wandered about in search of disciples who were capable of confronting with Drupada. At last he came to

Hastināpura and became the teacher of the Pāṇḍavas and the Kauravas. (M.B. Ādi Parva, Chapter 130).
4) The revenge of Droņa. Droņa told Bhīşma about his dealings with Drupada. Bhīşma consoled Droņa. Before the commencement of the training in archery, Drona told his disciples : "When your training in archery is completed you will have to do a favour to your teacher". All stood agape. But Arjuna came forward and said: "I will do". Drona embraced Arjuna. The train-ing commenced. The Andhakas, Vrsnis and others joined his school of archery.

The training in archery came to an end. Drona called his disciples and told them that Drupada should be tied with a rope and placed before him. When they heard the words of the teacher, Duryodhana, Karna, Yuyutsu, Duśśāsana, Vikarņa, Jarāsandha and Sulocana led the Kauravas to Pañcala. Arjuna knew that the Kauravas would not be able to defeat Drupada. He told the teacher that when the Kauravas returned without achieving the task, he himself would go and bring Drupada. After a terrible battle the Kaurayas were defeated by the Pañcalas. After that Arjuna confronted Drupada. Nakula and Sahadeva stood as guards of the wheels. Bhimasena with his club stood in front of the army. Arjuna drove the chariot right in the midst of the Pañcala army. Bhima took his club and a terrible battle ensued. Arjuna shattered the Pāñcāla army, bound Drupada and took him to Drona. The teacher looked at Drupada and reproached him with scornful word: "I have destroyed your country. Now you are at my mercy. Is not the former friendship a friendship?" Drupada requested that they should be friends in future. Accordingly Drupada was set free. The country of Pañcala was divided into two, and giving Uttara Pāñcāla to Drupada, Droņa took Daksiņa Pañcala. Thus because of the revenge of Drona, Drupada lost half of his kingdom. (M.B. Adi Parva, Chapter 137).

5) Birth of Children. Though Drona and Drupada were on friendly terms Drupada did not forget the defeat he had incurred at the hands of Drona. So, Drupada desired to have a son who would become powerful enough to take revenge on Drona. He began to think of ways and means. He consulted several learned Brahmins. At that time two hermit brothers yāja and Upayāja lived on the bank of the Ganges. The King approached them and requested their help to obtain a son, who would kill Drona, and promised to give them cows and other precious things in return. At first they refused to help him. The King served Upayāja for a year, and pleased him. He sent the King to the hermitage of Yaja. They accepted the request of the King. Both the hermits performed a sacrifice for Drupada. A boy and a girl arose from the sacrificial fire. The boy was named Dhrstadyumna and the girl was named Krsnā (Pāñcālī). There was a celestial voice that the boy would kill Drona when he grew up. (M.B. Adi parva, Chapter 167).

6) The marriage of Pañcali. Pañcali grew up. Drupada desired to give her in marriage to Arjuna. But at that time the lac-house caught fire and the Pandavas disappeared. Drupada set certain tests in the Svayamvara of Pañcali with a view to ascertain if Arjuna was alive.

The Pandavas came to the svayamvara and Drupada found out Arjuna. But Drupada did not like the idea of his daughter becoming the wife of more than one husband. Then Vyāsa appeared there and informed Drupada of the previous births of the Pāņdavas and Pāñcālī. Drupada was much pleased and he gave the Pandavas a good deal of wealth and sent Pañcali with them. (M.B. Ādi Parva, Chapter 196).

7) Other details (1) Drupada was present at the marriage of Abhimanyu, celebrated at the city of Upaplavya (M.B. Virāța Parva, Chapter 72, Stanza 17).

(2) Drupada gave the Pāņdavas an aksauhiņī, (division 21870 elephants, 21870 chariots, 65610 horses, 109350 footmen) of army for the battle of Bhārata. (M.B. Udyoga Parva, Chapter 57).

(3) At the battle of Bhārata, Drupada was anointed as one of the seven commanders on the side of the Pāņdavas. (M.B. Udyoga Parva, Chapter 157, Stanza 11).

(4) Drupada fought with Jayadratha on the first day of the battle of Kuruksetra. (M.B. Bhisma Parva, Chapter 45, Stanza 55).

(5) Drupada was defeated in a combat with Drona the teacher. (M.B. Bhisma Parva, Chapter 7, Stanza 48). (6) Drupada combated with Asvatthāmā. (M.B. Bhīsma Parva, Chapter 110, Stanza 16).

(7) He fought with Bhagadatta. (M.B. Drona Parva, Chapter 14, Stanza 40).

(8) He fought with Balhika. (M.B. Drona Parva, Chapter 25, Stanza 18).

(9) He was defeated by Prsata. (M.B. Drona Parva, Chapter 138, Stanza 24).

(10) Drona the teacher killed Drupada. (M.B. Drona Parva, Chapter 186, Stanza 43).

(11) The Pandavas gave offerings to the manes for Drupada. (M.B. Sānti Parva, Chapter 42, Stanza 5). (12) Vyāsa evoked the spirits of the dead to the surface of the Ganges, after the Battle of Bharata came to an end. Drupada also was there among the spirits which appeared on the Ganges. (M.B. Asramavāsika Parva, Chapter 32, Stanza 8).

(13) After death Drupada entered heaven and was absorbed in Viśvadevas. (M.B. Svargārohana Parva, Chapter 5, Stanza 15).

(14) It is stated in Mahābhārata, Ādi Parva, Chapter 67, Stanza 68, that Drupada was born from a portion of the Marudganas.

- 8) Synonyms of Drupada. Pāncāla, Pāncālya, Pāncāla-rāja, Pārsata, Prsatātmaja, Saumaki, Yajnasena, rāja, Pārsata, Prsatātmaja, Drupada are his synonyms.
- DRUMA I. A King in ancient Bhārata. Mention is made about him in Mahābhārata, Ādi Parva, Chapter 1, Stanza 233.
- DRUMA II. In Mahābhārata, Chapter 67, Stanza 8, King Druma, who was the rebirth of the asura Sibi, is mentioned.
- DRUMA III. The leader of the Kinnaras (heavenly musicians). M.B. Sabhā Parva, Chapter 10, Stanza 29). He sits in the Durbar of Kubera (God of wealth) and sings. He was the teacher of Rukmin, the son of Bhişmaka and he gave a bow to his pupil Rukmin. (Mahābhārata, Udyoga Parva, Chapter 158.)
- DRUMASENA I. A Ksatriya King. He was born from a portion of an Asura called Garvistha. (M.B. Adi Parva, Chapter 66, Stanza 55). He stood as guard of