vi), f. a woman; N. of a daughter of Ugra-sena. -Sutanu-ta, f. great thinness or delicacy. - Sutantri, is, is, i, having good strings, well-stringed, sounding well, melodious. - 2. su-tapa, as, ā, am (for 1. suta-pa see under 1. suta), practising great penance, very austere. - Su-tapas, as, n. severe penance; (ās, ās, as), one who practises great or severe penance; having great heat; (ās), m. an ascetic, devotee, anchorite, hermit; the sun; N. of the father of Bali; of the son of Pariplava; of a son of Vasishtha. - Su-tapta, as, a, am, much heated, very bot. - Su-tamam, ind. most excellently, best. - Su-tara, as, ā, am, Ved. easy to be crossed. -Su-taram, ind. better, more excellently; more: excessively; exceedingly; consequently; (na 8°, very badly; ma so, in no way, by no means.) = Su-tarkārī, f. a kind of gourd (=deva-dālī). - Su-tar-dana, as, m. the Koil or Indian cuckoo. - Su-tarman, ā, ā, a, Ved. easily carrying across (said of a boat; Sāy. = sushthu tārayitri, Rig-veda VIII. 42, 3). - Su-tala, am, n. 'immense depth,' one of the seven divisions of the lower regions or regions under the earth peopled by the Nagas, (according to some the sixth in order, but see pātāla, p. 563); the base or foundation of a large building. - Sutashla, as, ā, am, Ved. well-fashioned. - Sutāmroshtha ("ra-osh"), as, ā, am, very ruddy-lipped. - Su-tāra, as, m. 'well-crossing,' well-delivering,' N. of a Mnni; (ā), f., scil. tushti, one of the nine kinds of acquiescence (in the Sankhya phil.; cf. supārā); scil. siddhi, one of the eight kinds of Perfection (in the Sānkhya phil.); N. of a daughter of Sva-phalka. - Su-tāraka, as, ā, am, having beautiful stars; (a), f. 'good-accomplisher,' N. of one of the twenty-four goddesses who execute the commands of the twenty-four Arhats. - Sutikta, as, a, am, very bitter or pungent; (as), m. a kind of bitter medicinal plant, = parpata; (a), f. a species of gourd (=koshātakī). - Su-tiktaka, as, m. 'very bitter,' a kind of gentian, Gentiana Cherayta; the coral tree. - Su-tīkshṇa, as, ā, am, very sharp; very pungent; acutely painful; (as), m. the Sigru tree or a white species of it; N. of a Muni. - Sutikshna-dasana, as, m. 'very sharptoothed, epithet of Siva. - Sutikshnagra (na-ag), as, ā, am, very sharp-pointed. - Su-tirtha, as, m. a good preceptor (opposed to ku-tirtha); epithet of Siva. - Su-tuka, as, ā, am, Ved. having good offspring. - Su-tunga, as, a, am, very lofty or tall; (as), m. the cocoa-nut tree; a particular culmination or high position (of the planets &c.). - Su-tushta, as, a, am, easily satisfied. - Su-tus, us, us, us (inst. pl. su-tūrbhis), well-sounding. - Su-tejana, as, m. a particular tree (= dhanvan). - Su-tejas, ās, ās, as, very sharp or sharp-edged; very bright, splendid; very mighty or potent; (as), m., N. of one of the Arhats of the past age; a worshipper of the sun. -Su-tejita, as, ā, am, well-sharpened, very sharp.
-Su-tailā, f. the plant Mahā-jyotishmatī, q. v. - Su-trātri, tā, trī, tri, Ved. a good protector or preserver, well protecting or saving. - Su-trāman, ā, m. 'good protector,' N. of Indra [cf. sūtrāman]; (ā), f. 'excellent protectress,' epithet of Prithivi. -Su-dansita, as, ā, am, well bitten; well armed [cf. pari-dansita]; pressed very close together, crowded into close proximity. - Su-dansas, as, as, as, Ved. accomplishing mighty or splendid actions, energetic, active, powerful; [cf. puru-dansas.] - Sudaksha, as, ā, am, very capable or clever; (Ved.) having great energy, very strong. - Su-dakshina, as, ā, am, very sincere or upright, very liberal in sacrificial gifts; (as), m., N. of a king of Vidarbha; (a), f., N. of the wife of Dilipa. - Su-dagdhika, f. a kind of plant (=dagdhā). - Su-danda, as, m. the ratan cane (=vetra). - Su-dandika, f. the Gorakshi plant. - Su-dat, an, ati, at, having handsome teeth. - Su-datta, as, a, am, well or properly given; [cf. sūtta, s.v.] - Su-datra, as, ā, am, Ved. granting well or liberally (=kalyāṇa-dāṇa, Nirukta VI. 14). - Su-danta, as, m. a good tooth; (as, i, am), having good teeth; (as), m. an actor,

dancer; (i), f. the female elephant of the northwest quarter. - Su-dama, as, a, am, easy to be subdued. - Su-dayita, as, ā, am, much beloved, very dear. - Su-darbha, as, a, am, having good Daibha or Kuśa grass; (ā), f. a kind of grass or sugar-cane (=ikshu-darbhā). - Su-darsa, as, ā, am, easily seen. - Su-darsana, as, a or i, am, good looking, beautiful, handsome; easily seen; (as), m. the discus of Vishnu or Krishna (in this sense also am, n.); a vulture; epithet of Siva; N. of Mount Meru; of a son of Dadhīći; of a son of Dhruvasandhi; of the father of the eighteenth Arhat of the present Avasarpini; of one of the nine Jaina Suklabalas or Bala-devas [cf. sukla-bala]; of a poet; the rose-apple, Eugenia Jambu; (ī, am), f. n., N. of Indra's city Amarāvatī; (ā), f. a handsome woman; a woman; an order, command; a particular drug or medicinal plant; the plant Cocculus Cordifolius or Menispermum Glabrum; (am), n., N. of Jambudvīpa. - Sudarsana-cūrņa, am, n. 'beautiful powder,' a particular medicinal compound used in fevers. - Sudarśana-dvipa, am, n. Jambu-dvipa. - Sudarsana-samhitā, f., N. of a work (from which the Hanumat-paddhati and Hanumat-kavaća are chiefly extracted). - Su-dala, as. m. 'having good leaves; a kind of plant, = kshīra-morațā; (ā), f. other plants (= śāla-parņī; = taruņī). - Sudā, ās, ās, am, very bountiful, munificent. - Sudanu, us, us, u, Ved. giving well or liberally, making beautiful presents, bounteous, giving plentiful rain; offering sacrifices. - Su-danta, as, a, am, well-subdued, well-restrained, very self-controlled; (as), m. a follower of Sākya-muni (q.v.), a Buddhist. - Sudānta-sena, as, m., N. of a medical author. - Su-dāman, ā, ā, a, giving well, one who gives liberally; (a), m. a cloud; the sea; a mountain; N. of Indra's elephant Airāvata; of a particular Go-pa or cowherd; of a poor Brahman (who came to Dvārakā to ask Krishņa's aid, and was raised to wealth by him); N. of a particular mountain [cf. saudāmanī]; of a river. - Su-dāmā, f., N. of a river in the north of India (mentioned in Ramayana II. 71, 1). – Su-dāya, as, m. a good gift, auspicious gift; a special gift given on particular solemn occasions (e.g. a gift to a student at his iovestiture with the sacred thread or Yajnopavīta, a nuptial present, &c.); one who makes the above present (e.g. a mother, father, husband, &c.). - Sudaru, us, m. 'having good timber,' N. of a part of the Vindhya mountains called Paripatra, q.v.; [cf. kulāćala. - Su-dāruņa, as, ā, am, very cruel, very dreadful or terrible. – Su-dāvan, ā, m., Ved. a giver of good, a benefactor. – Su-dās, ās, m., Ved. a liberal man, liberal sacrificer; N. of a king at whose court both Vasishtha and Viśvā-mitra appear to have acted as family priests, (Sudās Paijavana is regarded as the author of the hymn Rig-veda X. 133.) - Sudāsa, as, m., N. of a king; [cf. su-dās.] = Su-dās-tara, as, ā, am, more liberal, very liberal. - Su-dina, am, n. a fine day, auspicious day, happy day; fine weather. - Sudina-tva, am, n., Ved. state of fine weather, an auspicious time. - Sudināya, Nom. A. sudināyate, to be fine weather. - Sudināha ("na-aha), am, n. a day of fine weather, a fine day. - Su-div, -dyaus, -dyaus, -dyu, Ved. having a good sky, having good days. - Suditi, is, is, i, Ved. shining beautifully, = su-dīditi below; (is), m., N. of an Angirasa (author of a hymn in the Rig-veda). - Su-diditi, is, is, i, Ved. shining beautifully. - Su-dirgha, as, a, am, very long (in time or space), very extended; (a), f. a kind of cucumber (= cīnākarkaţī). - Sudīrghagharmā, f. the plant Marsilia Quadrifolia. - Sudirgha-phalikā, f. 'having very long fruit;' a kind of egg-plant. - Su-duhkha, am, n. great pain; (as, \(\bar{a}\), very painful; (am), ind. very sorrowfully. - Su-duḥkhita, as, \(\bar{a}\), am, much grieved, greatly afflicted. - Su-duhsaha, as, a, am, very difficult to be borne or endured. - Su-dugha, as, a, am, Ved. milking well or easily, prolific. - Su-durācara, as, a, am, very ill-conducted, very badly be-

haved or wicked; (as), m. a profligate. - Su-durāruha, as, a, am, very hard to be ascended, inaccessible. - Su-durāvarta, as, ā, am, very difficult to be dissuaded. - Su-durgama, as, a, am, very difficult to traverse or cross, very difficult to sail over. -Su-durjaya, as, ā, am, very difficult to be overcome or conquered. - Su-durdarsa, as, ā, am, very difficult to be beheld or observed. - Su-durbuddhi, is, is, i, very foolish. - Su-durlubha, as, a, am, very difficult to be attained, quite unattainable, very scarce or rare. - Su-duśćara, as, a, am, very difficult to be performed or attained; very arduous or painful. - Su-dushkara, as, i, am, very difficult to be done, most arduous. - Su-dushkha, as, a, am, very painful, very unpleasant; (am), ind. very paiofully, very sorrowfully. - Su-dushkhita, as, ā, am, much pained or grieved. - Su-dushta, as, a, am, very bad, very wicked or depraved, much corrupted or spoiled. - Su-dustara, as, a, am, very difficult to be passed or crossed; [cf. dus-tara.] -Su-dustynja, as, ā, am, very difficult to be abandoned or quitted. -Su-dūra, as, ā, am, very distant; (am), ind. for a very long distance; in a very high degree; (āt), ind. from afar. - Sudūraparāhata, as, ā, am, driven back to a great distance. - Su-dridha, as, a, am, very firm or hard; (am), ind. very firmly .- Sudridha-vrata, as, a, am, very rigid or strict in vows. - Su-dris, k, k, k, having beautiful eyes, very beautiful; (k), f. a pretty woman. - Su-drisa, as, i, am, Ved. looking beautifully, having a beautiful appearance (said of Ushas). -Su-drisika, as, a, am, Ved. looking beautiful, handsome. - Sudrisika-sandris, k, k, k, Ved. having a handsome or beautiful appearance; (k), f. epithet of Ushas. - Su-drisya, as, ā, am, clearly visible. - Su-drishfa, as, ā, am, easily seen, easy to be seen; looked at earnestly. - Su-deva, as, m. a favourable or propitious deity; N. of a Brahman; (i), f. a proper N. - Su-deshna, as, m., N. of a son of Krishna; (ās), m. pl., N. of a people; (ā), f., N. of the wife of Virata; of the wife of Bali. - Sudohana, as, ā, am, Ved. easy to be milked. - Sudyut, t, t, t, Ved. shining brightly .- Su-dyumna, as, a, am, very bright; (as), m., N. of a king; of a son of Manu Vaivasvata (supposed to have been born a female, under the name of Ida, q.v., and afterwards changed into a male through the favour of Mitra and Varuna). - Su-dravinas, ās, ās, as, Ved. having splendid riches or treasures (said of Agni). - Su-dru, us, us, u, Ved. having beautiful wood. - Su-dvijanana ('ja-an'), as, a, anı, having a mouth containing beautiful teeth. - Su-dhana, as, ā, am, very rich; (as), m. a proper N.-Sudhanus, us, m., N. of a son of Kuru. - Su-dhanvan, ā, ā, a, having an excellent bow; (ā), m. a good archer, bowman; N. of Visva-karman, q. v.; of a king; the son of an outcast Vaisya (but see below). - Sudhanvāćārya, as, m. (by some separated into two words, see su-dhanvan and carya), the son of an outcast Vaisya by a woman of the same class, (Mann X. 23.) = Su-dharma, as, m., N. of one of the ten disciples of the celebrated Jaina teacher and Arhat Mahā-vīra, q.v., (the line of Jaina ascetics is said to be traced up to him in regular succession, the other ten disciples of Mahā-vīra having left no successors); (ās), m. pl., N. of a class of deities;  $(\bar{a}, \bar{i})$ , f. an assembly or council of the gods. -Su-dharman, ā, ā, a, keeping well to duty, attentive to duties; (ā), m. a council or assembly of the gods; the hall or palace of Indra (given to Ugrasena by Krishna); a man attentive to the proper maintenance of his family; N. of a son of king Bhadra-sena; of a Kshatriya. - Su-dharsha or sudharshana, as, ā, am, (probably) easy to be laid hold of, easy of attainment or approach; [cf. durdharsha.] - Su-dhā, see p. 1127. - Su-dhāma, N. of a mountain; (as), m. pl., N. of a class of deities. -Su-dhāman, ā, m., N. of a Muni; of a Loka-pāla. - Su-dhāra, as, ā, am, Ved. streaming beautifully. - Su-dhīta, as, ā, am, Ved. well or properly placed, well-ordered, perfect, secure; well-disposed, kind,