vadha. - Sarva-ćarmīņa, as, ā, am, made of every kind of skin or leather. - Sarva-carin, i, m. 'allpervading,' epithet of Siva. - Sarva-jagat, t, f. the whole world, the universe. - Sarra-janina, as, a, am, belonging or relating to all men, fit for all.

-Sarva-jayā, f. 'all-conquering,' a particular religious observance performed by women in the month Marga-śīrsha; a particular plant. -Sarva-jit, t, t, t, all-conquering, all-subduing, irresistible; all-surpassing, excellent, incomparable; (t), m. a proper N.; epithet of the twenty-first (or fifty-fifth) year of Jupiter's cycle of sixty years. - Sarva-jña, as, ā, am, all-knowing, omniscient, all-wise; (as), m. epithet of Siva; N. of a Muni; a Jina or Buddha deified sage; (a), f. epithet of Durga. - Sarvajnatā, f. or sarvajna-tva, am, n. omniscience. - Sarvajna-nārāyaṇa, as, m., N. of an author. - Sarvajna-vāsudeva, as, m., N. of a poet. - Sarvajnātri-tva, am, n. the condition of one who is omniscient. — Sarva-jiāna, am, n. all-knowledge. — Sarvajiāna tantra, am, n., N. of a Tantra work. -Sarva-jināna-maya, as, ī, am, made up of or containing all knowledge. - Sarva-jnāna-vid, t, t, t, aequainted with all knowledge. - Sarra-tanū, ūs, m., Ved. one who is born again with his whole body. - Sarva-tantra, as, m. one who has studied all the Tantras; (as, ā, am), universally acknowledged, admitted by all schools (as a philosophical principle). -Sarvatantra-siddhānta, as, m. a dogma admitted by all schools, (opposed to pratitantra-siddhanta, a dogma peculiar to some school or a controverted dogma, such as the Mimansaka doctrine of the eternity of sound.) - Sarva-tas, see p. 1096, col. 3. - Sarvatātā, ind., Ved. everywhere, (Sāy. = sarvatra); at the sacrifice, (Say. = sarva-tātau = yajne, Rig-veda IV. 26, 3; see the next.) - Sarva-tati, is, f. (see Pān. IV. 4, 142), Ved. all prosperity, complete happiness or health; soundness, wholeness; [cf. Gr. δλό-της; in some passages tāti is connected by Sāy. with 2. tati, p. 361, and is said to mean either 'the extension of all enjoyments' or simply 'sacrifice.'] - Sarva-tāpana, as, ī, am, all-inflaming; (as), m. epithet of Kāma (god of love). - Sarvatiktā, f. a particular plant (=kāka-māćī). - Sarva-tūrya-ninādin, ī, m. 'playing all instruments,' Siva .- Sarva-tejas, as, n. all splendor .- Sarvatejomaya, as, i, am, consisting of all splendor; containing all power. - Sarva-da, as, m. 'all-giving,' epithet of Siva. - Sarva-damana, as, ī, am, allsubduing, all-taming, irresistible; (as), m. epithet of Bharata (son of Sakuntala). - Sarva-darsanasangraha, as, m. 'compendium of all the Darsanas,' N. of a treatise on the various systems of philosophy (not including the Vedānta) by Mādhavāćārya and his brother Sayana. - Sarva-darsin, i, ini, i, allseeing; (1), m. a Buddha. - Sarva-dana, am, n. the gift of everything. - Sarva-dānādhika (onaadho), as, a, am, better than every gift. - Sarvadāsa, as, m., N. of a poet. - Sarva-dig-vijaya, as, m. conquest of all regions, universal conquest. - Sarra-duhkha-kshaya, as, m. destruction of all pain, final emancipation from all existence, beatitude. - Sarva-devata, as, a, am, relating to all the deities. - Sarva-deva-maya, as, i, am, made of all deities, comprising all the gods; (as), m. epithet of Siva. - Sarva-deva-mukha, as, m. 'mouth of all the gods,' epithet of Agni or fire (Agni being the medium of oblations to the gods). - Sarva-desya, as, ā, am, being in all places. - Sarva-daivatya = sārvadaivatya. - Sarva-dhana, am, n. all one's wealth or property; (in arithmetic) a sum total, sum of a series, total of a sum in progression. - Sarvadhara, 'all-containing,' N. of a work on medicine by Karatha. - Sarva-dharma-prakāśa, as, m., N. of a work on law by Sankara-bhatta. - Sarvadharma-vid, t, t, t, knowing all duties, one who knows the duties of all tribes and castes. - Sarvadhā, ās, ās, am, Ved. all-containing, all-yielding. - Sarva-dhārin, ī, m. 'all-holder,' epithet of Siva; epithet of the twenty-second (or according to others fifty-sixth) year of Jupiter's cycle of sixty years.

-Sarva-dhārī, f. the twenty-second year of the cycle (according to some; cf. sarva-dhārin).
- Sarva-dhurāvaha (ra-āv), as, m. an ox fit for any sort of draught or carriage - Sarva-dhurina, as, m. an ox or other animal fit for any kind of carriage or draught. - Sarvanāma-tā, f. the being a pronoun or pronominal.—Sarra-nāman, a, n. (in grammar) N. of a class of words beginning with sarva, (these comprise the real pronouns and a series of pronominal adjectives, such as ubhava, viśva, ekatara, &c.) - Sarvanāma-sthāna, am, n. (in Pāṇini's grammar) a N. for the Anga cases collectively (i. e. the nom. sing. du. pl., acc. sing. du. of masc. and fem. nouns, and the nom. acc. pl. of neuters; these are called by some 'the strong cases;' see Pān. I. 1, 42, 43; the voc. as following the nom. may be included under this name). - Sarva-nāśa, as, m. total destruction, destruction of all. - Sarvanāsin, ī, inī, i, all-destroying. - Sarvan-dama, as, m. 'all-subduing,' N. of Bharata. - Sarva-patha, as, m. every road or way, every direction. -Sarva-pathina, as, ā, am, belonging to every road or way, going in every direction. - Sarvapaśu, us, m. a proper N. - I. sarva-pā, ās, ās, am, drinking everything; (as), f. the wife of the Daitya Bali. - 2. sarva-pā, ās, ās, am, all-preserving. - Sarva-pāpa-hara, as, ā, am, removing all sin. - Sarva-pārśva-mukha, as, m. 'having a face on all sides,' epithet of Siva. - Sarva-pāvana, as, m. 'all-purifying,' epithet of Siva. — Sarva-pūjita, as, m. 'worshipped by all,' epithet of Siva. - Sarva-pūrņa, as, ā, am, full of everything. - Sarva-pūrņa-tva, am, n. entire fulness or completeness, complete preparation or provision. - Sarva-priya, as, a, am, dear to all, universally beloved; generally friendly, loving all .- Sarva-bandha-vimoćana, as, m. 'delivering from every bond,' epithet of Siva. - Sarva-bhaksha, as, a, am, eating all kinds of food, omnivorous; (ā), f. a female goat. -Sarva-bhakshya, as, ā, am, all-devouring (as fire); eating all things; all-devouring, omnivorons.

- Sarva-bhāj, k, k, k, sharing in everything.

- Sarva-bhāva, as, m. whole being or nature, (sarva-bhāvena, with one's whole being, with all one's thoughts.) - Sarva-bhāva-kara, as, m. 'causer of all being,' epithet of Siva. - Sarva-bhāvana, as, m. 'all-creating,' epithet of Siva. - Sarva-bhūta, āni, n. pl. all beings, all created things, all the elements. - Sarvabhūta-krit, t, m. n. the maker of all things; the cause of all elements or beings.
-Sarvabhūta-maya, as, ī, am, containing all living beings or existences, comprising or comprehending all elementary matter; (as), m. the supreme pervading spirit. - Sarva-bhūta-stha or sarva-bhūta-sthita, as, ā, am, present in all elements or beings. - Sarva-bhūta-hara, as, m. epithet of Siva. - Sarva-bhūta-hita, am, n. the welfare of all created beings; (as, a, am), serviceable to all creatures. - Sarvabhūtātman (°ta-āt°), ā, m. 'soul of all beings,' epithet of the universal or allpervading spirit; epithet of Siva; (ā, ā, a), having the nature of all beings, containing all beings. -Sarvabhūtātma-medhas, ās, ās, as, having a knowledge of the essence or nature of all creatures. - Sarvabhūtepsita (°ta-īp°), as, ā, am, desired by all beings. -Sarva-bhrit, t, t, all-sustaining, cherishing or supporting all. -Sarva-bhogin, $\bar{\imath}$, $in\bar{\imath}$, i, enjoying all. - Sarva-bhogīna, as, ā, am, good or beneficial for all, to be enjoyed or possessed by all. - Sarva-mangalā, f. 'all-auspicious,' an epithet of the goddess Durgā; N. of a work. - Sarvamaya, as, i, am, made or consisting of all, allcontaining, general, universal, comprehensive of all. -Sarva-mahī, f. the whole earth. - Sarva-mātrā, f. epithet of a kind of metre. - Sarva-mūlya, am, n. 'price of all things,' a cowry; any small coin.

— Sarva-mūshaka, as, m. 'all-stealing,' time. -Sarva-medha, as, m. a universal sacrifice, sacrifice for universal success. - Sarva-medhya-tva, am, n. perfect purity. - Sarva-yamaka, am, n. a kind

Siva. - Sarva-rakshana-kavaća, am, n. an allpreserving amulet or charm. - Sarva-rakshin, ī, inī, i, all-protecting; preserving from all (harm). - Sarva-ratna, as, m. 'having all gems,' N. of a minister of king Yudhi-shṭhira; (ā), f., N. of one of the female personifications of musical tones or modes, - Sarva-ratna-maya, as, ī, am, made up of all kinds of jewels. - Surva-ratna-samanvita, as, a, am, possessing all gems or precious things. - Sarvarasa, as, m. the resinous exudation of the Sal tree, resin; saltness, salt, saline flavour or taste; a sort of musical instrument, a kind of lute; a scholar, learned man. - Sarvarasottama (°sa-ut°), as, m. 'the best of all flavours,' the saline flavour, saltness, salt. - Sarva-rātra, as, m. the whole night. - Sarva-rūpa-bhāj, k, k, k, assuming all forms.
- Sarvartu (°va-rītu), us, m. every season. - Sarvartuka (°va-rit°), as, ā, am, adapted to every season, habitable in every season. — Sarvartu-parivarta, as, m. 'revolution of all the seasons,' a year.—Sarvartu-phala, am, n. the fruit of all the seasons. - Sarva-lakshana-lakshita, as, m. 'characterized by all marks,' epithet of Siva. - Sarva-lālasa, as, m. epithet of Siva. - Sarvalingin, i, m. 'having all the external marks,' a heretic, impostor (especially one who, not belonging to the orthodox faith, wears the dress and assumes the character of an ascetic). - Sarva-loka, as, m. the universe. - Sarva-loka-krit, t. m. 'Universe-maker,' epithet of Siva -Sarva-loka-pitāmaha, as, m. 'the great forefather of all creatures,' epithet of Brahma.
— Sarvaloka-prajāpati, is, m. 'father of the Universe,' epithet of Siva.— Sarvaloka-bhayankara, as, ī, am, formidable to the whole world. - Sarvaloka-vid, t. t, t, acquainted with all worlds. - Sarvaloha, as, m. an iron arrow. - Sarva-varnikā, f. or (according to some) sarva-vartikā, f. the tree Gmelina Arborea. - Sarva-varman, ā, m., N. of the author of the Kā-tantra Sūtras. - Sarva-vallabha, as, \bar{a} , am, dear to all; (\bar{a}) , f. an unchaste woman. -Sarva-vāta-saha, as, ā, am, able to bear every wind (said of a ship). -Sarva-vādi-sammata, as, ā, am, approved by all disputants, universally admitted. - Sarva-vāsa, as, or sarva-vāsin, ī, m. 'all-abiding,' Siva. - Sarva-vikhyāta, as, m. 'celebrated by all,' epithet of Siva. - Sarva-vigraha, as, m. 'all-shaped,' Siva. = Sarva-vid, t, t, t, all-knowing, omniscient, all-wise; (t), m. the Supreme Being. - Sarva-vibhūti, is, f. dominion over all. - Sarva-vīra, as, ā, am, Ved. all-heroic, containing all heroes; possessing numerous male descendants. - Sarva-veda, as, ā, am, having all knowledge; (as), m. a Brahman who has read the four Vedas. - Sarva-redas, as, m. a man who gives away all his acquisitions or property to the priests employed by him at particular sacrifices. - Surva-vedin, i, ini, i, all-knowing, omniscient. - Sarva-veśin, i, m. 'having all dresses or disguises,' an actor, dancer. - Sarva-vaināsika, as, m. 'all-annihilating,' epithet of a class of Buddhists who argue total annihilation. - Sarva-vyāpi-tva, am, n. universality. -Sarva-vyāpin, ī, inī, i, all-pervading, universal, ubiquitous; embracing all particulars; (i), m. epithet of Rudra. - Sarva-sak, k, k, k, all-powerful, omnipotent. - Sarva-sankā, f. suspicion of everybody. - Sarvasas, see p. 1096, col. 3. - Sarvasanti-krit, t, t, t, 'causing universal peace or tranquil-lity,' epithet of Bharata (sovereign of all India and son of Sakuntala). - Sarva-sastra, as, a, am, knowing every science. - Sarva-sāstra-pravetri, tā, m. 'charioteer of all the sciences,' one who is well acquainted with all the sciences. - Surva-sāstra-vid, t, t, t, or sarva-sāstra-visārada, as, ā, am, skilled in all the sciences. - Surva-śabhan-kara, as, m. 'beautifying everything,' epithet of Siva. - Sarva-sûnya, as, ā, am, empty of everything, completely empty. - Sarva-śeska, as, ā, am, anything remaining out of a whole. - Sarva-soka-vināsin, ī, inī, i, removing all sorrow or griefs. - Sarva-śrāvya, as, ā, am, audible to all. - Sarva-samsarga-lavana, am, of Yamaka, q. v. - Sarva-yogin, i, m. epithet of n. a particular kind of salt or salt soil (mixing with