duced easily; conscious of pleasure, feeling pleasure, happy. - Sukha-tama, as, ā, am, most happy, very pleasant or agreeable. - Sukha-da, as, ā, am, giving or affording pleasure, &c.; (as), m. epithet of Vishnn; a particular kind of musical time or measure; (\bar{u}), f. the river Ganges; a courtezan of Indra's beaven (= svarga-vesyā); the Samī tree; (am), n. the seat of Vishuu. - Sukha-duhkha, e, n. du. pleasure and pain. - Sukhaduhkhātmaka (°khaat"), as, ika. am, consisting of pleasure and pain. - Sukha-dohyā, f. 2 cow easily milked; [cf. sukha-sanduhyā.] - Sukha-puŋyāha-ghosha, as, m. the proclamation of a happy holiday. -Sukhapratibandhi-tā, f. the prevention or interruption of happiness. - Sukha-pratibandhin, i, ini, i, obstructing or interrupting happiness. - Sukha-pratiksha, as, ā, am, looking for or expecting happiness, hoping for pleasure. - Sukha-prabo-uhaka, as, ikā, am, easy to understand. - Sukhaprapta, as, a, am, one who has attained happiness. - Sukha-prāpya, as, ū, am, easily attainable. -Sukha-bodha, as, m. perception or sensation of pleasure; easy teaching, easy knowledge. - Sukhabhāga, as, m. a happy lot or portion, good fortune. -Sukhabhāgin, ī, inī, i, having a happy lot or portion, happy, prosperons. - Sukha-bhāj, k, k, k, possessing or enjoying happiness; embracing a loved object (=ishta-parishvanga). - Sukha-bhedya, as, ā, am, easily broken or disunited, fragile, brittle, - Sukha-bhoga, as, m. the enjoyment of pleasure .- Sukha-bhogin, i, ini, i, enjoying pleasure. -Sukha-maya, as, i, am, consisting of happiness, full of joy or pleasure. - Sukha-modā, f. the gum olibanum tree. - Sukha-rāja, as, m. a proper N. -Sukha-rātri, is, or sukha-rātrikā, f. a particular night of new moon (when there is a festival in honour of Lakshmi, celebrated with lighted lamps); a night when a wife may be legally approached; [cf. Manu III. 47.] - Sukha-lakshya, as, ā, am, easy to be seen or known, easily recognised. - Sukhalipsā, f. desire of attaining pleasure or happiness. - Sukha-lesa, as, m. a littie pleasure, (see lesa.) -Sukha-varćaka, as, or sukha-varćas, ās, m. 'having a pleasant lustre,' natron, alkali. - Sukha-varman, ā, m. a proper N. - Sukha-vāsa, as, m. a water-melon. - Sukha-vāsana, as, m. ' pleasantlyperfuming,' a perfume for the mouth. - Sukhavedana, am, n. the consciousness of pleasure. - Sukha-sayana. am, n. pleasant sleep, sleeping well. - Sukha-sobhartham, ind. for the sake of comfort and honour. - Sukha-śrava, as, ā, am, having a sweet sound, sweetly sounding. - Sukha-sruti, is. is, i, agreeable or pleasant to the ear. - Sukha-samvitti, is, f. consciousness of happiness, enjoyment or experience of happiness. - Sukha-sanga, as, m. attachment to pleasure. - Sukha-sangin, ī, inī, i, attached to pleasure. - Sukha-sanjnā, f. the term 'ease.' - Sukha-sanduhyā or sukha-sandohyā, f. easily milked,' a tractable and gentle cow; [cf. sukha-dohyā, duhkha-dohyā.] - Sakha-sāgara, as, m. an ocean of pleasure. - Sukha-sādhana, am, n. a means of obtaining pleasure. - Sukha-sādhya, as, \bar{a}, am , easy to be accomplished or attained; easy to be cured; easy to be conquered or subdued. - Sukha-supta, as, ā, am, sweetly sleeping, comfortably asleep. - Sukha-stha, as, ā, am, living bappily, happy .- Sukha-sparsa, as, ā, am, agreeable to the touch, pleasant to the feelings, gratifying. -Sukhā-kri, cl. 8. P. -karoti, &c., to make happy, gladen, please. – Sukhājāta ('kha-āj'), as, m. epithet of Siva. – Sukhātmaka ('kha-āj'), as, ikā, um, consisting of pleasure. – Sukhād-apeta or sukhāpeta (°kha-ap°), as, ā, am, a little removed from or deprived of pleasure, (see Pān. II. 1, 38.) -Sukhādhāra (°kha-ādh°), as, m. a receptacle of pleasure or delight; 'pleasure-location,' Indra's heaven, paradise. - Sukhānanda (°kha-ān°), as, m. the joy of happiness. - Sukhānubhava (°khaan"), as, m. 'perception of pleasure,' anticipation or consciousness of pleasure. - Sukhānta (°kha-an°), as, ā, am, ending in bappiness; friendly; subver-

sive of happiness. - Sukhānvitu (°kha-an°), as, ā, am, attended with happiness, happy. - Sakhāpanna (°kha-āp°), as, ā, am, one who has attained or gained happiness. - Sukhāplara (°kha-āp°), as, ā, am, convenient for bathing. - Sukhābhiyojya (°kha-abh°), as, ā, am, easily assailable. - Sukhābhilāsha (°kha-abh°), as, m. longing for pleasure, desire of pleasure. – Sukhāyata (°kha-āy°), as, m. 'easily restrained or guided,' a well-trained horse. - Sukhāyana (°kha-āy°), as, m. 'going easily or pleasantly,' a good horse. - Sukhārohaņa (°khaār°), as, ā, am, of easy ascent. - Sukhārohaņasopāna, as, ā. am, having stairs of easy ascent. -Sukhārta (°kha-rita), as, ā, am (see Gram. 38. d), affected by joy. - Sukhartham (°kha-ar°), ind. for the sake of ease or happiness, &c. - Sukharthin (°kha-ar°), ī, inī, i, seeking or wishing for happi-ne:s. – Sukhārha (°kha-ar°), as, ā, am, deserving of happiness. - Sukhāloka (°kha-āt°), as, ā, am, pleasant-looking, charming. - Sukhāvagāha (°kha av°), as, \bar{a} , am, easy to penetrate, easily seen through. - Sukhāratī-deva, ās, m. pl., N. of particular deities. - Sukhāvatī-vyūha, N. of a Buddhist work. - Sukhāvatīsvara (°tī-īs'), as, m. 2 particular Buddha. - Sukhāvaha (°kha-āv°), as, ā, am, bringing or conferring pleasure, delighting, pleasing. - Sukhāsa (°kha-āsa), as, m. eating with pleasure ; pleasant food; N. of Varuna; a encumber, Cucumis Sativus. - Sukhāśaka (°kha-āś°), as, m. a cucumber. - Sukhāsaya (°kha-ās°), as, ā, am, aiming at or expecting pleasure; feeling happy. - Sukhāsakta ("kha-ās"), as, m. 'devoted to happiness," epithet of Siva. - Sukhāsīna (°kha-ās°), as, ā, am, seated or sitting at ease, comfortably seated. - Sukhāsparša (°kha-ās°), as, ā, am, = sukha-sparša. - Sukhāsvāda (°kha-ās°), as, ā, am, pleasantly flavonred; delightful, agreeable; (as), m. pleasant flavour; enjoyment. - Sukhāhara (°kha-āh°), as, ā, am, bringing or cooferring pleasure, agreeable, delightful. – Sukhāhāra (°khaāh°), am, n. ease and food. - Sukhećchā (°khaić"), f. hope or desire of happiness. - Sukhetara (°kha-it°), as, ā, am, other than happy, unhappy, unfortunate. - Sukhepsu (°kha-ip°), us, us, u, de-sirous of ease. - Sukhaikāyatana (°kha-eka-āy°), am, n. sole abode of joy. - Sukhaishin (°khaesh°), i, ini, i, one who seeks happiness, desiring happiness ; seeking another's happiness, wishing well to. - Sukhoćchedya (°kha-uć°), as, ā, am, to be cut up or destroyed with ease, to be exterminated easily. - Sukhotsava (°kha-ut°), as, m. a pleasurefestival, merry-making, jubilee, occasion of joy; a husband. - Sukhodaka (°kha-ud°), am, n. ' pleasant water,' warm water. - Sukhodaya (°kha-ud°), as, ā, am, following or resulting from pleasure; (as), m. realization or occurrence of pleasure, -Sukho- $darka (°kha-ud°), as, <math>\bar{a}$, am, 'having happiness as a consequence,' leading to or resulting in happiness or pleasure, causing happiness. - Sukhodya (°kha-ud°), as, ā, am, to be uttered easily or agreeably. - Sukhopavishta (°kha-up°), as, ā, am, seated comfortably or at ease. - Sukhopasarpya (°kha-up°), as, ā, am, to be approached easily, easy of access.-Sukhorjika (°kha-ūr°), as, m. natron (=sarjikā-kshāra). - Sukhoshita (°khaush°), as, ā, am, pleasantly lodged. - Sukhoshna (°kha-ush°), am, n. warm water.

Sukhāya, Nom. A. sukhāyate, &c., to be happy or pleased; to be glad; to rejoice.

Sukhita, as, ā, am, pleased, delighted, comforted, happy; (am), n. happiness.

Sukhin, i, ini, i, possessing happiness or pleasure, happy, joyful, pleasant, comfortable, easy; (i), m. a religious ascetic. - Sukhi-tā, f. happiness. - Sukhisvabhāva, as, m. a happy or contented disposition. Sukhī, īs, m. f. one who loves pleasure, (see Vopa-

deva III. 61.)

Sukhībala or sukhīvala, as, m., N. of a king, (also read sukhinala.)

I. sukhya, as, a, am, belonging to pleasure, pleasurable.

Huigfe sudha-vrishti.

2. sukhya, Nom. P. sukhyali, -yitum, to render happy.

सुखद्वण sukhanghuna, as, m. (perhaps fr. sukham + ghuna, 'easily brandished'), a kind of staff with a skull at the top considered as a weapon of Siva (=khatvānga, q.v.).

सुगन्ध su-gandha, &c. See p. 1119, col. 1.

सगह su-griha. See p. 1110, col. 2.

सुगम्प su-gmya. See p. 1119, col. 2.

सुगल su-gla. See p. 1119, col. 2.

सुन्द्र su-cchattra, &c. See p. 1119, col. 3.

सुद sut, (in grammar) a Pratyāhāra used as a technical expression for the first five inflections (i. e. nom. sing. du. pl., acc. sing. du., also called sarvanāma-sthāna, q.v., for masc. and fem. nouns).

sutt, cl. 10. P. suttayati, asushuttat, to slight, disregard, despise; to be small, to be low or shallow.

सुणहासफ suņahāsapha, N. of a place.

Ha suta, &c. See p. 1117, col. 3.

स्तम su-tapa, su-tapas. See p. 1120, col. 1.

सुतारक su-tāraka. See p. 1120, col. 1.

सतो suti. See p. 1118, col. 1.

Sutyā. See p. 1118, col. 1.

सुत्वन् sutvan. See under rt. 3. su, p. 1117.

सुदास su-das. See p. 1120, col. 2.

सुदि sudi, ind. (probably a contraction for su-dina), in the light formight or light half of the lunar month; [cf. radi.]

सुधा su-dhā, f. (in some senses fr. 5. su with rt. 1. dha, 'to hold or sustain;' in others probably fr. 5. su with rt. dhe, 'to drink'), well-being, welfare, happiness, ease, comfort (Ved.); the beve-rage of the gods, nectar [cf. 2. dhātu, p. 453]; the nectar or honey of flowers; juice; water; N. of the Ganges; whitewash, plaster, mortar; a brick; lightning; the milk-hedge plant (=snuhi); the plant Aletris Hyacinthoides; Emblica Myrobalan; yellow Myrobalan; a particular metre. - Sudhansu (°dhā-an^o), us, m. 'nectar-rayed,' the moon (as the supposed repository of nectar); camphor. - Sudhānsu-taila, am, n. camphorated oil. - Sudhānsuratna, am, n. 'moon-jewel,' a pearl. - Sudhākara (°dhā-āh°), as, m. 'mine of nectar,' the moon, (see sudhānsu); N. of a grammarian. – Sudhānga ("dhā-ar"), as, m. 'whose body is nectar,' the moon. – Sudhā-jirin, ī, m. 'living by plaster,' a plasterer, bricklayer. – 1. sudhā-druva, as, m. a nectar-like fluid. - 2. sudhādrava, Nom. P. -dravati, to flow like nectar. - Sudhā-dhavalita, as. ā. am, whitewashed, plastered, stuccoed. - Sudhādhāra (°dhū-ādh°), as, m. 'nectar-receptacle,' the moon. – Sudhā-nidhi, is, m. = sudhādhāra. – Sudhā-pāņš, is, m. ' bearing nectar in his bands,' epithet of Dhanvantari (physician of the gods, see dhanvantari). – Sudhā-bhavana, am, n. a plastered or stuccoed house. - Sudhā-bhitti, is, f. a plastered wall; a brick wall; the fifth Muburta or hour after noon. - Sudhā-bhuj, k, m. 'nectar-enjoying,' a god, deity. - Sudhā-bhriti, is, m. nectar-bearing,' the moon ; sacrifice, oblation. - Sudhā-maya, as, ī, am, consisting of nectar; made of plaster, &c.; (as), m. a brick or stone building: a palace, mansion. - Sudhā-modaka, as, m. a kind of sugar made from Yavāsa. - Sudhāmodaka-ja, as, m. a sort of hard sugar prepared from the preceding. - Sudhā-varsha, as, m. a shower of nectar. -Sudhā-varshin, ī, m. 'raining nectar,' epithet of Brahmā; a particular Buddha. – Sudhāvāsa (°dhā-āv°), as, m. 'abode of nectar,' the moon; (\bar{a}) , f. a kind of cucumber (=trapushi). - Sudhā-vrishti,