of Vikramaditya, and by others among the ornaments | of the court of Bhoja; he was the anthor of the Prākṣit grammar called Prākṣita-prakāśa, and is said to be the first grammarian who reduced the various dialects of Prākrit to a system); N. of Siva. - Vararūpa, as, ā, am, having an excellent or noble form; (as), m., N. of a Buddha. - Vara-labdha, as, a, am, one who has obtained a boon; received as a boon; (as), m. Michelia Champaka; Bauhinia Variegata. - Vara-vatsalā, f. a mother-in-law. - Varavarna, as, m. 'best-colonred,' gold; [cf. su-varna.] - Vara-varnin, i, ini, i, having a beautiful complexion or colour; (ini), f. a woman with a beautiful complexion, an excellent or handsome woman, a virtuous woman; a woman in general; N. of Durgā; of Sarasvati; of Lakshmi; turmeric; lac; a brownish yellow pigment; a kind of plant (= priyangu, phalini). - Vara-vāraņa, as, m. a fine elephant. - Vara-väsi, ayas, m. pl., N. of a people. - Varavählīka, see vara-bālhīka. - Vara-vrita, as, ā, am, received as a boon or reward. - Vara-vriddha, as, m., N. of Siva. - Vara-sikha, as, m., Ved., N. of an Asnra whose family was destroyed by Indra (Rig-veda VI. 27, 4, 5). - Vara-sīla, cinnamon. - Vara-śrenī, f. a kind of plant. - Vara-sad, t, t, t, Ved. dwelling in an orb or sphere, (Say. = varanive mandale sidat, dwelling in the most excellent orb, i.e. the sun.) - Vara-sundari, f. a very beautiful woman; a kind of metre, four times - 000-0 ou-ou--. - Vara-surata, as, ā, am, well acquainted with the secrets of sexual enjoyment, very wanton. - Vara-sena (?), N. of a mountain pass. - Vara-strī, f. an excellent woman. - Vara-sraj, k, f. a bridegroom's garland, the garland placed by a maiden on the head of a chosen suitor. - Varanga (ora-ano), am, n. the best or most beautiful member of the body; the head; the female pudenda; the principal piece or part; an elegant form or body; (as, a, am), having an excellent form, excellent or beautiful in all parts; (as), m. an elephant; epithet of a Nakshatra year consisting of 324 days; N. of Vishnn; (i), f. turmeric; N. of a daughter of Drishad-vat and wife of Sanjāti; (am), n. Cassia bark, green cinnamon; sorrel (?). - Varangaka, am, n. =varānga, Cassia bark. - Varānganā (ra-an), f. a beautiful or noble woman. - Varanga-rūpopeta, as, ā, am, handsome and well shaped. - Varāngin, ī, m. 'beautiful-limbed,' sorrel, Rumex Vesicarius. -Varājīvin (°ra-āj), ī, m. an astrologer. - Varājya (ra-ājo), am, n. the choicest ghee or clarified butter. - Varādana ("ra-ad"), am, n. a sort of Mimosops (=rājādana). - Varānanā (°ra-ān°), f. a lovely-faced woman. - Varābhidha (°ra-abh°), as, m. one who has a good name; sorrel, Rumex Vesicarins. - Varāmra (°ra-am°), as, m. a sort of acid fruit tree, Carissa Carandas. - Varāroha (°ra-ār°), as, m. an excellent rider; a rider on an elephant or horse; a rider in general; mounting, riding; (as,  $\bar{a}$ , am), having fine hips; (as), m., N. of Vishnn, (perhaps incorrect for varaha); (a), f. a handsome or elegant woman, noble lady; N. of Dākshāyanī in Somesvara; the hip or flank. - Vararthin (ra-ar), ī, inī, i, seeking for a boon, asking for a blessing. -Varārha (°ra-ar°), as, ā, am, worthy of a boon; exceedingly worthy, being in high esteem; very costly or expensive. - Varāli (°ra-āli), is, m. the moon; a division of music; [cf. varādī.] - Varā-likā, f. (fr. vara + āli), N. of Durgā. - Varāsana (°ra-ās°), am, n. an excellent seat, the best seat, a throne; N. of a town; the China rose, Hibiscus Rosa Sinensis; a cistem, reservoir, (for vār-āsana, q. v.); (as, a, am), having an excellent seat; (as), m. 2 door-keeper; 2 lover, paramonr. – Vare-ja = vara-ja, Pan. VI. 3, 16. – Varendra (°ra-in°), as, m. 2 chief, sovereign; ladra; N. of a part of Bengal; (i), f. ancient Gauda or Ganr, the capital and district so named (according to some). - Varesa (°ra-īśa), as, ā, am, presiding over boons, able to grant wishes. - Varesvara (°ra-is°), as, ā, am, = vareśa; (as), m., N. of Siva. - Varoru (ra-ūru), us, m. a beautiful thigh; (us, us or us, u), having

beautiful thighs; (us or us), f. a beautiful-thighed woman, well-formed woman, (see "ira.)

Varamvarā, f. a particular plant (= čakra-parņī). Varaka, as, m. a cloak; one who asks a female in marriage; a wish, request, boon; a kind of wild bean, Phaseolus Trilobus; a particular medicinal plant (=parpata); a kind of grass (=rūksha); = sara-parnikā; N. of a king, (also read dha-naka, kanaka); (am), n. a towel, cloth, wiper; the cover or awning of a boat.

Varața, as, m. a kind of grain (probably the seed of safflower or Carthamus Tinctorius); a kind of wasp; a gander; an artisan of a particular class (placed among Mlecchas or barbarians); (a), f. the seed of Carthamus Tinctorius; a kind of wasp; a goose; (i), f. a kind of wasp; (am), n. a jasmine flower.

Varațaka, as, m. or varațțikă, f. a kind of

grain (= rarața above).

Varana, as, m. a rampart, mound, wall of masonry, &c., outer enclosure; a causeway, bridge; the tree Cratæva Roxburghii (found in every part of India; it is used in medicine, and supposed to possess magical virtues; cf. varuna, seta); any tree; a camel; a kind of omament or decoration on a bow; N. of a particular magical formula recited over weapons; N. of Indra; (as), m. pl., N. of a people; of a kingdom; (a), f., N. of a small river (running past the north of Benares into the Ganges and now called Bumah); (am), n. the act of screening, covering, protecting, supporting; enclosing, encircling, surrounding, encompassing; keeping off, prohibiting; the act of choosing, selecting, choice of a bride; wishing, requesting, soliciting. - Varana-mālā or varana-sraj, k, f. the garland placed by a maiden on the head of a selected suitor. - Varanā-vatī, f., Ved. (perhaps) N. of a river (in Atharva-veda IV. 7, 1).

Varanaka, as, ā, am, covering, covering over, concealing.

Varaņasī, f. (fr. varaņā), Benares, (more usually

written vārānasī, q. v.) Varaniya, as, ā, am, to be chosen, to be selected,

&c.; to be solicited (for a boon &c.). Varanda, as, m. a multitude; an emption on the face; a veranda, portico; a heap of grass; the string of a fish-hook; a packet, package; (a), f. a kind of thrush  $(=s\bar{a}rik\bar{a})$ ; a dagger, knife; the wick of a lamp. - Varandālu (°da-āla), us, m. a kind of bulbous plant (=phala-pućéha); the castor-oil

tree, Ricinus Communis. Varandaka, as, m. a small mound of earth; the seat or canopy on an elephant, a howdah; an eruption on the face; a wall; (as,  $\tilde{a}$ , am), round; large, great, large in compass or circumference; miserable, wretched, miserly; fearful, terrified.

Varanya, Nom. P. varanyati, &c., to go. Varatkarī, f. a sort of perfume (=renukā). Varatrā, f. a strap, thong, strip of leather, girth;

an elephant's or horse's girth.

Varayitavya, as, ā, am, to be chosen or selected. Varayitri, tā, trī, tri, a snitor, wooer, lover, bridegroom, husband.

Varayu, us, m. a proper N.

Varala, as, a, m. f. a sort of gad-fly or wasp;

(ā), f. a goose; (ī), f. = varaṭā. Varas, as, n., Ved. width, breadth, room, space;

[cf. Gr.  $\epsilon \tilde{v} pos.$ ]  $Varas \tilde{a} na$ , Ved. =  $d\tilde{a} rika$  (according to Unadi-s.

Varasyā, f., Ved. wish. desire, request.

Varāka, as, ā, am, pitiable, miserable, unhappy, poor, wretched, low, vile; impure; (as), m., N. of Siva; battle, war; N. of a plant.

Varāļa, as, m. a cowry (nsed as a coin); a rope,

cord; (ī), f. = varādī.

Varāļaka, as, ikā, m. f. a cowry, Cypræa Moneta  $(=\frac{1}{20}$  of a Kākiņī or  $\frac{1}{80}$  of a Pana); (as), m. the seed-vessel of a lotus-flower; a rope, cord, string; (ikā), f. the plant Mirabilis Jalapa; (am), n. a particular vegetable poison. - Varāṭaka-rajas, ās, m. a kind of plant, Mesua Roxburghii.

Varādī, f. (?), N. of a Rāga.

Varāṇa, as, m. = varaṇa, the tree Cratæva Rox-burghii; N. of Indra, (in this sense said to be a Pres. Part. A. of rt. vri.)

Varanasi, f. the city of Benares, (more usually written vārāņasī, see varaņasī.)

Varātashta, as, m. a proper N.

Varāya, Nom. A. (?) varāyate, &c., to represent or become like a boon.

Varāyita, as, ā, am, become like a boon.

Varāla, cloves.

Varālaka, cloves; (as), m. Carissa Carandas. Varitri, tā, trī, tri, one who covers or screens;

a chooser, choosing, &c.; [cf. varitri.]

Varin, i, m., N. of a divine being enumerated

among the Visve Devah.

Variman, a, a, m. n. circumference, circuit, compass (Ved.); width, breadth, extent, greatness, expanse (Ved., in this sense an abstract noun of uru, q. v.); excellence, superiority, pre-eminence, (in this sense fr. vara); the most excellent, best, (used as

an adj. for varishtha.)

Varivas, as, n., Ved. room, width, space, (varivah kri, to make room or space, procure ample space); freedom, relief, comfort, ease, rest, repose, bliss, happiness; wealth, treasure (= dhana according to Say, and Naigh. Il. 10); worship, service, honour. -Varivas-krit, t, t, t, Ved. acquiring room, procuring space, affording relief, freeing, delivering, (Say .= dhanasya kartri, the causer or giver of wealth.) - Varivo-da, as, a, am, Ved. giving room or space, granting freedom or relief. - Varivo-dhā, ās, ās, am, Ved. causing room, making a free course; granting bliss; (Say.) conferring riches (= dhanasya datri) .- Varivo-vid, t, t, t, Ved. obtaining or causing room, granting freedom, bestowing comfort or repose; granting treasures or affluence; bestowing hononr, &c.

Varivasita, as, ā, am (another form of varivasyita below), served, honoured, adored (said of a

deity or of a spiritual teacher).

Varivasya, Nom. P. varivasyati, &c., to grant room or space, give room to, give relief, concede, grant, permit (Ved.); to make happy or comfortable, show favour, serve, honour, adore, worship; (Sāy.) to desire wealth.

Varivasyat, an, anti, at, granting room or space;

(Sāy.) desiring wealth.

Varivasyā, f. service, honour, worship, devotion, devoted obedience to a spiritual teacher.

Varivasyita, as, a, am, served, honoured, adored, reverenced.

Varishtha, as, ā, am, the most excellent, best, dearest, most preferable (=vara-tama); better than (with abl.); widest, broadest, largest, greatest, most extensive, heaviest, (in these senses regarded as a superl. of ura); the most conspicuous (in a bad sense), worst, most wicked; (as), m. the Francoline partridge; the orange tree; N. of a son of Mann Cakshusha; of one of the seven sages in the eleventh Manv-antara; of a Daitya;  $(\bar{a})$ , f. Polanisia Icosandra; (am), n. copper; pepper; [cf. Gr. ἄριστος; Lith. wrausas, 'noblest, oldest.'] - Varishṭhāśrama (°ṭha-ās°), as, m., N. of a place.

Varishthaka, as, ā, am, = varishtha, most excel-

lent, &c.

Varitri, tā, trī, tri, one who covers or screens, covering, screening; [cf. varitri.]

Variman, a, n. (= variman, q.v.), circumference, width, breadth, extent (Ved.); ( $\tilde{a}$ ), m. excel-

lence, superiority, &c.

Variyas, ān, asī, as, more excellent, better, preferable; the most excellent, best; larger, very large, wider, broader, most extensive, (in this sense regarded as a compar. of uru, cf. varishtha); extremely young or tender; (as), ind. wider, more distant, further off or away; (as), n., Ved. = varivas, rest, repose;  $(\bar{a}n)$ , m., N. of one of the twenty-seven divisions of the ecliptic, the eighteenth astronomical Yoga; of a son of Manu Savarna; of a son of Pulaha by Gati; [cf. Gr. apelov; Lat. melior (v