(as), m. an intelligeocer, an informer, spy, agent, envoy; a man of the third or Vaisya tribe, a husbandman, trader; (ika), f. a sort of quail, (more properly vārtikā; cf. vartaka); (am), n. an explanatory, or supplementary rule, critical gloss or apnotation (added to a grammatical or philosophical Sütra and defined to be ' the exposition of the meaning, of that which is said, of that which is left unsaid, and of that which is ill or imperfectly said ;' the term Vārttika is, however, especially applied to Kātyāyana's critical annotations on the aphonisms of Panini's grammar, the object of each Varttika being to limit a too general rule, amplify a too limited one, and give the relations of the Sütras of Pānini to each other). - Vārttika-kāra, as, m. an epithet of Kā-tyāyana as the author of the Vārttikas to Pāņini's grammatical aphorisms; of Kumārila.

चात्रेम vartraghna, as, m. (fr. vritra-ghna), son of the Vritra-slayer,' epithet of Arjuna (as son of Indra).

Vartrahatya, as, a, am, Ved. belonging to the destruction of Vritra.

वादे vār-da, vār-dara, vārdala. See under vār, p. 904, col. 2.

वाइन varddhaka, am, n. (fr. vriddha), a collection of old men; old age; the imbecility or infirmity of old age.

Varddhakya, am, n. old age, senility.

Varddhakshatri, is, m. (ir. vriddha-kshatra), a patronymic.

Varddhuka, am. n. = varddhaka above.

वाईपि varddhushi, is, m. (fr. vriddhi, q.v., or perhaps better spelt vardhushi fr. rt. vridh), one who exacts high interest, a usurer.

Varddhushika, as, m. one who lives by lending money at a high rate of interest, a usurer.

Varddhushin, i, m. a usurer. Vārddhushya, am, n. high interest, usurious loan,

usury वार्थि var-dhi. See under var, p. 904, col. 2.

वाधे vardhra, as, ī, am (fr. vardhra), made

of leather, leathern; (am, i), n. f. a leather thong. Vārdhrī-ņasa, as, m. (fr. vārdhrī + nasa), a rhinoceros (perhaps so called as having a leather-like

snout); a white goat with long cars; (according to some) a kind of fabulous bird.

याभेट vār-bhata, vār-vata. See p. 904, col. 3.

यामेरा vārmaņa, am, n. (fr. varman), a collection of coats of mail.

Vārmiņa, am, n. (fr. varmin), a multitude of men in armour.

वाये vārya, vāryamāņa. See p. 905, col. 1.

यार्वेणा vārvaņā, f. a kind of blue fly (=nīlī; cf. varranā).

वाश varsa, am, n. (fr. vrisa), N. of a Saman.

वापे vārsha, as, ī, am (fr. varsha), belonging to the rains, &c., belonging to a year, yearly, annual.

Vārshika, as, ī, am, belonging to the rainy season, growing in the rains, filled with rain, yearly, aonual, belonging to a year; lasting a whole year (e.g. a river the water of which does not dry up in the hot season); (am), n. a medicinal plant (= trāyamana).

Varshila, f. hail.

Vārshuka, as, î, am, raining, showering, sprinkling, wetting.

चार्षगएय varshaganya, as, m., N. of an author

वापेदंश varshadansa, as, m. (fr. vrishadansa), a patronymic, (some form two distinct patronymics, Varshala and Ansa.)

वार्षभारायी varshabhanavi or varshabhanari, f. (fr. vrisha-bhānu), the daughter of Vrishabhāņu, i. e. Rādhā.

वामागिर vārshāgira, ās, m. pl. (fr. vrishagir), Ved. the five sons of Vrishagir (viz. Ambarīsha, Rijrāšva, Bhayamāna, Saha-deva, and Su-rādhas, authors of the hymn Rig-veda I. 100).

वाष्ट्रिय varshtihavya, as, m. a patronymic of Upa-stuta (author of Rig-veda X. 115).

वाणाय varshneya, as, m. a descendant of Vrishni, epithet of Krishna; N. of Nala's charioteer. -Vārshņeya-sahita, as, ā, am, accompanied by Vārshņeya. - Vārshņeya-sārathi, is, is, i, having Vārshņeya for a charioteer.

बाह vārha, as, ī, am (fr. varha), made of the feathers of a peacock's tail.

Vārhiņa, as, ī, am (fr. varhiņa), derived from a peacock (as feathers).

वाहत vārhata, am, n. See bārhata.

वाहदय varhadratha, as, or varhadrathi, is, m. 'son of Vrihad-ratha,' epithet of Jarā-sandha. See barhadratha.

वाहेस्पत vārhaspata, as, ī, am (fr. vrihaspati), sacred to or declared by Vrihas-pati; see Brihas-pati.

Varhaspatya, am, n. the science taught by Vrihaspati, rules of conduct, ethical precepts, ethics, morality.

वाल vāla, as, m. (fr. rt. val?), hair; (as, ā), m. f. a tail; [cf. bāla.] - Vāla-dhi, vāla-hasta, &c., see bala-dhi, &c.

वालक vālaka, as, m. (fr. rt. val; cf. valaya), a bracelet; a finger-ring, (also ä, f.)

वालांबल्य valakhilya, am, n. a collection of eleven additional or apocryphal hymns inserted between the forty-eighth and forty-ninth hymns of the eighth Mandala of the Rig-veda; [cf. balakhilya.]

वालम्मदेश vālamma-deśa, as, m., N. of a country.

वालव valava, as, m. the second of the eleven Karanas or astrological divisions of time, (see karana.)

वालवित valavitu, us, m. a proper N. वालि vāli. See bāli.

वालिखिल्येण्यरतीर्थ vālikhilyesvara-tīrtha (°ya-īs°), am, n., N. of a Tirtha.

वाल्का vālakā, f. (more commonly written $b\bar{a}luk\bar{a}$, q.v.), sand, gravel; (\bar{i}), f. a species of cucumber. – $V\bar{a}lukesvara-tirtha$ ($^{k}\bar{a}$ - is°), am, n., N. of a Tirtha.

Vālukin, ī, m. = bhālukin.

बास्त valka, as, i, am (fr. valka), made of the bark of trees.

Vālkala, as, i, am (fr. valkala), made of bark; (ī), f. spirituous liquor; (am), n. a bark dress worn by ascetics.

चाल्मोक vālmīka, as, m. (fr. valmīka, q.v.) = vālmīki below; a proper N. - Vālmīkešvaratirtha (°ka-is°), am, n., N. of a Tirtha.

Vālmiki, 68, m. (also spelt vālmiki), N. of the celebrated author of the Rāmāyana, (so called, according to some, because when immersed in thought he allowed himself to be overrun with ants like an ant-hill; according to one tradition he began life as a robber, but repenting of his misdeeds betook himself to a hermitage on a hill in the district of Banda in Bundelkund, where he eventually received Sītā, the wife of Rāma, when banished by her husband.)

Vālmīkīya, as, ā, am, composed by Vālmīki.

वास vāśra.

वाझभ्य vallabhya, am, n. (fr. vallabha), the state of being a favourite or of being beloved.

वाय vāva, ind. (i. e. probably vā + eva), verily, indeed, (sometimes used in a question.)

वावदत vāvadat, at, atī, at (fr. Intens. of rt. vad), Ved. uttering or causing loud sounds.

Vāvadūka, as, ā, am, talking much, gabbling, prattling; eloquent. - Vāvadūka-tā, f. or vāvadūkatva, am, n. garrulity, loquaciousness.

Vāvadyamāna, as, ā, am, talking much, uttering loud sounds.

वायय vāvaya, as, m. a sort of basil, Ocymum Sanctum.

वावशान 1. vāvašāna, as, ā, am (fr. the Intens. of rt. vas; for 2. see below), Ved. eagerly desiring or longing for, ardently loving.

वाबहि vāvahi, is, is, i (fr. the Intens. of rt. I. vah), bearing or carrying much.

वावात vāvātri, tā, m., Ved. one who is favourable to or serves another, a worshipper, (in the Pada text vavātri.)

वावुट vāvuļa, as, m. a raft, boat, vessel.

an old Intens. of rt. 3. vrit, q. v.), cl.

4. A. varrityate, &c., to choose, select, prefer, love, like; to serve. Vāvritta, as, ā, am, chosen, selected, appointed.

Vārrityamāna, as, ā, am, choosing, preferring.

वान्धान vāvridhāna, as, ā, am (fr. rt. vridh, in the Pada-patha vavridhana), Ved. growing, increasing.

Vāvridhenya, as, ā, am, to be increased, (Sāy. = vardhaniya.)

वाश vāś (also written vās), cl. 4. A. vāsyate (ep. also cl. 1. P. A. vāšati, -te), vavāše, vāsishyate, avāsishta, vāsitum, to roar, howl, low (as a cow), cry, shriek, sing (like a bird), sound; to call: Caus. vāsayati, -yitum, Aor. avavāsat (Ved. also avīvasat), to cause to roar or sound : Desid. vivāsishate : Intens. vāvāsyate, vāvāshți (in Ved. the vowel of the rt. is sometimes shortened), to roar vehemently, cry repeatedly, praise repeatedly.

Vāvašat, at, atī, at (anom. intens. part.), Ved. sounding or lowing loudly.

2. vāvašāna, as, ā, am (anom. intens. part.), Ved. roaring aloud, sounding, crackling, (according

to Sāy. on Rig-veda IV. 26, 2=sabdāyamāna.) Vāsa, as, ā, am, Ved. roaring, crying; (ā), f. the plant Justicia Ganderussa; [cf. vāsa.]

Vāśaka, as, &c., roaring, crying, sounding, &c.

Vāsat, an, antī, at, roaring, crying, singing (like a bird &c.).

Vāsana, as, ā, am, roaring, singing, crying; (am), n. the cry or song of birds, hum of bees, &cc.

Vāsi, is, m. fire or the god of fire.

Vāšikā, f. (for zāsikā, q.v.), the plant Justicia Ganderussa.

Vāšita, as, ā, am, roared, cried, called out, sung; perfumed, scented, (in this sense incorrect for I. vasita; (am), n. the cry of birds or animals; (\bar{a}) , f. a woman; a feniale elephant.

Vāsī, f., Ved. roaring, crying, singing; a weapon of the Maruts, an axe, spear, weapon in general; (according to some, perhaps) the roaring thunderbolt, (according to Say. = ārākhyam āyudham); voice, speech (=vāć, Naigh. 1. 11); a war-cry. -Vāsi-mat, an, atī, at, Ved. roaring; having or bearing the weapon called vasi, armed with an axe, &.c

Vāsurā, f. night.

Vāśra, as, ā, am, bellowing, lowing, roaring (Ved.); (as), m. a bull (Ved.); a day, (also read vāsra; cf. vāsara); (ā), f. a cow (Ved.); (espe-