the form vi-babadhe is assigned to vi-badh); to set

Vi-baddha, as, \(\bar{a}\), am, bound or fastened on different sides, fastened; entirely stopped, obstructed, constiputed.

Vi-badhya, ind. having bound or fastened.

Vi-bandha, as, m. binding, obstruction, constipation, ischury.

Vi-bandhana, am, n. the act of fastening or binding on both sides, (paraspara-vibandhana, as, ā, am, mutually bound, depending on each other.)

farv vi-bādh, cl. 1. A. -bādhate, -bādhitum, to press or drive asunder or in different directions; to press hard upon, drive away, chase away; to oppress, molest, harass, torment, persecute, pain, injure: Intens. vi-bābadhe (see under vi-bandh).

Vi-bādhā, f. pressure, pain, agony, anguish.

विवास्य vi-bālya, as, ā, am, Ved. passed beyond a state of youth, in full vigour; swollen (said of a river).

tagy vi-budh, cl. 4. A. -budhyate, -bod-dhum, to awake (intrans.), be awake or awakened; to become conscious, perceive, observe, learn, ascertain: Caus. -bodhayati, -yitum, to awaken; to cause to perceive or observe, make conscious, restore to consciousness.

I. vi-buddha, as, ā. am, wide awake, awakened, aroused, awake, expanded, blossomed; clever, experienced, knowing, skilful (e.g. karmasu vibuddhah, skilful in business).—Vibuddha-kamala, as, ā, am, having expanded lotuses.

2. vi-buddha, as, ā, am, without consciousness, unconscious.

Vi-budha, as, m. a leamed ot wise man, teacher, Paudit; a god, immortal; the moon; N. of the author of the Janna-prailpa. — Vibudha-priyā, f. 'favourite of the gods,' N. of a metre. — Vibudha-rijaya, as, m. a victory (won) by the gods. — Vi-budha-vidrish, f, or vibudha-satru, us, m. a foe of the gods; a demon. — Vibudhādhipati ('dha-adh'), is, or vibudheśrara ('dha-īs'), as, m. the lord of the immortals.

Vi-budhāna, as, m. a wise man, teacher, pre-

ceptor.

Vi-budhya, ind. having become conscious, having perceived or learnt.

1. vi-bodha, as, m. awaking; perceiving, observing, discovering; intelligence; (in the drama) the unfolding of the faculties, becoming conscious, awaking, (one of the Vyabhičāra-bhāvas.)

2. vi-bodha, as, m. want of consciousness, inattention, absence of mind.

Vi-bodhana, am, n. the act of awakening, awak-

ing. Vi-bodhita, as, ā, am, awakened, aroused; caused to perceive or know, instructed.

বিল্লাক vibboka, as, m. (also written bibboka, vivvoka, q. q. v. v.), (in erotic poetry) affectation of indifference to a beloved object through pride and conceit.

fuz vi-brū, cl. 2. P. A. -bravīti, -brūte, &c. (see rt. brū), to speak out, say, speak, utter; to speak in detail, particularize, interpret, explain, declare; to speak of or about (with acc.); to speak at variance; to say what is false, declare falsely, explain falsely; to contradict, disagree with, be at variance with; to dispute, contend about (Ved. A.).

Vi-brurat, an, ati (ep. anti), at, speaking out, speaking, saying, declaring, particularizing, interpreting; speaking falsely, saying what is untrue or unjust.

Vi-bruvāna, as, ā, am, speaking out, saying, declaring, nttering.

विभन vi-bhaj, cl. 1. P. A. -bhajati, -te,
-bhaktum (Ved. inf. -bhājam), to divide, apportion,
distribute, assign; to share together or with each other,
participate in (A.); to take possession of; to separate,
divide, part, cut; to honour, worship: Caus. -bhāja-

yati, -yitum, to cause to distribute or divide or share, apportion: Pass. of Caus. -bhājyate, to be caused to be divided, be apportioned.

Vi-bhakta, as, ā, am, divided, portioned, partitioned; parted, separated, distinct; different, multifarious; retired, secluded, isolated; measured; regular, symmetrical; ornamented; (as), m. an epithet of Kārttikeya; (am), n. solitude, separatedness; isolation. — Vibhakta-ja, as, m. a son born after the partition of the family property between his parents and brethren.

Vi-bhakti, is, f. a division, partition; part, portion, share of inheritance, &c.; (in grammar) inflection of notins, declension, an affix of declension, case; (according to Pāṇini's system) a termination or inflection either of a case or of the persons of a tense, (certain Taddhita affixes which are used like case-terminations have also the name vi-bhakti.)

Vi-bhaktri, tā, trī, tri, one who distributes or dispenses, a dispenser, distributer.

Vi-bhajanīya, as, ā, am, to be apportioned or partitioned; to be divided, divisible.

Vi-bhajya, ind. having divided or parted, having portioned or distributed, having allotted.

Vi-bhajyamāna, as, ā, am, being divided or

parted; being apportioned.

Vi-bhāga, as, m. division, separation, disjunction, (one of the twenty-four Gunas of the Nyāya); portion, part, share; the share or portion of an inheritance; partition of inheritance, law of inheritance, distribution, apportionment; arrangement; a section, (kūrma-v°, a section of a globe, he misphere); the numerator of a fraction (in arithmetic). - Vibhaga-kalpana, f. apportioning or allotment of shares or portions. - Vibhāga-tas, ind. according to a part or share, proportionately. - Vibhaga-dharma, as, m. the law of division, rule of inheritance. - Vibhaga-pattrika, f. a deed of partition. - Vibhāga-bhāj, k, m. one who shares in a portion of property already distributed, (applied especially to a son by a father and mother of the same tribe, born subsequently to a distribution of property amongst his parents and brethren, in which case he inherits the portion allotted or reserved to the parents.) - Vibhaga-śas, ind. according to a part or share, part by part, share by share, proportionately. - Vibhāgecchu (°ga-ic°), us, us, u, wishing for a partition or distribution.

Vi-bhājana, am, n. the act of causing to share

or distribute, participation.

Vi-bhājita, as, ā, am, caused to be divided, distributed, apportioned, partitioned.

Vi-bhājya, as, ā, am, to be divided or apportioned, portionable, divisible.

Vi-bhājyamāna, as, ā, am, being caused to be divided, being distributed or apportioned.

বিশয় vi-bhanj, cl. 7. P. -bhanakti, -bhanktum, to break asunder, break to pieces.

Vi-bhagna, as, a, am, broken asunder, broken to pieces, shattered, crushed.

Vi-bhanga, as, m. breaking, fracture; division; stopping, stoppage, obstruction; bending, contracting (especially of the eyebrows); expression or play of features.

Vibhangin, î, inī, i, wavy, undulating, wrinkled.

विभव vi-bhava, &c. See under I. vi-bhū.

বিমা 1. vi-bhā, cl. 2. P. -bhāti, -bhātum, to shine or gleam forth; to shine brightly, glitter; to appear as, appear to be, seem; to come to light, be visible, appear; to lighten up, illuminate, brighten.

2. $vi \cdot bh\bar{a}$, f. light, lustre; a ray of light; beauty. — $Vibh\bar{a}$ -kara, as, m. 'light-maker,' the sun; fire; N. of a kind of plant or tree (= arka, £itraka). — $Vibh\bar{a}$ -vas, ān, m. (a doubtful word), the sun(?). — $Vibh\bar{a}$ -vasu, us, us, u, abounding in light, (Sāy. dipti-roćana); (us), m. the sun, fire; the moon; a sort of necklace or garland; N. of a Gandharva (who is said to have stolen the Soma from Gāyatīl as she was carrying it to the gods). — $Vibh\bar{a}$ -sāh, t, t, t, Ved. splendor-surpassing.

Vi-bhāt, ān, ātī or āntī, āt, shining, splendid; (ātī), f. epithet of the dawn.

Vi-bhāta, as, ā, am, shining, bright, luminous; (am), n. dawn, day-break.

Vibhā-van, vā, varī, va, Ved. radiant, shining, resplendent, illuminating, (in Rig-veda X. 8, 4. vi-bhāvā is by some translated 'the divider,' as if from vi-bhūv; (varī), f. the dawn (=ushas, Naigh. I. 8); night, (in this sense vi is probably privative); turmeric; a harlot, bawd; the shreds of a garment torn in a scuffle (?).

चिभारतक vibhāṇḍaka, as, m., N. of a hermit; of a Muni (son of Kaśyapa and father of Ŗishya-śrirga).

Vi- $bh\bar{a}nd\bar{a}$, f. a kind of creeping plant (= \bar{a} -var- $tak\bar{i}$).

विभाव vi-bhāva. See p. 931, col. 1.

चिभाष vi-bhāsh, cl. 1. A. -bhāshate, -bhāshitum, to speak variously; to speak against, revile, abuse.

Vi-bhāshā, f. an alternative, option, one of two ways; (in grammar) the allowing a rule to be optional, (it is of two kinds, viz. I. prāpta-v° or prāpte v°, an option allowed in a particular operation which another rule makes necessary; 2. aprāpta-v° or aprāpte v°, an option allowed in a particular operation which another rule makes impossible.)

Vi-bhāshita, as, ā, am, made optional (in gram-

Vi-bhāshya, ind. having reviled or abused.

चिभास् vi-bhās, cl. 1. A. (Ved. also P.) -bhāṣate (-bhāṣati), -bhāsitum, to shine brightly or pleasantly, be bright: Caus. -bhāṣayati, &c., to cause to shine, illuminate, brighten.

Vi-bhāsā, f. shining brightly, light, lustre. Vi-bhāsīta, as, ā, am, made bright, lighted, illuminated, shining.

faire vi-bhid, el. 7. P. A. -bhinatti, -bhintte, -bhettum, to split or break in two, break in pieces, cleave apart or asunder, cleave, divide, separate, pierce, open; to loosen, untie; to scatter, disperse, dispel, drive away, destroy; to disunite, cause disunion, set at variance, estrange: Pass. -bhidyate, to burst asunder; to become disunited; to be set at variance, be estranged or alienated; to change, become changed: Caus. -bhedayati, -yitum, to divide; to alienate, estrange; to dispel, remove.

Vi-bibhitsu, us, us, u, wishing to break asunder, purposing to cleave or pierce.

Vi-bhidya, ind. having split in two, having cut asunder, having cleaved; having divided or separated, &cc.

Vi-bhidyamāna, as, ā, am, being broken or split asunder; being divided or scattered; being pierced or wounded.

Vi-bhindu, us, us, u, Ved. splitting or cleaving asunder, dissevering, shattering; (us), m., Ved. a proper N.

Vi-bhinna, as, \bar{a} , am, broken or split asunder, divided, pierced, broken, wounded; scattered, dispersed, dispelled, destroyed; bewildered, estranged, alienated, perplexed, deceived; moved to and fro; disappointed; become faithless; various, different; mixed, intermixed, mingling (with inst.); (as), m, an epithet of Siva. -Vibhinna-tamisra, as, \bar{a} , am, having the darkness dispelled. $-Vibhinna-t\bar{a}$, f. or vibhinna-tva, am, n. the state of being broken or split asunder; the state of being scattered, &c.

Vi-bhettri, tā, m. one who splits or breaks asunder, a destroyer.

Vi-bheda, as, m. breaking asunder, dividing, breaking, division, separation; piercing, wounding; violating; bewildering, perplexing, confusing; contradiction; enmity, opposition; variety, distinction.

Vi-bhedana, am, n. the act of splitting or cleaving asunder; breaking, dividing; separating, setting at