the king of bulls for a symbol,' epithet of Siva. - Vrisha-loćana, as, m. 'having the eyes of a bull,' a rat. - Vrisha-vāhana, as, m. 'whose vehicle is a bull, epithet of Siva. - Vrisha-satru, us, m. enemy of Vrisha or Karna, epithet of Krishna or Vishnu. - Vrisha-sena, as, m., N. of a son of Kama. -Vrisha-skandha, as, ā, am, 'bull-shouldered,' having the shoulders of a bull. - Vrishākara ('shaāk°) or vrishā-kara, as, m. a kind of bean (= māsha). - Vrishānka ('sha-an'), as, m. 'bullmarked,' epithet of Siva; a pious man (as marked by virtue); the marking-nut plant; a eunuch, one employed in the women's apartments. - Vrishanka-ja, as, m. 'Siva-produced,' a small drum (held in one hand and played by means of a string attached to it, = damaru). = Vṛishāndana ('sha-an'), as, m. 'going on a bull,' epithet of Siva. = Vṛishāndri ('sha-ad'), is, m., N. of a mountain. = Vṛishāntaka ('sha-an'), as, m. 'destroyer of Vṛisha,' epithet of Krishna or Vishnu; [cf. vrisha-satru.] -Vrishāhāra (°sha-āh°), as, m. 'having rats for food,' a cat. - Vrishotsarga (°sha-ut°), as, m. letting loose a bull or (according to some) a bull and four heifers on the occasion of a Srāddha or funeral rite in bonour of deceased ancestors; setting a bull at liberty on the occasion of a sacrifice or as a religious act generally; N. of a Parisishta of the Sama-veda. -Vrishotsarga-tattva, am, n., N. of a part of the Smriti-tattva.

Vrishaka, as, m., N. of a son of Subala.

Vrishana, as, i, am, sprinkling, fertilizing; (as), m. the scrotum or bag containing the testicles; N. of a son of Kartavīrya. - Vrishaņa-kaćchū, ūs, f. ulceration of the scrotum.

Vrishad-aiji, is, is, i, Ved. sprinkling Soma libations, (Sāy. = varshakena somena sinicat, Rig-

veda VIII. 20, 9.)

Vrishan, ā, ā, a, Ved. raining, pouring forth, sprinkling; bounteous; generating, engendering, male; strengthening, invigorating, manly, vigorous, young, strong (applied to the horses of Indra and to the car of the Asvins); mighty, excellent [cf. var-shishtha]; (ā), m. a rain-cloud, rain (Ved.); 'the trickling beverage,' i. e. Soma juice, a libation [cf. vṛisha-pāna]; a bull; the zodiacal sign Taurus; a stallion, horse; epithet of Indra; of Agni; of Soma; epithet of various other gods; of the hero Karna; a kind of metre (Ved.); pain, sorrow; insensibility to pain. - Vrisha-karman, a, m., Ved. a maker or sender of rain; a showerer of benefits or favours, $(S\bar{a}y. = abhimata-varshana-vy\bar{a}p\bar{a}ra-vat.) - Vri$ sha-kratu, us, us, u, Ved. having vigorous or mighty strength, (Say. = varshana-karman, Rigveda V. 36, 5.) – Vrisha-khādi, is, is, i, Ved. (according to some) having strong (ring-shaped) weapons or ornaments, (applied to the Maruts who are said to be armed or ornamented with rings on their arms, shoulders, and feet; according to Say. on Rig-veda I. 64, 10. 'whose weapon is Vrishan, i.e. Indra,' or 'whose food is Soma.') - Vrisha-gana, as, m., N. of a descendant of Vasishtha (author of Rig-veda IX. 97, 7-9); (as), m. pl. the descendants of Vrishagana. - Vrisha-jūti, is, is, i, Ved. having the speed or velocity of a bull, (Sāy. = vrishabhir ākrishta, Rig-veda VIII. 33, 10.) - Vrishan-asva, as, ā, am, Ved. having strong horses, strong-horsed (said of a chariot); (as), m. the horse of Indra; N. of the father of Mena. - Vrishan-vat, an, ati, at, Ved. producing or causing rain, shedding, pouring forth. - Vrishan-vasu, us, us, u, Ved. having rain for treasure, affluent in showers, (Say. = varshanadhana, Rig-veda VIII. 5, 36); (u), n. the treasure of Indra.—Vrisha-tva, am, n., Ved. manliness, vigour, strength.—Vrisha-tva, ind., Ved. by strength, in strength. - Vrisha-dhūta, as, ā, am, Ved. crushed by males, i.e. by stones (said of the Soma). - Vrisha-nābhi, is, is, i, Ved. having a strong nave, strong-naved; (Say.) having wheels bestowing showers (= varshaka-nābhi-yukta). - Vrishan-tama, as, a, am, Ved. most manly, very vigorous, most powerful; (Sāy.) most bountiful (=atisayena kāmānām

varshitri, Rig-veda I. 100, 2). - Vrisha-patni, f., Ved. 'having a rain-cloud or a bull for a husband,' epithet of water. - Vrisha-pāṇa, am, n. (l. c. vri-shan + pāna), Ved. the drinking of a libation, a Soma draught. - Vrisha-pāni, is, is, i, Ved. stronghoofed, (according to Say. on Rig-veda VII. 75, 7 = pānsūnām varshaka-khura, 'having hoofs the showerers of dust,' i. e. raising the dust with their hoofs.) - Vrisha-prabharman, ā, m., Ved. sending the rain-cloud, (Say. = varshana-sīlasya meghasya pra-hartri, Rig-vedaV. 32, 4.) - Vrisha-prayavan, a, &c., Ved. moving vigorously, swift-passing, (according to Say. on Rig-vedaVIII. 20, 9. vrisha-prayavne = sektāraķ prakrisktam gantāro maruto yasmin tasmai.) – Vrisha-psu, us, us, u, Ved. strong-shaped; rain-shedding, (Sāy. = varshaka-rūpayukta, Rig-veda VIII. 20, 10.) - Vrisha-manas, ās, ās, as (i. e. vrishan + manas), Ved, having the courage of a bull; disposed to pour forth or bestow benefits, benevolent-mioded, (Say. = kāmānām varshana-para-manaska, Rig-veda lV. 22, 6.) - Vri-sha-ratha, as, ā, am, Ved. having a strong or mighty car; whose car showers down blessings. -Vrisha-raśmi, is, is, i, Ved. having shower-yielding reins. - Vrisha-vrata, as, ā, am, Ved. acting like a bull, engaged in sprinkling (said of Soma). - Vrisha-vrāta, as, ā, am, Ved. having troops or companies of males, forming troops of bulls; baving abundance of rain, abounding in drops of rain. - Vrisha-sipra, as, m. 2 proper N. - Vrisha-sushma, as, a, am, Ved. drying up or overpowering the strong, (according to Say. on Rig-veda IV. 36, 8 = sektrīnām balavatām soshaka); (as), m. (probably) 'having manly strength,' a proper N. Vrishandhi, is, m., Ved. a cloud (= megha ac-

cording to Naigh. I. 10; in Rig-veda IV. 22, 2. Say. explains vrishandhim by megha-bhedanadvāreņa varsham kurvantam, causing rain by di-

viding the clouds).

Vrishabha, as, m. a showerer of bounties, benefactor (Ved., Say. = kāmānām varshayitri, Rigveda VI. 44, 20); a male animal; a bull, (some-times used in the Veda as an adjective in the sense of 'manly,' 'vigorous,' 'strong,' 'powerful,' e.g. vrishabhah sushmah, manly strength); anything good or excellent of its kind (often at the end of comps. in the sense of 'good,' 'excellent,' 'pre-eminent,' 'chief'); the hollow or orifice of the ear [cf. rishabha]; an elephant's ear; a particular drug (= rishabha; it is described as a root brought from the Himālaya mountains, resembling the horn of a bull, of cooling and tonic properties, and serviceable in catarrh and consumption); the first of the Jaina pontiffs of the present era; epithet of the twentyeighth Muhūrta; (ī), f. a widow; cowach; (ā), f., N. of a river. - Vrishabha-gati, is, m. going on a bull,' epithet of Siva. - Vrishabha-dhraja, as, m. 'having a bull for an emblem,' epithet of Siva. -Vrishabha-shodasa, as, ī, am, having a bull as sixteenth, i. e. fifteen (cows) and a bull. - Vrishabhāksha (bha-ak), as, ī, am, having the eyes of a bull; (i), f. a species of plant (=indravāruņī). - Vrishabhekshaņa (°bha-īk°), as, m. 'having the eyes of a bull,' N. of Vishnu. - Vrishabhaikādaśa (°bha-ek°), as, î, am, having a bull as the eleventh, i. e. ten (cows) and a bull.

Vrishala, as, m. (in Manu VIII. 16. fancifully derived fr. vrisha, 'justice,' + la for ala fr. alam, implying 'prevention;' cf. alam, 'away with'), a Sudra or man of the last or servile tribe; epithet of king Caudra-gupta; a man of one of the three highest classes who by neglecting his religious duties has lost his caste; a sinner, reprobate, wicked man; a horse; garlic; (i), f. a woman of low caste; an unmarried girl twelve years old (in whom menstruation has commenced); a woman during menstruation; a barren woman; the mother of a sfill-born child. -Vrishala-tā, f. or vrishala-tva, am, n. the condition of a Sūdra, state of an outcast. - Vrishalātmaja (°la-āt°), as, m. the son of a Vrishala or of a reprobate. - Vrishalī-pati, is, m. the husband of

a Sūdrā or woman of low caste or a Brāhman who owns such a woman as his mistress. - Vrishali-phena-pita, as, ā, am, one who has drunk the moisture of a Sudra's (lips). - Vrishali-sevana, am, n. paying respect to a woman of low caste, intercourse with a Sudra female.

Vrishalaka, as, m. a poor or contemptible Sudra. Vrishasya, Nom. P. vrishasyati, -yitum, to long

for a bull, long for sexual intercourse.

Vrishasyanti, f. a lascivious woman; a cow in heat. Vrishākapāyī, f. 'wife of Vrishākapi,' epithet of the Dawn (as the wife of the Sun); epithet of Lakshmi; of Gauri; of Svaha (wife of Agni); of Saci (wife of Indra); of the mother of Indra; Asparagus Racemosus; the plant Celtis Orientalis.

Vrishākapi, is, m. (probably connected with vrishan, 'sprinkler' or 'irrigator,' and kapi meaning 'ape' or 'tremulous'), an epithet of the sun (so called as drawing up vapour and irrigating with mist); N. of Kṛishṇa or Vishṇu; of Siva or Rudra; of one of the eleven Rudras (according to the Bhagavata-Purāṇa); of Agni or fire; N. of the author of part of Rig-veda X. 86 (having the patronymic Aindra); of the hymn Rig-veda X. 86.

Vrishāṇaka, as, m., N. of the author of Rig-

veda X. 136, 4 (having the patronymic Vātaraśana);

a N. or form of Siva.

Vrishāya, Nom. A. vrishāyate, -yitum, Ved. to act like a bull; to roar like one; to fertilize.

Vrishāyana, as, m., N. of Siva; a sparrow (= ćataka).

Vṛishāyamāṇa, as, ā, am, Ved. acting like a bull, eager as a bull.

Vrishin, ī, m. a peacock (either as 'fond of rain' or as 'having a particular plumage').

Vrishta, as, a, am, rained; raining down, showering; raining; (as), m., N. of a son of Kukkura. - Vrishta-vat, an, atī, at, one who has rained.

Vrishti, is, f. rain, a shower; (in the Sankhya phil.) one of the four forms of internal acquiescence; [cf. salila.] - Vrishti-kara, as, i, am, producing rain, sprinkling, raining. - Vrishţi-kāla, as, m. the rainy season. - Vrishţi-ghnī, f. a kind of cardamoms (as 'preventing moisture?'). - Vrishţi-jīvana, as, ā, am, 'living by rain,' (land) nourished or watered by rain (=deva-mātrika). - Vrishti-dyāvā, m. du., Ved. causing a rainy sky; epithet of Mitra and Varuņa, (Rig-veda V. 68, 5.)—Vrishti-bhū, ūs, ūs, u, born or produced in rain; (ũs), m. a frog. - Vrishți-mat, an, atī, at, possessed of rain, rainproducing, full of rain, rainy; (ān), m. a cloud. - Vrishti-vani, is, f., Ved. a request or prayer for rain [cf. vasu-vani]; (is, is, i), desiring rain, seeking or praying for rain. - Vrishti-sampāta, as, m. a shower of rain. - Vrishti-havya, as, m., Ved. a proper N.

Vṛishṭvī, ind. having been showered down, (in Rig-veda V. 53, 14. according to Say. = vrishtishu

preritāsu satīshu, on rain being sent.)

Vrishni, is, is, i, raining, showering blessings (said of Indra; Sāy. = kāmānām varshitri, Rigveda I. 10, 2); angry, passionate; heretical, heterodox; (is), m. a ram; a ray of light; air, wind; a heretic, sectary; N. of a descendant of Yadu and ancestor of Krishna; epithet of Krishna [cf. vārshneya]; of Indra; of Agni; (ayas), m. pl., N. of a tribe or family (descendants of Vrishni and relations of Krishna); N. of a class of Kshatriyas and Vaisyas; [cf. Gr. ἀρνός, ἀρνειός, ἡήν, ἔρσαι, ἔριφος.] – Vrishni-garbha, as, m. 'born in the family of Vrishni,' epithet of Krishna. - Vrishni-mat, an, m., N. of a

Vrishnya, as, ā, am, Ved. fecundating; (am), n. a vigorous or manly act; strength, (Say. = virya.) - Vrishnyā-vat, an, atī, at (in the Pada text vrishuya-vat), Ved. possessed of vigour or strength, vigorous; (an), m. 'the vigorous god,' epithet of Parjanya; the causer of rain, (according to Say. on Rig-veda V. 83, 2=varsha-karma-vat.)

Vrishya, as, a, am, to be sprinkled or showered down, to be rained; aphrodisiac, provocative of sexual