Vi-nishkrānta, as, ā, am, gone forth, come out. Vi-nishkrāmat, an, antī, at, stepping forth, coming out.

विनिष्क्रिय vi-nishkriya, as, ā, am, abstaining or desisting from ceremonial rites.

विनिष्टप् vi-nish-ṭap (-nis-tap), cl. 1. P. -tapati, -taptum, to heat or roast thoroughly.

Vi-nishtapta, as, a, am, well roasted, well fried.

विनिष्पद् vi-nish-pat (-nis-pat), cl. 10. P. -pāṭayati, -yitum, to split or cleave asunder.

विनिष्पत् vi-nish-pat (-nis-pat), cl. 1. P. -patati, -patitum, to fall out of, fly forth from, rush out, jump forth, leap out, come forth; to go

Vi-nishpatita, as, ā, am, rushed forth, lept out. Vi-nishpatya, ind. having rushed out, having

come forth.

विनिष्पिष vi-nish-pish (-nis-pish), cl. 7. P. -pinashti, -peshtum, to grind to pieces, crush, bruise; to rub together.

Vi-nishpishta, as, a, am, ground to pieces, crushed into powder, smashed.

Vi-nishpishya, ind. having ground or rubbed together, having battered.

Vi-nishpesha, as, m. grinding to pieces, bruising, rubbing together.

विनिमूद् vi-ni-sūd, Caus. -sūdayati, -yitum, to kill or destroy utterly.

विनिम् vi-ni-sri = vi-niḥ-sri. Vi-nisrita = vi-nihsrita.

विनिस्तप् vi-nis-tap, cl. 1. P. -tapati, &c., see vi-nish-tap; (s is only retained before t when repeated action is intended; in other cases it becomes sh by Pāṇini VIII. 3, 102.)

विनिहन vi-ni-han, cl. 2. P. -hanti, -hantum, to strike down, strike, kill, wound.

Vi-nighnat, an, atī, at, striking down, wound-

ing; killing. Vi-nihata, as, ā, am, struck down, struck, wounded; completely killed; overcome; (as), m. a great or unavoidable calamity, the infliction of fate

or heaven; a portent, comet, meteor. Vi-nihatya, ind. having struck.

विनिद्धत vi-nihnuta, as, ā, am [cf. nihnuta], hidden, concealed.

विनी vi-nī, cl. I. P. -nayati, -netum, to lead away, take away, remove; to lead, conduct, bring, guide; to train, educate; to tame, govern; to advise, instruct, direct, give directions; to conduct, perform; to bend down, incline; to pour out; to present, offer; to spend, pass (time); to spend, pay (money); to spread: Pass. -niyate, to be led or guided &c., to be conducted or performed &c.

Vi-naya, as, m. leading, guidance, moral training, training, discipline; gentlemanly refinement, gentlemanlike bearing; good behaviour, propriety of conduct, decorum, decency; modesty, affability, humility, mildness; reverence, obeisance, courtesy; conduct or behaviour (in general); N. of a son of Dharma; (ā), f. the plant Sida Cordifolia; (as, ā, am), cast, thrown; secret; a man of subdued senses; a merchant, trader, (these four senses are given on the authority of the Sabda-k.) - Vinaya-grāhin, ī, iņī, i, conforming to rules of discipline, compliant, tractable, humble. - Vinaya-pitaka, as, m. 'basket of discipline,' N. of those Buddhist works which contain moral precepts and rules of discipline; [cf. tri-pitaka.] -Vinaya-pradhāna, as, ā, am, having humility pre-eminent, of which modesty is chief. - Vinayapramāthin, ī, inī, i, violating propriety, behaving ill or improperly. - Vinaya-bhāj, k, k, k, possessing propriety or modesty, well-behaved, modest.

-Vinaya-yogin, i, ini, i, possessing humility. -Vinaya-vat, an, atī, at, possessed of modesty, well-behaved, modest. - Vinaya-vāć, k, k, k, speaking humbly or modestly; (k), f. modest speech. -Vinaya-stha, as, a, am, conforming to discipline, compliant, tractable, governable. - Vinayāvanata (°ya-av°), as, ā, am, bending down modestly, bowing low with modesty.

Vi-nayana, as, ā or ī, am, taking away, removing; (am), n. the act of leading away, removing, taking away; training, education, instruction, accom-

Vi-nāyaka, as, ikā, am, taking away, removing; (as), m. a remover (of obstacles); a Buddha or Buddhist deified teacher; N. of the god Ganesa; of Gamda (the bird and vehicle of Vishpu); of a poet; a Guru or spiritual preceptor; an obstacle, impediment, difficulty; (ika), f. the wife of Garnda. - Vināyaka-carita, am, n., N. of the seventy-third chapter of the Krīdā-khanda or second part of the Gaņeśa-Purāņa. - Vināyaka-paņdita, as, m., N. of a poet; = nanda-pandita. - Vināyaka-bhatta, as, m., N. of a modern author. - Vināyaka-bhojana-varņanā, f., N. of a chapter of the Gaņeśa-Purāna. - Vināyakāvatāra-varnana (°ka-av°), am, n., N. of part of the Skanda-Purāņa. - Vināyakāvirbhāva (°ka-āv°), as, m. 'maoifestation of Ganesa,' N. of the sixth chapter of the Krīda-khanda or second part of the Ganesa-Purana. - Vināyakotpatti (°ka-ut°), is, f. 'birth of Ganeśa,' N. of the 102nd chapter of the first part of the Linga-Purana.

Vi-nīta, as,ā, am, led away, taken away, removed; led, conveyed; taken; thrown, sent, dismissed; welltrained, educated, disciplined, refined, gentleman-like, well-behaved, well-controlled; compliant, governable, tractable; modest, demure, meek, virtuous, gentle, placid, decent, decorous; having the passions restrained, having the senses under subjection; tamed, broken in (as a horse, ox, &c.); chastised, punished; plain, neat (in dress &c.); lovely, handsome; (as), m. a trained horse; a merchant, trader; N. of a son of Pulastya. - Vinīta-tva, am, n. modesty, decency, decorum. - Vinīta-vesha, as, m. a modest or appropriate garb, plain attire. - Vinītātman (°ta-āt°), \bar{a} , \bar{a} , α , having a well-controlled mind, well-behaved; humble, lowly.

Vi-nītaka, as, am, m. n. any medium of conveyance (=vainītaka, q.v.); a bearer (carrying a litter); a horse (dragging a carriage).

Vi-nīti, is, f. training, good behaviour, reverence,

obeisance, homage.

I. vi-niyα, ind. having taken away or removed; having conducted; having guided or trained; having inclined; having passed (as time &c.).

2. vi-niya, as, m. sediment, dregs; sin.

Vi-netri, ta, m. a leader, guide, instructor, teacher; a governor, chastiser, ruler, king.
Vi-neya, as, ā, am, to be taken away or removed;

to be governed or directed, governable, tractable. Vi-neshyat, an, atī or antī, at, wishing or in-

tending to take away, wishing to deprive of, wishing

चिनील vi-nīla, as, ā, am, dark-blue, blue. -Vinīla-bandhana, as, ā, am, having dark-blue

चिन् vi-nu, cl. 1. A. -navate, &c., Ved. to go or spread in different directions, (Say. = vividham vy-āp.)

चिनुद् vi-nud, cl. 6. P. A. -nudati, -te, -nottum, to drive asunder, drive away, scare away, dispel, remove; to wound; to strike (the cords of a lute &c.), play (on a musical instrument): Caus. -nodayati, -yitum, to drive away, dispel, remove; to pass away or spend (time &c.); to divert, amuse, entertain; to delight in (with inst.).

Vi-nudyamāna, as, ā, am, being driven away, being sent away, being dispatched.

Vi-noda, as, m. driving away, removing, dismissing, abandoning; diversion, sport, pastime, play; interest, interesting pursuit or occupation, pleasure, gratification, happiness; eagerness, vehemence; N. of a work on music.

Vi-nodana, am, n. the act of driving away or removing; diversion, play, sport, pastime, enjoyment.

Vi-nodita, as, ā, am, driven away, dispelled, dissipated, dispersed; dismissed; diverted, aniused; delighted, made happy; allayed, soothed.

Vi-nodin, ī, inī, i, driving away; diverting.

विनोक्ति vinokti. See under vinā, p. 923.

विन्द vind. See rt. 1. vid, p. 918.

Vinda, as, ā, am, finding, getting, gaining, one who finds, &c.; (as), m., N. of a son of Jaya-sena; of a son of Dhrita-rāshtra.

Vindamāna, as, ā, am, finding, acquiring, ob-

taining, gaining, taking.

Vindu, us, us, u, intelligent, knowing; liberal, munificent; finding, obtaining [cf. loka-v°]; (us), m. a detached particle, drop, (in the Vedas usually spelt bindu, q.v., and in this sense, according to some, fr. rt. bid or bind); a drop of water or other liquid, tear-drop [cf. jala-v°, vāshpa-v°; rarely neut., e.g. in Mahā-bh. Drona-p. 2113. aśru-vindūni, 'drops of tears'); a drop of water taken as a measure; a spherule, globule, spot, dot, mark; a mark or spot of coloured paint on an elephant's trunk; the dot over a letter representing the Anusvāra; (in manuscripts) a mark over an erased word to show that the word ought not to be erased [cf. kundalanā]; a mark made by the teeth of a lover on the lips of his mistress; a peculiar mark like a dot made in cauterizing; a particular part of the mystic rites of the Saivas; the part of the forehead between the eyebrows; (in the drama) the nnexpected development of a secondary incident (which, like a drop of oil in water, expands and furnishes an important element in the plot); N. of the author of a Rasa-paddhati; (avas), m. pl., N. of a warrior tribe. — Vindu-ghrita, am, n., Ved., N. of a particular medicinal compound taken in small quantities. -Vindu-cita, as, m. a kind of deer or other animal (=rohisha). - Vindu-citraka, as, m. the spotted antelope. - Vindu-jāla or vindu-jālaka, am, n. a mass of dots or spots; coloured marks or spots on an elephant's face and trunk. - Vindu-tantra, as, m. a die, dice; a kind of chess-board. = Vindu-tirtha, am, n., N. of a sacred bathing-place. = Vindu-deva, as, m. = na, a Buddhist deity; N. of Siva. - Vindu-nātha, as, m., N. of a teacher of the Hatha-vidyā. - Vindu-pattra, as, m. a species of birch tree. - Vindu-pattraka, a species of amaranth used as a vegetable. - Vindu-phala, am, n. a pearl. - Vindu-mat, an, atī, at, possessing drops, formed into balls or globules (Ved.); $(\bar{a}n)$, m., N. of a son of Marīći by Vindu-matī; $(at\bar{i})$, f. epithet of certain verses mentioned in the Sarngadharapaddhati; N. of a particular treatise; of the wife of Marići and mother of Vindu-mat; of a daughter of Sasa-vindu and wife of Mandhatri; of various other women. - Vindu-mādhava, as, m. a form of Vishnu. - Vindu-rel:haka, as, m. a kind of bird. -Vindu-rekhā, f. a row or line of points or dots; N. of a daughter of Canda-vikrama. - Vindu-vāsara, as, m. the day of fecundation or conception. -Vindu-sangraha, as, m., N. of a work on medicine. - Vindu-sandipana, am, n., N. of a commentary on the Siddhanta-tattva-vindu.-Vindusaras, as, n., N. of a sacred lake, (also written vindu-sara.) - Vindu-sāra, as, m., N. of a king (a son of Candra-gupta). - Vindu-sena, as, m., N. of a king (a son of Kshatraujas). - Vindu-hrada, as, m., N. of a lake.

Vinduka, as, m. = vindu, a drop, &c. Vindukita, as, ā, am, covered with drops.

vindh, a Vedic rt. (of which the form vindhe, '1 know,' occurs in Rigveda I. 7, 7), referred by some to rt. vidh or wadh, and by others connected with rt. vind, (see Nirukta VI. 18.)

विन्धपञ्च vindha-pattra, as, m. a plant (commonly called Bel Sunth).