Sam-stambhaniya, as, a, am, to be propped; to be made firm; to be stopped.

Sam-stambhayitri, tā, tri, tri, one who supports or props up, a supporter ; one who stops or restrains, a restrainer.

Sam-stambhayitvā (anom. ind. part.), having propped or confirmed or encouraged.

Sam-stambhita, as, ā, am, propped, supported ; stopped; stupefied, paralyzed.

ससार sam-stara. See under sam-siri.

सन्त sam-stu, cl. 2. P. A. -stauti, -stavīti, -stute, -stuvite, -stotum, to praise or hymn together, praise in chorus; to praise properly or well; to celebrate.

Sam-stava, as, m. praise; association together, agreeing together, acquaintance, iutimacy (= parićuya). - Samstara-sthira, as, ā, am, firm through acquaintance.

Sam-starāna, as, ā, am, praising properly ; talking fluently and well, eloquent; (us), m. a singer, chanter (= ul-gātri); joy (= harsha, according to some).

Sam-stāva, as, m. hymning in chorus, repetition of hymns by a number of Brahmans; the place occupied at a sacrifice by the Brähmans reciting hymns and prayers; praise, celebration.

Sam-stuta, as, ā, am, praised or hymned together; praised well or properly; lauded, hymned, eulogized; agreeing together, intimate, acquainted, known. -Samstuta-prāya, as, ā, am, for the most part lauded or hymned together, usually associated in hymns.

Sam-stuti, is, f. praise in chorus, hymning together ; praise, celebration.

Sam-stāyamāna, as, ā, am, being praised or celebrated.

सस्तू sam-stri, cl. 5. 9. P. A. -slrinoti, -strinute, -strinati, -strinate, -startum, -staritum, -staritum, to spread out, spread, extend; to strew over, cover, cover over.

Sam-stara, as, m. a bed, couch; a bed made of leaves, &cc.; a sacrifice (or perhaps rather the ritual arrangements for a sacrifice).

Sam-starana, am, n. the act of strewing or covering over.

Sam-stāra, as, m. spreading out, extension. -Samstāra-pankti, is, f. a particular metre, (the first and fourth Padas containing twelve syllables each, and the second and third eight each; cf. vishtara-p°, prastāra-p°, āstāra-p°.)

Sam-stira, as, ā, am, Ved. entirely covered, hidden, concealed, (opposed to vi-shtira, displayed, Rig-veda I. 140, 7.)

Sam-stirna, as, ā, am, spread over, covered. Sam-stirya, ind. having spread ; having covered.

सम्याय sam-styāya, as, m. (fr. rt. styai with sam), assemblage, collection, heap, multitude, number; spreading expansion, diffusion; vicinity, proximity; a habitation, house.

सस्या sam-sthā, cl. 1. A. -lishthale (ep. also P. -tish(hati), -sthatum, to stand or stay close together, abide or remain or live together ; to agree, conform; to stand firmly; to stand or remain on; to exist, live, be; to stand still, stop; to be completed; to die, perish: Caus. -sthapayati, -yitum, to cause to stand firmly, to settle, establish or fix firmly; to place; to collect or compose (the mind); to cause to stand still, stop, restrain; to cause to cease or die, kill; to place in subjection, subject.

Sam-stha, as, ā, am, standing or staying or being together, living together, staying with, associated, domesticated; staying, abiding, dwelling, living; lasting; stopping still, stationary, fixed; ended, perished, dead: (as), m. a dweller, resident, inhabitant; a fellow-countryman, neighbour; a spy, secret emissary; (ã), f. an assembly, assemblage; state or condition of being, situation, time of life;

&c.; occupation, business, profession; continuance in the right way, correct conduct; stop, stay; end, completion ; loss, destruction, destruction of the world (=prataya, said to be of four kinds, viz. naimittika, prākritika, nitya, ātyantika); death, dying; manifestation, appearance; resemblance, likeness; form ; a form or kind of Soma sacrifice [cf. yujnas°, pāka-s°, havir-yajna-s°, soma-s°]; a royal ordinance; (am), n., Ved. a battle.

Sam-sthana, as, ā, am, standing together ; agreeing, resembling, like; (am), n. the act of standing or being together; a collection, aggregation, heap, quantity; the aggregation of primitive atoms, primary formation ; conformation, configuration ; form, figure, shape, construction; a common place of abode, vicinity, neighbourhood ; a place where four roads meet ; any place, station; position, situation; a spot, mark, sign; standing still, stopping, dying, death. - Samsthāna-čārin, ī, iņī, i, going in various forms (of gods or demons); moving in various stations.

Sam-sthapaka, as, ika, am, fixing firmly, settling, establishing.

Sam-sthapana, am, n. the act of placing together, collecting; fixing firmly, placing, fixing; confirming, establishing, establishment ; restraining ; a statute, regulation.

Sam-sthāpanīya, as, ā, am, to be established or settled.

Sam-sthapita, as, a, am, made to stand together, heaped up, accumulated; established, fixed, placed, deposited; stopped, restrained, controlled.

Sam-sthāpya, ind. having made to stand firmly, having fixed, having confirmed, having established. Sam-sthāsnu, us, us, u, firmly fixed, stationary, immovable; lasting, durable.

Sam-sthita, as, ā, am, standing or being together, lying or situated close at hand, contiguous, near; brought together, collected, heaped, covered; agreeiog, like, resembling; standing firm, settied, fixed, established ; staying, abiding ; residing, being in or at ; placed in or on ; standing still, stationary ; stopped, concluded, completed, ended, finished; dead, deceased.

Sam-sthiti, is, f. staying or abiding or being together; collection, accumulation, heap; standing or staying with, residing or living with or near; contiguity, nearness, connection ; standing firm ; duration, continuance; being, abiding, abode, situation, station, state, condition (of life); standing still or stationary, stoppage; restraint; death, dying; destruction of the world.

संस्पृज्ञ 1. sam-spris, cl. 6. P. -sprisati, -sparshtum, -sprashtum, to come into close coatact, to touch, lay hold of; to reach; to perceive; to sprinkle (with water &c.): Cans. -sparsayati, -yitum, to cause to touch; to sprinkle over.

Sam-sparsa, as, m. close or mutual contact, touch, touching, conjunction, mixture, laying hold of; perception, sense; the being touched, being affected; (\tilde{a}), f. a kind of fragrant plant or perfume (=jan \tilde{i}). - Sumsparsa-ja, as, ā, am, produced by contact or sensible perception.

2. sam-spris, k, k, k, touching, coming into contact.

Sam-sprisat, an, ati or anti, at, touching, laying hold of; striking together.

Sam-sprisya, ind. having touched ; having rubbed or chafed; having reached; extending to.

Sum-sprishta, as, ā, am, touched, brought into contact; mixed, combined.

सम्पाल sam-sphāla, as, m. (fr. rt. sphal with sam), a ram (=mesha).

सम्प्रेट sam-sphuta, as, ā, am (fr. rt. sphut with sam), bursting open, blossomed, blown. Sam-sphota, as, m. war, battle.

Sam-sphoti, is, m. = sam-sphota above.

REAZ sam-spheta, as, m. (fr. rt. sphit with sam), war, battle.

to laugh at, deride : Desid. -sismayishate, to wish to laugh at or deride.

Sam-sismayishamana, as, a, am, wishing to ridicule, desirous of laughing at.

सस sam-smri, cl. t. P. -smarati, -smartum, to remember fully, recollect (with acc. or gen.): Caus. -smārayati, -yitum, to cause to remember, remind of.

Sam-smarana, am, n. the act of remembering, calling to mind, recollecting.

Sam-smarat, an, anti, at, fully remembering, recollecting well.

Sam-smartarya, as, ā, am, to be remembered; to be thought upon.

Sam-smārya, ind. having caused to remember, having reminded of.

Sam-smrita, as, ā, am, remembered, recollected, called to mind.

Sam-smriti, is, f. remembering, remembrance, recollection.

Sam-smritya, ind. having remembered or called to mind.

समय sam-srava, as, m. (fr. rt. sru with sam), flowing. oozing out; that which flows, a stream; anything flowing off or remaining; the droppings or remains of a libation; a kind of offering or libation.

Sam-srāva, as, m. flowing, oozing out; a kind of offering or libation.

HHR sam-srashtri. See under sam-srij.

संख्य sam-svap, cl. 2. P. -svapiti, &c., to sleep soundly, sleep.

Sam-supta, as, ā, am, soundly asleep, fast asleep, asleep, sleeping.

संख sam-svri, cl. 1. A. -svarale, -svarlum, -svaritum, to hymn, praise (Ved.); to pain, afflict, torment, cause pain.

सहन् sam-han, cl. 2. P. -hanti, -hanlum, to strike together, join or unite closely, put together, close (the hands &c.), shut ; to contract, diminish ; to bring together, heap, accumulate, collect; to fight together, clash; to strike, kill, destroy completely: Cans. -ghātayati, -yitum, to strike together, kill, destroy utterly.

Sam-ha = sam-hata below.

Sum-hata, as, ā, am, struck together, closely joined or united, closed, shut; well kuit or compacted together, firmly united, compact, close, firm, solid; closely allied; combined, joined, connected, acting or making effort together, keeping together; collected, assembled, accumulated; struck, hurt, wounded, killed. - Samhata-jānu, us, us, u, or samhata-jānuka, as, ī, am, knock-kneed. - Samhata-tala, as, m. the two hands joined with the open palms brought together. - Samhata-tā, f. or samhata-tva, am, n. compactness, close conibination; close contact or approximation, conjunction; union, agreement. - Samhata-bhrū, ūs, ūs, u, knitting the brows. - Samhata-stani, f. (a woman) whose breasts are very close to each other. - Samhatāsva (°ta-as°), as, m., N. of a king.

Sam-hati, is, f. the state of being brought into close contact, firm or close combination, firm muion or alliance, junction, joint effort, agreement, compactness, firmness, solidity, bulk, mass, assemblage, collection, heap, number, host, multitude.

Sam-hatya, ind. having struck together, having closed or joined.

Sam-hanana, as, i, am, striking together; kill-ing, destroying, a destroyer, conqueror; (am), n. the act of striking together, compactness, inflexibility; strength, muscularity; rubbing the limbs; the body (as having the limbs well compacted).

Sam-hanu, us, us, u, Ved. destructive, deadly.

San-gha, us, m. close contact or combination; any collection or assemblage, heap, multitude, quantity, Titer sam-smi, cl. 1. A. - smayale, - smetum, | crowd, host, band, number, group, flock, shoal; any