṇī at Kedāra. — Mārgadranga, as, m. a city or town on the road. - Margadruma, as, m. a tree growing by the way-side.
- Mārga-dhenu, us, m. or mārga-dhenuka, am, n. a Yojana, a measure of distance = 4000 fathoms or 4 Kos, above 8 miles, (perhaps originally a milestone representing a cow.) - Mārga-pa, as, or mārga-pati, is, m. 'road-inspector,' N. of a particular official. - Mārga-patha, as, m. a course, road, path. - Mārga-pālī, f. 'road-protectress,' N. of a goddess. - Mārga-bandhana, am, n. a roadobstruction, anything which blocks up a road, a barricade. - Mārga-madhya-ga, as, ā, am, going in the middle of the road, being on the road. - Mārga-rakshāka, as, m. a road-keeper, guard. - Mārgarodhin, i, inī, i, road-obstructing, blocking up a road.— Mārga-vaṭī, f. epithet of the tutelary goddess of travellers.— Mārga-vaṣānuga (°sa-an°) or mārga-vasāyāta ('sa-āy'), as, ā, am, remaining on the road, going or situated along the road. — Mārga-sākhin, ī, m. 'way-side tree,' a tree by the roadside. — Mārgasīrsha, see col. 3. — Mārga-sodhaka, as, m. 'road-clearer,' a pioneer. — Mārga-sha, as, ā, am, being on the road, a traveller. — Mārgaharmya, am, n. a mansion or palace on a high-road. - Mārgāgata (°ya-āg°) or mārgāyāta (°ga-āy°), as, ā, am, come from the road or a journey, a

traveller, way farer. - Margesa (°ga-īsa), as, m. = mārga-pa, col. 2.— Mārgatshin (°ga-esh'), ī, inī, i, 'road-seeking,' searching for a road or path. — Mārgopadis (°ga-up'), k, m. 'road-shower,' a

Mārgaka, as, m. the month Mārgaśīrsha; [cf. prati-mo.]

Margana, as, i, am, seeking, searching for; investigating; begging, requiring, asking, desiring; (as), m. a beggar, solicitor, suppliant, mendicant; an arrow; a symbolical expression for the number five derived from the five arrows of the god of love; (am, a), n. f. the act of seeking or searching for, investigation; research, inquiry; the act of begging, solicitation, affectionate solicitation or inquiry, (in some of these senses usually  $\bar{a}$ , f.) -  $M\bar{a}rgana$ - $t\bar{a}$ , f. the being an arrow, the state or nature of an arrow; mārgaņatām gatah, become an arrow. - Mārgaņapriyā, f., N. of a daughter of Prādhā.

Mārganaka, as, m. a beggar, solicitor, mendicant. Mārgamāna, as, ā, am, seeking, searching for, tracing out, investigating.

Mārgayat, an, antī, at, seeking, seatching for, investigating, hunting after.

Mārgasira, as, or mārgasiras, ās, m. (fr.

mṛiga-śiras), the month Margaśīrsha.

Margasīrsha, as, ī, am, born under the constellation Mriga-siras; (with and without masa), N. of the month in which the full moon enters the constellation Mriga-siras, the tenth or (in later times) the first month in the year = November-December;  $(\overline{i})$ , f. (with and without paurnamās $\overline{i}$ ), the day on which the full moon enters the constellation Mrigasiras, the fifteenth day of the first half of the month Mārgaśīrsha.

Mārgasīrshaka, as, m. = mārgasīrsha.

Mārgāra, as, m., Ved. (according to Mahī-dhara) a patronymic from Mrigari; one who catches fish with his hands.

Mārgika, as, m. a hunter, huntsman; a traveller,

Mārgita, as, ā, am, sought, searched, sought or inquired after, pursued, hunted after; desired, re-

Mārgitavya, as, ā, am, to be sought or sought after; to be searched through; to be striven after.

Margin, i, m. one who clears or guards the way, a pioneer, guide.

I. margya, as, a, am (for 2. see under rt. marj below), to be sought or searched for.

Mārgyamāṇa, as, ā, am, being hunted after or searched for, being chased.

मार्गेमर्चि mārgamarshi, is, m., N. of a son of Viśvāmitra, (also read mārdamarshi.)

मार्गिमित mārgamitra, as, m. a patronymic. मार्गियथ mārgayatha, as, m. a patronymic (?).

मार्गेव mārgava, as, m. a particular mixed caste (born from a Nishāda and an Ayogava female).

मार्गवेय margaveya, as, m., Ved. the patronymic or metronymic of a Rāma.

मार्गेशिर mārgasira, mārgasīrsha. See

मार्गीयव mārgīyava or mārgīyavādya, am, n., N. of a Saman.

mārj, cl. 10. P. mārjayati, -yitum, to wipe, scour, cleanse, purify, (in these senses allied to rt. 1. mrij, fr. which the derivatives below may be formed); to sound, make a parti-cular sound, (in this sense connected with rts. marc, marv, manj.)

2. mārgya, as, ā, am (properly fr. rt. 1. mṛij; for I. see above), to be wiped away or removed, to be scoured, to be cleansed or purified.

Mārja, as, ā, am, cleaning, scouring; a cleaner, sconrer [cf. astra-m°, sastra-m°]; (as), m. an epithet of Vishnu; purification, cleansing; a washerman.