ment, good understanding or intellect. - Su-pratićaksha, as, ā, am, Ved. beautiful to look at or behold. - Su-pratićchannam, ind. in a very secret manner. - Su-pratibhā, f. spirituous liquor (= madirā). - Su-pratishtha, as, ā, am, standing well; very celebrated, very glorious, famous; (a), f. good position, good reputation, fame, celebrity; the establishment or erection (of a temple, idol, &c.); installation, consecration; a species of metre containing four lines of five syllables each; (as), m., N. of a month. - Su-pratishthita, as, a, am, well set up or established or fixed, well situated or placed; consecrated; celebrated; (as), m. the Udumbara tree. - Su-pratishnāta, as, ā, am, well bathed; thoroughly purified or cleared; well versed in; well investigated, clearly ascertained. - Supratishnātasūtra, as, m. a Brahman well versed in the Sūtras. one who is well skilled in repeating or has clearly ascertained the (meaning of the) Sūtras. - Su-pratika, as, a, am, having a beautiful shape or form, well made, handsome; handsome-faced (Ved.); having a beautiful trunk, strong as an elephant's trunk; (as), m., N. of Kama-deva; of Siva; of the elephant of the north-east quarter. - Su-pratita, as, m., N. of a preceptor. - Su-pratūrti, is, is, i, Ved. easily overpowering; (Say.) inflicting much injury. - Su-pradoha, as, a, am, easily milked, easy to be milked. — Su-pradhrishya, as, ā, am, easy to be injured, easily overpowered. — Su-prapāṇa, am, n., Ved. a pond &c. easy for drinking, a good drinking place, a good tank. - Su-prabuddha, as, m., N. of a king (father of Māyā-devī, mother of Boddha). - Su-prabha, as, a, am, very bright or splendid, brilliant, glorious; (as), m., N. of one of the nine Sukla-balas of the Jainas; of a king; (a), f. one of the seven tongues of Fire; N. of a river (sometimes regarded as one of the seven Sarasvatīs); the Vakući plant. - Suprabha-pura, am, n., N. of a town. - Su-prabhāta, as, a, am, well dawned, well shone forth, well illumined or enlightened; (\hat{a}) , f., N. of a particular river; (am), n. an auspicious dawn or day-break, beautiful morning; the earliest dawn; (e), ind. at earliest break of day. - Su-prayas, as, as, ved. having much food or sacrifice, abounding in oblations (said of Agni); food-bestowing, (in Rig-veda VII. 39, 2. su-prayā barhis = sobhanannena yuktam barhis, according to Say.; by others regarded as from a base su-praya, see Mahī-dhara on Vājasaneyi-s. XXXIII. 44.) - Suprayukta, as, ā, am, well joined or applied, well attached; well managed; closely connected. - Suprayukta-sara, as, m. one who fits an arrow skilfully on a bow, a good marksman, skilful archer. - Su-prayoga, as, m. good application, good management; dexterity, expertness; close contact; (a), f., N. of a river. - Suprayoga-visikha, as, m. = suprayukta-śara above. - Su-pralambha, as, ā, am, easy of attainment. - Su-pralapa, as, m. good speaking, discoursing well, eloquence. - Supravāćana, as, ā, am, Ved. having much speech or eloquence, worthy of much praise. - Su-pravriddha, as, a, am, full-grown; a proper N. - Suprasanna, as, ā, am, well pleased, very gracious or favourable; (as), m., N. of Kuvera. - Suprasannaka, as, m. a kind of plant (=krishnārjaka). - Su-prasarā, f. 2 kind of creeper (= pra-sāriņī). - Su-prasada, as, m. extreme graciousness or kindness, great propitiousness; (as, a, am), very gracious or kind, auspicious; (as), m., N. of Siva. - Suprasādaka, ax, ā, am, (probably) easily propitiated, very placable. - Su-prāńć, -prān, -prācī, -prāk, Ved. easily going in front, proceeding well or quietly. - Su-prāta, as, ā, am (probably for su-prabhāta, q.v.), dawning finely. - Su-pratar, ind. fine dawn or morning. - Su-prāpya, as, ā, am, easily obtainable. - Su-prāyaṇa, as, ā, am, Ved. to be approached easily, easily accessible. - Suprāyaṇa-tama, as, ā, am, Ved. most accessible; very delicate or tender (said of the barhis or sacred grass; Say. mridu-lama, Rig-veda VI. 63, 3). - Su-prāvī, is, is, i, Ved. well protected; well protecting, a care-

ful protector, (Sāy. = sushthu prakarshena rak-shitri, Rig-veda I. 60, 1.) - Su-prāvya, as, ā, am, Ved. to be well protected, especially worthy of protection, (Say. = sushthu prakarshena rakshaniya, Rig-veda I. 34, 4.) - Su priya, as, a, am, very dear, greatly beloved, much loved or liked, agreeable, pleasant; (as), m. (in prosody) a foot of two short syllables, a pyrrhic; (\tilde{a}) , f. a lovely or charming woman, a favourite wife; N. of an Apsaras. - Suprīta, as, ā, am, well pleased, much delighted, very happy, well cared for, favoured, cherished; very kind, very gracious or friendly. — Su-praitri, tā, trī, trī, Ved. one who goes well. — Su-psaras, ās, ās, as, Ved. handsome in form. - Supsaras-tama, as, a, am, Ved. most handsome in form (said of Vāyu). - Su-phala, as, a, am, bearing good or much fruit, very fruitful, very fertile, very profitable; (as), m. the wood-apple tree, Feronia Elephantum (=kapittha); the pomegranate; the jujube; a sort of bean, Phaseolus Mungo; the Karnikara tree; (a), f. colocynth; a pumpkin, gourd; the plantain; a kind of brown grape; another plant (= kāśmarī). -Su-phena, am, n. 'good foam,' a cuttle-fish bone. - Su-bandha, as, a, am, well bound or secured, having a good binding; (as), m. sesamum. -Su-bandhana-vimoćana, as, m. 'good deliverer from bonds,' epithet of Siva. - Su-bandhu, us, us, u, having good connections or friends; (us), m. a good friend; N. of a Vedic Rishi having the patronymic Gaupāyana or Laupāyana and author of several hymns in the Rig-veda; N. of a merchant; of the anthor of the Vāsava-dattā. - Su-bala, as, m. 'very powerful,' epithet of Siva; N. of a king of Gandbara. - Subala-putra, as, in. 'son of Subala,' epithet of Sakuni; [cf. saubala.] - Subahu, us, vī, u, very much, very many, very numerous. - Su-bahu-śruta, as, ā, am, one who is deeply versed in the Veda, a very profound divine or theologian. - Su-bandhava, as, m. epithet of Siva. -Su-bālaka, as, m., N. of a son of Kausika. -Subāladhi, is, is, i, fine-tailed. - Su-bālā-grāma, as, m., N. of a village. - Su-bahu, us, us, u, handsomearmed; having mighty arms, strong-armed; (us), m., N. of a son of Dhrita-rāshṭra and king of Cedi; of a son of Satru-ghna and king of Mathura; (us), f., N. of an Apsaras. - Su-buddhi, is, is, i, of good understanding, wise, clever, intelligent, shrewd. - Subodha, as, a, am, easy of apprehension; easily understood, easily taught; (as), m. making well known, good information or knowledge; awakening or waking up well; (a), f., N. of a commentary on the Mugdha-bodha; of a commentary on the Meghaduta by Bharata-sena; of a commentary on the Sisupāla-vadha by Bharata-sena. - Su-bodhanī, f., N. of a commentary on the Krishna-kamamrita; of another on the Bhagavad-gitā; of another on the Sruta-bodha by Manohara-sarman, - Su-bodhini, f., N. of a commentary on Vijnaneśvara's Mitakshara by Viśveśvara; of another on the Bhagavad-gītā by Srī-dhara-svāmin; of a short treatise on ritual by Siva-rāma. - Su-brahmanya, as, m., N. of Karttikeya; one of the sixteen priests employed at a solemn sacrifice; N. of a district; (a), f. a particular recitation of certain Mantras. - Su-brahman, ā, ā, a, Ved. having or receiving excellent prayers, receiving or uttering beautiful hymns; very pious. - Subrahmavāsudeva, as, m. (according to Sabda-k.), epithet of the son of Vasudeva in the form of Brahman (i. e. of Krishna identified with the Creator), - Su-bhaga, as, ā, am, possessing good fortune, very fortunate or prosperous, happy, blessed, auspicious, highly favoured; beautiful, lovely, charming, pretty; beloved, liked, amiable; illustrious; (as), m. borax; the Aśoka tree; the C'ampaka tree; red Amaranth; (a), f. a woman beloved by her husband; a favourite wife; an honoured or honourable mother; a kind of wild jasmine; turmeric; holy basil; various other plants, &c.,=kaivartī; = śāla-parnī; = nīla-dūrvā;= priyangu; = kastūrī; = suvarna-kadalī; (am), n. good fortune. - Subhagan-karana, as, ī, am, making prosperous. - Subhaga-tva, am, n. prosperity.

-Subhaga-mānin, ī, inī, i, fancying or considering one's self fortunate or pleasing. - Subhagambhavishnu, us, us, u, or subhagam-bhavuka, as, ā, am, becoming happy or prosperous or pleasing.
Subhagam-manya, as, ā, am, thinking one's self fortunate or pleasing, fancying one's self a favourite; vain, a self-flatterer. - Subhagammanya-bhāva, as, m, the state of supposing one's self pleasing or a favourite, self-conceit, vanity. - Subhagā-suta, as, m. the son of a favourite or much-loved wife; the son of an honoured or honourable mother. - Subhagodaya (°ga-ud°), as, m. 'rise of prosperity,' N. of a work. - Su-bhanga, as, ā, am, breaking easily; (as), m. the cocoa-nut tree. - Su-bhata, as, m. a great warrior, champion; N. of the author of the Dutangada. - Su-bhatta, as, m. a very learned man; a distinguished warrior (in this sense probably for subhata, q. v.). - Su-bhadra, as, a, am, very propitious or auspicious, very happy or fortunate; (as), m., N. of Vishnu; of a particular king; (a), f., N. of the sister of Krishna and wife of Arjuna, (she was forcibly seized and carried off by Arjuna from Dvarakā after obtaining Krishņa's leave, as described in Mahā-bh. Adi-parvan, chap. 219, 220; her image is carried in procession with those of Jagan-natha and Bala-rāma at the Ratha-yātrā); the creeper Echites Frutescens; a particular plant $(=ghrita-mand\bar{a})$; another plant (=kāśmari). - Subhadraka, as, m. a car or vehicle of a god or for carrying the image of a god in procession (also am, n. according to some); the Vilva tree; a species of the Ati-śakkari metre (according to some). - Subhadrānī, f. a kind of medicinal plant (=trāyamānā). - Subhadrā-harana-parvan, a, n. 'the section relating to the seizure of Subhadrā,' see above under su-bhadrā. - Su-bhadrikā, f., Ved. the wicked Su-bhadrā; a particular metre. - Subhadresa (°rā-isa), as, ni. husband of Su-bhadrā, epithet of Arjuna. - Su-bhara, as, a, am, bearing well, well burdened; easy to be borne. – Su-bhasattarā, f., Ved. = atisayena su-bhagā, Sāy. on Rig-veda X. 86, 6. – Su-bhānu, us, m., N. of the seventeenth (or fifty-first) year of Jupiter's cycle of sixty years. — Su- $bh\bar{a}shita$, as, \bar{a} , am, spoken well or eloquently; speaking or discoursing well, eloquent; (as), m. a particular Buddha or Bauddha sage; (am), n. a fine speech, eloquence. - Subhāshita-rasāsvāda-jāta-romānća-kanćuka (°sa-ās°, °ma-ai°), as, ā, am, having (as it were) a coat of mail consisting of bristling hairs produced by tasting the flavour of delightful words. - Su-bhāsa, as, m., N. of a king. - Su-bhiksha, am, n. good alms, successful begging; abundance of food (especially that given as alms), an abundant supply of provisions, plenty [cf. dur-bhiksha]; (as, ā, am), having good food or an abundant supply of provisions; (ā), f, the tree Grislea Tomentosa.—Subhishak-tama, as, a, am, Ved. healing best, curing most effectually, a most excellent physician. - Subhishaj, k, k, k, healing well, a good physician. -Su-bhīraka, as, m. the Palāśa tree, Butea Frondosa. - Su-bhū, ūs, f. a good or illustrious birth, (in Rig-veda VI. 66, 3. su-bhve, for an illustrious birth, is explained by Say. to mean nrinam samyak bhavanāya, 'entirely for the benefit of men'); (ūs, ūs, u), Ved. (subhvah, nom. pl. masc., Rig-veda VII. 67, 8), being good or excellent; having an excellent birth; beautiful, excellent; (bhvas), pl. (= nadyah, Rig-veda I. 52, 4; = stotarah, I. 52, 1). -Su-bhūtika, as, m. the Vilva tree. - Su-bhūma, as, m., N. of Kartavīrya (as the eighth Jaina Cakra-vartin or universal emperor). - Su-bhūmi. is, m., N. of a son of Ugra-sena. - Su-bhrita, as, ā, am, well borne or maintained, well cherished or protected. - Su-bhrisa, as, a, am, very much, exceeding; (am), ind. very much, exceedingly. -Su-bheshaja, as, m., N. of a Rishi. - Su-bhairava, as, i, am, very fearful, terrific. - Su-bhogīna, as, ā, am, very fit to be enjoyed, very desirable. — Su-bhrāj, t, t, t, shining brightly. — Su-bhrātri, tā, m. a good brother. — Su-bhru, us, us, u, = su-bhrū. — Su-bhrū, ūs, ūs, u (acc. sing.