wind (?); [cf. Zend vi; Gr. ol-ωνό-s, al-ε-τό-s, ώιον, ωόν; Lat. avis, ovum; Old Germ. ei; Angl. Sax. æg.] - I. vi-gata, am, n. (for 2. see under vigam), the flight of birds. - I. vi-cchaya, am, n. (for 2. see s. v.), the shadow of a flock of birds.

विश vinsa, vinsaka, &c. See below.

विशाति vinsati, is, f. (perhaps contracted fr. dvi-dasati, 'two tens'), twenty, a score; (ti), f. du. two twenties; (tayas), f. pl. many twenties; [cf. Gr. είκατι, είκοσι (Lacon. βείκατι); Lat. viginti; Hib. fichead; Cambro-Brit. ugaint.] - Vinsatika, as, a or i, am, worth twenty, produced from or bought with twenty, &c. - Vinsati-tama, as, ī, am, twentieth. - Viņsati-bhāga, as, m. a twentieth part. - Vinsati-varsha-desiya, as, ā, am, about twenty years old. - Vinsatīsa ("ti-īsa), as, or vinsatīsin, i, m. a governor of twenty villages

Vinsa, as, ī, am, twentieth; (as), m., scil. bhāga, a twentieth part (= vinsati-bhāga, ManuVIII. 398);

(as), m., N. of a king.

Vinsaka, as, ī, am, twenty, an aggregate of twenty. Vinsat in eka-v°, pari-v°, q.q.v.v. Vinsatima, abbreviated for vinsati-tama in pan-

ćavinsatima, q. v.

Vinsin, i, m. twenty, a score; a lord of twenty

विक vik, (in Pāṇini's system) the augment vi at the end of a syllable of reduplication, (see Intens. of rt. 2. dyut.)

विक vika, am, n. the milk of a cow that has just calved.

विकद्वार vi-kankata, as, m. the plant Asteracantha Longifolia (= go-kshura).

विकद्वात vi-kankata, as, m. a kind of tree (=granthila).

विकच 1. vi-kaća, as, ā, am, blown, opened, expanded (as a flower &c.), spread; (as), m. a Buddhist mendicant; epithet of Ketu or the personified descending node. —Vikači-kṛi, cl. 8. P. -karoti, -kartum, to cause to blow or expand, to open.

2. vi-kaća, as, ā, am, having no hair, hairless,

विकट I. vi-kaṭa, as, ā, am (see kaṭa), large, great; formidable, hideous, ugly, uncouth, horrible, frightful; large-toothed; knitted (said of the brows), frowning; changed in form or appearance; beautiful; obscure, obsolete; (as), m. a proper N.; (am), n. a boil, tumour; (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of female divinity peculiar to Buddhists. - Vikaţa-mūrti, is, is, i, having a hideous or distorted shape, deformed, ugly.

-Vikaṭānana ('ṭa-ān'), as, m. 'ugly-faced,' N. of one of the sons of Dhrita-rashtra.

2. vi-kata, as, ā, am, having no mat, without a

विकारक vi-kantaka, as, m. a herbaceous plant, Hedysarum Alhagi or Alhagi Manrorum (as 'having no thorns' or as 'having spreading thorns,'

विकाप vi-katth, cl. 1. A. -katthate (sometimes also P. -katthati), -katthitum, to boast, vaunt, boast of (with inst., e.g. vidyayā vikatthate, he boasts of his learning); to praise, praise ironically, mock; to humiliate; to speak ill of (with acc.); to proclaim loudly, make a noise about anything.

Vi-katthana, as, ā, am, boasting, vaunting, boastful, speaking boastfully or ostentatiously, praising; praising ironically; (am), n. the act of boasting; the act of proclaiming loudly; the act of prais-

ing, praise; ironical or false praise, irony.

Vi-katthanīya, as, ā, am, to be vaunted, to be boasted of, to be praised, commendable; to be praised

ironically; ridiculous.

Vi-katthamāna, as, ā, am, boasting, vaunting. Vi-katthayitvā, ind. (anom. for vi-katthya), having praised ironically, having mocked.

Vi-katthā, f. boasting, boast, vaunt; praise; ironical praise, irony; proclaiming.

Vi-katthin, ī, inī, i, boasting, vaunting, pro-

विकम्प vi-kamp, cl. 1. A. -kampate, -kampitum, to tremble greatly, quiver, heave, move about, move from or change a position; to become changed or deformed; to shrink or retreat from: Caus. P. -kampayati, -yitum, to cause to tremble, &c.

Vi-kapita, as, ā, am, = vf-kampita.

Vi-kampa, as, a, am, trembling, heaving; unsteady, not firm, inconstant; shrinking from.

Vi-kampamāna, as, ā, am, trembling, quivering,

Vi-kampita, as, ā, am, trembling, tremulous, quivering, moving about, (a-vikampita, not trembling, immovable); palpitating, heaving; agitated, unsteady, broken, interrupted; shrinking from.

विकर vi-kara, &c. See under vi-kṛi, p. 910, col. 1.

विकराल vi-karāla, as, ā, am, very formidable or terrible, frightful.-Vikarāla-tā, f. formidableness, dreadfulness.

विकरी 1. vi-karṇa, as, ī, am, having large ears; (as), m., N. of one of the Kuru princes (on the side of Duryodhana in the war against the Pan-

2. vi-karna, as, ā, am, earless, having no ears. Vi-karnika, as, m. the district called Sarasvata (in the north-west of Hindustan, generally considered to be part of the Panjab, said to be so called as being 'the region from which Karna was excluded').

विकतन vi-kartana. See under vi-krit.

विकमन vi-karman. See p. 910, col. 1.

विक्ये vi-karsha, &c. See under vi-krish.

विकल vi-kala, as, ā, am (see kalā), deprived of a part, destitute of a portion, deprived of a limb or member, defective, imperfect; wanting, failing; decayed, impaired, withered, waned; confused, confounded, agitated, sorrowful; (as), m., N. of a Daitya; $(\bar{a}, \bar{\imath})$, f. a woman in whom menstrnation has ceased; (\bar{a}) , f. the sixtieth part of a Kalā, the second of a degree. -Vtkala- $p\bar{a}ntka$, as, m. one who has a mutilated or withered hand, a cripple. - Vikala-vadha, as, m. 'death of Vikala,' N. of a chapter in the Ganesa-Purana. - Vikalanga (°la-an°), as, ī, am, having mutilated or defective limbs, deformed, crippled, maimed. - Vikali-karana, am, n. the act of depriving of a limb, mutilating, maiming, breaking, spoiling; confusing, agitating. - Vikalī-kṛi, cl. 8. P. -karoti, -kartam, to deprive of a limb, mutilate, maim, spoil, break; to agitate, confound. - Vikalī-krita, as, ā, am, mutilated, maimed, impaired, broken, injured; lame; sick; confused, distressed. - Vikalī-bhūta, as, ā, am, mutilated, maimed, defective; agitated, distressed. -Vikalendriya (°la-in°), as, a, am, having any of the organs of sense impaired or defective.

विकल्प vi-kalpa, &c. See under vi-klrip.

विकल्मम vi-kalmasha, as, ā, am, spotless, sinless, guiltless.

विकश्वर vi-kaśvara, as, ā, am, for vi-kasvara, col. 3.

विकमा vi-kashā, f. = vi-kasā, Bengal mad-

Vi-kashvara, as, ā, am, for vi-kasvara, col. 3.

विकस vi-kas, cl. I. P. -kasati, -kasitum, to burst, become split or divided or rent asunder; to open, become expanded, blossom, bloom, blow (as a flower): Caus. P. -kāsayati, -yitum, to cause to open, cause to expand or blow.

Vi-kasa, as, m. the moon; (a), f. Bengal madder.

Vi-kasat, an, antī, at, opening, expanding; bud-

ding, blowing; glowing.

Vi-kasita, as, ā, am, blown (as a flower), budded, opened, expanded. - Vikasita-kumudendīvarālohin (oda-ino, ora-ālo), ī, inī, i, looking like the expanded white and blue lotus. - Vikasita-vadanakamala, as, ā, am, opening [her] lotus-like mouth. Vi-kasta, as, a, am, Ved. split or rent asunder,

divided, mutilated, (Sāy. = vi-échinna.)

Vi-kasvara, as, a, am, opening, expanding; (a), f. a kind of plant (=rakta-punarnavā).

Vi-kāsa, as, m. opening, expanding, expansion, blossoming, blooming, budding.

Vi-kāsaka, as, ikā, am, causing to expand or blow. Vi-kāsana, am, n. the causing to expand or blow,

expansion.

Vi-kāsita, as, ā, am, caused to open or blow, expanded; radiant, (in this sense better vi-kāsita.)

Vi-kāsin, ī, inī, i, expanding, opening, budding,

विकाङ्घा vi-kānkshā, f. freedom from desire or eagerness, hesitation.

चिकार vi-kāra, &c. See under vi-kṛi.

विकाल vi-kāla, as, m. twilight, evening, afternoon, the close of day; [cf. vaikālika.]

Vi-kālaka, as, m. twilight, evening; (ikā), f.= māna-randhrā, a perforated copper vessel (which when placed in a pan of water marks the time by gradually filling); a sort of clepsydra or water-clock.

विकाश vi-kāś, cl. I. A. -kāśate, -kāśitum, to appear, become visible, shine forth: Caus. P. -kāśayati, -yitum, to cause to appear or shine forth, display, blazon abroad, publish; illuminate, make clear.

1. vi-kāśa, as, m. appearance, becoming visible display, manifestation, exhibition; open or splendid appearance; expanse, sky, heaven, ether; an open or direct course (= prasāra, Kirāt. XV. 52); an oblique course (= vishama-gati, Kirāt. XV. 52); opening; budding, blowing (as a flower, but in these senses better vi-kāsa); pleasure, joy, enjoyment. — I. vikāša-tā, f. or I. vikāša-tva, am, n. appearance, display; expansion, diffusion. - Vikāśa-bhrit, t, t, t, possessing expansion, full-blown.

2. vi-kāśa, as, m. absence of manifestation or display, solitude, loneliness, privacy. - 2. vikāśa-tā, f. or 2. vikāśa-tva, am, n. absence of manifestation, loneliness, solitude.

Vi-kāśaka, as, ikā, am, displaying, causing to appear or shine forth, illustrating; causing to expand or bloom, opening (=vi-kāsaka).

Vi-kāśana, am, n. manifestation, display, exhibition, extent; expansion, blowing (of a flower; but in this sense better vi-kasana); the causing to expand or blow (= vi-kāsana).

Vi-kāśita, as, ā, am, made visible, displayed, made to shine, illumined, resplendent; expanded.

Vi-kāśin, ī, inī, i, becoming visible or apparent, becoming manifested, shining forth; expanding, spreading, developing, opening, budding, blowing, (in these senses better vi-kasin.)

Vi-ćākasat, at, atī, at, Ved. See s. v.

विकापिन vi-kāshin for vikāsin and vikāśin, q. q. v. v.

विकास vi-kāsa, vi-kāsita. See above.

विकार vi-kira, vi-kirat, &c. See under vi-kṛi, p. 910, col. 3.

विकृष्टि vi-kukshi, is, m., N. of a son of

चिकुच vi-kuńć, cl. 10. P. -kuńćayati, -yitum, to contract; to bend or turn back.

Vi-kuncita, as, ā, am, contracted, crisped, curled; drawn into wrinkles, knitted (as the brow), frowning. - Vikuńcita-lalata-bhrit, t, t, t, having a scowling

विक्रस्ट vi-kuntha (perhaps 'not blunted,'