or with the mother. - Yoni-mukta, as, a, am, Ved. released from birth or from being born again. - Yoni-mukha, am, n. the orifice of the uterus. - Yoni-mudrā, f., N. of a particular position of the fingers. - Yoni-ranjana, am, n. the menstrual excretion. - Yoni-roga, as, m. disease of the female organs of generation. - Yoni-linga, am, n. the clitoris. - Yoni-sameritti, is, f. contraction or closure of the vagina. - Yoni-sankara, as, m. 'confusion of births,' mixture of caste by unlawful intermarriage, misalliance. - Yoni-sambandha, as, m. selation by marriage, affinity. - Yoni-sambhava. as, ā, am, = yoni-ja. - Yony-arsas, as, n. a fleshy excrescence in the female organ (= kanda), prolapsos uteri (?).

Yonin, i, ini, i, = yoni, at the end of an adj.

Yonya, as, ā, am, Ved. forming a womb or receptacle (for the waters; Say. = udaka-nirgamana-dvāra).

योपन yopana. See under rt. yup, p. 820.

योपणा yoshanā, f. (probably fr. rt. 2. yu, cf. yuvan; according to others connected with rt. 1. jush), a girl, maiden, young woman, wife; (according to Say. on Rig-veda V. 52, 14) a hymn, praise.

Yoshan, anas, f. pl. (apparently only used in plur.), Ved. women, young women, maidens; epithet of the ten fingers (in Rig-veda lX. 1, 7, &c.).

Yoshā, f. a girl, young woman, woman, female, wife; epithet of the early dawn (Ved., but according to Say, on Rig-veda I. 123, 9. yoshā = miśrayanti, blending); the female of an animal, a mare (Ved.);

speech, (Say .= mādhyamikā vāk.)

Yoshit, t, f. a woman, female, wife; the female (of an animal, e. g. ali-yoshit, a female bee). - Yoshit-krita, as, a, am, done by a woman, contracted by a female. - Yoshit-pratiyatana, f. the image or statue of a woman. - Yoshit-sarpa, as, m. a serpent of a woman, a woman like a serpent. - Yoshid-ratna, am, n. a jewel of a woman, a most excellent woman. - Yoshin-maya, as, ī, am, formed like a woman, representing a woman.

Yoshitā, f. a woman, female, wife.

Yoshitvā, ind. (said to be a kind of ind. part. derived fr. yoshit), having made ioto a woman.

योस yos, ind. welfare, happiness, (generally used in Ved. after sam; according to Say. yoh = yaranam, 'the warding off of dangers,' as if fr. rt. 1. yu, or sukhasya miśrayitā, 'the mixer or causer of happiness,' as if fr. rt. 2. yu.)

योहल yohula, as, m. a proper N.

योकरीय yaukarīya (fr. yūkara), see Gaņa Kriśaśvadi to Pan. IV. 2, 80.

योक्तसूच yauktasruća, am, n. (fr. yukta + sruć), N. of a Saman.

Yauktāśva, am, n. (fr. yuktāśva), N. of a Saman. Yauktāśvādya and yauktāśvottara, am, n., N. of two Samans.

योक्तिक yauktika, as, ī, am (fr. yukti), anything which connects or binds, suitable, proper, fit; founded on reasoning, logical; inferrible, deducible; usual, customary; (as), m. a king's companion or associate (= narma-saciva).

योग yauga, as, m. (fr. yoga), a follower of the Yoga system of philosophy.

Yaugaka, as, i, am, relating to the religious exercise called Yoga; [cf. yaugika.]

Yaugandhara or yaugandharaka, as, i, am (fr. yngan-dhara), relating to Yugan-dhara.

Yaugandharayana, as, m. (fr. yugan-dhara and yogan-dhara), a patronymic; N. of a minister of Udayana.

Yaugandharayaniya, as, i, am, relating or belonging to Yangandharayana.

. Yaugandhari, is, m. a king of the Yugan-dharas.

Yaugapada, am, n. = yaugapadya below.

Yaugapadya, am, n. (fr. yuga-pad), simultaneousness, contemporaneousness; yaugapadyena = yuga-pad, simultaneously, together.

Yangavaratra, am, n. = yuga-varatrāṇām samūha, see Gaņa Khandikādi to Pān. IV. 2, 45.

Yaugika, as, i, am, useful, applicable; proper, customary, usual; belonging to a remedy, remedial; derivative, suiting the derivation, agreeing with the etymology, derived from the etymology, (yaugiki sanjnā, a word retaining that signification which belongs to it according to its etymology; yaugikarū/ha, a word which has both an etymological and special meaning, cf. yoga-rūdha); relating to the Yoga, proceeding or derived from the Yoga.

यौजनश्रातिक yaujanasatika, as, ī, am (fr. yojana + sata), one who goes a hundred Yojanas; one who deserves to be approached from a distance of a hundred Yojanas; [cf. krausasatika.]

Yaujanika, as, i, am (fr. yojana), going or

extending a Yojana.

alt yauf or yaud, cl. 1. P. yaufati, yaudati, &c., Caus. Aor. ayuyaufat, &c., to join or fasten together; [cf. yotaka.]

यातक yautaka, as, ī, am (fr. 1. yutaka), anything which rightfully belongs to or is the property of any one; (am), n. private property, (especially) property given at marriage, a woman's dowry, nuptial gift, presents made to a bride at her marriage by her father or friends; (according to some also) a gift to the bridegroom.

Yautaki, is, m. a patronymic; yautakyā, f., see Gana Kraudy-ādi to Pān. IV. 1, 80.

Yautuka, am, n. = yautaka above.

योतव yautava, am, n. measure in general (=pautava, q.v.).

यौधिक yauthika, as, ī, am (fr. yūtha), belonging to a band or troop, belonging to a flock or herd; (as), m. one belonging to the same flock or company, a companion, comrade.

Yauthya, see Gana Sankāśādi to Pān, IV. 2, 80.

योध yaudha, as, ī, am (fr. yodha), warlike, martial.

Yaudhājaya, am, n., N. of various Sāmans. Yaudhika, epithet of a particular mode of fighting

(Hari-vansa 15980; also read yodhika).

Yaudhishthira, as, ī, am (fr. yudhi-shthira), relating or belonging to Yudhi-shthira; (as), m. a descendant of Yudhi-shthira; (i), f. a female descendant of Yudhi-shthira.

Yaudhishthiri, is, m. a patronymic from Yudhi-

Yaudheya, as, m. a king of the Yaudheyas; N. of a son of Yudhi-shthira; = yoddhri, a warrior; (ās), m. pl., N. of a warlike race.

Yaudheyaka = yaudheya.

योन 1. yauna, as, ī, am (fr. yoni), relating to the womb or place of birth, uterine; concerning or relating to marriage or to affinity; resulting through marriage; connected by the mother's side, connubial; (am), n. matrimonial connection, conjugal alliance, marriage, relationship by marriage; (at the end of an adj. comp.) proceeding from, arising from (e. g. agni-yauna, proceeding from fire). - Yauna-sambandha, as, m. relationship by marriage, affioity.

यान 2. yauna, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, (probably contracted for Yavana.)

योप yaupa, as, ī, am (fr. yūpa), relating to the sacrificial post.

Yaupya, see Gana Sankāśādi to Pān. IV. 2, So.

यौयुधानि yauyudhāni, is, m. a patronymic from Yuyudhāna.

योवत yauvata, am, n. (fr. yuvati), a num-

ber of girls, assemblage of young women; = yau-

Yauvateya, as, m. the son of a young woman.

योवन yauvana, as, ī, am (fr. yuvan), juvenile; (am), n. youth, youthfulness, the prime of life, bloom of youth, puberty, manhood, (at the end of an adj. comp. the fem. ends in  $\bar{a}$ , cf.  $pr\bar{a}pta-y^{\circ}$ ); a number of young people (especially of young women); any youthful act or juvenile indiscretion; N. of the third grade or degree in the mysteries of the Saktas. - Yauvana-kantaka, as, am, m. n. an eruption common in youth, pimples &c. on the face of young people. - Yaurana-darpa, as, m. the pride of youth, rashness, juvenile indiscretion or conceit. — Yaurana-daśa, f. the period of youth. - Yauvana-pidakā, f. = yauvana-kantaka. - Yauvana-pranta, as, am, m. n. the extreme verge or end of youth. - Yaurana-bhinna-saisava. as, a, am, whose childhood is divided by youth, passing from childhood to manbood. - Yauvanamatta, as, a, am, intoxicated by (the pride of) youth;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. a species of metre, four times -00-, --- Yauvana-lakshana, am, n. a sign or characteristic of youth; charm, loveliness, grace; the female breast. - Yauvana-vat, an, ati, at, possessing youth, being in youth, young, youthful. - Yauvana-śri, is, f. the beauty of youthfulness. - Yauvana-stha, as, a, am, being in the bloom of youth,' arrived at puberty, youthful, marriageable. - Yauranāvasthā (ona-avo), f. the state of youth, youthfulness, puberty. - Yauvanodbheda (ona-udo), as, m. the ardour of youthful passion, sexual love or inclination; Kāma-deva, the god of love.

Yauvanaka, am, n. = yauvana, youth.

Yauvanāśva, as, m. (fr. yuvanāśva), a patronymic of Māndhātri; a patronymic of a grandson of Mandhatri.

Yauvanāsvaka, as, or yauvanāsvi, is, m. a patronymic of Mandhatri.

Yauvanika, as, m. (?), = yauvana, youth.

Yauvanin, î, inī, i, youthful. Yauvarājika, as, ā ot î, am (ft. yuva-rāja), see

Gaņa Kāśyādi to Pāņ. IV. 2, 116.

Yauvarājya, am, n. (fr. yuva-rāja), the rank or office of a Yuva-rāja or heir-apparent associated in the kingdom; the rights and privileges of heirapparent, right of succession to the kingdom.

यौषिएय yaushinya, am, n. womanhood; [cf. yoshan.]

योप्माक yaushmāka, as, ī, am (fr. yushma), your, yours, belonging to you.

Yaushmākīņa, as, ī, am, your, yours.

## ₹

I. ra, the twenty-seventh consonant of the Nagari alphabet, being the semivowel of the vowels ri, ri, and having the sound of the English r in real. - Ra-kāra, as, m. the letter or sound ra.

T 2. ra, as, m. fire; heat, warmth; burning, scorching; love, desire; speed;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. = vi-bhrama; giving, =  $d\bar{a}na$ ; gold, =  $k\bar{a}n\dot{c}ana$ ; (i), f. going, motion, = gati; (am), n. = tejas, brightness, splendor.

I 3. ra, (in prosody) a cretic or a short between two long syllables. - Ra-vipulā, f. 'aboundiog in cretics,' N. of a metre.

it ransu, us, us, u (said by some to be fr. rt. ran, but according to Nirukta VI. 17. and Say. fr. rt. ram), Ved. cheerful, joyful, delightful; (u), ind. cheerfully, delightfully, (Say = ramaniyeshu, i. e. ājyādi-havihshu, in oblations, &cc.) - Ransu-jihva, as, a, am, Ved. having a pleasing tongue or voice, (Sāy. = ramanīya-jvālopeta, possessing a pleasing tongue of flame.)