cipal tooth, front tooth; a proper N. - Rajadanti. is, m. a patronymic from Raja-danta. - Raja-darsana, am, n. the act of seeing or appearing before a king, a royal audience; N. of a kind of artificial composition. - Rāja-dāra, ās, nı. pl. a king's wife, royal consort; the wives of a king. - Rāja-duhitri, tā, f. a king's daughter, princess. - Rāja-dāta, as, m. a king's ambassador. — $R\bar{a}ja$ - $d\bar{u}rv\bar{a}$, f. a kind of high-growing Dūrvā grass. — $R\bar{a}ja$ -drishad, t, f., N. of the larger or lower mill-stone. - Raju-deva. as, m., N. of a lexicographer (=bhoja-rāju-deva).

— Rāja-druma, as, m.=rāja-vriksha.— Rājadroha, as, m. 'the act of injuring a king,' high treason, rebellion. - Rāja-drohin, i, m. 'king-injurer,' a traitor, rebel. - Rāja-dvār, r, f. or rāja-dvāra, am, n. the king's gate, gate of a royal palace. - Rāja-dvārika, as, m. a royal porter or gate-keeper. - Rāja-dhattūra or rāja-dhattūraka, as, m. a kind of thorn-apple. - Raja-dharma, as, m. a king's duty; (ās), in. pl. royal duties, rules or laws relating to kings. - Rājadharma-kaustubha, N. of the the Smriti-kanstubha. — Rāja-dharman, N. of the king of the cranes or herons (a son of Kasyapa, Mahā-bh. Sānti-p. 6337). — Rājudharmānusāsana ("ma-an"), am, n. 'instruction in the duties of kings,' N. of the first section of the Santi-p. of the Maha-bharata. - Raja-dhana or rāja-dhānaka, am, n. or rāja-dhānikā, or rājadhānī, f. a royal city, metropolis, capital, a king's residence, pılace. — Rāja-dhānya, am, n. 'royal grain,' Panicum Frumentaceum; a kind of rice.
- Rāja-dhāman, a, n. a king's residence, royal palace. - Rāja-dhīra, as, m. a proper N. - Rājadhura, as, m. or raja-dhura, f. 'king's yoke,' the burden of government. - Rāja-dhustūraka or rājadhurta, as, m. a species of large Datura or thomapple. - Rāja-nagarī, f. a royal city. - Rāja-nandana, as, m. a king's son, prince. - Rāja-naya, as, m. royal conduct or policy, the administration of government, politics. - Raja-napita, as, m. a royal barber, a first-rate barber. — Rāja-nāman, ā, m. Trichosanthes Diœca. — Rāja-nighantu, us, or rāja-nighanta, as, m., N. of a dictionary of materia medica (including many herbs and plants) by Harahari-pandita, (also written rāja-nirghanta.) - Rājanirdhūta-danda, as, ā, am, one who has undergone punishment from a king. – Rāja-nivešana, am, n. a king's abode, palace. – Rāja-nīti, is, f. royal conduct or policy, the administration of government, statesmanship, politics. - Rāja-nīla, am, n. an emerald. - Rājan-vat, ān, atī, at (anomalous for rāja-vat, see Pāņ. VIII. 2, 14), having a good king, governed by a just monarch (Raghu-v. VI. 22). - Rāja-patola or rāja-patolaka, as, m. a kind of encumber, Trichosanthes Diecca; (i), f.= madhura-paţoli (?).—Rāja-paṭṭla, us, m. a kind of precious stone, a diamond of inferior quality (said to be brought from Virāṭa-deśa in the north-west of India); a royal fillet or tiara. — $R\bar{a}ja$ - $pattik\bar{a}$, f. = $c\bar{a}taka$ -pakshin. — $R\bar{a}ja$ -pati, is, m. a lord of kings. - Rāja-patnī, f. a king's wife, royal consort, queen. — $R\bar{a}ja$ -patha, as, m. the king's highway, a main road, public road, principal street. — $R\bar{a}ja$ -pathāya, Non. A. -pathāyate, &c., to represent or be like a main road. - Rāja-pada, am, n. the rank of a king, kingship. - Rāja-paddhati, is, f. a main road, principal street. - Raja-parnī, f. Pæderia Fœtida. - Rāja-palāṇḍu, us, m. a particular kind of onion. - Rāja-pāla, as, m., N. of a king; of a royal family. - Rāja-pitri, tā, m. a king's father. - Rāju-pīlu, us, m. a species of tree (=mahāpīlu). - Rāja-putra, as, m. a king's son, prince; a Kshatriya or man of the military tribe (in the Hindu caste system); the son of a Vaisya by an Ambashthā or the son of a Kshatriya by a Karaņī; a Rājpoot (the name of a class of persons who claim descent from the ancient Kshatriyas); the planet Mercury (regarded as the son of the moon); a kind of mango; (i), f. a king's daughter, princess; a female of the Rajpoot tribe; N. of several plants, a bitter gourd $(=k\bar{a}ta-tumb\bar{i})$; a kind of jasmine

(=jātī, mālatī); a kind of perfume (= renukā); a kind of metal $(=r\bar{a}ja-r\bar{i}ti)$; a musk-rat; (\bar{a}) , f., Ved. 'having kings for sons,' a mother of kings. - Rāja-putraka, am, n. a number of kings' sons, assemblage of princes. - Rāja-putrikā, f. a king's daughter, princess; a species of bird (= sarāri). -Rāja-putrīya, am, n., N. of a work. - Rāja-pura, am, n. a royal city, the residence of a king; N. of a city; (i), f., N. of a city. - Rāja-purusha, as, m. a royal servant or attendant; a king's minister. - Rājapushpa, as, m. Mesua Roxburghii; (i), f. a species of plant (= karunī). - Rāja-pūga, as, m. a kind of Areca or betel-nut palm. - Rāja-pūrusha, as, m. = rāja-purusha above. - Rāja-paurushika, as, ī, am, being in a king's service. - Raja-paurushya, am, n. (fr. raja-purusha), the state of a royal servant, the being a king's minister. – $R\bar{a}ja \cdot pra-kriti$, is, f. a king's minister. – $R\bar{a}ja$ -pradeya, as, ā, am, to be given or presented to a king. - Rājaprasāda, as, m. royal favour. — $R\bar{a}ja$ -priya, as, m. a kind of onion; (\bar{a}) , f. a species of plant (= karuni). - Rāja-preshya, as, m. a king's servant; (am), n. royal service, service of kings, (more correctly rāja-praishya.) - Rāja-phanijjhaka, as, m. an orange tree. - Rāja-phala, am, n. 'royal fruit,' the fruit of Trichosanthes Diœca; (as), m. bearing royal fruit,' a species of tree, = rājādanī; (a), f. Engenia Jambolana. - Raja-badara, as, m. a species of jujube tree; (am), n. a sort of Justicia plant; salt. - Raja-bandha, as, m. imprisonment by the king. - Rāja-balā, f. Pæderia Fœtida. - Rājabāndhava, as, m. a relation of a king, royal relation; (i), f. a female relation of a king. - Rajabhata, as, m. a king's soldier, soldier of the royal army. - Rāja-bhattikā, f. a species of water-fowl. - Rāja-bhadraka, as, m. Costus Speciosus or Arabicus; Azadirachta Indica. - Rāja-bhaya, am, n. king's risk, danger from a king, fear of a king. - Rāja-bhavana, am, n. a king's abode, royal palace. - Rāja-bhāryā, f. a king's wife, queen. - Rāja-bhāya, am, n. = rāja-tā, royalty, &c. - Rāja-bhrit, see Gaņa Sankalādi to Pāņ. IV. 2, 75. - Raja-bhrita, as, a, am, bired by the king, being in the king's service; (as), m. a king's soldier. - Rāja-bhritya, as, m. a servant of a king, royal servant or minister, courtier, any public officer. - Raja-bhoga, as, m. a king's meal, royal repast. — $R\bar{a}ja$ bhogīna, as, ā, am, fit for a king's enjoyment, suitable for a king's use. - Rāja-bhogya, as, m. Buchanalia Latifolia; (am), n. nutmeg. - Rāja-bhojana, as, ā, am, eaten by kings. — Rāja-bhauta, as, m. a king's fool or jester. — Rāja-bhrātri, tā, m. a king's brother. - Raja-mani, is, m. 'royal gem,' a kind of precious stone. - Rāja-mandūka, as, m. a species of large frog. - Raja-mantra-dhara, as, m. a king's counsellor, royal minister. - Rājamantrin, ī, m. a minister of state. - Rāja-mandira, am, n. the palace of a king, a royal mansion; N. of the chief town of Kalinga. - Raja-malla, as, m. a royal wrestler. - Rāja-mahila, N. of a town. - Raja-mahendra-tīrtha (°hā-in°), am, n., N. of a Tirtha. - Rāja-mātri, tā, f. a king's mother. - Rāja-mātra, am, n., Ved. every one claiming the name of Rajan .- Raja-manusha, as, m. a royal officer or minister, any public officer. – $R\bar{a}ja$ - $m\bar{a}rga$, as, m the king's highway, a royal or main road, high road, high street, principal street (one passable for horses and elephants); the way or method of kings, procedure of kings (as warfare &c.). – Rōja-mārtaṇḍa, N. of a commentary by Bhoja-deva on Pataṅjali's Yoga-sūtras. – Rōja-mā-sha, as, m. a kind of bean, Dolichos Catjang. - Rāja-māshya, as, ā, am, snited to the cultivation of Rāja-māsha, consisting of or sown with this plant (as a field &c.) - Rāja-mudga, as, m. a kind of bean. - Rāja-mudrā, f. a royal signet or seal. - Rāja-muni, is, m. = rājarshi. - Rāja-mri-gānka (°ga-an°), N. of a particular medicinal compound; of an astronomical work. - Raja-yakshma, as, or (in later authors) rāja-yakshman, ā, m. a particular kind of dangerous disease; (in the later

language) pulmonary consumption, atrophy. - Rajayakshma-nāman, ā, m., Ved., N. of a particular mythical being (said to be connected with the building or foundation of a house). - Raja-yakshmin, i. ini, i, suffering from consumption, consumptive. - Rāja-yajna, as, m. a king's sacrifice, royal offering. - Rāja-yāna, am, n. a royal vehicle, palanquin. - Rāja-yudhvan, ā, m. a king's soldier, royal warrior; one who makes war against a king. - Rājayoga, as, m. a constellation under which princes are born or a configuration of planets &c. at the birth of any person indicating him to be destined for kingship; a particular stage in abstract meditation, an easy mode of meditation as distinguished from the more rigorous; [cf. yoga.] - Rāja-yogya, as, ā, am, befitting a king, suitable for royalty, princely. - Rājayoshit, t, f. a king's wife, queen. — Rāja-ranga, am, n. 'royal tin,' silver. — Rāja-ratha, as, m. a royal carriage. - Rāja-rākshasa, as, m. 'a Rākshasa of a king, a bad king. - Rāja-rāj, t, m. a king of kings, supreme sovereign; N. of the moon. - Rāja-rāja, as, m. a king of kings, supreme sovereign, emperor; N. of Kuvera; of the moon; of a man. - Rājarāja-tā, f. or rājarāja-tva or rāja-rājya, am, n. the rank of a supreme sovereign or emperor, dominion over all princes, universal sovereignty. - Rāja-rāma-nagara, am, n., N. of a town. - Rāja-rīti, is, f. a kind of brass or bellmetal. – Rājarshabha ('ja-rish'), as, m. the chief of kings. – Rājarshi ('ja-rishi), is, m. a royal Rishi or saint, Rishi of royal descent, that holy and superhuman personage which a king or man of the military class may become by the performance of great austerities (e. g. Purū-ravas, Viśvā-mitra, &c.; see rishi, viśvā-mitra). - Rājarshin, š, m. = rājarshi above. - Rāja-lakshaṇa, am, n. 2 royal sign or token, any mark on the body &c. indicating a future king; royal insignia, regalia. - Rāja-lakshman, a, n. a royal token, sign of royalty; (ā), m. 'having the marks of royalty,' N. of Yudhi-shthira.

— Rāja-lakshmī, īs, f. the Fortune or Prosperity of a king (personified as a goddess), a king's good genius, the good fortune or glory of a king, royal majesty or sovereignty; N. of a princess. - Rājalinga, am, n. a kiugly mark, royal token. – Rāja-lilā-nāman, āni, n. pl., N. of a collection of epithets borne by Krishna having reference to 118 of his diversions when he had attained to regal rank. - Rajalekha, as, m. 'king's writing,' a royal letter or edict. - Rāja-loka, as, m. a company of kings. - Rāja-vansa, as, m. a family of kings, royal family, dynasty. - Rājavansāvalī (°śa-āv°), f. the genealogy of kings, royal pedigree. - Rajavansiya or rajavansya, as, a, am, belonging to a royal family, of regal race or descent. - I. raja-vat, ind. like a king; as towards a king. - 2. raja-vat, an, $at\bar{i}$, at, having a king, possessing kings; $(\bar{a}n)$, m., N. of a son of Dyutimat; $(at\bar{i})$, f., N. of the wife of the Gandbarva Deva-prabha. - Rāja-vadana, as, m. a proper N. - Raja-vadha, as, m., Ved. a king's weapon. - Rāja-vandin, î, m. a proper N. Rāja-varćas, as, n. kingly rank or dignity, majesty.
 Rāja-vartman, a, n. a king's high road, principal street. - Rāja-vardhana, as, m. a proper N. - Rāja-vallabha, as, m. a king's favourite; N. of various plants $(=r\bar{a}ja\text{-}badara, r\bar{a}j\bar{a}dani, r\bar{a}\text{-}j\bar{a}mra)$; N. of a kind of incense; of a work. - Rāja-vallī, f. Momordica Charantia. - Rājavasībhūta, as, ā, am, subject to a king, loyal. - Rājavasībhūta-tā, f. loyalty, allegiance. - Rājavasati, is, f. dwelling in a king's court; a royal residence, palace. - Rāja-vārttika, am, n., N. of a Sānkhya work. — Rāja-vāha, as, m. a horse. — Rājavāhana, as, m., N. of a son of king Rāja-hansa. — Rāja-vāhya, as, m. a royal elephant. — Rāja-vi, is, m. 'royal bird,' the blue jay. — Rāja-vidyā, f. royal science, kingcraft, state policy, statesmanship, administration of government, political economy. - Rāja-vinoda-tāla, as, m. a kind of time or measure in music. - Rāja-vihāra, as, m. a royal convent. - Rāja-vījin, ī, inī, i, sprung from a