-bhruvam, dat. -bhruve or -bhruvai, abl. -bhruvas or -bhruvās, gen. pl. -bhruvām or -bhrūnām, voc. sing. -bhrus or -bhru, the latter form of voc. occursing one in the Bhatit-kāvya), lovely-browed, having beautiful eyebrows; (\vec{a}s), f. a woman. - Su-bhrū-nāsāhshi-kesānta (sā-ak), as, ā, am, having handsome brows, nose, eyes, and hair. - Su-makha, as, a, am, abounding in sacrifices; much adored; (Say.) = sobhana-yajna, having worthy oblations or sacrifices. - Su-mangala, as, ā or ī, am, very auspicious, bringing good fortune; abounding in sacrifices; (a), f., N. of a river in the district of Kāmākhyā; a kind of medicinal root $(=k\bar{a}kol\bar{i})$; N. of one of the mothers of the twenty-four Arbats (according to some); (i), f., Ved. a woman who brings good luck. - Su-mat, sumad-ansu, &c., see p. 1128. - Su-mata, as, a, am, well or kindly disposed, friendly. - Su-mati, is, f. a good mind or disposition, benevolence, kindness, friendship; favour of the gods, favour, blessing, gift; a hymn, prayer, desire, wish; (is, is, i), very wise; (is), m., N. of a son of Ranti-bhara; of a son of Bharata; of a son of Janam-ejaya; of a son of Sūta and teacher of the Puranas; of several other persons; the fifth Arhat of the present era; one of the Arhats of the past era; (is), f., N. of the wife of Sagara (mother of 60,000 sons); of the wife of Vishnu-yasas and mother of Kalki, q.v. - Sumati-vridh, t, t, t (for sumati-vridh), Ved. augmenting blessings, increasing favour. - Su-mada, as, ā, am, very drunk, mad or impassioned. - Su-madana, as, m. 'greatly delighting,' the Mango tree. - Sumadātmajā (°da-āt°), f. 'daughter of intoxication or passion,' an Apsaras or courtezan of Indra's heaven. - Su-madram, ind. excessive prosperity of the Madras, (Pan. Il. 1, 6.) -Su-madhura, as, a, am, very sweet or saccharine, very sweet or pleasing, very gentle or soothing; (as), m. a kind of pot-herb, = jīva-sāka; (am), n. very soothing or gentle speech, &c.; (am), ind. very sweetly. - Su-mudhya, as, ā, am, having a beautiful waist, slender-waisted. - Su-madhyama, as, a, am, slender-waisted; (a), f. a graceful woman. - Su-mana, as, a, am, very charming, beautiful, handsome; (as), m. wheat; the thorn-apple; (a), f. great-flowered jasmine. - Sumanah-pattrikā, f. (probably) the outer skin of the nutnieg. - Sumanah-phala, as, m. elephant or wood-apple, Feronia Elephantum; (am), n. nutmeg. - Su-manas, as, ās, as, good-minded, well-disposed, benevolent, happy; well pleased, satisfied; (as), m. a god, divinity; a learned man or teacher; a student of the Vedas, &c.; wheat; the Nimb tree; other plants (=pūti-karanja;=mahā-karanja); N. of a son of Uru; of a son of Hary-asva; (asas), m. pl., N. of a class of deities; (ās, as), f. n. a flower; (asas), f. pl. (with a singular meaning), a flower; (as), f. great-flowered jasmine; other plants (= mālatī; = šata-pattrī). - Su-manasyamāna, as, ā, am, being in good spirits, cheerful, being of a cheerful disposition; regarding with favour. - Su-manā, f. a kind of plant (=jātī-pushpa). - Su-munāya, Nom. A. -manayate, &c., to become happy. - Sumanikri, cl. 8. P. -karoti, &c., to make of good mind, make well-disposed. - Sumani-bhū, cl. 1. P. -bhavati, &c., to be of good mind. - Sumano-bhara, as, a, am, possessing or ornamented with flowers. -Sumano-rajas, as, n. the pollen of a flower. - Su-manohara, as, a, am, or su-manoharana, as, i, am, very captivating or agreeable, very charming or pleasing, beautiful. - Su-mantu, us, us, u, advising well; very faulty, very blamable; (us), na. excellent praise (Ved.); a good adviser; N. of a Muni (and lawyer, said to have been a pupil of Veda-vyāsa and to have been taught by him the Atbarva-veda, originally handed down by tradition from Brahma); N. of a king; of a son of Jahnu (or, according to some, of Purū-ravas). - Su-mantra. as, m., N. of the elder brother of Kalki, q. v.; of the charioteer and minister of king Dasa-ratha, (see Rāmāyaņa II. 14, 30); of a preceptor. - Su-mantrajna, as, a, am, well versed in sacred texts.

- Su-mantrita, as, ā, am, well or wisely counselled, well advised, wisely planned. - Su-mandadhi, īs, īs, i, very dull of understanding. - Su-mandabuddhi, is, is, i, very dull-witted; much dishearteued. - Su-mandabhāj, k, k, k, very unfortunate. - Su-manman, ā, ā, a, Ved. having good understanding, very wise or intelligent. - Su-marićikū, f., scil. tushti, epithet of one of the five kinds of external acquiescence (in the Sankhya phil.; cf. su-pārā). - Su-marshana, as, ā, am, easy to be borne. - Su-mahat, an, ati, at, very great, very large or abundant; (at), ind. very greatly, mightily. - Su-mahas, as, as, ved. beautifully shining. - Su-mahā-kaksha, as, m. a very great gate; a large court-yard. - Su-mahā-tapas, ās, ās, as, one who has practised very great religious austerities, very pious. - Su-mahātman, ā, ā, a, most magnanimous. - Su-mahātyaya (°hā-at°), as, ā, am, causing very great evil or destruction, very pernicious. - Su-mahā-bala, as, a, am, of very great strength, very strong or powerful. - Sumahā-bāhu, us, us, u, having very long arms, very powerful. - Su-mahā-svana, as, m. 'very loudsounding,' epithet of Siva. - Su-maya, as, a, am, abounding in illusions, very wise. - Su-mārdava, am, n. beautiful softness. - Su-māli, is, is, i, wellgarlanded. - Su-mālin, ī, inī, i, well-garlanded; (ī), m., N. of a son of Veda-māli. - Su-mālya, as, m., N. of a son of Maha-padma or Nanda. - Su-mitra, as, m. 'good friend,' N. of the father of the twentieth Arhat of the present era; of the author of Rig-veda X. 105 (having the patronymic Kautsa); of the author of Rig-veda X. 60, 70 (having the patrooymic Vādbryasva); N. of a son of Vrishņi; of a descendant of Vrihad-bala (last of the race of Ikshvāku); (a), f., N. of one of the wives of Dasa-ratha (mother of Lakshmana and Satru-ghna); of the mother of Mär-kandeya. – Sumitra-bhū, ūs, m., N. of Sagara (as one of the Jaina Cakra-vartins); of the twentieth Arhat of the present era. - Sumitrā-bhū, ūs, or sumitrā-tanaya, as, m., N. of Lakshmana. - Sumitha, as, m., Ved. a proper N. - Su-mukha, am, n. a good or beautiful mouth; a handsome face; (as, a or î, am), having a good or beautiful mouth, (according to Vopa-deva the fem. is a when used in a metaphorical sense, e. g. sumukhā śālā, a hall with a good entrance); handsome-faced, lovely; pleasing, agreeable; (as), m. a learned man or teacher; N. of a Muni; of Garuda; of the son of Garuda; of Ganesa; of Siva; of one of the serpents of Pātāla; a kind of pot-herb; other plants, = sitārjaka; = vana-varvarikā; = varvara; (ā, ī), f. a handsome woman; a mirror; (i), f. a species of the Tri-shtubh metre; (am), n. the mark or scratch of a finger-nail. - Sumukha-sū, ūs, m. 'the father of Sumukha,' epithet of Garuda. - Su-mushti, is, m. a kind of shrub (= visha-mushti). - Su-mū, ūs, ūs, u, binding well. - Su-mūla, as, ā, am, having a good root; (as), m. the white Sigru tree; (ā), f. a kind of plant (= śāla-parņī; = priśni-parņī). -Su-mūlaka, am, n. a carrot. - Su-mridīka, as, ā, am, Ved. making very happy; very bountiful. - Su-mrishta, as, a, am, well rubbed or purified, well brushed, very smooth or glossy, very fine. - Sumrishta-pushpadhya ('pa-adh'), as, a, am, abounding in bright flowers. - Sumrishta-vesha, as, a, am, dressed in well-brushed clothes, - Sumeka, as, a, am, Ved. (perhaps) well-formed, of a beautiful shape, (Say. su-meka = su-rupu, Rigveda III. 6, 10; = su-diptu, shining beautifully, Rig-veda IV. 6, 3; su-meke = sobhana-karmanau or sobhana-mehane, well acting or well nourishing, Rig-veda I. 146, 3.) - Su-mekhala, as, ā, am, possessing a good girdle, well girdled; (as), m. the Munja grass (which forms the Brahmanical girdle). - Su-medhas, as, as, as, having a good understanding, sensible, intelligent; (ās), m. a wise man; N. of a Muni; of a son of Veda-mitra; (ās), f. heart-pea. - Su-meru, us, m. the sacred mountain Meru, q.v.; N. of Siva; (us, us, u), very exalted,

excellent. - Su-yata, as, a, am, well restrained or

governed. - Su-yantrita, as, ā, am, well curbed or governed, well restrained or bound, well regulated; one who governs his passions completely. - Suyantrita-tva, am, n. the being well or firmly restrained or bound. - Su-yabhyā, f., Ved. to be well embraced (sexually). - Su-yama, as, a, am, Ved. well restraining; well traversing, (Say. = sobhana-niyamana, i. e. sancārin, Rig-veda I. 180, 1.) - Su-yavasa, am, n. beautiful grass, good pasturage; (as, a, am), having good pasturage, abounding in grass; (as), m. a proper N. - Su-yavasin, i, ini, i, having excellent grass, abounding in pasture. - Su-yasa, as, ā, am, = su-yasas below; (ā), f., N. of a wife of Parlkshit. - Su-yasas, ās, ās, as, very famous or renowned; (ās), m., N. of a king (belonging to the Maurya dynasty). - Su-yāmuna, as, m., N. of Vishnu; of a king of Kosambi, (also called Vatsa); a palace; a mountain; a kind of cloud. - Su-yāśu-tarā, f., Ved. (a female) who has excessive sexual embraces, (Rig-veda X. 86, 6.) - Su-yukta, as, ā, am, well joined, harmoniously combined; (as), m. epithet of Siva. - Su-yukti, is, f. good appliance or contrivance. - Su-yuj, k, k, k, Ved. well joined, well yoked. - Su-yuta, as, a, am, well accompanied by, well furnished or provided with. - Su-yuddha, am, n. a well-fought war or battle. - Su-yoga, as, m. a favourable juncture, good opportunity. - Su-yodhana, as, m. 'fighting well,' epithet of Dur-yodhana, q.v. - Su-rakta, as, a, am, well coloured, deeply dyed; deep red, crimson; strongly affected or impassioned; well or kindly affected. - Su-raktaka, as, m. a sort of red or golden chalk; a kind of Mango tree (apparently one bearing a small red fruit). - Su-raksha, as, m. 'good-protector,' N. of a Muni. - Su-rakshana, am, n. careful protection, protecting or preserving well. - Su-rakshita, as, a, am, well preserved or protected, carefully guarded. - Su-rakshya, as, a, am, easy to be preserved. - Su-ranga, as, m. a good colour, good dye; 'bright-coloured,' the orange; a hole cut in a house; (\bar{a}) , f. a hole cut in a wall for the purpose of breaking into a house, &c., (probably for su-rungā, q.v.); a kind of fragrant grass; crystal; $(\bar{\imath})$, f. a kind of plant $(=k\bar{\alpha}ka$ - $n\bar{\alpha}s\bar{\alpha})$; a kind of red Sobhānjana; (um), n. red sanders; vermilion. - Suranga-da, am, n. 'yielding a good colour,' red sanders. - Suranga-dhātu, us, m. red chalk. - Suranga-yuj, k, m. a house-breaker, (see su-ranga.) - Su-rungikā, f. the Mūrvā plant. - Surajah-phala, as, m. the jack-fruit tree. - Surajanī, f. night. - Su-rajas, ās, ās, as, very dusty. -Su-rajāya, Nom. A. surajāyate, &c., to become very dusty. - Su-ranjana, as, m. the betel-nut tree Areca Faufel or Catechu. - Su-rana, am, n., Ved. a pleasant sound, (Say. = sobhana-gitadi-dhvani, the sound of pleasant hymns, or su-ramaniyam, ind. very pleasantly); pleasure, enjoyment (according to some); (as, a, am), giving forth pleasaut sounds (said of Agni or fire). - Su-rata, as, a, am, much sported or dallied, playful; much enjoyed; compassionate, tender; (am), n. great delight or enjoyment; amorous pleasure, the union of the sexes, sexual intercourse, coition. - Surata-tālī, f. a female messenger, go-between; a chaplet, garland for the head. -Surata-prasanga, as, m. addiction to amorous pleasures. - Surata-prasangin, i, ini, i, devoted or addicted to amorous pleasures. - Surata-visesha, as, m. a kind of sexual intercourse. - Su-rati, is, f. great enjoyment or delight. - Surati-miśra, as, m., N. of the author of the Alankara-mala. - Su-ratha. as, m., N. of a king of the lunar race; of a son of Jahnu; of a son of Caitra; of a son of Adhiratha. -Suratha-vijaya, as, m., N. of the seventy-ninth chapter of the Patala-khanda of the Padma-Purana. -Su-rabhi, surabhita, &c., see p. 1129. - Surasa, as, a, am, well flavoured, juicy, sapid, savoury; sweet; elegant (as a composition); (as), m. a kind of plant (=sindhu-vāra); a particular resin,=
moća-rasa; (ā, am), f. n. sacred basil; (ā), f., N. of Durga; of the mother of the Nagas; of a daughter

of Daksha and wife of Kasyapa; of an Apsaras; a