the history of both old and more recent families (one of the five Lakshanas of a Purana). - Vansāvatī, f. a proper N. - Vaņšāvalī (°śa-āv°), f. the line of a family, a pedigree, genealogy. - Vansāhva (°śa-āh°), as, m. bamboo-manua. - Vansī-dhara, as, ā, am, holding a flute or pipe; (as), m. a fluteplayer, piper; N. of Krishna; of a learned man. -Vansī-dhārin, i, ini, i, holding or carrying a flute; (i), m. a flute-player; N. of Krishna. - Vansīvadana, as, m., N. of a Scholiast.

Vansaka, as, m. a large kind of sugar-cane; a joint ia a bamboo; a small fish, Cynoglossus Lingua; N. of a king; (ikā), f. a kind of pipe or flute; aloe wood, Agallochum, (ia this sense also am, n.; cf. vansika.)

Vansika, as, i, am, belonging or relating to a bamboo, pertaining to a family &cc., lineal, genealogical; (am), n. aloe wood; [cf. vansikā above.]

Vansin, s, ins, i, belonging to a family; [cf. sva-v°.

Vansi-vādya, am, n. a flute, pipe, (probably wrong for vansi-vadya.)

Vansī. See under vansa, p. 875, col. 2.

Vansiya, as, ā, am, of or belonging to a family,

of a good family, of the same family.

Vansya, as, a, am, belonging or attached to the main beam; connected with the back-bone or spine; of or belonging to a family; of a good family, of the same family; peculiar to a family; genealogical, lineal; (as), m. a cross-beam, joist; a bone in the arm; a bone in the leg; a member of a family; a son, lineal descendant, posterity; an ancestor, forefather; a kinsman from seven generations above and seven below; a pupil; (ās), m. pl. accestors.

वसग vansaga, as, m., Ved. a bull.

वह vanh. See rt. banh, p. 671, col. 2.

Vanhishtha, as, ā, am (see banhishtha), most, very much or great.

Vanhīyas, an, asī, as (see banhīyas), more, greater; very much or large.

vak (a form of rt. vank, q.v.), to go crookedly, &c., (in Rig-veda VII. 21, 3. vāvakre=nirgaechanti, they issued forth.)

Vaka, as, m. a heron, crane, Ardea Nivea; a hypocrite, cheat, rogue, deceiver (the crane being regarded as an animal of great cunning and deceit as well as sagacity); a particular tree, Sesbana Grandiflora; an apparatus for calcining or subliming metals or minerals (consisting of two crucibles, one inverted over the other and placed over a fire); N. of a Rishi (having the patronymic Dālbhi or Dālbhya); of a Rākshasa or demon (killed by Bhīma or Bhīmasena, see vaka-vadha); of an Asura (said to have assumed the form of a crane and to have been conquered by Krishna); of Kuvera; of a king; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people; (i), f. = pūtanā. - Vaka-kaccha, N. of a district. - Vaka-kalpa, as, m., N. of a particular Kalpa or period of the world. - Vakaćara, as, m. = vaka-vratin. - Vaka-ćincikā, f. a sort of fish. - Vaka-jit, t, m. 'conqueror of Vaka,' N. of Bhima-sena. - Vaka-tva, am, n. the state or condition of a crane. - Vaka-dvipa, as, m., N. of a Dvipa. - Vaka-dhūpa, as, m. a compound perfume, (also read vriku-dhupa.) - Vaka-nakha, as, m., N. of a son of Viśvā-mitra, (also read vaka-naka.)

- Vaka-nisūdana, as, m. 'destroyer of Vaka,' N. of Bhima-sena. - Vaka-pańćaka, am, n. a space of time consisting of the last five Tithis of the bright half of the month Karttika. - Vaka-pushpa, as, m. a kind of tree, Æschynomene Grandistora; (am), n, the flower of this tree. - Vaka-yantra, am, n. 'crane-like instrument,' epithet of a particular form of retort. - Vaka-rāja, as, m. the king of the cranes (named Rāja-dharman, he was son of Kasyapa, see Mahā-bh. Santi-p. 6336). - Vaka-vadha, as, m. 'the killing of Vaka,' N. of a section of the Adi-parvan of the Mahā-bh. 6103-6315 (describing how Bhima, while resident in the city of Eka-ćakrā, delivered his family and the whole neighbourhood

from the tyranny of the demon named Vaka or Baka, who forced the citizens to send him every day a dish of food by a man whom he always devoured as his daintiest morsel at the end of the repast). - Vaka-vriksha, as, m. a kind of tree. - Vakapritti, is, is, i, one who acts or behaves like a crane, hypocritical; (is), m. a false or hypocritical devotee, hypocrite (compared to the crane which stations itself cunningly by a pool apparently absorbed in meditation till it sees a fish on which to dart). - Vaka-vairin, ī, m. 'Vaka's eneniy,' N. of Bhīma-sena. - Vakavrata, am, n. 'crane-like observance,' the conduct of a crane, hypocrisy. - Vakavrata-cara, as, m. one who acts like a crane, a bypocrite. - Vaka-vratika, as, or vaka-vratin, i, m. one whose acts or observances are like those of a crane,' a false devotee, religious hypocrite, one who assumes the appearance of devotion or meditation for interested purposes, (see vaka-vritti.) – Vaka-saktha, as, m. a proper N.; (ās), m. pl. Vaka-saktha's descendants. – Vakasaha-vāsin, ī, m. 'dwelling in the same abode as the crane, a lotus. - Vakāri ('ka-ari), is, m. 'enemy of Vaka,' N. of Krishna. - Vakeša ('kaiśa), as, m., N. of a temple founded by Vaka. Vakāćī, f. a sort of fish (=vaka-ćinćikā).

Vakāya, Nom. P. vakāyati, &c., to represent or act like the Asura Vaka.

Vakāyat, an, antī, at, acting like the Asura Vaka. Vakula, as, m. (said to be ir. rt. vak or vank), a kind of tree, Mimusops Elengi; a kind of drug; (ā), f., N. of a plant, = kaţukā; (ī), f. a sort of drug (commonly called Kākolī); (am), n. the fragrant flower of Mimusops Elengi. - Vakulāvalikā °la-āv°), f., N. of a woman.

Vakulita, as, ā, am, furnished with Mimusops

Vakula, as, m. the Vakula tree.

Vakerukā, f. a small crane; the branch of a tree bent by the wind.

Vakota, as, m. a crane.

Vakra, as, ā, am, crooked, winding, tortuous, curved, bent, bowed, meandering, curled, curly (as hair &c.); having an apparently backward motion, retrograde (said of planets); prosodially long (the form of the long mark being supposed to be curved), crooked in disposition, cunning, fraudulent, dishonest, prevaricating, indirect, evasive, ambiguous; cruel, malignant; (as), m. the planet Mars; the planet Satum; Rudra or Siva; the Asura Tripura; N. of a king of the Karushas; of a Rākshasa; = parpata; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people, (also read cakra); (ā), f., N. of a particular musical instrument; scil. gati, N. of a particular variation in the course of Mercury; (am), n. the winding course of a river, the arm or bend of a stream; the apparent retrograde motion of a planet; (in surgery) a form of fracture (when a bone is bent in a particular way or only partially broken); [cf. according to some, Lat. varus: Hib. fiar, 'crooked, wicked;' fiaras, 'crookedness;' fiaraim, 'I incline, bend.']—Vakra-kanta, as, m. having crooked thorns, the jujube tree. - Vakrakantaka, as, m. Acacia Catechu. - Vakra-khadga or vakra-khadgaka, as, m. a bent sword, a cimeter, sabre. - Vakra-gati, is, f. crooked or winding course, tortuous motion, apparent retrograde motion or retrogression (said of the course of Mars &c.); (is, is, i), moving crookedly or tortuously, meandering. - Vakra-gāmin, ī, inī, i, going crookedly, moving tortuously or in zigzag, fraudulent, dishonest. - Vakra-grīva, as, m. 'crooked-necked,' a camel. - Vakra-ćańću, us, m. 'crooked-beaked,' a parrot. -Vakra-ta, f. or vakra-tva, am, n. crookedness, curvature, curvedness, tortuousness; retrograde motion (in astronomy); the going crooked or wrong, failure, mishap; perverseness, falseness, dishonesty, ambiguity, prevarication. - Vakra-tunda, as, a, am, crooked-beaked, having a crooked face; (as), m. a parrot: N. of Ganesa (so called as represented with the trunk of an elephant). - Vakra-danshtra, as, m. 'crooked-tusked,' a boar, (wrongly read vaktrad'.) - Vakra-drishti, is, f. oblique vision, an

oblique look, squint; malignant regard, hostile view; (is, is, i), looking asquint, squint-eyed, squinting; looking malignantly or with an evil eye at any one; jealous, envious. - Vakra-nakra, as, m. 'cronkedbeaked,' a parrot; a low or depraved man. - Vakranāla, am, n. a sort of wind-instrument. - Vakranāsa, as, ā, am, crooked-nosed, having a crooked beak; (as), m. a proper N. – Vakra-nāsika, as, m. 'crooked-nosed,' an owl. - Vakra-pāda, as, ā, am, crooked-legged. - Vakra-puccha or vakrapućchika, as, m. 'crooked-tailed.' a dog. - Vakrapura, am, n., N. of a town. - Vakra-pushpa, as, m., N. of a plant, Sesbana Grandiflora; Butea Frondosa. - Vakra-bāladhi, is, m. 'crooked-tailed,' a dog. - Vakra-bhanita, am, n. indirect speech, equivocation, prevarication, evasion. - Vakra-bhāva, as, m. the state of being bent, curvature, crookedness; cunning, craft, deceit. - Vakra-rekhā, f. a curved line. - Vakra-lāngūla, am, n. a crooked tail; (as), m. 'crooked-tailed,' a dog. - Vakravaktra, as, m. 'crooked-faced, having a crooked snout, a hog, boar. - Vakra-salyā, f. a kind of small shrub or bush. - Vakra-śringa, as, ī, am, having crooked or bent horns. - Vakra-samstha, as, a, am, placed transversely .- Vakragra (°raag°), am, n., N. of a plant (commonly called Bétu). -Vakrānga (°ra-an°), am, n. a crooked limb; (as), m. a goose; the ruddy goose ('having a curved body'); a snake. - Vakranghri ('ra-an'), is, m. a crooked leg. - Vakri-karana, am, n. the act of making crooked, bending, distorting. - Vakri-kri, cl. 8. P. -karoti, -kartum, to make curved or crooked. - Vakrī-krita, as. ā, am, made crooked or curved, bent. - Vakrī-bhāva, as, m. curvature, curve; fraudulent or dishonest disposition. - Vakri-bhū, cl. I. P. -bhavati, &c., to become crooked or bent; to retrograde (said of planets). - Vakrī-bhūta, as, ā, am, become crooked, curved, bent, dishonest. - Vakretara (°ra-it°), as, ā, at, reverse of crooked, straight, not curved or curled. - Vakrokti ("ra-uk"), is, f. indirect or perverse speech, equivocation, prevarication, evasive speech or reply, evasion; hint, insinuation; pun; sarcasm. - Vakrokti-jīvita, am, n., N. of a work. - Vakroshthi, is, or vakroshthika, f. (fr. vakra + oshtha), a slight smile, one in which the lips are drawn on one side without the teeth being shewn. Vakratu, us, m., N. of a deity.

Vakrātapa, ās, m. pl., N. of a people, (also read

Vakri, is, is, i, equivocating, speaking falsely,

uttering untruths, prevaricating, lying.

Vakrita, as, ā, am, curved, crooked, bent; entering on an apparently retrograde course (said of a planet).

Vakrin, ī, inī, i, crooked; retrograding, moving backwards (said of Mars and other planets); dishonest, fraudulent; (ī), m. a Jaina or Bauddha.

Vakrima, as, ā, am, bent, curved.

Vakriman, ā, m. crookedness, curvature; crafti-

ness, cunning, duplicity, ambiguity.

Vakra, as, ā, am, Ved. winding about, moving crookedly, rolling, hastening.

वकल vakala, as, m., Ved. inner rind, bast.

वकसहाण vakasuhāņa, N. of a place.

वक्त vakula. See col. 2.

वक्श vakuśa, as, m., N. of a particular animal dwelling in the foliage of trees.

qa vakk [cf. rts. vashk, vask, vank], cl. t. A. vakkate, vakkitum, to go.

वक्कलिन vakkalin, i, m. (formed fr. valkalin), N. of a Rishi.

वक्कस vakkasa = vakvasa.

वक्ल vakkula, as, m. a proper N.

वस्तव्य vaktavya, vaktra. See p. 877, col. 3.

बक्र vakra, &c. See col. 2.