among the sangrama-namani); (t), ind. (probably a contraction of sam-vatsara below), a year; a year of Vikramāditya's era (commencing B. C. 57, as opposed to a year of the era of Sali-vahana, commonly called Saka or Saka, q. v.); [cf. Gr. eros, ένιαυτός.]

Sam-vatsara, as, m. (according to Unadi-s. III. 72. fr. 2. sam-vas, 'to dwell with,' because the seasons are supposed to abide in the year; vas becomes vat before affix sara, cf. rt. 6. vas), a full year, year, (in the Purāņas Samvatsara is personified as presiding over the seasons); a year of Vikramāditya's era, (see sam-vat above); the first year in a cycle of five years; epithet of Siva. - Samvatsara-kara, as, m. 'year-causer,' epithet of Siva. - Samvatsara-tama, as, a, am, completing a full year, yearly; [cf. māsa-tama.] - Samvatsara-nirodha, as, m. imprisonment for a year. - Samvatsara-pradipa, as, m., N. of a work. - Samvatsara-bhrami, is, is, i, year-revolving, completing a revolution in a year (said of the sun). - Samvatsara-raya, as, m. a year's course.

संबद् sam-vad, cl. 1. P. A. -vadati, -te, -vaditum, to speak together, speak with, converse with (with inst.); to speak about, discourse upon (with loc.); to speak, speak to, address; to speak of as, designate, call, name; to sound together (said of musical instruments; P., Ved.); to agree, accord, consent: Caus. -vādayati, -te, -yitum, to cause to converse with, cause a conversation about (with loc.); to cause to speak together, cause to agree; to agree upon, accord; to state accurately, give a true account of, declare; to invite or call upon to speak; to cause to sound, play (a musical instrument).

Sam-vadana, am, n. the act of speaking together, conversing; communication of intelligence; consideration, examination, = āloćana; (am, ā), n. f. subduing by charms (such as mystical gems, drugs, &c.), overpowering by magic, (probably for samvanana, q. v.); a charm, amulet.

Sam-vaditavya, as, a, am, to be spoken with,

to be addressed, &c.

Sam-vāda, as, m. speaking together, conversation, colloquy, dialogue; discussing, discussion; communication of intelligence, report, information, news; assent, concurrence; agreement, conformity, correspondence, sameness.

Sam-vadana, am, n. the act of causing to converse, &c.

Sam-vādayat, an, antī, at, causing to converse or agree; agreeing.

Sam-vadita, as, a, am, caused to speak with, made to converse; agreed with or upon.

Sam-vādya, ind. having declared truly, having stated accurately.

1. sam-udita, as, ā, am (for 2. see under sam-ud-i), spoken with, conversed; spoken to, addressed, accosted; agreed upon, (yathā-samuditam, accord-

ing to agreement); consented, settled, customary. Sam-udya, ind. having spoken together; having concluded or agreed upoo.

संबन् sam-van, Caus. -vanayati, &c., (in Atharva-veda VI. 9, 3. sam-vānayantu occurs), Ved. to cause to like or love, make well-disposed.

Sam-vanana, as, ā or ī, am, subduing by charms, adorable, (Sāy. = stotribhih samyak sambhaja-nīya); (am, ā), n. f. causing mutual fondness; subduing by magical drugs or charms [cf. sam-vadana]; charming, fascination; means of securing love, a charm; fondness, love; (as), m., N. of an Angirasa (author of the hymn Rig-veda X. 191).

सवन्द sam-vand, cl. 1. A. -vandate, -vanditum, to salute respectfully.

संवप् sam-vap, cl. 1. P. A. -vapati, -te, -vaptum, to throw together, mix, pour in, put in; to scatter, sow.

संवर sam-vara. See under sam-vri.

संवर्ग sam-varga. See under 1. sam-vrij.

संवर्णे sam-varn, cl. 10. P. -varnayati, -yitum, to communicate, relate, narrate, tell; to praise.

सवते sam-varta, &c. See under sam-vrit.

संवधक sam-vardhaka, &c. See under sam-

संवमय samvarmaya (fr. varman with sam). Nom. P. A. samvarmayati, -te, -yitum, to put on armour, arm one's self fully.

Samvarmita, as, ā, am, fully armed, completely

संवर्ण sam-varshana. See under sam-

संवल samvala. See sambala.

संवित sam-valita, as, ā, am (fr. rt. val with sam), met together, mixed, mingled; connected or associated with; united; encompassed, surrounded; possessed of; broken, diversified (= ćūrnita, Kirāt, VI. 4, Schol.).

संविच्यत sam-valgita, as, ā, am, overrun.

संवन्त्रस sam-vavritvas, an, ushī, at (fr. rt. 1. vrit with sam, but apparently connected with rt. vri), one who has enveloped, enveloping, (according to Say. on Rig-veda V. 31, 3. sam-vavritvat = samvarana-silam.)

संवस् 1. sam-vas (see rt. 5. vas), cl. 2. A. -vaste, -vasitum, to wear (clothes), be clad in, be

Sam-vastraya (fr. sam + vastra), Nom. P. -vastrayati, -yitum, to put on clothes, dress.

Sam-vastrya, ind. having put on clothes, having

सवस 2. sam-vas (see rt. 6. vas), cl. 1. P. A. -vasati, -te, -vastum, to dwell together, live with, to have intercourse or dealings with (sometimes with acc. of person); to cohabit with (with acc.); to stay, abide, dwell; to spend, pass (time): Caus. -vasayati, -yitum, to cause to dwell together, bring together; to furnish with lodging, lodge.

Sam-vasat, an, anti, at, dwelling together, &c. Sam-vasatha, as, m. a place where people live together, village, inhabited place.

Sam-vasana, am, n. residing together, dwelling. Sam-vasāna, as, ā, am, dwelling with, residing

Sam-vasu, us, m., Ved. one who dwells along with, living with, (Say. sam-vasuh = samvasati, Rig-veda VIII. 39, 7.)

Sam-vāsa, as, m. dwelling along with, cohabitation, domestic intercourse; a dwelling, residence, house; an open space for meeting or recreation (either within or without a town, = san-nivesa); association, company, society.

Sam-ushita, as, ā, am, dwelt or lived together, stayed with; passed, spent (as time).

संबह sam-vah [cf. sam-ūh], cl. 1. P. A. -vahati, '-te, -vodhum, to bear or carry together, convey together; to carry or bear along, take along, draw, drag, bear away; to convey; to bring near; to take a wife, marry; to carry the band along the body, rub down, press together, shampoo, stroke, soothe; to manifest, display, express: Pass. -uhyate, to be carried by, ride on (with inst.): Caus. -vahayati, -te, -yitum, to cause to be carried together; to bring together, assemble, collect; to drive (a carriage &c.), guide, conduct, lead, lead or conduct to (one's home), take a wife, marry; to carry the hand along the body, stroke, shampoo: Pass. of Caus. -vāhyate, to be carried away, be driven along, &c.

Sam-vaha, as, m. bearing or carrying along; N. of the wind of the third of the seven Margas or paths of the sky, (viz. that which impels the moon; the other six are called a-vaha, pra-vo, ud-vo, vi-vo, part-v°, ni-v°, the Sam-vaha coming above the Ud-vaha wind.)

Sam-vāha, as, m. bearing or carrying along, pressing together; rubbing the body, shampooing; an attendant employed to rub and shampoo the body; N. of one of the winds, (see sam-vaha above.)

Sam-vāhaka, as, m. an attendant who robs and shampooes the limbs, a shampooer.

Sam-vāhana, am, n. rubbing the person, shampooiog; bearing (a burden), carrying.

Sam-vāhya, as, ā, am, to be brought together; to be bome or carried along; to be rubbed, to be shampooed; (as), m., scil. agni, a kind of sacrificial fire; [cf. 1. sam-ūhya.]

Sam-uhya, ind. having brought together, having arranged or put in order; [cf. 2. sam-ūhya.]

Sam-uhyamāna, as, ā, am, being borne or carried along; being carried by, riding on (with inst.).

1. sam-ūdha, as, ā, am (for 2. see under samuh), borne or conveyed together, carried or borne along, borne away; led, conducted; married.

सवा sam-vā, cl. 2. P. -vāti, -vātum, to blow at the same time, blow.

Sam-vāt, an, ātī or antī, āt, blowing together, blowing (as wind).

सवाञ्च sam-vānch, cl. I. P. -vānchati, -vānchitum, to long for, wish, desire, be eager for.

संवारिका samvātikā, f. the aquatic plant Trapa Bispinosa.

संवार sam-vāra. See p. 1038, col. 3.

सवाश् sam-vāś, cl. 4. A. -vāśyate (Ved. and ep. also P. -vāsyati, and cl. I. P. A. -vāsati, -te), -vāsitum, to roar or cry at the same time, bellow or low together, bleat: Caus. -vāśayati, -yitum, to cause to cry or low together.

Sam-vāvasāna, as, ā, am, Ved. roaring at the

same time, bellowing together.

संवासित sam-vāsita, as, ā, am, made fragrant, perfumed; made fetid, having an offensive smell (said of the breath).

संवाह sam-vah [cf. sam-vah, to which the forms and senses given to this verb are perhaps more properly referred], cl. 1. A. -vāhate, &c. (see rt. 1. vah), to rub together, shampoo, knead (the limbs), stroke: Caus. -vāhayati, &c., to rub together, shampoo.

Sam-vāha, sam-vāhana. See above.

संविच् sam-vić, cl. 3. P. -vevekti, &c., Ved. to keep entirely separate or distinct.

Sam-vikta, as, ā, am, entirely separated or distinct; (am), n. that which is separated or individual-

संविचि sam-vi-ći, cl. 5. P. A. -ćinoti, -ćinute, -cetum, to separate entirely, keep quite apart.

Sam-vićetavya, as, ā, am, to be entirely separated, to be kept quite apart; to be removed.

संविचिना sam-vi-cint, cl. 10. P. -cintayati, -yitum, to consider fully, meditate or reflect upon.

संविज sam-vij, cl. 7. P., 6. A. -vinakti, -vijate, &c., -vijitum, to tremble violently, shake, be agitated; to start with fear, start up, run away: Caus. -vejayati, -yitum, to startle, frighten, terrify.

Sam-vigna, as, a, am, agitated, flurried, startled, alarmed, frightened, terrified, distracted. - Samvigna-mānasa, as, ā, am, agitated or distracted

Sam-vega, as, m. agitation, flurry; excessive impetus or impetuosity, vehemence, haste proceeding from terror; hurry, haste, speed.

संविज्ञा sam-vi-jhā, cl. 9. P. A. -jānāti,